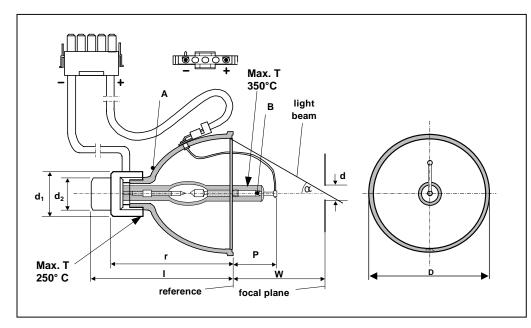
Product Information Bulletin

XBO® R 300 W/60 C

Xenon Short Arc Lamp



XBO R 300 W/60 C (NAED 69167) Xenon Short Arc Lamp

- Focusing elliptical reflector
- Dichroic coating for IR reduction
- Ozone-free quartz glass
- Hot restrikeable

| Technical Data | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Lamp / order reference (Product ordering number) | XBO R 300 W/60 C (69167) | | | |
| Electrical data: | | | | |
| Rated lamp wattage | 300 | W | | |
| Power Operation range | 200310 | W | | |
| Rated lamp current (DC) | 16 (proper polarity to be observed) | A | | |
| Current control range | 1419 | A | | |
| Photometric data: | | | | |
| Color temperature | approx. 6,200 | K | | |
| Color rendering index | CRI | >95 | | |
| Geometrical data: | | | | |
| Beam-to-axis angle | max. 30 | deg | | |
| Length I | max. 80 | mm | | |
| Length p | max. 30 | mm | | |
| Length r | max. 62 | mm | | |
| Reflector diameter D | max. Ø 82.5 | mm | | |
| Diameter d ₁ | Ø 31 | mm | | |
| Diameter d ₂ | Ø 23 | mm | | |
| Electrical connection | | approx. 120 mm long cables terminated with AMP-plug no. 350809-1, with AMP-pins no. 926868-3 | | |
| Working distance | 60 | mm | | |



| Other data: | | | |
|-------------------------|--|----|--|
| Average service life | 1,000 | h | |
| Lamp operation: | | | |
| Cooling | Forced cooling | | |
| Initial aperture lumens | min. 1,450 at d = Ø 3 mm min. 2,500 at d = Ø 5 mm | lm | |
| Min. individual life | 500 | h | |
| Burning position | horizontal ±20° (p20) | | |

Electrical Data

| Lamp order reference | | | XBO R300W/60 | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|-----------|--|
| Operation at constant electrical po | wer | | @ 250W | @ 300W | |
| Voltage range of a new lamp | U_L | V | 15.518.5 | 16.0 19.0 | |
| Reference voltage | U_Ref | V | 17.0 | 17.5 | |
| Max. voltage increase in the | ΔU_B | V | 2.5 | 2.5 | |
| course of lamp life | | | | | |
| Internal resistance (static) | R_i | Ω | 0.1 | 0.1 | |
| Rated current | IL | Α | 11.7 16.5 | 13.7 19.1 | |
| Reference current | I_{ref} | Α | 14.7 | 17.1 | |
| Maximum allowed current | I_{lmax} | Α | 16.5 | 19.1 | |
| Minimum allowed current | I_{lmin} | Α | 11.7 | 13.7 | |
| Maximum allowed ripple | r_{imax} | % | 5 | 5 | |
| Rated wattage | P_L | W | 250 | 300 | |
| Reference wattage | P_{ref} | W | 250 | 300 | |
| Maximum allowed wattage | P_{Lmax} | W | 255 | 305 | |
| Minimum allowed wattage | P_{Lmin} | W | 245 | 295 | |
| | | | | | |
| Operation at constant current in th | e range 14. | 18 A | | | |
| Voltage range of a new lamp | U_L | V | 1417.0 | | |
| Reference voltage | U_Ref | V | 15.5 | | |
| Max. voltage increase in the course | | V | 2.5 | | |
| of lamp life | | | | | |
| Internal resistance (static) | R_i | Ω | 0.1 | | |
| Rated current | I_{L} | Α | 16 | | |
| Reference current | I_{ref} | Α | 16 | | |
| Maximum allowed current | I_{lmax} | Α | 18 | | |
| Minimum allowed current | I_{lmin} | Α | 14 | | |
| Maximum allowed ripple | r_{imax} | % | 5 | | |
| Rated wattage | P_L | W | 220270 | | |
| Reference wattage | P_{ref} | W | 250 | | |
| Maximum allowed wattage | P_{Lmax} | W | 350 | | |
| Minimum allowed wattage | P_{Lmin} | W | 200 | | |

