



#### PROPYLENE

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name Propylene

Product Code - Other Names -

Product Use Soldering applications

**Company Name**Address
Bromic Group
1 Suttor Street

Silverwater NSW 2128

**Telephone Number** 02 9748 3900 **Emergency Telephone** 1300 276 642

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Extremely flammable liquefied gas under pressure. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, and all other ignition sources. Vapour is heavier than air and travel along the ground to possible distant ignition sources causing an explosive flashback.

Vapour replaces oxygen available for breathing and may cause suffocation in confined spaces. Avoid breathing vapour. Use only with adequate ventilation. Where appropriate, use proper respiratory protection and personal protective equipment. Liquid can cause freeze burn similar to frostbite. Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep service valve closed when not in use.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS INFORMATION

**Inhalation:** May cause mild irritation to the mucous membranes and central nervous system depression, headache, dizziness and drowsiness. Extremely high concentrations can cause asphyxiation and death by displacing oxygen from the atmosphere.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion is not expected to occur in normal use. However, liquid can cause freeze burn similar to frostbite.

Eye Contact: Contact with liquid can cause freezing of tissue.

**Skin Contact:** Contact with liquid can cause frostbite.

### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

**Hazards** F<sup>+</sup> - Extremely flammable

Risk Phrases R12 - Extremely flammable

Safety Phrases S2 - Keep out of reach of children

S9 - Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

S16 - Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.S33 - Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Chemical Characterisation** 





Ingredient (common name)CAS NumberProportionPropylene115-07-199.5-100%Propane74-98-60-0.5%

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial

respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek immediate

medical attention.

**Ingestion** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek

immediate medical attention.

Skin In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing

and wash affected areas with water and soap. If frostbite occurs, immerse involved area in lukewarm water (20-30°C). Keep immersed for 20-40 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention. In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of

lukewarm water (20-30°C) for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate

medical attention.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

For major fires call the Fire Brigade. Ensure that an escape path is

available from any fire.

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, halon or water spray.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Eyes

**Hazardous Combustion** 

**Products** 

Special Protective Actions for Firefighters

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and various non-combusted

hydrocarbons.

Evacuate all unnecessary personnel from the area. Allow only properly trained and protected emergency response personnel in area. Wear Safe Work Australia approved self-contained breathing

apparatus and full protective clothing.

Shut off leaks, if possible and without personal risks. If gas flow cannot be shut off, do not attempt to extinguish fire because it can cause formation of explosive mixtures. Allow fire to burn out.

Use high volume water supply to cool exposed pressure containers

Use high volume water supply to cool exposed pressure container and nearby equipment. Approach a flame-enveloped container from the sides, never from the ends. Use extreme caution when applying water to a container that has been exposed to heat or flame for more than a short time. For uncontrollable fires and/or when flame is impinging on container, withdraw all personnel and

evacuate vicinity immediately.

Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards Vapour is heavier than air and travel along the ground to possible distant ignition sources causing an explosive flashback.

Pressure in a container can build up due to heat. Container may

rupture suddenly and violently without warning if pressure relief devices fail to function properly. If flames are against the container, withdraw immediately on hearing a rising sound, if venting

increases in volume or intensity or if there is discoloration of the container due to fire.

Hazchem Code 2YE





## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions. **Protective Equipment** and Emergency **Procedures** 

Wear Safe Work Australia approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Do not breathe fumes and vapour. Ventilate contaminated area thoroughly. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. Do not attempt to do so if clothing is

adhering to skin.

Environmental **Precautions** 

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

**Methods and Materials** for Containment and Cleaning Up

Shut off leaks, if possible and without personal risks. Allow product

to evaporate.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Precautions for Safe** Handling

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Prevent exposure to ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark.

Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not drop cylinders. Never make a container part of an electrical circuit.

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

**Conditions for Safe** Storage

Store in a tightly closed original container in a cool, dry, and well ventilated area. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Isolate from combustible materials. Protect from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition. Keep away from contact with incompatible materials.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters -**Exposure Standards** (Safe Work Australia) **Engineering Controls**  No exposure standards set.

Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.





Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

**Respiratory Protection** Maintain oxygen levels above 19.5% in the workplace.

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, use a Safe Work Australia approved self-contained breathing apparatus.

See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more

information.

