| Applicant: | JARLSON GMBH |
| :--- | :--- |
| Address: | STROBL 176, 5350 STROBL, AUSTRIA |
| Product Name: | Vaccum Flask / Tritan Water Bottle |
| End Use: | Water Bottle |
| Style No.: | SFLA002 / TFLA002 |
| P.O./Order No.: | MB21H15 |
| Buyer: | JARLSON GmbH |
| Country of Origin: | China |
| Country of Destination: | Austria |
| Receipt Date of Sample: | $2021-05-08$ |
| Date of Testing: | $2021-05-13$ to 2021-06-18 |
| Date of Further Information: | $2021-06-17$ |
| Sample Submitted: | The sample(s) was (were) submitted by applicant and identified. |
| Test Result: | Refer to the data listed in following pages |

## Test Item

Conclusion

## Pass

 Pass Pass Pass Pass PassPass
. Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs) Content - in Substances of Very High  Concern (SVHC) published by European Chemicals Agency (ECHA)
8. Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs) Content - European Parliament and Council Pass Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
9. Organotin Content Requirement in Annex XVII, Item 20 of the REACH Regulation(EC) No 1907/2006 with its Amendments
10. Total Bisphenol A (BPA) Content

Pass*
Pass Metals
12. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Overall Migration
13. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and

Pass

## Test Item

14. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and
its amendments -Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine (29)
15. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Heavy Metals
16. EU-AP Resolution 2004(5) -Overall Migration
17. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments - Specific migration of 2,2,4,4-Tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3 diol (TMCD)
18. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments - Specific migration of trimellitic anhydride (expressed as trimellitic acid)
19. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 31 and BfR RecommendationSensory Test
20. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and Guideline of the EDQM Technical Document on metal and alloys -Extractable Heavy Metals
21. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Overall Migration
22. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine
23. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine (29)
24. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Heavy Metals
25. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of 2,2,4,4-tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3-diol
26. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of trimellitic anhydride
27. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR RecommendationPeroxide Value
28. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Total Chromium, Vanadium, Zirconium and Hafnium Content
29. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-
Extractable Components Extractable Components
30. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR RecommendationVolatile Organic Matter

Conclusion
Pass

Pass

Pass
Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Pass

Test Item

Conclusion
31. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Total
Platinum

Pass

Remarks: 1. MDL $=$ Method Detection Limit
2. ND = Not Detected (<MDL)
3. <= Less than
4. $1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}=1 \mathrm{ppm}=0.0001 \%$
5. *= Conclusion was drawn according to client's specification
6. $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dm}^{2}=$ milligram per square decimeter
7. The migration results in this report were tested and expressed based on repeated use articles.
8. The testing approach, the testing methods, and the reported results in this report demonstrate compliance or non-compliance to the client's requirements which were mutually agreed at the contract review and stipulated in the quotation. The testing approach, the testing methods, and the reported results may not or only partially fulfil the associated requirements of the applicable regulations.

TÜV SÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch Testing Center

## Prepared by:



Technical Engineer


## Note:

(1) The TÜV sÜD Certification and Testing (China) Co., Ltd. "General Terms \& Conditions" applied.

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For full version, please visit: EN : https://www.tuvsud.cn/zh-cn/resource/terms-and-conditions---en ; SCN: https://www.tuvsud.cn/zh-cn/terms-and-conditions; TCN: https://www.tuvsud.com/zh-tw/terms-and-conditions
(2) The results relate only to the Items tested.
(3) The test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of the laboratory
(4) Disclaimer Measurement Uncertainty:

Unless otherwise agreed upon, Pass or Fail verdicts are given based on the measured values without any considerations of measurement uncertainties. Please note, every test method has a measurement uncertainty which has been evaluated by the laboratory according to ISO/IEC 17025 requirements. By taking measurement uncertainties into account it might happen that measured values can neither be assessed as Pass nor as Fail.

## Test Report

No.: 70.431.21.12659.01
Date: 2021-06-24

## Description of Tested Subject:

| Sample Receiving Info | Sam |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sample Received on: 2021-05-08; Complete test sample A 10 pcs and test sample B 10 pcs. | Overall weight (g): | A: 235; <br> B: 129 |
| Sample Photo |  |  |
|  |  | $2021005 / 13$ |
| View of test sample A | View |  |

## Test Report

No.: 70.431.21.12659.01
Date: 2021-06-24

| Sample | Description | Photo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 012 | Silvery metal (A/B brush handle) |  |
| 013 | White coating on metal (A/B brush head) | $\underline{0}$ |
| 014 | White soft plastic (A/B brush fur) |  |


| Specimen Description |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 001 | Light pink plastic (A/B upper lid) (PP) |  |
| 002 | Pink plastic (A/B neck lid) (PP) |  |
| 003 | Silvery metal (A body) (SS304) |  |
| 004 | white soft plastic (A/B straw) (PE) |  |
| 005 | Transparent silicone (A/B suction mouth/seal) |  |
| 006 | Colorful acrylic resin coating (A) |  |
| 007 | Pink soft plastic (A/B silicone handle) |  |
| 008 | White plastic (A/B button) |  |
| 009 | Silvery metal (A/B thin axle on lid) |  |
| 010 | Silvery metal (A/B thick axle on lid) |  |
| 011 | Transparent plastic (B) (tritan) |  |
| 012 | Silvery metal (A/B brush handle) |  |
| 013 | White coating on metal (A/B brush head) |  |
| 014 | White soft plastic (A/B brush fur) |  |

