Absolute EPA



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Clinical Applications

- · Maintains Normal Inflammatory Balance*
- High-Intensity Support for Establishing a Positive Mental Outlook*
- Targeted Support for Joint Comfort and Musculoskeletal Integrity
- Maintains Healthy Cardiovascular Function and Blood Sugar Balance Already Within Normal Limits

Absolute EPA is high concentration eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) fish oil designed for those needing intensive nutritional support of this essential fat. Research shows that EPA promotes a positive mental outlook and has a significant calming effect on the brain. In addition, EPA has been shown to improve joint mobility and support cardiovascular health.

All Absolute Health Formulas Meet or Exceed cGMP Quality Standards

Discussion

Absolute EPA is sourced from off the Chilean coast, where cold, unpolluted waters provide the cleanest, most sustainable source of fish in the world. Each soft gel delivers 660 mg EPA in the natural triglyceride form for superior absorption. While EPA/DHA combination formulas remain the backbone of any fish oil regimen new evidence has emerged supporting the value of unique formulations of high-intensity EPA for more targeted uses. Fatty acids in the n-3 family are considered essential to humans because our bodies are unable to make them.¹

Fish Oil Delivery – Triglycerides vs. Ethyl Esters While the amount of EPA and DHA provided in a fish oil product is important for efficacy, the type of fish oil delivered is another significant factor in defining fish oil effectiveness. The human body is accustomed to digesting and absorbing EPA and DHA in the natural triglyceride form. Even though triglyceride-based fish oils are the preferred form for superior fish oil absorption, due to cost, most fish oil products available on the market are packaged in semisynthetic ethyl ester form While less expensive, their unusual structure is resistant to the digestive enzymes which enable fat breakdown. In a study comparing EPA and DHA digestion in both the natural triglyceride and ethyl ester form, five common digestive lipase enzymes were shown to digest fish oil more easily in the natural triglyceride form as compared to the ethyl ester substrate.² A review of the existing literature has shown that fish oil provided in the triglyceride form is more efficiently digested and is 70% more absorbable than the ethyl ester form.³

Omega-3 Depletion Research shows that the typical modern diet does not provide enough omega3s. Symptoms of omega-3 deficiency are common and often overlooked. These may include dry, itchy, or flaky skin, poor sleep quality, poor circulation, eye discomfort and mood imbalance.² Low levels of EPA have been linked with mood imbalance, cognitive impairment, and neuropathy.³

Mood Balance Long-chain n-3 fatty acids such as EPA are important components of membranes within neurological organs and tissues. They affect membrane fluidity and influence synaptic function and possibly serotonin and dopamine metabolism. ^{4,5} In several studies, fish consumption has been directly linked to decreased risk of low mood, especially in women, ^{6,7} and several clinical trials have used n-3 fatty acids to promote a positive mental outlook. ⁸ Studies to date have shown 1 g of EPA was shown to improve low mood scores in patients and among a similar population, 2 g/day of a comparable preparation had highly significant improvement in mood scores. ¹⁰ Previous reports suggest there is a link between low EPA levels and the most extreme signs of a negative mental outlook. ¹¹

Joint Discomfort and Inflammatory Balance EPA can form eicosanoids, which function to counteract the activity of eicosanoids derived from arachidonic acid, ¹² a mechanism known to maintain normal inflammatory balance. ^{13,14} Numerous studies point to the key role of EPA to improve joint discomfort and to promote musculoskeletal strength.

Cardiovascular Health and Blood Sugar Metabolism Several large, randomized clinical trials have proven the benefits of EPA in cardiovascular health. EPA has been found to diminish oxidative stress and promote cardiomyocyte strength¹⁵ and an eight-week long usage of EPA resulted in a significant percentage reduction of creactive protein levels¹⁶.



Supplement Facts Serving Size 1 Soft Gel Capsule Servings Per Container 60 Amount Per % Daily 1 soft gel capsule contains Serving Value Calories 15 Total fat 2%* 1.5 g 2% Cholesterol 5 mg ** EPA (Eicosapentaenoic Acid) 660 mg DHA (Docosahexaenoic Acid) 60 mg * Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. ** Daily Value not established

Directions

Take 1 soft gel capsule per day or as directed by your healthcare practitioner.

Does Not Contain

Gluten, corn, yeast, artificial colors, and flavors.



References

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- 7. Tanskanen A, Hibbeln JR et al. Fish consumption and depressive symptoms in the general population in Finland. Psychiatr Serv. 2001; 52(4):529-31.
- 8. Logan AC. Omega-3 fatty acids and major depression: A primer for the mental health professional. Lipids Health Dis. 2004; 3(1):25. ID# 448060 60 Soft Gel Capsules 1 soft gel capsule contains EPA (Eicosapentaenoic Acid) % Daily Value ** 2%* DHA (Docosahexaenoic Acid) ** * Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. ** Daily Value not established 660 mg 60 mg Amount Per Serving Serving Size 1 Soft Gel Capsule Supplement Facts Servings Per Container 60 V3 Calories 15 Total fat 1.5 g Cholesterol 5 mg 2% †.
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