**Eye/Face Protection** Safety glasses with top and side shields or goggles. See Australian

Standards AS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

**Skin Protection** Wear gloves and protective clothing that are impervious to the

product for the duration of the anticipated exposure. Safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. See Australian Standards AS 2161 and 2919 and AS/NZS 2210 for more

information.

**Thermal Hazards** No information available.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Colourless gas (at normal temperature and pressure)

OdourHydrocarbon odourOdour ThresholdNo information availablepHNo information available

Melting Point / Freezing Point -185°C
Initial Boiling Point / Range -48°C
Flash Point -108°C
Evaporation Rate Not applicable

Flammability Extremely flammable
Lower Flammability or Explosive No information available

Limit

**Upper Flammability or Explosive**No information available

Limit

Vapour Pressure 109.73 psig @ 21°C

Vapour Density

Relative Density (Specific Gravity)

Solubility in Water

1.5 @ 0°C
0.52 (liquid)
Slight

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No information available

Auto-ignition Temperature 450°C

**Decomposition Temperature**Viscosity
No information available
No information available

Percent Volatile by Weight 100%

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of

use

Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur except under special conditions such as extreme

temperatures, pressure and contact with oxidizers).

**Conditions to Avoid** Strong heat and sources of ignition.

**Incompatible Materials** Strong oxidising agents such as nitrates, perchlorates, chlorine

and fluorine.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Oxides of carbon and various hydrocarbons.

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# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Health Effects** 

Skin Vapour is non-irritating to the skin.

Corrosion/Irritation Contact with liquid can cause frostbite

Serious Eye Vapour is non-irritating to the eyes.

**Damage/Irritation** Contact with liquid can cause freezing of tissue.

Sensitization No information available.

Mutagenicity No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** Propylene is classified by IARC as a Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its

carcinogenicity to humans. No information available.

Reproductive Toxicity

STOT-Single Exposure

No information available.

STOT-Repeated

Exposure

No information available.

Assission

Aspiration Hazard Routes of Exposure

No information available.

Inhalation: May cause mild irritation to the mucous membranes

and central nervous system depression, headache, dizziness and drowsiness. Extremely high concentrations can cause asphyxiation and death by

displacing oxygen from the atmosphere.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not expected to occur in normal use.

However, liquid can cause freeze burn similar to

frostbite.

Eye: Vapour is non-irritating to the eyes. Contact with liquid

can cause freezing of tissue.

Skin: Vapour is non-irritating to the eyes. Contact with liquid

can cause frostbite.

Chronic Health Effects

**Existing Conditions** 

Aggravated by Exposure

None.

Chronic diseases or disorders of the respiratory tract.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**No information available. **Bioaccumulation, Persistence and**No information available.

Degradibility

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods and** Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused product in the

**containers** container. Return it to your supplier.

Dispose according to applicable local and state government

regulations.

Special precautions for

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for

landfill or incineration more information.





## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classified as a dangerous good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of

Dangerous goods by road or rail.

UN Number 1077

Proper Shipping Name PROPYLENE

**Dangerous Goods Class** 2.1

Subsidiary Risk Not applicable

Hazchem Code 2YE

Packing GroupNot applicableSpecial ProvisionsNot applicable

Limited Quantities 0
Packagings & IBCs - Packing Instruction P200

Packagings & IBCs - Special Packing Not applicable

**Provisions** 

Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - T50

Instructions

Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Spe Not applicable

**Provisions** 

SEA TRANSPORT - IMDG

UN Number 1077

Proper Shipping Name PROPYLENE

Dangerous Goods Class 2.1

Packing Group Not applicable

AIR TRANSPORT - ICAO / IATA

UN Number 1077

Proper Shipping Name PROPYLENE

Dangerous Goods Class 2.1

Packing Group Not applicable

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Propane and propylene are listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Last Revision of MSDS Rev 1.0 (14/02/2012)

Prepared by MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd www.msds.com.au

**Abbreviations Used** IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ASCC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission

NTP: National Toxicology Program (U.S.)

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.)

STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time weighted average

**Emergency Contacts** 

Bromic Group 02 9748 3900 Bromic Group – Emergency Number 1300 276 642





Police and Fire Brigade
Poisons Information Centre

000 13 11 26

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Please read instructions / label before using product.

This MSDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets" 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011(2003)]