

Sell Sheet

The first step to a CURBLESS SHOWER.

Plywood Subfloor Recess System

A bracket system designed to provide the necessary depth to install a true, zero-entry curbless shower on a wood subfloor.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- * Installed from above the joists without the use of a 2x4 frame or compromising the structural integrity of the joists (Rapid Recess doesn't interfere with plumbing or other obstacles between the joists)
- * Floor height within the shower area is recessed 11/16" inch
- * Suitable for 25 square feet or less recommended sizes are 5' x 5' or 4' x 6'
- * No framing ledger boards or cross-bracing needed
- * Kits are available for any kind, width or orientation of floor joists (joists parallel or perpendicular to shower entry)
- * Kits are available for point or linear drains and shower pans
- * Complies fully with ICC standards and codes
- * Rapid Recess brackets are made of sturdy 16 gauge galvanized steel and have undergone thorough testing and passed the Robinson Test C627 for floor assemblies



1. Expose Expose the joists.



2. Attach
Attach the new bracket system.



3. Install Install the plywood.

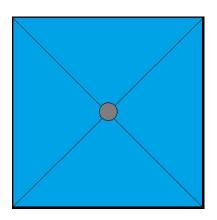


4. Finish Finish the shower pan and tile.

KIT OPTIONS BY DRAIN TYPE

Point Drain

Item Number - RR25SF





Item # - RR25SF

Kit includes:

10 M-brackets (48 3/8" long) 30 Z-brackets (5" long)

 $160 - #10 16 \times 15/8$ " self-drilling reamers with wings

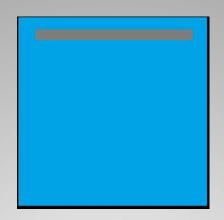
 $40 - #10 16 \times 23/4$ " self-drilling reamers with wings

60 - #10 1 1/4" exterior wood screws

 $\label{thm:constraint} Visit\ www.rapid recess.com\ for\ installation\ manuals\ and\ cross\ sections\ for\ all\ drain\ types\ and\ configurations.$

Linear Drain

Item Number - RR25LDK





Item # - RR25LDK

Kit includes:

8 LZ-brackets (5" long)

2 LM-brackets (48 3/8" long)

22 Z-brackets (5" long)

8 M-brackets (48 3/8" long)

160 - #10 16 x 1 5/8" self-drilling reamers with wings

40 - #10 16 x 2 3/4" self-drilling reamers with wings

60 - #10 1 1/4" exterior wood screws

One joist bay will be deeper than the others to accommodate the depth of the linear drain body. Joist orientation must be considered since the drain body will always be parallel to the joists.