## Hardware manual

## ACQ810-04 drive modules (0.37...45 kW, 0.5...60 hp)



## List of related manuals

Drive hardware manuals	Code (English)
ACQ810-04 drive modules (0.3745 kW, 0.560 hp)	3AUA0000055160
hardware manual	
Drive firmware manuals and guides	
ACQ810-04 drive modules start-up guide	3AUA0000055159
ACQ810 standard pump control program	3AUA0000055144
firmware manual	
Option manuals and guides	
ACS-CP-U control panel IP54 mounting platform kit	3AUA0000049072
(+J410) installation guide	
Manuals and quick guides for I/O extension modules,	
fieldbus adapter modules, etc.	
Application guides	
Safe torque off function for ACSM1, ACS850 and	3AFE68929814
ACQ810 drives application guide	

All manuals are available in PDF format on the Internet. See section *Document library on the Internet* on the inside of the back cover.

## Hardware manual

ACQ810-04 drive modules (0.37...45 kW, 0.5...60 hp)

## Table of contents



1. Safety instructions



5. Mechanical installation



7. Electrical installation





# Safety instructions

## What this chapter contains

This chapter contains the safety instructions which you must follow when installing, operating and servicing the drive. If ignored, physical injury or death may follow, or damage may occur to the drive, the motor, or driven equipment. Read the safety instructions before you work on the unit.



## Use of warnings and notes

There are four types of safety instructions used in this manual:



Dangerous voltage warning warns of high voltage which can cause physical injury and/or damage to the equipment.



General warning warns about conditions, other than those caused by electricity, which can result in physical injury and/or damage to the equipment.



Electrostatic discharge warning warns of electrostatic discharge which can damage the equipment.



Hot surface warning warns of component surfaces that may become hot enough to cause burns if touched.

#### Installation and maintenance work

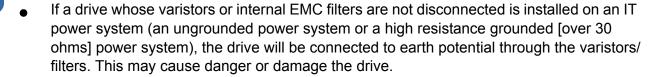
These warnings are intended for all who work on the drive, motor cable or motor.



WARNING! Ignoring the following instructions can cause physical injury or death, or damage to the equipment.

Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain the drive.

- Never work on the drive, the motor cable or the motor when input power is applied. After disconnecting the input power, always wait for 5 minutes to let the intermediate circuit capacitors discharge before you start working on the drive, the motor or the motor cable. Always ensure by measuring with a multimeter (impedance at least 1 Mohm) that:
  - 1. There is no voltage between the drive input phases U1, V1 and W1 and the ground.
  - 2. There is no voltage between terminals UDC+ and UDC- and the ground.
  - 3. There is no voltage between terminals R+ and R- and the ground.
- Do not work on the control cables when power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits. Externally supplied control circuits may carry dangerous voltages even when the input power of the drive is switched off.
- Do not make any insulation or voltage withstand tests on the drive.



If a drive whose varistors or internal EMC filter are not disconnected is installed on a corner-grounded TN system, the drive will be damaged.

#### Notes:

- Even when the motor is stopped, dangerous voltages are present at the power circuit terminals U1, V1, W1 and U2, V2, W2, and UDC+, UDC-, R+, R-.
- Depending on the external wiring, dangerous voltages (115 V, 220 V or 230 V) may be present on the terminals of the relay outputs of the drive.
- The drive supports the Safe torque off function. See page 40.



WARNING! Ignoring the following instructions can cause physical injury or death, or damage to the equipment.

- The drive is not field repairable. Never attempt to repair a malfunctioning drive; contact your local ABB representative or Authorized Service Center.
- Make sure that dust from drilling does not enter the drive during the installation. Electrically conductive dust inside the drive may cause damage or lead to malfunction.



Ensure sufficient cooling.



**WARNING!** The printed circuit boards contain components sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Wear a grounding wrist band when handling the boards. Do not touch the boards unnecessarily.

## Start-up and operation

These warnings are intended for all who plan the operation of the drive, start up or operate the drive.



