

Revision date: 2018/11/29

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Deep Pour Epoxy Hardener

Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use: Epoxy Curing Agent

* The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: UltraClear Epoxy 319 Hickerson Drive, Suite H Murfreesboro TN 37129 1-800-259-1619

Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

Other means of identification Chemical family: amine

Synonyms: Polyetheramine

2. Hazards Identification

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

Classification of the product

Acute Tox. 4 (oral) Acute toxicity
Acute Tox. 4 (dermal) Acute toxicity

Eye Dam./Irrit. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment -

chronic

Label elements

Revision date: 2018/11/29

Pictogram:



Hazard Statement:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H302 + H312 Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P264 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P303 + P352 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P361 + P364 Take off immediately contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection

point.

Hazards not otherwise classified

If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

<u>CAS Number</u>	Content (W/W)	<u>Cnemical name</u>
39423-51-3	> 75%	Polyetheramine
Trade Secret	< 25%	Proprietary

Revision date: 2018/11/29

4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

If inhaled:

Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air, seek medical attention. Immediately administer a corticosteroid from a controlled/metered dose inhaler.

If on skin:

Immediately wash thoroughly with plenty of water, apply sterile dressings, consult a skin specialist.

If in eyes:

Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eyespecialist.

If swallowed:

Immediately rinse mouth and then drink 200-300 ml of water, seek medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician

Treat according to symptoms (decontamination, vital functions), no

known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishingmedia:

water spray, dry powder, carbon dioxide, foam

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

No particular hazardsknown.

Advice forfire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

Further information:

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Impact Sensitivity:

Remarks: No data available.

Revision date: 2018/11/29

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear appropriate respiratory protection. Use personal protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions

This product is not regulated by RCRA. This product is not regulated by CERCLA ('Superfund').

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spills should be contained, solidified, and placed in suitable containers for disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Containers should be opened carefully in well-ventilated areas to avoid static discharge.

Protection against fire and explosion:

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Segregate from acids and acid forming substances.

Further information on storage conditions: Containers should be stored tightly sealed in a dry place. Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

Storage stability:

Keep container dry because product takes up the humidity of air.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with established exposure limit values.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide local exhaust ventilation to control vapors/mists.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to an acceptable level, an approved respirator must be worn. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate wear a NIOSH-certified (or equivalent) organic vapor/particulate respirator. Do not exceed maximum use concentration for the respirator facepiece/cartridge combination. For emergency or non-routine, high exposure situations, use a NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves

Eye protection:

Wear face shield or tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles) if splashing hazard exists.

Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen depending on activity and possible exposure, e.g. head protection, apron, protective boots, chemical-protection suit.

General safety and hygienemeasures:

Revision date: 2018/11/29

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. Wear protective clothing as necessary to prevent contact. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks). Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Remove contaminated clothing. Store work clothing separately.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: liquid
Odor: amine-like
Color: Clear

pH value: 11-12 (100 g/l)

Melting point: $< -25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Roiling point: $> 225 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Flash noint: 190 °C (ASTM D93)
Flammability: not flammable (other)

I ower explosion limit: For liquids not relevant for

and labelling. The lower explosion point may be 5 - 15 °C below the flash point. For liquids not relevant for classification

Upper explosion limit: For liquids n and labelling.

Autoignition: > 300 °C

Vapor pressure: 1.5 mbar (20 °C) 10.2 mbar (55 °C)

10.2 mbar (55 °C) 0.98 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.13 (25 °C) (calculated)

Self-ignition temperature: Non self-igniting.

Thermaldecomposition: 140 °C, 30 kJ/kg (DSC (DIN 51007))

308 °C, > 340 kJ/kg (DSC (DIN 51007))

Thermal decomposition above the indicated temperature is

possible. self-accelerating reaction

Viscosity, kinematic: 110 mm2/s (20 °C)

Solubility in water: 550 g/l (20 °C) miscible

Evaporation rate: Value can be approximated from Henry's

Law Constant or vapor pressure.