## Test Result(s):

1. EN14350: 2020 Child care articles — Drinking equipment — Safety requirements and test methods.

| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Construction and mechanical requirements and tests |  |  |
| 7.1 | Order of testing for construction and mechanical properties |  |  |
|  | The tests for construction and mechanical properties shall be carried out in the order given in Table 1, after treatments according to Clause 6. <br> New samples, preferably from the same batch, shall be used for each test (i.e. samples used in one test shall not be used in another test) unless otherwise stated. When tensile tests are applied, clamps or other devices shall hold the components securely during the test without causing damage which results in a test failure. Any failure due to such damage shall be disregarded. If after a number of attempts using different methods secure holding is not possible due to material weakness, the product fails. <br> Table 1 - Order of testing for construction and mechanical properties <br> 7.2 Decoration, inscription and decals <br> 7.3 Visual and tactile examination <br> 7.4 Small parts <br> 7.5 Sealing discs <br> 7.8 Protective covers <br> 7.8.1 Size of detachable protective cover <br> 7.8.2 Size of permanent protective cover <br> 7.8.3 Security of permanent protective cover <br> 7.9 Handles and clips <br> 7.10 Finger traps <br> 7.11 Protruding parts <br> 7.11.1 Maximum length of protruding parts <br> 7.11.2 Flexibility of protruding parts <br> 7.11.3 Security/retention test for protruding <br> parts |  |  |
| 7.2 | Decoration, inscription and decals |  |  |
|  | All areas of drinking equipment may be decorated or inscribed by techniques which do not apply materials to their surface, e.g. by laser engraving. The manufacturer has to make sure that possible contamination, e.g. from laser engraving combustion products, does not impair product safety. <br> Areas with intended food contact may only be printed or inmold labelled, if this | Complied | P |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | printed or inmold labelled area is completely covered by a functional barrier according to EU/10/2011 [2]. <br> Areas of drinking accessories that are intended or foreseeable to be mouthed shall not be printed, also not when covered by a functional barrier including inmold labelling. <br> A drinking cup which provides a drinking rim and is also intended to be used without a drinking accessory or a similar product where the child's mouth can contact the outside of the cup shall not be printed and / or inmold labelled on the area extending to 20 mm measured from the drinking rim. <br> Areas of drinking equipment that are not intended to contact food and/or to be mouthed may be decorated or inscribed with techniques which apply colorant such as printing with printing inks. <br> Adhesive decals and labels intended to stay on the product during use are not allowed on any part of drinking equipment. Decorations shall not be attached to any part of drinking equipment by glue. |  |  |
| 7.3 | Visual and tactile examination |  |  |
|  | All components of drinking equipment when assembled for use shall be free from any accessible sharp points or edges and free of flash and burrs, which could cause injuries, and shall be assessed by visual and tactile examination. In case of doubt apply test for sharp point and sharp edge according to EN 71-1. | Complied | P |
| 7.4 | Small parts |  |  |
|  | All parts which are designed to be removed (e.g. for cleaning) or become separated after the tensile or other mechanical tests shall not fit entirely within the small parts cylinder in any orientation and without compression. | Complied | P |
| 7.5 | Additional requirements for sealing discs |  |  |
|  | The minimum diameter of a sealing disc shall be 35 mm . | Complied | P |
| 7.6 | Requirements and tests for containers |  |  |
| 7.6.1 | Volumetric labelling requirements |  |  |
|  | If containers are marked with graduations these shall include the nominated maximum capacity. The volumes shall be given in millilitres and the letters "ml" or "mL" shall appear at least once. Additional units for measurement can be used if applicable. <br> Drinking cups, feeding bags or holders for feeding bags may be marked with graduations. Feeding bags with graduations shall not be used to prepare formula milk. <br> All feeding bottles shall be marked with graduations. The lowest numbered graduation shall not be more than 60 ml and the highest graduation, numbered or unnumbered, shall be the nominal capacity of the bottle. There shall be numbered or unnumbered graduations every 30 ml starting from 60 ml . The gap between numbered graduations shall not exceed 60 ml . | - | N/A |
| 7.6.2 | Volumetric accuracy |  |  |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.6.2.1 | Volumetric accuracy requirements |  |  |
|  | When tested in accordance with 7.6.2.2 the volumetric accuracy of all graduations, unnumbered and numbered, on feeding bottles or if present on feeding cups shall be as follows: $\begin{aligned} & \text { - all graduations } \geqslant 100 \mathrm{ml}: \pm 5 \% ; \\ & \text { — all graduations }<100 \mathrm{ml}: \pm 5 \mathrm{ml} . \end{aligned}$ <br> For feeding bags and holders for feeding bags that have graduations their volumetric accuracy shall be within $\pm 15 \%$ as measured according to 7.6.2.2 with the product set up by the method given in the instructions for use. | - | N/A |
| 7.6.3 | Print adhesion of graduations |  |  |
| 7.6.3.1 | All containers with printed graduations intended for repeated use shall be tested. After being tested in accordance to 7.6.3.3 all graduations required under 7.6.1, numbered and unnumbered, shall be readable. | - | N/A |
| 7.6.4 | Thermal shock |  |  |
|  | When tested in accordance with 7.6.4.2 no part of any re-usable container shall crack or break. | Complied | P |
| 7.7 | Requirements and tests for drinking accessories |  |  |
| 7.7.1 | Tear resistance test |  |  |
| 7.7.1.1 | Principle |  |  |
|  | This test measures the tear resistance after the drinking accessory has been punctured. The tear resistance test is in two parts: <br> - making the puncture. If the drinking accessory does not puncture it fulfils the requirements of 7.7.1.2 and the subsequent tensile test is not required. <br> - testing the punctured sample with a tensile test. | Complied | P |
| 7.7.1.2 | Requirements |  |  |
|  | When tested in accordance with 7.7.1.4, no drinking accessories which can be punctured during 7.7.1.3 shall break, tear or separate. Straws are excluded from the puncturing according to 7.7.1.3 and shall be submitted un-punctured to the tensile test according to 7.7.1.4. | Complied | P |
| 7.7.2 | Push-pull valve |  |  |
| 7.7.2.1 | Integrity after simulated use |  |  |
|  | The push-pull valve is opened and closed for 1000 cycles to simulate its lifespan. This cycle test is followed by a tensile strength test (7.7.2.4), on the same sample. <br> Push - pull - valves may employ also other open and close - mechanisms such as twist action or spring-loaded. Although, a test procedure for these alternatives has not been specified the requirement given in 7.7.2.2 applies. The general principle of the test has also to be followed, that is open and close for 1000 cycles, followed by a standard tensile test. | - | N/A |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.7.2.2 | Requirements |  |  |
|  | For push - pull mechanisms the opening force shall not exceed 45 N. Push - Pull valves with other mechanisms shall be opened and closed according to the instructions given in the product information. During the cycle test the push-pull valve shall open and close. During either the cycle test or the tensile strength test no part shall break, tear or separate to form small parts. | - | N/A |
| 7.8 | Protective covers |  |  |
| 7.8.1 | Size of detachable protective cover |  |  |
|  | Detachable protective covers shall be tested for small parts according to 7.4. | - | N/A |
| 7.8.2 | Size of permanent protective cover |  |  |
|  | Permanent protective covers, while attached to the product, shall in no direction protrude through template $A$ and $B$ by their own weight. Permanent protective covers on straws are excluded from this test. | Complied | P |
| 7.8.3 | Security of permanent protective cover |  |  |
| 7.8.3.1 | Principle |  |  |
|  | The purpose is to test the security of a permanent protective cover by means of a tensile strength test, which is followed by the small parts test in the case of detached parts. |  |  |
| 7.8.3.2 | Requirement |  |  |
|  | A permanently attached protective cover shall be tested according to 7.8.3.3. No part shall break during the test. Any part that detaches or is released during the test, shall be tested for small parts according to 7.4. | Complied | P |
| 7.9 | Handles and clips |  |  |
| 7.9.1 | Requirement |  |  |
|  | When tested in accordance with 7.9.2 and visually inspected, no part of the handle or clip when assembled on the container shall break, tear or separate. If the handle or clip is detachable and is detached from the container, without breaking, tearing or separating, during the test then this shall not be deemed as a failure. | - | N/A |
| 7.10 | Finger traps |  |  |
| 7.10.1 | Requirement |  |  |
|  | To avoid entrapment of fingers in any part of drinking equipment, all accessible holes more than 10 mm deep shall not have an opening width between $5,5 \mathrm{~mm}$ and 12 mm , when tested in accordance with 7.10.2. <br> This requirement only applies to components made of materials with a Shore A hardness of more than 60. | Complied | P |
| 7.11 | Protruding parts |  |  |
| 7.11.1 | Maximum length |  |  |
|  | The length of any protruding part emerging from the container shall not be greater | Complied | P |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | than 100 mm when fixed in the normal position of use and tested according to 7.11.1.2. |  |  |
| 7.11.2 | Flexibility |  |  |
|  | A force is applied to the end of the protruding part using a steel plate and the point at which the protruding part bends is measured. Assemble the product with each possible configuration which can be used to feed the child. When the protruding part is a straw that can move up and down, perform the test when the base of the straw touches the internal base of the container. |  |  |
|  | When tested in accordance with 7.11.2.3 the protruding part shall collapse to less than 40 mm . | Complied | P |
| 7.11.3 | Security/retention test of protruding parts |  |  |
| 7.11.3.1 | Principle |  |  |
|  | The purpose is to test the security of a drinking accessory, when assembled as intended to be used which is why the test has to be done only on feeding teats. Non - elastic drinking accessories will normally not break or separate even at higher forces than required under 7.11.3.3. <br> When tested in accordance with 7.11.3.3, any individual part of the product (excluding a straw) that constitutes a protrusion and that passes through templates A or B or protrudes from the base of the templates shall meet the requirements of 7.11.3.2. |  |  |
| 7.11.3.2 | Requirement |  |  |
|  | When tested in accordance with 7.11.3.3 no part of a feeding teat shall break, tear or separate from the container. | Complied | P |
| 7.12 | Cords or loops |  |  |
|  | When tested according to 7.12 .3 the maximum length of a single cord shall not exceed 220 mm . If there is a loop it shall have a maximum circumference of 360 mm . If the loop opens when pulled with 90 N , the single cords shall each not exceed a length of 220 mm . Parts of the product which extend the circumference of the loop shall be included in the measurement of the loop. | Complied | P |
| 8 | Chemical requirements and test methods |  |  |
| 8.1 | General |  |  |
|  | Drinking equipment shall be subjected to the sample preparation as specified in 8.2 and shall meet the requirements as specified in 8.3. <br> Materials not included in Table 3 but used in a component of the drinking equipment shall be assessed to ensure there are no chemicals that present a risk to health whether or not specified in this document. | $\begin{gathered} \text { See } \\ \text { result } \\ 1.1,1.2, \\ 1.3,1.4 \text {, } \\ 1.5 \text { and } \\ 1.6 \end{gathered}$ | P |
| 8.2 | Preparation of samples for chemical tests |  |  |
| 8.2.1 | General |  |  |
|  | The sample preparation described in 8.2 .2 shall apply to all tests excepting N nitrosamines and N -nitrosatable substances release, see 8.5. <br> Samples and test portions shall only be handled with suitable (for example, non- | - | - |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | rubber) gloves to avoid contamination and stored in securely fastened containers free from potential contaminants and protected from light. |  |  |
| 8.2.2 | Boiling |  |  |
|  | All samples, excluding single-use products (3.11) and ready to use products (3.13), shall be immersed in boiling water, to the requirements of EN ISO 3696, Grade 3, for $(10 \pm 1) \mathrm{min}$ without touching the walls of the container. The samples shall be removed and kept in a closed container, for example a desiccator to reduce the risk of contamination. | - | - |
| 8.3 | Requirements by component and material |  |  |
| 8.3.1 | Requirements for food contact materials |  |  |
|  | The components in Table 2 are intended to be in contact with food. All food contact materials and articles are regulated by European Regulation (EC) 1935/2004 [1] and relevant implementation measures, for example, European Regulation (EU) number 10/2011 for plastic materials and articles intended to come into contact with food [2]. <br> Table 2 - Food contact components | See result 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 and 1.6 | P |
| 8.3.2 | Other requirement |  |  |
|  | Materials used in the manufacture of components of drinking equipment shall be subjected to the tests marked with an x in Table 3. This list is not exhaustive but includes the most common combinations of component, materials of construction and test methods. | See result 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5 and 1.6 | P |