**WARNING!** Ignoring the following instructions can cause physical injury or death, or damage to the equipment.

- Before adjusting the drive and putting it into service, make sure that the motor and all driven equipment are suitable for operation throughout the speed range provided by the drive. The drive can be adjusted to operate the motor at speeds above and below the speed provided by connecting the motor directly to the power line.
- Do not activate automatic fault reset functions if dangerous situations can occur. When activated, these functions will reset the drive and resume operation after a fault.
- Do not control the motor with an AC contactor or disconnecting device (disconnecting means); instead, use the control panel or external commands via the I/O board of the drive or a fieldbus adapter. The maximum allowed number of charging cycles of the DC capacitors (i.e. power-ups by applying power) is one per two minutes. The maximum total number of chargings is 100000 for frame sizes A and B, 50000 for frame sizes C and D.

#### Notes:

- If an external source for start command is selected and it is ON, the drive will start immediately after an input voltage break or a fault reset unless the drive is configured for 3-wire (pulse) start/stop.
- When the control location is not set to local, the stop key on the control panel will not stop the drive.



WARNING! The surfaces of drive system components (such as the AC choke) may become hot when the system is in use.





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## About this manual

## What this chapter contains

This chapter describes the intended audience and contents of this manual. It contains a flowchart of steps in checking the delivery, installing and commissioning the drive. The flowchart refers to chapters/sections in this manual and other manuals.

## Compatibility

The manual is compatible with ACQ810-04 drive modules of frame sizes A to D.

#### Intended audience

This manual is intended for people who plan the installation, install, commission, use and service the drive. Read the manual before working on the drive. The reader is expected to know the fundamentals of electricity, wiring, electrical components and electrical schematic symbols.

This manual is written for readers worldwide. Both SI and imperial units are shown wherever appropriate.

## Categorization according to the frame size

Some instructions, technical data and dimensional drawings which concern only certain frame sizes are marked with the symbol of the frame size A, B, C or D. The frame size is marked on the drive designation label. The frame size of each drive type is also indicated in the rating tables in chapter *Technical data*.

## Categorization according to the + code

The instructions, technical data and dimensional drawings which concern only certain optional selections are marked with + codes, e.g. +L500. The options included in the drive can be identified from the + codes visible on the type designation label of the drive. The + code selections are listed in chapter Operation principle and hardware description under Type designation.

#### Contents

The chapters of this manual are briefly described below.

Safety instructions give safety instructions for the installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the drive.

About this manual lists the steps in checking the delivery and installing and commissioning the drive and refers to chapters/sections in this manual and other manuals for particular tasks.

Operation principle and hardware description describes the drive module.

Planning the cabinet assembly guides in planning the installation of the drive module into a user-defined cabinet.

*Mechanical installation* instructs how to place and mount the drive.

*Planning the electrical installation* instructs on the motor and cable selection, the protections and the cable routing.

*Electrical installation* instructs on how to wire the drive.

Installation checklist contains a list for checking the mechanical and electrical installation of the drive.

*Maintenance* lists periodic maintenance actions along with work instructions.

Technical data contains the technical specifications of the drive, e.g. the ratings, sizes and technical requirements and provisions for fulfilling the requirements for CE and other markings.

AC chokes details the optional AC chokes available for the drive.

*EMC filters* details the EMC filtering options for the drive.

du/dt and common mode filtering lists the du/dt and common mode filtering options available for the drive.

Dimension drawings contains the dimensional drawings of the drive and connected equipment.