Requirements for power supplies



No-load requirements for power supplies with booster circuit

| Minimum open circuit voltage of the main rectifier Voltage of booster circuit Minimum capacitance of booster capacitor Series resistance to booster capacitor | U_{oM} | V | 30 | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|------|-----|-------------------|--|--|
| | U_{oB} | V | 100 | | | | |
| | C_{B} | μF | 1500 | | | | |
| | R_{B} | Ω | 3 | | | | |
| Alternative limits of inrush current | | | | | | | |
| Maximum allowed peak of inrush current | I _{Smax} | Α | 40 | 80 | 160 | | |
| Maximum allowed additional charge during ignition | Q_{max} | As | 4.0 | 1.0 | 0.2 | | |
| Requirements for igniters | | | | | | | |
| Minimum peak of ignition voltage Minimum pulse width at 0.9 U _{Stmin} Load capacity range | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{U}_{\text{Stmin}} \\ \textbf{t}_{\text{Pmin}} \\ \textbf{C}_{\text{Z}} \end{array}$ | kV μs pF | | | 20 0.1 5 15 | | |
| AC controlled igniters Minimum number of sparks per mains half-wave | F _{Zmin} | | | | 3 | | |
| Minimum ignition time | T_{Zmin} | s | | | 0.1 | | |

Application Information

Applications

Disposal

 Medical and technical Fiber-Optic When disposing of spent lamps, always consult federal, state, local and provincial hazardous waste disposal rules and regulations to ensure proper disposal.

Operation conditions

Temperature at point A °C max. 250 allowed; 175 - 200 optimum

Temperature at point B °C max. 350 allowed; 200 - 250 optimum

Cooling Forced cooling required, air flow velocity and

distribution to be chosen in such a way as to ensure proper temperatures at points A and B (see

drawing)

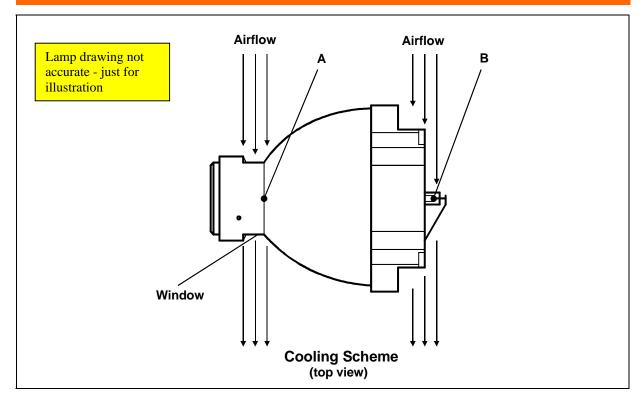
Ordering Information

Lamp Description NAED-Code Standard Case Quantity

XBO R300W/60 C 69167 2/case



Cooling Requirements



Comments

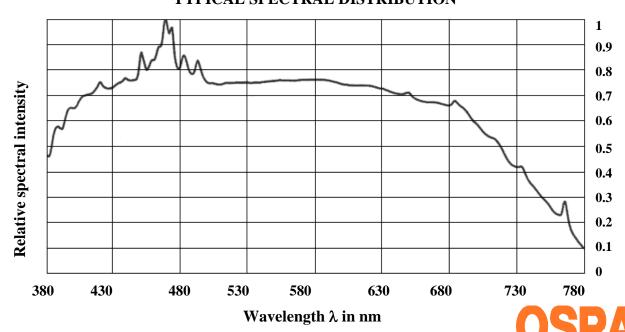
It is required that temperatures are less than 250°C at point A and 350°C at point B, respectively.

The optimum distribution and speed of airflow will depend on the design of the fixture in which a lamp is operated. Factors such as shape and volume of the fixture and position of the lamp relative to the casing or to other heat generators inside or outside the casing will all have an impact on lamp temperature.

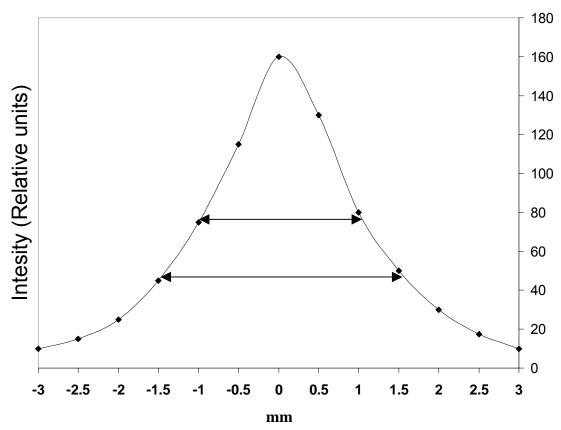
The above suggested scheme represents just one possible solution. Any other cooling scheme can be applied as long as the temperature limits are not exceeded.