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Density:

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to Metals:

Corrosive effect on metals

Oxidizing Properties:

Not fire propogating (regulation 440/2008/EC, A.21)

Revision date: 2018/11/29

Chemical stability

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is chemically stable.

Conditions to avoid

No conditions known that should be avoided.

Incompatible materials

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products known.

Thermal decomposition:

145 °C (DSC (DIN51007))

315 °C (DSC (DIN51007))

Thermal decomposition above the indicated temperature is possible. self-accelerating reaction

11. Toxicological information

Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

Acute Toxicity/Effects

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of high toxicity after single ingestion. Virtually nontoxic after a single skin contact. The inhalation of a highly enriched/saturated vapor-air-mixture represents an unlikely acute hazard.

<u>Oral</u>

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Value: > 550 - < 2000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 425)

Inhalation Value: LC0 Species: rat

Value: 113 mg/l (IRT) Exposure time: 8 h The vapor was tested

No mortality within the stated exposition time as shown in animal studies.

<u>Dermal</u>

Type of value: LD50

Species: rat

Revision date: 2018/11/29

Value: > 1,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402)

Assessment other acute effects

Assessment of STOT single:

Based on the available information there is no specific target organ toxicity to be expected after a single exposure.

<u>Irritation / corrosion</u>

Assessment of irritating effects: May cause slight irritation to the skin. May cause severe damage to the eyes

<u>Skin</u>

Species: Rabbit Result: Slightly irritating Method: OECD Guideline 404

Eve

Species: In vitro assary

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Method: HET-CAM test in vitro

Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Skin sensitizing effects were not observed in animal studies.

Buehler test

Species: guinea pig Result: Non-sensitizing

Method: similar to OECD guideline 406

Aspiration Hazard:

No aspiration hazard expected

Chronic Toxicity/Effects

Repeated Dose Toxicity:

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: No adverse effects were observed after repeated dermal exposure in animal studies. After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation.

Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: The substance was not mutagenic in bacteria. The substance was not metagenic in mammalian cell culture. The substance was not mutagenic in studies with mammals.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: The results of animal studies gave no indication of a fertility impairing effect. The results were determined in a Screening test (OECD 421/422).

<u>Teratogenicity</u>

Assessment of teratogenicity: In animal studies the substance did not cause malformations. The results were determined in a Screening test (OECD 421/422).

Symptoms of Exposure

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labeling (see section 2) and/or in section 11. Further symptoms are possible

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Data available do not indicate that there are medical conditions that are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure to this substance/product. See SDS section 11 - Toxicological information.

Revision date: 2018/11/29

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. The inhibition of the degradation activity of activated sludge is not anticipated when introduced to biological treatment plants in appropriate low concentrations. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (96 h) > 100 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (OECD 203; ISO 7346; 84/449/EEC, C.1) The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration

Aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (48 h) 13.0 mg/l, Daphnia magna (OECD Guideline 202, part 1, static) Nominal values (confirmed by concentration control analytics)

Aquatic plants

EC50 (72 h) 4.4 mg/l (growth rate), pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201). The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concertation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

No observed effect concentration 1 mg/l (growth rate), pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (OECD Guideline 201). The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concertation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Chronic toxicity to fish

No data available

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

No data available

Assessment of terrestrial toxicity

No data available

Microorganisms/Effect on activated sludge

Toxicity to microorganisms

OECD Guideline 209aerobic

activated sludge, domestic/EC20 (30 min): approx. 130 mg/l

The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O)

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria). The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Elimination information

< 10 % DOC reduction (28 d) (OECD 301 A (new version)) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic) The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation potential

Because of the n-octanol/water distribution coefficient (log Pow) accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

Revision date: 2018/11/29

Additional information

Adsorbable organically-bound halogen (AOX):

This product contains no organically-bound halogen.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal of substance:

Dispose of in a licensed facility. Do not discharge into waterways or sewer systems without proper authorization.