## Installation and commissioning flowchart

#### Task See Identify the frame size of your drive: A, B, C or D. Drive designation label or *Technical data*: Ratings (page 77) Plan the installation. Planning the cabinet assembly (page 27) Check the ambient conditions, ratings, required Planning the electrical installation (page cooling air flow, input power connection, **37**) compatibility of the motor, motor connection, and Technical data (page 77) other technical data. Option manual (if optional equipment is Select the cables. included) Unpack and check the units. Mechanical installation. Contents of the package (page 33) Check that all necessary optional modules and If the converter has been non-operational equipment are present and correct. for more than one year, the converter DC Only intact units may be started up. link capacitors need to be reformed. Ask ABB for more information. Check the installation site. Mechanical installation. Before installation (page 35) Technical data (page 77) Install the drive in a cabinet. Mechanical installation: Installation procedure (page 36) Route the cables. Planning the electrical installation: Routing the cables (page 47) Check the insulation of the supply cable, the Electrical installation: Checking the motor and the motor cable. insulation of the assembly (page 51)

#### Task

If the drive is about to be connected to an IT (ungrounded) system, disconnect the internal varistors and EMC filters. Also note that using an EMC filter is not allowed in an IT (ungrounded) system.

Safety instructions: Installation and maintenance work (page 6) Electrical installation. Power cable connection (page 52)

See



Connect the power cables.

Connect the control and the auxiliary control cables.

Electrical installation: Power cable connection: (page 52) and Connecting the control cables: (page 61)

For optional equipment:

AC chokes (page 95) EMC filters (page 99)

du/dt and common mode filtering (page *105*)

Manuals for any optional equipment



Check the installation.

Installation checklist (page 69)



Commission the drive.

Appropriate Firmware manual



Operating of the drive: start, stop, speed control etc.

Appropriate Firmware manual

## Terms and abbreviations

Term/Abbreviation	Explanation
CHK-xx	Series of optional AC chokes for the ACQ810.
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility.
FIO-11	Optional analog I/O extension module for the ACQ810.
FIO-21	Optional analog/digital I/O extension module for the ACQ810.
FIO-31	Optional digital I/O extension module for the ACQ810.
FDNA-0x	Optional DeviceNet adapter module for the ACQ810.
FENA-0x	Optional Ethernet adapter module for the ACQ810. Supports the Ethernet/IP and Modbus/TCP protocols.
FLON-0x	Optional LonWorks® adapter module for the ACQ810.
FPBA-0x	Optional PROFIBUS DP adapter module for the ACQ810.
Frame (size)	Size of the drive module. This manual deals with ACQ810-04 frames A, B, C and D. To determine the frame size of a drive module, refer to the drive designation label attached to the drive, or the rating tables in chapter <i>Technical data</i> .
FSCA-0x	Optional Modbus/RTU adapter module for the ACQ810.
IGBT	Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor; a voltage-controlled semiconductor type widely used in inverters due to their easy controllability and high switching frequency.
I/O	Input/Output.
JCU	The control unit of the drive module. The JCU is installed on top of the power unit. The external I/O control signals are connected to the JCU, or optional I/O extensions mounted on it.
JFI-xx	Series of optional EMC filters for the ACQ810.
JMU	The memory unit attached to the control unit of the drive.
JPU	Power unit; see the definition below.
Power unit	Contains the power electronics and connections of the drive module. The JCU is connected to the power unit.
RFI	Radio-frequency interference.



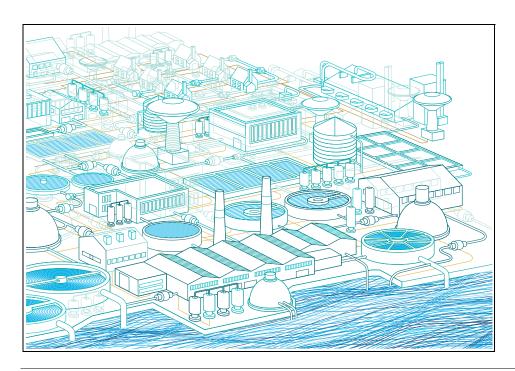
# Operation principle and hardware description

## What this chapter contains

This chapter describes the operating principle and construction of the ACQ810-04 drive module in short.

## The ACQ810-04

The ACQ810-04 is an air-cooled IP20 drive module for controlling AC motors for water and waste water applications. It is to be installed into a cabinet by the customer. It is available in several frame sizes depending on output power. All frame sizes use the same control unit (type JCU).