Table 3 - Other requirements and tests to be carried out on components and materials

| $/$ | $/$ | Requirement <br> Clause | 8.4 .1 | 8.5 | 8.6 .1 | 8.7 .1 | 8.7 .1 | 8.7 .1 | 8.8 .2 | 8.9 .1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8.10 .1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.11 .1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Drinking accessories made of rubber and other elastomers shall be tested <br> according to EN 12868 using the sample preparation procedures for elastomer and <br> rubber teats given in that standard. |  |  |
| 8.6 | Migration of certain elements | P |  |
| 8.6 .1 | Requirement | When tested in accordance with 8.6.2 the migration of elements from all materials <br> shall not exceed any of the limits given in Table 5. <br> Components manufactured from the same material may be tested as a composite <br> sample or as individual colours. However, if any composite result is greater than <br> any of the limits set in Table 5 divided by the number of components then any of the <br> different colours shall be retested individually. <br> Decorations shall be scraped off the part of the material on which they are printed. If <br> scraping off is not possible or the scraped off weight from one sample is less than <br> 10 mg, the test for decorations as specified in EN 71-3 can be omitted. | result |

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| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Table 5 - Limits of element migration from drinking equipment |  |  |
| 8.7 | 2-mercaptobenzothiazole (MBT), antioxidant and formaldehyde release |  |  |
| 8.7.1 | Requirements |  |  |
|  | When components of drinking equipment are tested in accordance with 8.7.2, the migration of 2-mercaptobenzothiazole shall not exceed the limit given in Table 6. <br> Table 6 - MBT release limit (see B.22) <br> When components of drinking equipment are tested in accordance with 8.7.2 the migration of the following antioxidants shall not exceed the limits given in Table 7. | See result 1.4 | P |



| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8.11.1 | Requirement |  |  |
|  | When metal components in contact with food are tested according to 8.11.2 the migration of elements shall not exceed the limits given in "EDQM Metals and Alloys used in food contact materials and articles". | See result 1.6 | P |
| 9 | Consumer packaging |  |  |
|  | The package as received by the consumer shall include clear, legible instructions for the use and hygienic care of the drinking equipment (see Annex E). <br> These instructions shall be given as described in Clause 10.4 and may be included on a separate leaflet placed inside the packaging or in/on the product. <br> Feeding teats and drinking accessories shall be sold in clean condition. <br> NOTE Consumer packaging should be designed and manufactured to avoid contamination of the product under the foreseeable conditions of transport and storage. Manufacturers when designing consumer packaging should consider environmental issues, such as disposal instructions and recycling. | Complied | P |
| 10 | Product information |  |  |
| 10.1 | General |  |  |
|  | The text shall be printed in the official main language of the country of retail sale. If additional languages are included, they shall be easy to distinguish, e.g. by separate presentation. <br> Product information for sales by mail order, either via catalogue or from the Internet shall be in the language of the catalogue or Internet page. However, an additional choice of languages may be offered. <br> NOTE The manufacturer or distributor when considering languages for both retail and Internet sales should not only pay attention to the official main language, but also to significant minority languages, which may be one of the official languages. <br> Annex E contains information on good practice for visibility and legibility. <br> The manufacturer or distributor shall provide a statement advising the user to retain product information for future use. | Complied | P |
| 10.2 | Purchase information |  |  |
|  | The following information shall be visible at the point of sale: <br> - the name, trademark or other means of identification and the address of the manufacturer, distributor or retailer, including where applicable a website address. The particulars may be abbreviated provided that the abbreviation enables the manufacturer, the distributor or the retailer to be identified and easily contacted; <br> - the number of this document; <br> - warnings and instructions for use given in 10.3 and 10.4 or if these are included within the packaging, an indication that this is the case; <br> — for products made from natural rubber latex: "Produced from natural rubber latex"; <br> — for products containing straws: "Straws are not suitable for a child under 6 | Complied | P |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | months"; <br> — for single-use products: "This is a single use product and shall be disposed of after first use"; <br> — for drinking accessories sold separately, an indication of the containers for which they are suitable shall be provided. <br> For feeding teats it is recommended that additional information on flow rate, hole size or type of feed should be given. <br> NOTE 1 Examples for visibility at the point of sale are: on the packaging, on a leaflet placed inside the product mbut which is visible at the point of sale; printed on the side of the product, on the Internet page, when sold on line or in the mail order catalogue. <br> NOTE 2 For sentences in quotation marks alternative wording is permitted. |  |  |
| 10.3 | Warnings |  |  |
| 10.3.1 | General |  |  |
|  | Translations of these warnings into other languages shall use those given in Annex A (normative). <br> All warnings shall be kept together and distinguished from other text. Individual warnings shall be easily distinguishable from one another, e. g. by bullet points or by using a new line. <br> It is recommended that the supplier of drinking equipment include informative literature to explain the reasons and background for the warnings. Examples of possible phrases are: <br> - Accidents have occurred when babies have been left alone with drinking equipment due to the baby falling or if the product has disassembled. <br> - Tooth decay in young children can occur even when non-sweetened fluids are used. This can occur if the baby is allowed to use the bottle/cup for long periods through the day and particularly through the night, when saliva flow is reduced or if it is used as a soother. <br> For glass bottles permanently covered with other material to make it more resitant to breakage, e.g. silicone, there has to be an additional warning on the bottle to make the adult aware of possible but not obvious breakage. Shards or splinters of glass can be in the bottle without being discovered and therefore swallowed by children. <br> The following heading shall be used for the warnings section: <br> For your child's safety and health <br> WARNING! | Complied | P |
| 10.3.2 | Warnings for all drinking equipment |  |  |
|  | For all drinking equipment the following warnings shall be provided in the form and order given: <br> - Continuous and prolonged sucking of fluids will cause tooth decay. <br> - Always check food temperature before feeding. | Complied | P |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - Throw away at the first signs of damage or weakness. <br> - Keep components not in use out of the reach of children. <br> — Never attach to cords, ribbons, laces or loose parts of clothing. The child can be strangled. |  |  |
| 10.3.3 | Additional warnings |  |  |
|  | The following additional warnings shall be provided if applicable in the form given. <br> For products with feeding teats: <br> — Never use feeding teats as a soother. <br> - Always use this product with adult supervision. <br> For glass containers: <br> - Glass containers may break. <br> - Always use this product with adult supervision. <br> For single-use products: <br> - Single-use only. <br> For products containing cords/loops: <br> - Due to strangulation hazard do not extend cords or loops. <br> For feeding bags and holders for feeding bags: <br> - For use with breast milk only. Not to be used for mixing formula milk. | Complied | P |
| 10.4 | Instructions for use |  |  |
| 10.4.1 | General |  |  |
|  | Information on the safe use of drinking equipment and the following instructions shall be provided as applicable on the packaging or in a leaflet. Alternative wording is permitted. Further instructions may also be provided. | Complied | P |
| 10.4.2 | Re-usable products |  |  |
|  | - Before first use, disassemble and clean the product and then place the components in boiling water for 5 min . This is to ensure hygiene. <br> - Before each subsequent use clean carefully to ensure hygiene. <br> - Instruction for at least one suitable method of cleaning. <br> - Where applicable methods of cleaning food from non-visible surfaces. Instructions shall ensure that all parts including areas which may not be visible but where food has passed through are thoroughly washed and flushed with clean water to remove any food residues. <br> - Where applicable, unsuitable common methods of heating, cleaning (including where applicable unsuitable common cleaning agents), storage and use which might damage the product. <br> For feeding teats: <br> - Inspect the feeding teat before each use and pull the feeding teat in all directions. Throw away at the first signs of damage or weakness. <br> - Do not leave a feeding teat in direct sunlight or heat, or leave in disinfectant | Complied | P |