Container disposal:

Dispose of in a licensed facility. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used containers.

14. Transport Information

Land transport

USDOT

Hazard class: 6.1
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 2810
Hazard label: 6.1

Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains POLYETHERAMINE)

Sea transport

IMDG

Hazard class: 6.1
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 2810
Hazard label: 6.1
Marine pollutant: NO

Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains POLYETHERAMINE)

Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 6.1
Packing group: III
ID number: UN 2810

Hazard label: 6.1

Proper shipping name: TOXIC LIQUID, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (contains POLYETHERAMINE)

15. Regulatory Information

Federal Regulations

Registration status:

Chemical TSCA, US released / listed

EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories): Refer to SDS section 2 for GHS hazard classes applicable for this product

California Prop 65 Components:

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Revision date: 2018/11/29 NFPA Hazard codes:

Health: 3 Fire: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special:

HMIS III rating

Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Physical hazard:0

Assessment of the hazard classes according to UN GHS criteria (most recent version):

Aquatic Acute 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute

Adulatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment -

Acute Tox 4 (oral) Acute toxicity
Acute Tox 4 (dermal) Acute toxicity

Skin Corr /Irrit 3 Skin corrosion/irritation

Eye Dam./Irrit. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation

16. Other Information

SDS Prepared by:

Ultraclear Epoxy LLC

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate. It is provided independently of any sale of the product for purpose of hazard communication as part of Ultraclear Epoxy. Product Safety Program. It is not intended to constitute performance information concerning the product. No express warranty, or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the product or the information obtained herein. Data sheets are available for all Ultraclear Epoxy products. You are urged to obtain data sheets for all Ultraclear Epoxy products you buy, process, use or distribute and you are encouraged and requested to advise those who may come in contact with such products of the information contained therein.

To determine applicability or effects of any law or regulation with respect to the product, user should consult his legal advisor or the appropriate government agency. Ultraclear Epoxy does not undertake to furnish advice on such matters.



GHS Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Names: Deep Pour Epoxy Resin

Product Class: Epoxy Resin

Manufacturer: UltraClear Epoxy LLC.

319 Hickerson Drive, Suite H Murfreesboro, TN 37129

Telephone: 1-800-259-1619

Emergency: 800-424-9300 (ChemTrec)

2. Hazard Identification

Form: Viscous liquid.

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Skin irritation – Category 2 Eye irritation – Category 2A Skin sensitization – Category 1 Acute aquatic toxicity – Category 2 Chronic aquatic toxicity – Category 2

Label Elements





Hazard pictograms:

Emergency Overview: WARNING!

Hazards

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Date of Preparation: 11/29/18

Avoid release to the environment. Wear eye protection/face protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove con

Tact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Collect spillage.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards:

No data available

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Synonyms: Liquid Epoxy Resin

This product is a substance.

Ingredient Name	CAS Number	<u>%</u>
Propane, 2,2-bis{p-(2,3-epoxyproposy)phenyl]-, polymers	25085-99-8	75-95%
Alkyl(C12-14) glycidyl ether	68609-97-2	<25%
Proprietary	Proprietary	<10%

4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes,

occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove

any contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated

clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. For contact with hot product, flush contaminated skin with large amounts of cold water to dissipate heat. Cover with clean cotton sheeting

or gauze. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not

breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be

dangerous to the person providing air to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation. Ger medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed

> person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of First Aid

Personnel:

In the event of body contact with molten material, immediately cook with running water; do not attempt to remove material from skin. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

Notes to Physician: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment

specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flammability of **Product:**

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing Media:

Suitable

Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective. Water fog, applied gently may be used as a blanket for fire extinguishment.

Not Suitable

Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Special Exposure

Hazards:

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying compositions which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Phenolics, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous Combustion

Products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides. Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids. Dense smoke is emitted when burned

without sufficient oxygen.