## Layout

#### Drive module, frame size A

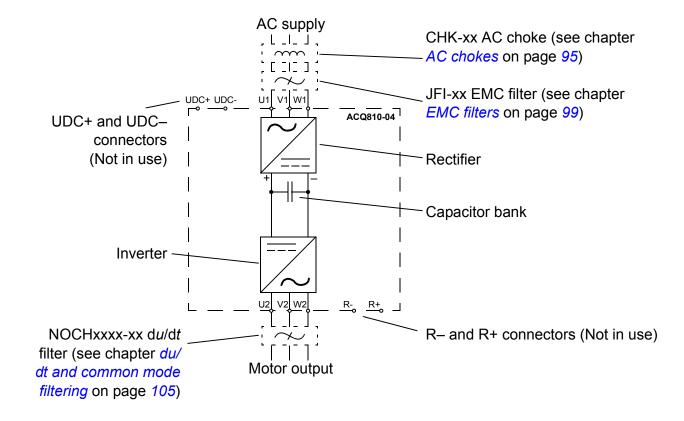
#### DC connection (Not in use) AC supply External 24 V power input connection JCU Control Unit Relay outputs +24 V output Digital inputs Digital inputs/ outputs Slot 1 for optional Reference voltage and analog inputs I/O extension module Analog outputs Drive-to-drive link Slot 2 for optional fieldbus adapter Safe torque off connection module Control panel/PC connection Memory unit (JMU) connection Motor connections

JCU Control Unit with cover assembly removed

## **Operation principle**

#### Main circuit

The main circuit of the drive module is shown below.



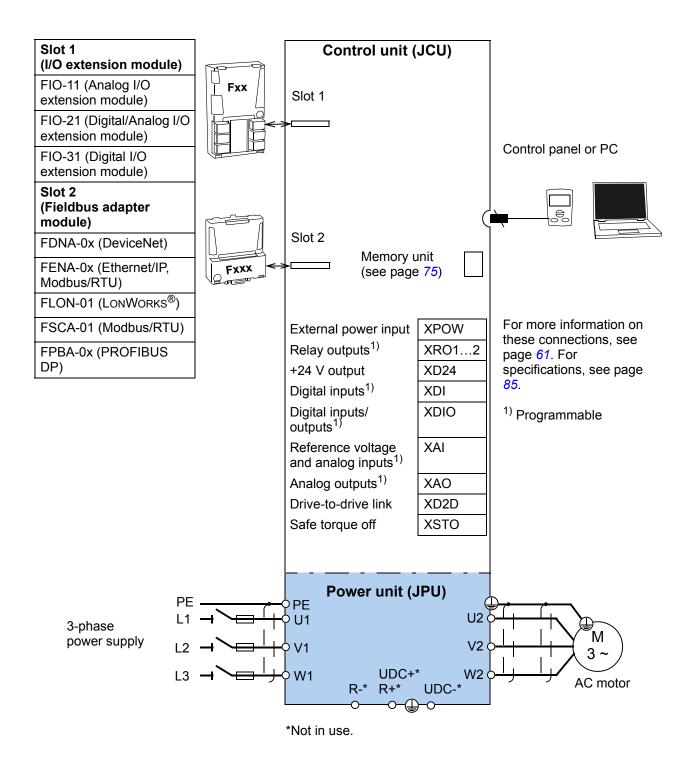
Component	Description
Capacitor bank	Energy storage which stabilizes the intermediate circuit DC voltage.
du/dt filter	See page 105.
Inverter	Converts the DC voltage to AC voltage and vice versa. The motor is controlled by switching the IGBTs of the inverter.
AC choke	See page 95.
EMC filter	See page 99.
Rectifier	Converts the three-phase AC voltage to DC voltage.

#### Motor control

The motor control is based on direct torque control. Two phase currents and DC link voltage are measured and used for the control. The third phase current is measured for earth fault protection.