Actual temperatures can be measured with a lamp fitted with thermocouples. Lamps with thermocouples are available on request.

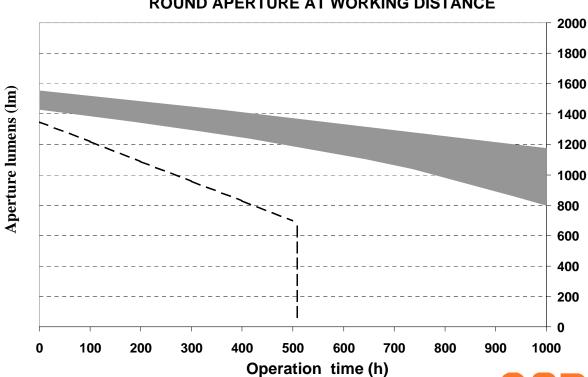
TYPICAL SPECTRAL DISTRIBUTION



BEAM PROFILE AT WORKING DISTANCE



TYPICAL MAINTENANCE THROUGH 3 mm ROUND APERTURE AT WORKING DISTANCE



READ THIS ENTIRE STATEMENT BEFORE USING THIS LAMP.

In accordance with ANSI/IESNA Standard RP-27, XBO lamps are a Risk Group 3 product.

XBO lamps are at high internal pressure (overpressure) even in the cold (room temperature) state and must always be handled with their protective covers in place. Do not handle lamps outside of their protective covers unless OSHA-approved safety glasses, facemask (with neck protector), chest protector, and gauntlets are worn.

- This XBO lamp is constructed of quartz glass, tungsten electrodes and Molybdenum foils, and a dichroic-coated borosilicate glass reflector.
- This XBO lamp is at high internal pressure when cold (up to 35 bar or approximately 525 psi) and at operating temperature (up to 80 bar or approximately 1200 psi at bulb wall temperatures of 600°C to 800°C). Therefore, this XBO lamp may unexpectedly rupture resulting in the discharge of hot fragments of quartz and/or glass and metal. In the event of such a rupture, there is a risk of personal injury, burns and fire.
- Intense ultraviolet (UV), visible, and infrared (IR) radiation is also generated during operation. This radiation can cause permanent damage to the eyes (including blindness) and serious injury to the skin (including burns and blistering). This lamp uses ozonefree quartz glass (OFR) in order to prevent the generation of ozone. See the "Ozone Generation" section below.
- To avoid eye damage, other personal injury and/or property damage, the lamp MUST be operated in a suitable fixture. A suitable fixture is one that will prevent the arc from being viewed directly while operating. It is ventilated to the outside for those lamps that produce ozone and, in the event of a rupture, will prevent hot (up to 800°C), flying fragments of quartz and/or glass or metal from escaping into the surrounding area.
- To minimize the risk of a lamp rupture, the lamp must be replaced at or before the end of rated life (see catalog for rated life) or when the lamp shows signs of advanced blackening or quartz devitrification (recrystallization, a white, frosted appearance).

INSTALLATION

- 1. Do not use if lamp is scratched, cracked, or damaged in any way.
- 2. To prevent electric shock, shut off main power to the fixture before attempting to service or replace lamp.
- 3. To avoid damaging the quartz and causing premature lamp failure, do not handle lamp with bare hands.
- 4. Handle lamp ONLY with safety-appropriate, clean gloves. See special handling instructions for using OSHA-approved safety equipment with high-pressure lamps.
- 5. If the quartz parts or the reflector are inadvertently touched, clean fingerprints off with denatured alcohol and wipe dry with a soft, clean, lint-free cloth. Do not use cleaning rags or material that can leave a residue.
- 6. To prevent skin burns, allow lamp to cool before handling.
- 7. To avoid breakage, mounting of the lamp must be free of mechanical stress during installation and during operation by allowing for thermal expansion along its axis. For this reason, XBO lamps should be fixed at one end only and the electrical connection on the other end must be flexible enough so that no stress is placed on the lamp.
- 8. XBO lamps should not be subjected to force/stress during installation.
- 9. Handle lamp only with protective safety cover in place. When installing lamp, remove safety cover only AFTER fully securing lamp in lamphouse/fixture and immediately prec



- 12. Make sure lamp is properly installed into socket/connector to obtain good electrical and thermal contact and avoid damaging lamp and/or socket/connector. Electrical connections should be free from dirt and corrosion.
- 13. Socket/connector condition may affect lamp life. Replace socket/connector or lamp if deterioration (pitting, scorching, corrosion, etc.) of either is observed.
- 14. All XBO lamps are designed for DC operation. Make sure that the polarity is correct before turning power on. Incorrect polarity can destroy the lamp in a matter of seconds. Operate with compatible power supply and fixture only.
- 15. For best performance, operate this XBO lamp within the wattage range 250 W to 300 W.

