

Programming for Spelling

Level 2 Study Sheets

Steps 1-10

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Suggestions for the content of the daily spelling session

Generic Lesson Plan Structure

| Lesson Focus | Introduction of a new spelling list. | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Introduction | Gain students' attention (personalised classroom <i>Attention Signal</i>). Review critical prerequisite skills. State the goal of the lesson and its relevance. | Begin a lesson with a short review of previous learning: Daily review can strengthen previous learning and can lead to fluent recall (Rosenshine, 2012, no. 1). 1. REVIEW the content of the previous spelling list. 2. Introduce the content of the new spelling list. | | | | |
| | <u>Modelling (+ think aloud)</u> Show and tell - involve students. | Introduce the rule/concept. Use If-then construction. Illustrate the concept with examples and non- examples . | | | | |
| Development and Consolidation | <u>Guided practice</u> Guide students in performing the skill or strategy. | Provide physical, verbal, or visual prompts. Gradually fade scaffolding. Guide students in analysing examples and non- examples using the critical attributes. | | | | |
| | <u>Unprompted practice</u> <u>pairs/groups</u> | Check students' understanding. Have students perform the skill/strategy in pairs or groups without prompts. | | | | |
| | <u>Unprompted practice</u> individual | Check students' understanding. Have students perform the skill/strategy individually without prompts. | | | | |
| Culmination | Review critical content. Preview the content of the next lesson. | REVIEW the content of lesson. Introduce the content of the next lesson. | | | | |

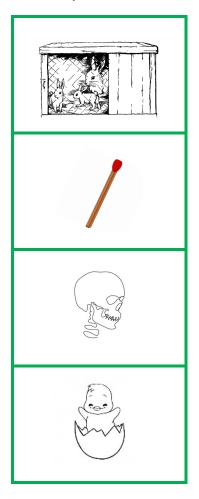
| Ctor | | Regular words | ds | | Regular words | | | - | Sacillar Education |
|------|-----------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------|----------------|------------|---------|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| aleb | (initial/ | (initial/final consonant blends) | nt blends) | | Digraphs/Rules | 5 | | | |
| | Revise | New | Extensions | Revise | New | Extensions | Revise | New | |
| ω | stack | dock | docket | pray | wood | woodpile | why | ʻ-ed` saying | 1. Rule: The only time that '-ck' can |
| | black | lock | locksmith | play | pooq | woodcutter | sky | /t/ | be used is after a short vowel |
| | speck | rock | rocket | stay | foot | boohood | try | jumped | sound. |
| | | sock | windsock | tray | | footprint | cry | helped | 2. Morpheme |
| | | kick | sidekick | stray | | | pry | wished | |
| | | stick | homesick | relay | | | fly | kissed | that) |
| | | truck | potluck | | | | | | |
| | | | truck driver | | | | | eye bve | |
| | | | | | | | | dye | |
| 6 | dock | strip | outstrip | poom | Discriminati | stateless | jumped | ʻ-ed' saying | 1. Discrimination step |
| | lock | strap | strapper | hood | u | stateroom | helped | /1/ | Two different ways of spelling |
| | rock | strum | strumpet | foot | Bossy 'e' | statement | wished | puffed | the long /ā/ sound: bossy 'e' |
| | sock | stroll | stroller | | and '-ay' | trader | kissed | cooked | and the digraph '-ay'. |
| | kick | | | | plane | playtime | | kicked | ('-ay' is used at the end of |
| | stick | | | | state | playful | | hatched | words and syllables.) |
| | truck | | | | trade | trayful | | | 2. '-ed' ending sounds like /t/. |
| | | | | | relate | ashtray | | | |
| | | | | | play | prayer | | | base word, you must drop one |
| | | | | | stay | | | | <u></u> |
| | | | | | tray | | | | |
| | | | | | pray relay | | | | |
| 0 | strip | scram | scramble | plane | smart | smarter | puffed | le | 1. '-ed' ending sounds like /t/. |
| | strap | scrap | scrapbook | state | sharp | smartest | cooked | pie | 2. Positive, comparative and |
| | strum | scroll | scrolling | trade | starch | sharper | kicked | die | superlative adjectives |
| | stroll | scrub | scrubbed | relate | chart | sharpest | hatched | tie | smart, smarter, smartest |
| | | | | play | shark | | | magpie | sharp, sharper, sharpest |
| | | | | stay | | | | bowtie | |
| | | | | tray | | | | | |
| | | | | relay | | | | | |