#### Power connections and control interfaces

The diagram shows the power connections and control interfaces of the drive.



## Type designation

The type designation contains information on the specifications and configuration of the drive. The first digits from left express the basic configuration (e.g. ACQ810-04-14A4-4). The optional selections are given thereafter, preceded by + signs (e.g. +L500). The main selections are described below. Not all selections are necessarily available for all types; refer to ACQ810 Ordering Information, available on request.

See also section Delivery check and drive module identification on page 35.

Selection	Alternatives	
Product series	ACQ	810 product series
Туре	04	Drive module. When no options are selected: IP20 (UL Open type), control panel, EMC filter for Category C3, in-built choke in frame sizes C and D, boards with coating, Safe torque off function, ACQ810 standard pump control program, Start-up guide and CD containing all manuals
Size	Refe	r to Technical data: Ratings.
Voltage range	2	200240 V AC
	4	380480 V AC
+ options		
Filters	E	+0E200: No EMC filter
Control panel and control unit mechanics	J	+0J400: No control panel or panel holder +J410: Control panel with door mounting platform kit including IP54 kit and 3 m cable +0C168: No control unit cover, no control panel
Fieldbus	K	+K451: FDNA-01 DeviceNet adapter module +K454: FPBA-01 PROFIBUS DP adapter module +K466: FENA-01 Ethernet adapter module (Ethernet/IP, Modbus/TCP) +K458: FSCA-01 Modbus/RTU adapter module +K452: FLON-01 LonWorks® adapter module
I/O extension modules and feedback interfaces	L	+L500: FIO-11 analog I/O extension module +L519: FIO-21 analog/digital I/O extension module +L511: FIO-31 digital I/O extension module (4 relays)
Specialities	P	+P904: Extended warranty 24/30 +P909: Extended warranty 36/42
Printed manuals in specified language (English manuals may be delivered even if another language is selected)	R	+R700: English +R701: German +R702: Italian +R703: Dutch +R704: Danish +R707: French +R708: Spanish +R711: Russian +R714: Turkish

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# Planning the cabinet assembly

## What this chapter contains

This chapter guides in planning the installation of a drive module into a user-defined cabinet. The issues discussed are essential for safe and trouble-free use of the drive system.

**Note:** The installation examples in this manual are provided only to help the installer in designing the installation. Please note that the installation must, however, always be designed and made according to applicable local laws and regulations. ABB does not assume any liability whatsoever for any installation which breaches the local laws and/or other regulations.

#### Cabinet construction

The cabinet frame must be sturdy enough to carry the weight of the drive components, control circuitry and other equipment installed in it.

The cabinet must protect the drive module against contact and meet the requirements for dust and humidity (see chapter *Technical data*).

#### Disposition of the devices

For easy installation and maintenance, a spacious layout is recommended. Sufficient cooling air flow, obligatory clearances, cables and cable support structures all require space.

For a layout example, see section Cooling and degrees of protection below.

#### **Grounding of mounting structures**

Make sure all cross-members or shelves on which drive system components are mounted are properly grounded and the connecting surfaces left unpainted.