Lamp Removal

- Turn off power to the lamp and allow it to cool (forced or convection) for a minimum of 15 minutes prior to shutting
 main fixture power and opening fixture. Do not remove lamp until it has cooled. After the lamp has cooled, place
 the protective cover around it and reverse the procedure described above. See special handling instructions for
 using OSHA-approved safety equipment with high-pressure lamps.
- 2. Lamp should be placed in the original OSRAM SYLVANIA packaging for temporary storage until disposal and/or transportation to a disposal location. See "Lamp Disposal" section below for transportation and spent lamp disposal information.

Operating position

- 1. This lamp has been designed for horizontal operating position. The permissible operating position is horizontal to vertical, anode up.
- 2. This lamp does not require magnetic arc stabilization.

Lamp cooling

- 1. Discoloration, surface pitting, and/or corrosion of the lamp indicates a thermal overload. Components exhibiting these conditions must be cleaned or replaced.
- 2. If forced-air cooling is used, care must be taken to direct airflow at the lamp bases only. Striking the lamp elsewhere with the airflow will result in poor lamp performance or premature failure.
- 3. To prevent premature failure, the following cooling instructions must be followed:
 - The lamp base must be kept below 230°C (445°F) during operation. If convection cooling is insufficient and additional cooling is required, forced air-cooling may be used. If forced air is used, care must be taken to direct airflow at bases only, since striking elsewhere on the lamp with the airflow will result in poor lamp performance or premature failure.

Ozone Generation

An electrical discharge in xenon gas generates radiant energy ranging from approximately 140 nm in the UV region to far into the infrared region. Xenon lamps are made of quartz glass. The quartz glass allows for the transmission of short UV wavelengths starting from approximately 140 nm, depending on the quartz type. Ozone gas (O₃) is generated by the conversion of oxygen (O₂) in the air by UV energy in the range of approximately 110–200 nm. Ozone is extremely toxic and will cause serious health problems if inhaled in excess of allowable limits over a prolonged period of time. For more information on allowable limits, please refer to the ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) publication, "TLVs and BEIs" (Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices). Ozone production can be suppressed in xenon discharge lamps by adding materials to the quartz glass that blocks short-wave UV transmission.

This lamp uses ozone-free (OFR) quartz glass that suppresses radiation below approximately 250 nm and results in the elimination of ozone production during operation.



- 1. There is a risk that a lamp could rupture because of its high internal pressure (both hot and at room temperature). A lamp rupture could result in personal injury or property damage from flying fragments of glass and/or metal. Therefore, spent (end-of-life) lamps should ALWAYS be stored in the protective covers and packaging in which they originally came, and ultimately de-pressurized before release for disposal. The following is one example of a depressurizing method for XBO lamps prior to disposal, but it may not be the most suitable or appropriate method depending on the circumstance:
 - The operator must wear OSHA-approved safety glasses, facemask (with neck protector), chest protector, and gauntlets during this entire procedure.
 - With protective lamp covers in place, place lamps¹ into steel drum² and lock down cover with bolt ring and bolt.
 - Drop drum onto solid surface (concrete floor) from at least five feet. Increase height as needed to ensure all lamps are de-pressurized.
 - Wait for dust to settle (about 5 minutes) before opening drum. Loosen bolt and allow gas to escape before complete removal of cover.
 - ¹ The lamps should not exceed the half-full point in the drums. Adjust the maximum number of lamps accordingly.
 - 8, 20, or 30-gallon drums, depending on quantity of lamps to be de-pressurized, are available. Drums of 20-gauge steel are recommended and are available from many safety supply companies.
- 2. Disposal of spent lamps must be in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial, and local regulations. Some U.S. states differ in their disposal requirements.
- 3. Lamp users may obtain information concerning relevant agencies and disposal regulations from the Federal Superfund Hotline (Resource Conservation & Recovery Act) at 800-424-9346. Information may be available as to the appropriate state agencies to contact regarding disposal issues.
- 4. OSRAM SYLVANIA INC. cannot advise lamp users as to general or specific disposal regulations for federal, state/provincial, and/or local municipalities.