| Clause | Requirement | Result | Verdict |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ("sterilising solution") for longer than recommended, as this may weaken the teat |  |  |
| 10.4.3 | Single use products |  |  |
|  | - information that it is a single use product which shall be disposed of after first use; <br> - instructions on how to prepare the product for safe use; <br> - if applicable, information on unsuitable common methods for heating and storage which might damage the product. | - | N/A |
| 10.4.4 | Ready to use products |  |  |
|  | - Do not use if there are signs of damage or weakness to either the primary packaging or the product. <br> If a ready to use product is not intended to be re-used the instructions for single use products (10.4.3) shall also be provided. <br> If a ready to use product is intended to be re-used this should be clearly stated and the instructions for re-usable products (10.4.2) shall also be provided. | - | N/A |
| 10.4.5 | Feeding bags and holders for feeding bags |  |  |
|  | For products with volumetric graduations: <br> - information of the method to assemble the feeding bag and/or holder for a feeding bag to achieve a graduation accuracy of at least $\pm 15 \%$. <br> - information that if more accurate measurement of breast milk is required then a feeding bottle complying with EN 14350 or a more accurate measuring device shall be used. | - | N/A |
| 10.4.6 | Microwaveable drinking equipment |  |  |
|  | Take extra care when microwave heating; localized over heating can occur. Always mix the heated food and check the temperature before feeding. | - | N/A |
| 10.5 | Supply chain information for products that contain vulcanised rubber |  |  |
| 10.5.1 | Requirements |  |  |
|  | The following information shall be provided on any outer packaging (see 3.14) used for storage of products that contain vulcanised rubber (this does not include the packaging intended for consumers). <br> This information in the form of text given in 10.5.2, in the local language, and/or the symbol given in 10.5.3, Figure 23 shall be visible on the outside of the packaging at least once. | Complied | P |
| 10.5.2 | Text |  |  |
|  | Alternative wording is permitted: <br> - Keep away from sunlight and heat. | Complied | P |



Abbreviation: P = Pass; N/A = Not Applicable.
1.1 EN 14350:2020 Volatile compounds content

Test with reference to EN 14350:2020.

| Parameter | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 0.31 |
| Volatile compounds content | $\%$ | 0.1 | 0.5 |  |
| Conclusion |  | Pass |  |  |

### 1.2 EN 14350:2020 N-nitrosamines and Nitrosatable Substances Release

With reference to EN 12868:2017, followed by analysis LC-MS-MS

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | MDL <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 0 5}$ |  | 0.01 | Pass |
| Nitrosamine | $<0.01$ |  |  |  |


| Test Item(s) | Result(s) $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | }{MDL <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$} | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 0 5}$ |  | 0.1 | Pass |
| Nitrosatable Substances | $<0.1$ | 0.1 |  |  |

Note: Tested N-nitrosamines and N-nitrosable substances are listed below:

|  | Compounds name | Abbreviation | CAS\# |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | N-Nitrosodimethylamine | NDMA | $62-75-9$ |
| 2 | N-nitrosodiethylamine | NDEA | $55-18-5$ |
| $3 / 4$ | N-nitrosopyrrolidine or N-nitroso N-methyl N- <br> phenylamine | NPYR or NMPhA | $930-55-2$ or 614-00-6 |
| 5 | N-nitrosomorpholine | NMOR | $59-89-2$ |
| 6 | N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine | NDPA | $621-64-7$ |
| 7 | N-nitrosopiperidine | NPIP | $100-75-4$ |
| 8 | N-nitroso N-ethyl N-phenylamine | NEPhA | $612-64-6$ |
| 9 | N-Nitrosodi-n-butylamine | NDBA | $924-16-3$ |
| 10 | N-nitrosodibenzylamine | NDBzA | $5336-53-8$ |
| 11 | N-Nitrosodiisononylamine | NDiNA | $1207995-62-7$ |
| 12 | N-nitrosodiisobutylamine | NDiBA | $997-95-5$ |

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### 1.3 EN 14350:2020 Migration of certain elements

Test with reference to EN 14350:2020 and EN 71-3:2019, determination by ICP-MS.

| Test Item | Limit [mg/kg] | MDL [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 001 | 002 | 004 | 005 |
| Soluble Aluminum | 6000 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Antimony | 120 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Arsenic | 10 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Barium | 4000 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Boron | 3200 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Cadmium | 3.6 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Chromium III | 100 | 0.005 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Chromium VI | 0.005* | 0.005 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Cobalt | 28 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Copper | 1660 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Lead | 5.0 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Manganese | 600 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Mercury | 20 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Nickel | 56 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Selenium | 100 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Strontium | 12000 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Tin | 40000 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Organic Tin | 2.5 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Zinc | 10000 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  | Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass |

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| Test Item | Limit [mg/kg] | MDL [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 006 | 007 | 008 | 011 |
| Soluble Aluminum | 6000 | 5 | ND | 1064 | ND | ND |
| Soluble Antimony | 120 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Arsenic | 10 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Barium | 4000 | 5 | ND | 8.5 | ND | ND |
| Soluble Boron | 3200 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Cadmium | 3.6 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Chromium III | 100 | 0.005 | 0.255 | 6.7 | ND | 0.213 |
| Soluble Chromium VI | 0.005* | 0.005 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Cobalt | 28 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Copper | 1660 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Lead | 5.0 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Manganese | 600 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Mercury | 20 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Nickel | 56 | 5 | ND | 7.1 | ND | ND |
| Soluble Selenium | 100 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Strontium | 12000 | 5 | ND | 7.9 | ND | ND |
| Soluble Tin | 40000 | 5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Organic Tin | 2.5 | 2.5 | ND | ND | ND | ND |
| Soluble Zinc | 10000 | 5 | ND | 384 | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  | Pass | Pass | Pass | Pass |

Notes: *Limit was according to EN 71-3:2019, If the result is below the Limit of Quantification of EN 71-3, the sample is to be considered passed.

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### 1.4 EN 14350:2020 Formaldehyde migration

Test with reference to EN 14350:2020.

| Parameter | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Formaldehyde | $50-00-0$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L}$ | 0.3 | 0.5 | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  |  |

### 1.5 EN 14350:2020 Colour fastness

Test with reference to EN 14350:2020.

| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Result(s) | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Maximum } \\ \end{array}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$)$ Cormissible Limit $\quad$ Conclusion


| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Result(s) | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{0 0 2}$ |  |  |
| $3 \%$ Acetic acid | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 hours | No bleeding | No bleeding | Pass |
| Coconut oil | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 hours | No bleeding | No bleeding | Pass |


| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Result(s) | Maximu | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 006 | Permissible Limit |  |
| 3\% Acetic acid | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 hours | No bleeding | No bleeding | Pass |
| Coconut oil | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 hours | No bleeding | No bleeding | Pass |


| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Result(s) | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 007 |  | Pass |
| $3 \%$ Acetic acid | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 hours | No bleeding | No bleeding | Pass |
| Coconut oil | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 hours | No bleeding | Pasinn |  |

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### 1.6 EN 14350:2020 Extractable Heavy Metals

Test with reference to EN 13130-1:2004

| Test Item(s) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Result(s) } \\ \text { [mg/kg] } \end{array} \\ \hline 003 \end{gathered}$ |  | Maximum Permissible Limit [ $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ ] |  | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ migration | $1^{\text {st }}+2^{\mathrm{nd}}$ <br> migration | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ migration | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {st }}+2^{\text {nd }} \\ \text { migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Silver | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.08 | 0.56 | Pass |
| Aluminium | <0.5 | <1.0 | 5 | 35 | Pass |
| Cobalt | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.02 | 0.14 | Pass |
| Chromium | <0.02 | <0.04 | 0.25 | 1.75 | Pass |
| Copper | <0.2 | <0.4 | 4 | 28 | Pass |
| Iron | <1.0 | <2.0 | 40 | 280 | Pass |
| Magnesium | 0.1 | 0.3 | -- | -- | -- |
| Manganese | <0.2 | <0.4 | 1.8 | 12.6 | Pass |
| Molybdenum | <0.01 | $<0.02$ | 0.12 | 0.84 | Pass |
| Nickel | $<0.02$ | <0.04 | 0.14 | 0.98 | Pass |
| Tin | <1.0 | <2.0 | 100 | 700 | Pass |
| Titanium | <0.05 | <0.1 | -- | -- | -- |
| Vanadium | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Zinc | <0.5 | <1.0 | 5 | 35 | Pass |
| Arsenic | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.002 | 0.014 | Pass |
| Barium | <0.1 | <0.2 | 1.2 | 8.4 | Pass |
| Beryllium | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Cadmium | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.005 | 0.035 | Pass |
| Mercury | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.003 | 0.021 | Pass |
| Lithium | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.048 | 0.336 | Pass |
| Lead | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Antimony | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.04 | 0.28 | Pass |
| Thallium | <0.0001 | <0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0007 | Pass |