**Note:** Ensure that the components are properly grounded through their fastening points to the installation base.

**Note:** It is recommended that the EMC filter (if present) and the drive module be mounted on the same mounting plate.

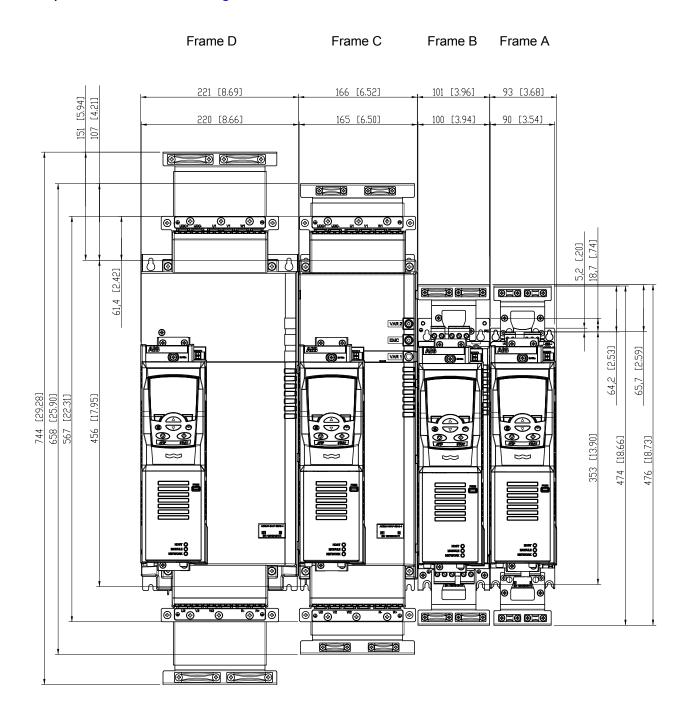
## Planning the fastening of the cabinet



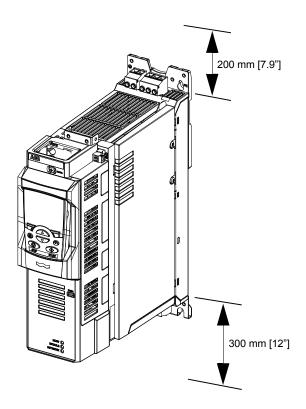
**WARNING!** Do not fasten the cabinet by electric welding. ABB does not assume any liability for damages caused by electric welding as the welding circuit may damage electronic circuits in the cabinet.

## Main dimensions and free space requirements

The modules can be installed side by side. The dimensions of the drive modules as well as free space requirements are presented below. For more details, refer to chapter Dimension drawings.



**Note:** EMC filters of type JFI-x1 mounted directly above the drive module do not increase the free space requirements. (For EMC filters of type JFI-0x, see the dimension drawing of the filters on page 119.)



The temperature of the cooling air entering the unit must not exceed the maximum allowed ambient temperature (see *Ambient conditions* in chapter *Technical data*). Consider this when installing heat-generating components (such as other drives and AC chokes) nearby.

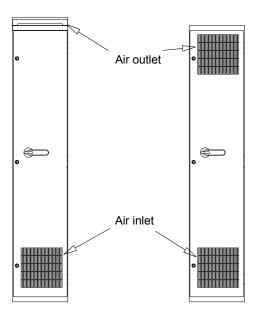
## Cooling and degrees of protection

The cabinet must have enough free space for the components to ensure sufficient cooling. Observe the minimum clearances given for each component.

The air inlets and outlets must be equipped with gratings that

- guide the air flow
- protect against contact
- prevent water splashes from entering the cabinet.

The drawing below shows two typical cabinet cooling solutions. The air inlet is at the bottom of the cabinet, while the outlet is at the top, either on the upper part of the door or on the roof.



Arrange the cooling of the modules so that the requirements given in chapter Technical data are met:

- cooling air flow Note: The values in *Technical data* apply to continuous nominal load. If the load is less than nominal, less cooling air is required.
- allowed ambient temperature.

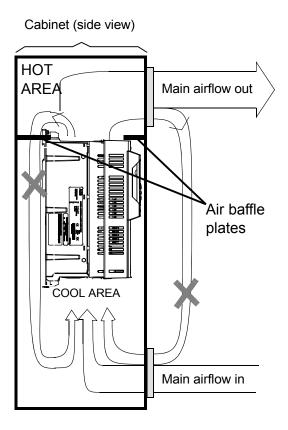
Make sure the air inlets and outlets are sufficient in size. Please note that in addition to the power loss of the drive module, the heat dissipated by cables and other additional equipment must also be ventilated.

The internal cooling fans of the modules are usually sufficient to keep the component temperatures low enough in IP22 cabinets.

In IP54 cabinets, thick filter mats are used to prevent water splashes from entering the cabinet. This entails the installation of additional cooling equipment, such as a hot air exhaust fan.