Special Protective Equipment for Fire

Fighters:

Fire-Fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Environmental Precautions:

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Large Spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. For molten material, allow the product to cool and solidify. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

Small Spill:

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. For molten material, allow the product to cool and solidify. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not is use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Avoid use of electric band heaters. Failures of electric band heaters have been reported to cause drums of liquid epoxy resin to explode and catch fire. Application of a direct flame to a container of liquid epoxy resin can also cause explosion and/or fire. See Section 8, **Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

Storage:

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Note: This resin may be handled, shipped and stored at elevated temperature in bulk. Recommended pumping and storage temperature for bulk shipments if 60 degrees C (140 degrees F).

Storage temperature: 2 – 43 degrees C (36 – 109 degrees F)

Shelf Life - Use within 24 months

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters: None established

Recommended If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal,

Engineering Measures: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust,

> fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical **Hygiene Measures:**

> products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with **Respiratory:**

> an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. In most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if material is heated or sprayed, use an approved air-purifying respirator. The following should be effective types of airpurifying respirators: Organic vap or cartridge with a particulate pre-

filter.

Eyes: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used

when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to

liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on

the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved

by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental **Exposure Controls:**

protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or

engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Viscous liquid

Flash Point Closed cup > 177C (> 350F) at Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D93

Auto-Ignition

Temperature

Upper:

Not Available

Not applicable

Flammable limits

Not applicable Lower:

Color Colorless to yellow

рH Not available

> 148 C (>300 F) Estimated **Boiling Point**

Relative Density 1.1

<0.06 mmHg @ 21 C Literature Vapor Pressure

Odor Threshold Not available

Viscosity 500-800 cSt at 25 C (77F) ASTM D445

Water Solubility Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

Octonaol/water

No Data Available

Evaporation rate

Not available

Vapor Density

Not available

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use,

hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid short term exposes to temperatures above 300 degrees C.

Potentially violent decomposition can occur above 350 degrees C. Avoid prolonged exposure to temperatures above 250 degrees C. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems. Pressure build up can be rapid. Avoid contact with oxidizing materials. Avoid contact with: Acids, Bases. Avoid unintended contact with amines.

Materials to Avoid Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing

materials, strong acids, strong alkalis. Avoid unintentional contact with

amines.

Other Hazards Reacts with considerable hot release with some curing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Gases are released during decomposition. Uncontrolled exothermic reaction of epoxy resins release phenolics,

carbon monoxide, and water.

Reactivity No data available

11. Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from

swallowing small amounts.

Based on information for component(s)

LD50 Oral Rat > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful

amounts.

LD50 Dermal Rabbit > 20,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility.

Vapor from heated material, mist or aerosols may cause respiratory

irritation. The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin Corrosion/ Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation with local redness. <u>irritation</u>

Repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness

Serious eve damage/eve May cause eye irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

irritation

toxicity

Sensitization For similar material(s: Has caused allergic skin reactions in humans.

For respiratory sensitization: No relevant data found.

Specific Target Organ Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-

Systemic Toxicity (single SE toxicant. Exposure)

Specific Target Organ

Except for skin sensitization, repeated exposures to low molecular weight

Systemic Toxicity epoxy resins of this type are not anticipated to cause any significant (Repeated Exposure)

adverse effects.

Carcinogenicity Many studies have been conducted to assess the potential carcinogenicity

> of diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A (DGEBPA). Indeed, the most recent review of the available data by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded that DGEBPA is not classified as a

carcinogen.

Teratogenicity Resins based on the diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A (DGEBPA) did not

> cause birth defects or other adverse effects on the fetus when pregnant rabbits were exposed by skin contact, the most likely route of exposure,

or when pregnant rats or rabbits were exposed orally.

Reproductive toxicity In animal studies, did not interfere with reproduction.