2. Total Lead Content Requirement in Annex XVII, Item 63 of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with its Amendments
Test with reference to in house method, determination by ICP-OES/ICP-MS.

| Sample | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 1 + 0 0 2 + 0 0 8}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | 500 | $<10.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 0 6 + 0 1 3}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | 500 | $<10.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 0 7 + 0 1 4}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | 500 | $<10.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 0 9}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | 500 | $<10.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 1 0}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | 500 | $<10.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 1 2}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | 500 | $<10.0$ | Pass |

3. Total Cadmium Content Requirement in Annex XVII, Item 23 of the REACH Regulation(EC) No 1907/2006 with its Amendments
Test with reference to Acid digestion and EN 1122:2001 Method B, determination by ICP-OES/ICP-MS.

| Sample | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 0 1 + 0 0 2 + 0 0 8}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 5 | $<100$ | $<5.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 0 4 + 0 1 1}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 5 | $<100$ | $<5.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 0 5 + 0 0 7 + 0 1 4}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 5 | $<100$ | $<5.0$ | Pass |
| $\mathbf{0 0 6 + 0 1 3}$ | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 10 | $<1000$ | $<10.0$ | Pass |

4. Phthalates Content in Annex XVII Items 51 and 52 of the REACH Regulation(EC) No 1907/2006 with its Amendments
Test with reference to in house method, determination by GC-MS.

| Parameter | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 004+011 |  |
| Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, <br> DEHP | $117-81-7$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Dibutyl phthalate, DBP | $84-74-2$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Benzyl butyl phthalate, BBP | $85-68-7$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Diisobutylphthalate, DIBP | $84-69-5$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Sum of DBP, BBP, DEHP, <br> DIBP | - | $\%$ | 0.005 | $<0.1$ | ND | ND |
| Di-isononyl phthalate, DINP | $28553-12-0$, <br> $68515-48-0 ~$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Di-isodecyl phthalate, DIDP | $26761-40-0$, <br> $68515-49-1 ~$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Di-n-octyl phthalate, DNOP | $117-84-0$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Sum of DINP, DIDP, DNOP | - | $\%$ | 0.005 | $<0.1$ | ND | ND |

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| Parameter | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, <br> DEHP | $117-81-7$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Dibutyl phthalate, DBP | $84-74-2$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Benzyl butyl phthalate, BBP | $85-68-7$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Diisobutylphthalate, DIBP | $84-69-5$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Sum of DBP, BBP, DEHP, <br> DIBP | - | $\%$ | 0.005 | $<0.1$ | ND | ND |
| Di-isononyl phthalate, DINP | $28553-12-0$, <br> $68515-48-0$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Di-isodecyl phthalate, DIDP | $26761-40-0$, <br> $68515-49-1$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Di-n-octyl phthalate, DNOP | $117-84-0$ | $\%$ | 0.005 | - | ND | ND |
| Sum of DINP, DIDP, DNOP | - | $\%$ | 0.005 | $<0.1$ | ND | ND |

5. Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) Content in Annex XVII item 50 of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 with its Amendments
Test with reference to AfPS GS 2019:01, determination by GC-MS.

| Parameter | CAS No. | Unit | " MDL | Limit | Result(s) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 001+002+008 | 004+011 |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene (BbFA) | 205-99-2 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]anthracene (BaA) | 56-55-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]pyrene (BaP) | 50-32-8 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[e]pyrene (BeP) | 192-97-2 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[j]fluoranthene (BjFA) | 205-82-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene (BkFA) | 207-08-9 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Chrysene (CHR) | 218-01-9 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene (DBAhA) | 53-70-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass |


| Parameter | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 005+007+014 | 006+013 |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene (BbFA) | 205-99-2 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]anthracene (BaA) | 56-55-3 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]pyrene (BaP) | 50-32-8 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[e]pyrene (BeP) | 192-97-2 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[j]fluoranthene (BjFA) | 205-82-3 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene (BkFA) | 207-08-9 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Chrysene (CHR) | 218-01-9 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene (DBAhA) | 53-70-3 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.5 | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass |

6. Content of 15 PAHs (Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons)

Test with reference to AfPS GS 2019:01, determination by GC-MS.

| Parameter | CAS No | Unit | MDI | Limit | Res |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameter | AS No | Unit | MDL | Limit | 001+002+008 | 004+011 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <2 | ND | ND |
| Phenanthrene | 85-01-8 | mg/kg | 0.1 | - | ND | ND |
| Anthracene | 120-12-7 | mg/kg | 0.1 | - | ND | ND |
| Fluoranthene | 206-44-0 | mg/kg | $\cdots 0.1$ | - | ND | ND |
| Pyrene | 129-00-0 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | - | ND | ND |
| Sum of 4 PAHs | - | mg/kg | 0.1 | <5 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 56-55-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Chrysene | 218-01-9 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 205-99-2 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[j]fluoranthene | 205-82-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 207-08-9 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 50-32-8 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[e]pyrene | 192-97-2 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[ghi]perylene | 191-24-2 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| dibenzo[ah]anthracene | 53-70-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | 193-39-5 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Sum of detected 15 PAHs | - | mg/kg | 0.1 | <5 | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass |


| Parameter | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 005+007+014 | 006+013 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <2 | ND | 0.2 |
| Phenanthrene | 85-01-8 | mg/kg | 0.1 | - | ND | 0.2 |
| Anthracene | 120-12-7 | mg/kg | 0.1 | - | ND | ND |
| Fluoranthene | 206-44-0 | mg/kg | 0.1 | - | ND | ND |
| Pyrene | 129-00-0 | mg/kg | 0.1 | - | ND | ND |
| Sum of 4 PAHs | - | mg/kg | 0.1 | <5 | ND | 0.2 |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | 56-55-3 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Chrysene | 218-01-9 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 205-99-2 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[j]fluoranthene | 205-82-3 | mg/kg | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 207-08-9 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 50-32-8 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[e]pyrene | 192-97-2 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Benzo[ghi]perylene | 191-24-2 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| dibenzo[ah]anthracene | 53-70-3 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | 193-39-5 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | <0.2 | ND | ND |
| Sum of detected 15 PAHs | - | mg/kg | 0.1 | <5 | ND | 0.4 |
|  | Conclusion |  |  |  | Pass | Pass |

Remark: 1. Category was specified by client
2. Limit according to AfPS GS 2019:01PAK

| Parameter | Category 1 | Category 2 |  | Category 3 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Materials intended to be taken into the mouth, or materials in toys according to Directive 2009/48/EC or materials in articles intended for the use by children up to 3 years of age having long-term skin contact (more than 30s) within intended use | Materials that do not fall into category 1, with long-term skin contact (more than 30s) or repeated short-term skin contact within intended or foreseeable use |  | Materials that do neither fall into category 1 nor 2, with short-term skin contact (up to 30s) within foreseeable use |  |
|  |  | Used by children (mg/kg) | Other consumer products (mg/kg) | Used by children (mg/kg) | Other consumer products (mg/kg) |
| Benzo[a]pyrene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 1 |
| Benzo[e]pyrene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | $<0.5$ | < 1 |
| Benzo[a]anthracene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | <1 |
| Benzo[b]fluoroanthene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 1 |
| Benzo[j]fluoroanthene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | $<0.5$ | < 1 |
| Benzo[k]fluoroanthene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 1 |
| Chrysene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | <1 |

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| Dibenzo[a,h]anthracene | $<0.2$ | $<0.2$ | < 0.5 | $<0.5$ | <1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Benzo[g,h,i]perylene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | <1 |
| Indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | < 0.5 | < 0.5 | < 1 |
| Phenanthrene, Pyrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene | Sum < 1 | Sum < 5 | Sum < 10 | Sum < 20 | Sum < 50 |
| Naphthalene | $<1$ | <2 |  | < 10 |  |
| Sum 15 PAH | < 1 | < 5 | < 10 | $<20$ | < 50 |

7. Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs) Content - in Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) published by European Chemicals Agency (ECHA)
Test with reference to in house method, solvent extraction by ultrasonic bath and determination by GC-MSNCI .

| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 001+002+008 |
| SCCP | 85535-84-8 | \% | 0.01 | 0.1 | <0.01 |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass |


| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 004+011 |
| SCCP | 85535-84-8 | \% | 0.01 | 0.1 | <0.01 |
|  | Conclusion |  |  |  | Pass |
|  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
|  |  |  |  |  | 005+007+014 |
| SCCP | 85535-84-8 | \% | 0.01 | 0.1 | <0.01 |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass |


| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SCCP | $85535-84-8$ | $\%$ | 0.01 | 0.1 |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | P0.013 |

8. Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (SCCPs) Content - European Parliament and Council Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs)
Test with reference to in house method, solvent extraction by ultrasonic bath and determination by GC-MSNCI .

| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 001+002+008 |
| SCCP | 85535-84-8 | \% | 0.01 | 0.15 | <0.01 |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass |


| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SCCP | $85535-84-8$ | $\%$ | 0.01 | 0.15 | $<0.01$ |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  |  |


| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 005+007+014 |
| SCCP | 85535-84-8 | \% | 0.01 | 0.15 | <0.01 |
|  | clusion |  |  |  | Pass |


| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result(s) [\%] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 006+013 |  |
| SCCP | $85535-84-8$ | $\%$ | 0.01 | 0.15 |  |

9. Organotin Content Requirement in Annex XVII, Item 20 of the REACH Regulation(EC) No 1907/2006 with its Amendments
Test with reference to ISO 17353:2004, determination by GC-MS.

| Compounds | Unit | MDL | Limit | Results |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{0 0 1 + 0 0 2 + 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 4 + 0 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 5 + 0 0 7 + 0 1 4}$ |
| DBT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ |
| TBT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ |
| DOT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ |
| TcyT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ |
| TPhT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ | $<0.025$ |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Compounds | Unit | MDL | Limit | Results |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{0 0 6 + 0 1 3}$ |
| DBT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ |
| TBT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ |
| DOT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ |
| TcyT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ |
| TPhT | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.025 | $<1000$ | $<0.025$ |
| Conclusion |  |  |  | Pass |

10. Total Bisphenol A (BPA) Content

Test with reference to in house method, solvent extraction, determination by HPLC-MS-MS

| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 004 |
| Bisphenol A | 80-05-7 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass |
| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result |
|  |  |  |  |  | 005 |
| Bisphenol A | 80-05-7 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | ND | ND |
|  | Conclusion |  |  |  | Pass |
| Compound | CAS No. | Unit | MDL | Limit | Result |
|  |  |  |  |  | 011 |
| Bisphenol A | 80-05-7 | $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ | 0.1 | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass |

Remark: 1. Limit was according to client's requirement

Date: 2021-06-24
11. EU- CM/RES (2013) 9 \& GUIDELINES ON METALS AND ALLOYS - Extractable Heavy Metals

- Test with reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $0.5 \%$ Citric acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours

| Test Item(s) | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Result(s) } \\ \text { [mg/kg] } \end{array} \\ \hline 003 \end{gathered}$ |  | Maximum Permissible Limit [ $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ ] |  | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ migration | $1^{\mathrm{st}}+2^{\mathrm{nd}}$ <br> migration | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ migration | $1^{\text {st }}+2^{\text {nd }}$ <br> migration |  |
| Silver | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.08 | 0.56 | Pass |
| Aluminium | <0.5 | $<1.0$ | 5 | 35 | Pass |
| Cobalt | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.02 | 0.14 | Pass |
| Chromium | <0.02 | <0.04 | 0.25 | 1.75 | Pass |
| Copper | <0.2 | <0.4 | 4 | 28 | Pass |
| Iron | <1.0 | <2.0 | 40 | 280 | Pass |
| Magnesium | 0.1 | 0.3 | -- | -- | -- |
| Manganese | <0.2 | <0.4 | 1.8 | 12.6 | Pass |
| Molybdenum | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.12 | 0.84 | Pass |
| Nickel | <0.02 | <0.04 | 0.14 | 0.98 | Pass |
| Tin | <1.0 | <2.0 | 100 | 700 | Pass |
| Titanium | <0.05 | <0.1 | -- | -- | -- |
| Vanadium | $<0.01$ | <0.02 | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Zinc | <0.5 | <1.0 | 5 | 35 | Pass |
| Arsenic | <0.001 | $<0.002$ | 0.002 | 0.014 | Pass |
| Barium | $<0.1$ | <0.2 | - 1.2 | 8.4 | Pass |
| Beryllium | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Cadmium | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.005 | 0.035 | Pass |
| Mercury | <0.001 | $<0.002$ | 0.003 | 0.021 | Pass |
| Lithium | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.048 | 0.336 | Pass |
| Lead | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Antimony | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.04 | 0.28 | Pass |
| Thallium | <0.0001 | <0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0007 | Pass |

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12. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments Overall Migration

- With reference to EN1186-1:2002 for selection of test methods;

EN1186-3:2002 aqueous food simulants by total immersion method;
EN1186-9:2002 aqueous food simulants by article filling method;

- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Overall Migration Result(s) [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] |  |  | ```Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/dm}\mp@subsup{}{}{2}``` | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $004$ <br> $1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 3\% Acetic acid | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |
| 50\% Ethanol | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |


| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Overall Migration Result(s) [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] |  |  | Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $011$ <br> $1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | 011 <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migra } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 3\% Acetic acid | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |
| 50\% Ethanol | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |

13. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004, followed by Kunststoffe im Lebensmittelverkehr, Book 2, Teil B II,XXI
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Method Detection Limit [mg/kg] | Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 004 |  |  |  |
| Specific migration of primary aromatic amines - $1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | 0.01 | Pass |
| Specific migration of primary aromatic amines -2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | 0.01 | Pass |
| Specific migration of primary aromatic amines $-3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | 0.01 | Pass |


| Test Item(s) | Result(s) <br> [mg/kg] | Method <br> Detection Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Conclusion |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 1 1}$ | ND | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| Specific migration of primary <br> aromatic amines $-1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | 0.01 | Pass |
| Specific migration of primary <br> aromatic amines $-2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | 0.01 | Pass |
| Specific migration of primary <br> aromatic amines $-3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration |  |  | Pass |  |

14. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine (29)

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| No. | Prohibited Amines | CAS No. | MDL [mg/kg] | Limit [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 004 \\ \text { 1 }^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{array}$ | 004 <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | 92-67-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 2 | 4,4'-Benzidine | 92-87-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 3 | 4-Chloro-2-methylaniline | 95-69-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 4 | 2-Naphthylamine | 91-59-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 5 | o-Aminoazotoluene | 97-56-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 6 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 7 | 4-Chloroaniline | 106-47-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 8 | 4-Methoxy-1,3phenylenediamine | 615-05-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 9 | Bis-(4-aminophenyl) methane | 101-77-9 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 10 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 91-94-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 11 | 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine | 119-90-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 12 | o-Tolidine | 119-93-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'- } \\ & \text { diaminadiphenylmethane } \end{aligned}$ | 838-88-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 14 | 2-Methoxy-5-methylaniline | 120-71-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 15 | 4,4'-Methylene bis(ochloroaniline) | 101-14-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 16 | 4,4'-Oxydianiline | 101-80-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 17 | 4,4'-Thiodianiline | 139-65-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 18 | o-Toluidine | 95-53-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 19 | 2,4-Diaminotoluene | 95-80-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 20 | 2,4,5-Trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 21 | o-Anisidine | 90-04-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 22 | 4-Amino-azobenzene | 60-09-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 23 | 1,3-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 24 | 2,4-Dimethylaniline | 95-68-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 25 | 2,6-Dimethylaniline | 87-62-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 26 | Aniline | 62-53-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 27 | 1,4-Phenylenediamine | 106-50-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 28 | 1,5-Diaminonaphthalene | 2243-62-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 29 | 2,6-toluenediamine | 823-40-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass | Pass |


| No. | Prohibited Amines | CAS No. | MDL [mg/kg] | Limit [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | 011 $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | 92-67-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 2 | 4,4'-Benzidine | 92-87-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 3 | 4-Chloro-2-methylaniline | 95-69-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 4 | 2-Naphthylamine | 91-59-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 5 | o-Aminoazotoluene | 97-56-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 6 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 7 | 4-Chloroaniline | 106-47-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 8 | 4-Methoxy-1,3phenylenediamine | 615-05-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 9 | Bis-(4-aminophenyl) methane | 101-77-9 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 10 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 91-94-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 11 | 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine | 119-90-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 12 | o-Tolidine | 119-93-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 13 | 3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'diaminadiphenylmethane | 838-88-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 14 | 2-Methoxy-5-methylaniline | 120-71-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 15 | 4,4'-Methylene bis(ochloroaniline) | 101-14-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 16 | 4,4'-Oxydianiline | 101-80-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 17 | 4,4'-Thiodianiline | 139-65-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 18 | o-Toluidine | 95-53-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 19 | 2,4-Diaminotoluene | 95-80-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 20 | 2,4,5-Trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 21 | o-Anisidine | 90-04-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 22 | 4-Amino-azobenzene | 60-09-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 23 | 1,3-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 24 | 2,4-Dimethylaniline | 95-68-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 25 | 2,6-Dimethylaniline | 87-62-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 26 | Aniline | 62-53-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 27 | 1,4-Phenylenediamine | 106-50-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 28 | 1,5-Diaminonaphthalene | 2243-62-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 29 | 2,6-toluenediamine | 823-40-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass | Pass |

