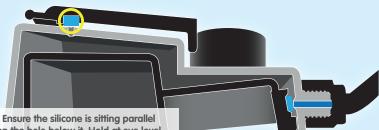
## **AQUAvalve**

Simple care guidelines

## Your 100Pot system set-up guidelines



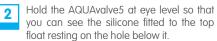


Ensure the silicone is sitting parallel on the hole below it. Hold at eye level to check the position is correct

## Ensuring that the AQUAvalve5 floods and drains correctly



Making sure your AQUAvalve5 floods and drains correctly is simply achieved and only takes a few seconds.



- float resting on the hole below it.
- **3** The silicone must create a tight seal when touching the hole.
- 4 If it looks like it is not sitting parallel on the hole below, simply lift the top float and apply pressure to one side of the silicone, drop the float and hold at eye level again. Repeat the procedure if necessary.

## Care and maintenance

1 At the end of your growing season, clean the AQUAvalve using warm soapy water. Using an old tooth brush will help.

> The AQUAvalve is easily disassembled. The top float will slide all the way across and the bottom float is unclipped from its pivoting position. The circular discs fitted to the top float can also be removed by using pliers to grip the raised point.

At this point is it advisable to remove the silicones to avoid them being lost.

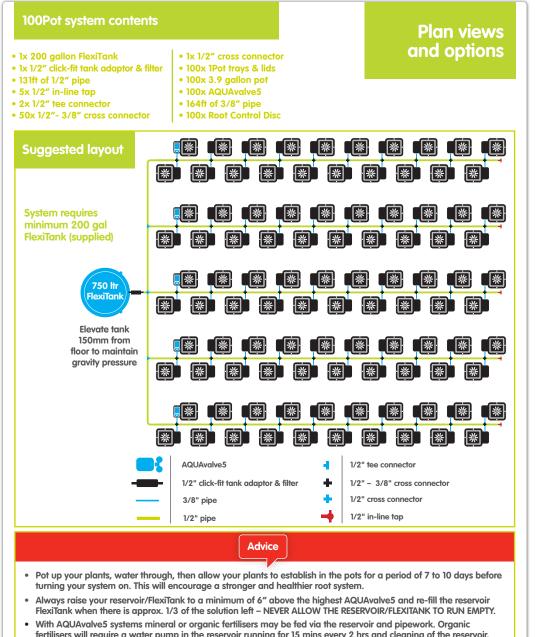
2 It is also handy to have a paper clip or pipe cleaner to hand so that you can push it through the AQUAvalve nozzle, this will remove any lime scale build up that may have occurred during the growing season.

> Blowing through the AQUAvalve nozzle will also help to remove any build up. Do not under any circumstances use a drill & drill bit to clear the AQUAvalve nozzle.

This will potentially damage the AQUAvalve beyond repair.







- fertilisers will require a water pump in the reservoir running for 15 mins every 2 hrs and cleaning of the reservoir, pump, and filter each time the reservoir empties. Flush pipework with plain water every time the reservoir empties.
- Clean all substrate from the bottom and sides of the pots before placing in each tray. This will ensure your system is clean from the start.
- Always use free draining substrates, for example: soil/perlite, coco/perlite, soil/clay pebbles, coco/clay pebbles, rockwool/clay pebbles.