Mutagenicity In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative in some cases and positive

in other cases. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

Aspiration Hazard Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

Components Influencing Toxicity

Propane, 2,2-bis[p-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]-, polymers Acute inhalation toxicity - The LC50 has not been determined

Alkyl(C12-14) glycidyl ether

Acute inhalation toxicity – Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) – LC50, Rat, 4 hour, vapour, 0.206 mg/l No deaths occurred following exposure to a saturated

atmosphere.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Propane, 2,2-bis[p-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]-, polymers

Acute toxicity to fish. Material is moderately toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50) between 1 and 10 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested)

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, 2 mg/l.

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates.

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 hour, 1.8 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae, static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 11 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

IC50, Bacteria, 18 Hour, Respiration rates, > 42.6 mg/l

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

MATC (Maximum Acceptable Toxicant Level), Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 0.55 mg/l

Alkyl(C12-14) glycidyl ether

Acute toxicity to fish. Not expected to be acutely toxic, but material in pellet or bead form may mechanically cause adverse effects if ingested by waterfowl or aquatic life.

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), semi-static test, 96 Hour, >5,000 mg/l.

LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegil sunfish), static test, 96 Hour, 1,800 mg/l, Other guidelines

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 843 mg/l

NOEC, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 500 mg/l

Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae, static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 11 mg/l

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates > 100 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Propane, 2,2-bis[p-(2,3-epoxypropoxy)phenyl]-, polymers

Biodegradability: Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

10-day Window: Not applicable

Biodegradation: 12% Exposure time: 28d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B or Equivalent. Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.35 mg/mg Estimated.

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-

products should at all times comply with the requirements of

environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and

runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

As your supplier, we have no control over the management practices or manufacturing processes of parties handling or using this material. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped in its intended condition as described in the SDS Section: Composition Information. For unused and uncontaminated product, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other

thermal destruction device.

14: Transport Information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

DOT Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB-STANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)

UN Number UN 3082

Class 9 Packing group III

Marine pollutant Epoxy Resin

Transport in bulk Consult IMO regulations before transporting

According to Annex ocean bulk

I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or

IGC Code

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Proper Shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUB-STANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)

UN Number UN 3082 Class 9

Packing Group III

15. Regulatory Information

US Regulations OSHA Hazard

Commincation Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

U.S. Federal Regulations **SARA Section 313**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known

CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

SARA Sections 311 and 312 Acute Health Hazard

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)

All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Chemical Substance Inventory.

SARA 301 Extremely Hazardous Substances - None required

State Regulations

Massachusetts RTK Substances – None required

New jersey RTK Hazardous Substances - None required

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances – To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which

require reporting under this statute.

California Prop. 65: This product contains no listed substances known

to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other

reproductive harm.

International Regulations

Chemical Inventories Europe inventory – All components are listed or exempted

Australia inventory (AICS) - All components are listed or exempted

China inventory (IECSC) – All components are listed or exempted Korea inventory (KECI) – All components are listed or exempted Philippines inventory (PICCS) – All components are listed or exempted Japan inventory (ENCS) – All components are listed or exempted Canada inventory.

Canada inventory – All components are listed or exempted United States inventory (TSCA 8b)– All components are listed or

exempted

16. Other Information

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.) Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Chronic: Caution: HMIS ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks.

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate. It is provided independently of any sale of the product for purpose of hazard communication as part of Ultraclear Epoxy. Product Safety Program. It is not intended to constitute performance information concerning the product. No express warranty, or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to the product or the information obtained herein. Data sheets are available for all Ultraclear Epoxy products. You are urged to obtain data sheets for all Ultraclear Epoxy products you buy, process, use or distribute and you are encouraged and requested to advise those who may come in contact with such products of the information contained therein.

To determine applicability or effects of any law or regulation with respect to the product, user should consult his legal advisor or the appropriate government agency. Ultraclear Epoxy does not undertake to furnish advice on such matters.