Date: 2021-06-24
15. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments Specific Migration of Heavy Metals

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004, determination by ICP-MS.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | MDL [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  | Limit [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | 004 $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Iron (Fe) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 48 | Pass |
| Zinc (Zn) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Copper (Cu) | 0.5 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Manganese (Mn) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Cobalt (Co) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.05 | Pass |
| Barium (Ba) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Lithium (Li) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Aluminium (AI) | 0.1 | 0.2 | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Nickel (Ni) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.02 | Pass |
| Antimony (Sb) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.04 | Pass |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND | 0.002 | Pass |
| Chromium (Cr) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Lead (Pb) | 0.01 | 0.012 | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Mercury (Hg) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Europium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sum } \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | Pass |
| Gadolinium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Lanthanum | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Terbium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |

Date: 2021-06-24

| Test Item(s) | $\begin{gathered} \text { MDL } \\ {[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]} \end{gathered}$ | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Limit } \\ {[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]} \end{gathered}$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Iron (Fe) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 48 | Pass |
| Zinc (Zn) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Copper (Cu) | 0.5 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Manganese (Mn) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Cobalt (Co) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.05 | Pass |
| Barium (Ba) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Lithium (Li) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Aluminium (Al) | 0.1 | 0.2 | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Nickel ( Ni ) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.02 | Pass |
| Antimony (Sb) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.04 | Pass |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND | 0.002 | Pass |
| Chromium (Cr) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Lead (Pb) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Mercury (Hg) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Europium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sum } \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | Pass |
| Gadolinium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Lanthanum | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Terbium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |

## 16. EU- AP Resolution 2004(5) -Overall Migration

- With reference to EN1186-1:2002 for selection of test methods;

EN1186-3:2002 aqueous food simulants by total immersion method;

- Sample 005 Migration ratio: $140 \mathrm{ml} / 0.87 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Overall Migration <br> Result(s) <br> $\left[\mathrm{mg} / \mathbf{d m}^{2}\right]$ | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> [mg/dm $\left.{ }^{2}\right]$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{0 0 5}$ | $<3.0$ | 10 |
| $3 \%$ Acetic acid | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | $<3.0$ | 10 | Pass |
| $50 \%$ Ethanol | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours |  | Pass |  |

17. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -

Specific migration of 2,2,4,4-Tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3 diol (TMCD)

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004, followed by GC-MS.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 011 |  |  |
| Specific migration of 2,2,4,4-Tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3 diol (TMCD) $-1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | <2 | 5 | Pass |
| Specific migration of 2,2,4,4-Tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3 diol (TMCD) $-2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $<2$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific migration of 2,2,4,4-Tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3 diol (TMCD) $-3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration | <2 | 5 | Pass |

18. EU-Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments Specific migration of trimellitic anhydride (expressed as trimellitic acid)

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 1 1}$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific migration of trimellitic anhydride <br> (expressed as trimellitic acid) $-1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | $<0.5$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific migration of trimellitic anhydride <br> (expressed as trimellitic acid) $-2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $<0.5$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific migration of trimellitic anhydride <br> (expressed as trimellitic acid) $-3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration | $<0.5$ | 5 |  |

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19. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 31 and BfR Recommendation-Sensory Test

- With reference to DIN 10955:2004
- Test condition: Distilled water, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours

| Sample(s) | Testing Parameter | Grading result(s) | Recommended <br> level | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | Transfer of taste | 1 | $<3$ | Pass |
|  | Transfer of smell | 1 | $<3$ | Pass |


| Sample(s) | Testing Parameter | Grading result(s) | Recommended <br> level | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | Transfer of taste | 1 | $<3$ | Pass |
|  | Transfer of smell | 1 | $<3$ | Pass |

Note: $\quad$ Available grading are listed as follow:
Grading 0: No perceptible taste/smell deviation
1: Just perceptible taste/smell deviation
2: Weak taste/smell deviation
3: Clear taste/smell deviation
4: Strong taste/smell deviation

Date: 2021-06-24
20. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and Guideline of the EDQM Technical Document on metal and alloys -Extractable Heavy Metals

- Test with reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $0.5 \%$ Citric acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  | Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/kg]* |  | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 003 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ migration | $1^{\text {st }}+2^{\text {nd }}$ migration | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ migration | $1^{\text {st }}+2^{\text {nd }}$ migration |  |
| Silver | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.08 | 0.56 | Pass |
| Aluminium | <0.5 | <1.0 | 5 | 35 | Pass |
| Cobalt | $<0.01$ | $<0.02$ | 0.02 | 0.14 | Pass |
| Chromium | <0.02 | <0.04 | 0.250 | 1.75 | Pass |
| Copper | <0.2 | <0.4 | 4 | 28 | Pass |
| Iron | <1.0 | $<2.0$ | 40 | 280 | Pass |
| Magnesium | 0.1 | 0.3 | -- | -- | -- |
| Manganese | <0.2 | <0.4 | 1.8 | 12.6 | Pass |
| Molybdenum | <0.01 | $<0.02$ | 0.12 | 0.84 | Pass |
| Nickel | <0.02 | <0.04 | 0.14 | 0.98 | Pass |
| Tin | <1.0 | <2.0 | 100 | 700 | Pass |
| Titanium | <0.05 | $<0.1$ | -- | -- | -- |
| Vanadium | $<0.01$ | $<0.02$ | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Zinc | <0.5 | <1.0 | 5 | 35 | Pass |
| Arsenic | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.002 | 0.014 | Pass |
| Barium | <0.1 | <0.2 | 1.2 | 8.4 | Pass |
| Beryllium | <0.01 | $<0.02$ | 0.01 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Cadmium | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.005 | 0.035 | Pass |
| Mercury | <0.001 | <0.002 | 0.003 | 0.021 | Pass |
| Lithium | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.048 | 0.336 | Pass |
| Lead | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.010 | 0.07 | Pass |
| Antimony | <0.01 | <0.02 | 0.04 | 0.28 | Pass |
| Thallium | <0.0001 | <0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0007 | Pass |

21. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Overall Migration

- With reference to EN1186-1:2002 for selection of test methods;

EN1186-3:2002 aqueous food simulants by total immersion method;
EN1186-9:2002 aqueous food simulants by article filling method;

- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Overall Migration Result(s) [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] |  |  | Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 3\% Acetic acid | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |
| 50\% Ethanol | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |


| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Overall Migration Result(s) [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] |  |  | Maximum Permissible Limit [mg/dm ${ }^{2}$ ] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | 011 <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migrat } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 3\% Acetic acid | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |
| 50\% Ethanol | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours | <3.0 | <3.0 | <3.0 | 10 | Pass |

22. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004, followed by Kunststoffe im Lebensmittelverkehr, Book 2, Teil B II,XXI
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) <br> [mg/kg] | Method <br> Detection Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 0 4}$ | ND | 0.01 | ND |
| Specific migration of primary <br> aromatic amines $-1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | ND | Pass |
| Specific migration of primary <br> aromatic amines -2 | Pass |  |  |  |
| Specific migration of primary <br> aromatic amines $-3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration | ND | 0.01 | ND | Pass |


| Test Item(s) | Result(s) <br> [mg/kg] | Method <br> Detection Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Conclusion |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 1 1}$ | ND | 0.01 | ND |

23. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Primary Aromatic Amine (29)