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Level 2 Spelling List: Step 2 Note: All words in *italics* are extension words for those students who can already spell the words on the base lists.

| Comprehension Fill in the missing words. (cloze) Read the sentences to your partner. | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|------------|-------|-------|------------|--------|
| | pitch | many | itchy | their | hutch | catch |
| If you | play on t | the cricke | et | | _ you will | become |
| I think it is better if you wash the car, | | | | | car, | |
| feed the rabbits in and | | | | | | |
| fish as you can. | | | | | ٦. | |

Draw a line from each picture to the correct word. (vocabulary)



| skull |
|----------|
| hutch |
| match |
| hatching |

Note: All words in *italics* are extension words for those students who can already spell the words on the base lists. Word study

Synonyms and Antonyms

Synonyms are words that have a similar meaning to another word.

Draw a line from each word in the first column to its SYNONYM in the second column.

| watch — | clock |
|---------|--------|
| small | change |
| switch | hold |
| clutch | little |

Break these words into their separate morphemes (morphemes: suffixes) Read the words to your partner.

| snatcher = | + | |
|-------------|---|--|
| smallest = | + | |
| clutching = | + | |
| fetched = | + | |

Finish the <u>underlined</u> words in these sentences. (morphemes: suffixes) Read the sentences to your partner.

Who was it that <u>snatch</u> your bag?

I want the <u>small</u> bit of cake.

She is the best pitch_____ in the team.

Have you <u>wash</u> the dog yet?

Note: All words in *italics* are extension words for those students who can already spell the words on the base lists.

Name

Date

| Level 2 | Step 7 | |
|---|--|--|
| Spelling List | Extension Words | Revision |
| dock lock rock sock kick stick truck | docket locksmith rocket windsock sidekick homesick potluck truck driver | stack black speck |
| wood hood foot | woodpile woodcutter boyhood footprint | pray play stay tray stray relay |
| jumped helped wished kissed eye bye dye | eyeball eyelid eyelash bye bye goodbye | why sky try cry pry fly |

Teacher's Note

Some of the guided practice study sheets contain explanatory notes to assist the teacher in supporting students to complete the exercises.

Note: All words in *italics* are extension words for those students who can already spell the words on the base lists.

Spelling

<u>Underline</u> any spelling errors. Re-write the sentences correctly on the lines. (proofreading) Be careful! There may be more than one error.

<u>Gat</u> some help.

Get some help.

Do not throw the rok at that truck.

The boys jumpt over the woodpile.

Whoo left that grubby fotprint in the bedroom?

It is not saf to plae with sticks.

Don't forget to say thank you and goodby.

Look at that roket going up into the sky!

I have a black spek in my ey.

Note: All words in *italics* are extension words for those students who can already spell the words on the base lists.

Spelling

Circle the spelling errors. Write the correct spelling on the line. (proofreading) Be careful! There may be more than one error in each sentence.

| Did you sked on the wet mud? | skid |
|---|------|
| Stack the stiks on the woodpile. | |
| Did you say godbye to your friends? | |
| This hedgehog has blue eys. | |
| I'm glad you helpt dad to wosh the dog. | |
| Hoo hit the truc with that rock? | |
| My dad has washt his big truk. | |
| Has the gate been lockt? | |

Copy the sentence. (handwriting)

Put the dog in the truck and lock the wooden gate.