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| No. | Prohibited Amines | CAS No. | MDL [mg/kg] | Limit [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ \text { 1 }^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | 004 $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ \text { 3 }^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | 92-67-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 2 | 4,4'-Benzidine | 92-87-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 3 | 4-Chloro-2-methylaniline | 95-69-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 4 | 2-Naphthylamine | 91-59-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 5 | o-Aminoazotoluene | 97-56-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 6 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 7 | 4-Chloroaniline | 106-47-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 8 | 4-Methoxy-1,3phenylenediamine | 615-05-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 9 | Bis-(4-aminophenyl) methane | 101-77-9 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 10 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 91-94-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 11 | 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine | 119-90-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 12 | o-Tolidine | 119-93-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 13 | 3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'diaminadiphenylmethane | 838-88-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 14 | 2-Methoxy-5-methylaniline | 120-71-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 15 | 4,4'-Methylene bis(ochloroaniline) | 101-14-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 16 | 4,4'-Oxydianiline | 101-80-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 17 | 4,4'-Thiodianiline | 139-65-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 18 | o-Toluidine | 95-53-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 19 | 2,4-Diaminotoluene | 95-80-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 20 | 2,4,5-Trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 21 | o-Anisidine | 90-04-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 22 | 4-Amino-azobenzene | 60-09-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 23 | 1,3-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 24 | 2,4-Dimethylaniline | 95-68-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 25 | 2,6-Dimethylaniline | 87-62-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 26 | Aniline | 62-53-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 27 | 1,4-Phenylenediamine | 106-50-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 28 | 1,5-Diaminonaphthalene | 2243-62-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 29 | 2,6-toluenediamine | 823-40-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass | Pass |


| No. | Prohibited Amines | CAS No. | MDL [ $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ ] | Limit [mg/kg] | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | 011 $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1 | 4-Aminobiphenyl | 92-67-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 2 | 4,4'-Benzidine | 92-87-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 3 | 4-Chloro-2-methylaniline | 95-69-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 4 | 2-Naphthylamine | 91-59-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 5 | o-Aminoazotoluene | 97-56-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 6 | 5-Nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 7 | 4-Chloroaniline | 106-47-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 8 | 4-Methoxy-1,3phenylenediamine | 615-05-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 9 | Bis-(4-aminophenyl) methane | 101-77-9 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 10 | 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine | 91-94-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 11 | 3,3'-Dimethoxybenzidine | 119-90-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 12 | o-Tolidine | 119-93-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 13 | 3,3'-Dimethyl-4,4'diaminadiphenylmethane | 838-88-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 14 | 2-Methoxy-5-methylaniline | 120-71-8 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 15 | 4,4'-Methylene bis(ochloroaniline) | 101-14-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 16 | 4,4'-Oxydianiline | 101-80-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 17 | 4,4'-Thiodianiline | 139-65-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 18 | o-Toluidine | 95-53-4 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 19 | 2,4-Diaminotoluene | 95-80-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 20 | 2,4,5-Trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 21 | o-Anisidine | 90-04-0 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 22 | 4-Amino-azobenzene | 60-09-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 23 | 1,3-Phenylenediamine | 108-45-2 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 24 | 2,4-Dimethylaniline | 95-68-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 25 | 2,6-Dimethylaniline | 87-62-7 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 26 | Aniline | 62-53-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 27 | 1,4-Phenylenediamine | 106-50-3 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 28 | 1,5-Diaminonaphthalene | 2243-62-1 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| 29 | 2,6-toluenediamine | 823-40-5 | 0.002 | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND |
| Conclusion |  |  |  |  | Pass | Pass | Pass |

Date: 2021-06-24
24. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission

Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of Heavy Metals

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004, determination by ICP-MS.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 004 Migration ratio: $200 \mathrm{ml} / 1.36 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | $\begin{gathered} \text { MDL } \\ {[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]} \end{gathered}$ | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  | Limit [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 004 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 004 $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | 004 <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration |  |  |
| Iron (Fe) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 48 | Pass |
| Zinc (Zn) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Copper (Cu) | 0.5 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Manganese (Mn) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Cobalt (Co) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.05 | Pass |
| Barium (Ba) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Lithium (Li) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Aluminium (AI) | 0.1 | 0.2 | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Nickel (Ni) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.02 | Pass |
| Antimony (Sb) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.04 | Pass |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND | 0.002 | Pass |
| Chromium (Cr) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Lead (Pb) | 0.01 | 0.012 | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Mercury (Hg) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Europium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sum } \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | Pass |
| Gadolinium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Lanthanum | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Terbium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |

Date: 2021-06-24

| Test Item(s) | $\begin{gathered} \text { MDL } \\ {[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]} \end{gathered}$ | Result(s) [mg/kg] |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Limit } \\ {[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]} \end{gathered}$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 1^{\text {st }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 2^{\text {nd }} \text { Migration } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 011 \\ 3^{\text {rd }} \text { Migration } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Iron (Fe) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 48 | Pass |
| Zinc (Zn) | 1.0 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Copper (Cu) | 0.5 | ND | ND | ND | 5 | Pass |
| Manganese (Mn) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Cobalt (Co) | 0.05 | ND | ND | ND | 0.05 | Pass |
| Barium (Ba) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Lithium (Li) | 0.1 | ND | ND | ND | 0.6 | Pass |
| Aluminium (Al) | 0.1 | 0.2 | ND | ND | 1 | Pass |
| Nickel ( Ni ) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.02 | Pass |
| Antimony (Sb) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.04 | Pass |
| Arsenic (As) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 0.002 | ND | ND | ND | 0.002 | Pass |
| Chromium (Cr) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Lead (Pb) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Mercury (Hg) | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | 0.01 | Pass |
| Europium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sum } \\ & 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | Pass |
| Gadolinium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Lanthanum | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |
| Terbium | 0.01 | ND | ND | ND |  | Pass |

25. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of 2,2,4,4-tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3-diol

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Maximum Permissible <br> Limit <br> [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific Migration of 2,2,4,4- <br> tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3-diol - <br> $1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | $<2$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific Migration of 2,2,4,4- <br> tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3-diol - <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $<2$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific Migration of 2,2,4,4- <br> tetramethylcyclobutane-1,3-diol - <br> $3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration | $<2$ | 5 | Pass |

26. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation and Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1245 amending Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 and its amendments -Specific Migration of trimellitic anhydride

- With reference to EN 13130-1:2004.
- Test condition: $3 \%$ Acetic acid, $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 hours
- Sample 011 Migration ratio: $460 \mathrm{ml} / 3.08 \mathrm{dm}^{2}$

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> [mg/kg] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 1 1}$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific Migration of trimellitic anhydride <br> (as trimellitic acid) $-1^{\text {st }}$ Migration | $<0.5$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific Migration of trimellitic anhydride <br> (as trimellitic acid) $-2^{\text {nd }}$ Migration | $<0.5$ | 5 | Pass |
| Specific Migration of trimellitic anhydride <br> (as trimellitic acid) $)$ $3^{\text {rd }}$ Migration |  |  |  |

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27. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Peroxide Value - With reference to Bundesgesundheitsbl. 40 (1997), 412

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) | Maximum Permissible <br> Limit | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 004 |  | Pass |
| Peroxide Value | Absent |  |  |


| Test Item(s) | Result(s) | Maximum Permissible <br> Limit | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 005 |  | Pass |
| Peroxide Value | Absent | Absern |  |

28. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Total Chromium, Vanadium, Zirconium and Hafnium Content

- Microwave digestion, followed by AAS or ICP analysis

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Maximum Permissible <br> Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 0 4}$ | 10 | Pass |
| Chromium content | $<2$ | 20 | Pass |
| Vanadium content | $<15$ | 100 | Pass |
| Zirconium content | $<15$ | 100 | Pass |
| Hafnium content | $<15$ |  |  |

29. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Extractable Components

- With reference to Bundesgesundheitsbl. 46(2003) 362

| Simulant(s) Used | Test Condition | Result(s) [\%] | Maximum <br> Permissible Limit <br> [\%] | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{0 0 5}$ | 0.5 | Pass |
| Distilled water | Reflux for 5 hours | $<0.1$ | 0.5 | Pass |
| $3 \%$ Acetic acid | Reflux for 5 hours | $<0.1$ | 0.5 | Pass |
| $10 \%$ Ethanol | Reflux for 5 hours | $<0.1$ | 0.5 |  |

30. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Volatile Organic Matter

- With reference to Bundesgesundheitsbl. 46 (2003) 362
- Test condition: $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 hours

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [\%] | Maximum Permissible <br> Limit <br> $[\%]$ | Conclusion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{0 0 5}$ | 0.5 | Pass |
| Volatile Organic Matter | $<0.1$ |  |  |

31. Germany-German Food \& Feed Acts LFGB Section 30 and BfR Recommendation-Total Platinum

- Acid digestion, then followed by ICP-OES

| Test Item(s) | Result(s) [mg/kg] | Maximum Permissible | Limit <br> $[\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}]$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Conclusion

-End of Test Report-