The installation site must be sufficiently ventilated.

#### Preventing the recirculation of hot air



#### Outside the cabinet

Prevent hot air circulation outside the cabinet by leading the outcoming hot air away from the area where the inlet air to the cabinet is taken. Possible solutions are listed below:

- gratings that guide air flow at the air inlet and outlet
- air inlet and outlet at different sides of the cabinet
- cool air inlet in the lower part of the front door and an extra exhaust fan on the roof of the cabinet.

#### Inside the cabinet

Prevent hot air circulation inside the cabinet with leak-proof air baffle plates. No gaskets are usually required.

#### Cabinet heaters

Use a cabinet heater if there is a risk of condensation in the cabinet. Although the primary function of the heater is to keep the air dry, it may also be required for heating at low temperatures. When placing the heater, follow the instructions provided by its manufacturer.



## **Mechanical installation**

## Contents of the package

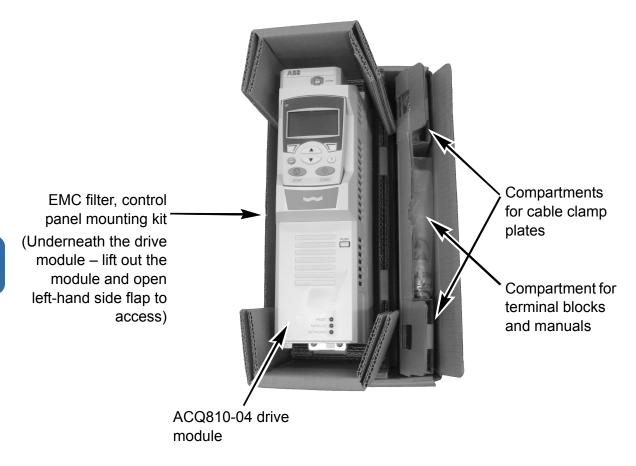
The drive is delivered in a cardboard box. To open, remove any banding and lift the top off the box.





#### The box contains:

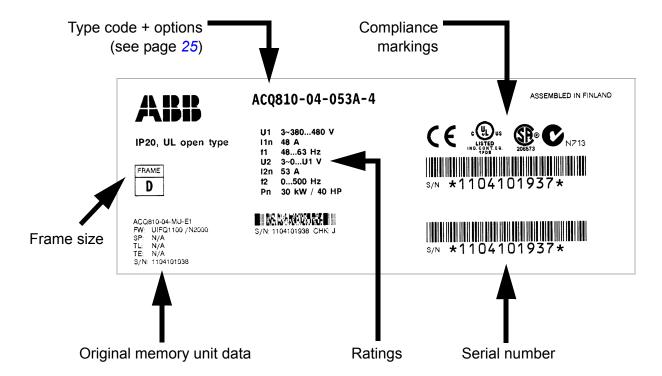
- ACQ810-04 drive module, with factory-installed options
- three cable clamp plates (two for power cabling, one for control cabling) with screws
- screw-type terminal blocks to be attached to the headers on the JCU Control Unit and the power unit
- category C3 EMC filter (external in frame sizes A and B, internal in frame sizes C and D)
- control panel mounting kit (+J410), if ordered
- Printed Start-up guide, printed manuals if ordered, manuals CD.





#### Delivery check and drive module identification

Check that there are no signs of damage. Before attempting installation and operation, check the information on the type designation label of the drive module to verify that the unit is of the correct type. The label is located on the left-hand side of the drive module.



The first digit of the serial number refers to the manufacturing plant. The 2nd and 3rd digit indicate the year of manufacture, while the 4th and 5th digits indicate the week. Digits 6 to 10 are a running integer starting every week at 00001.



#### Before installation

See *Technical data* for the allowed operation conditions of the drive. Refer to *Dimension drawings* for frame details.

The wall the drive is to be mounted on must be as even as possible, of nonflammable material and strong enough to carry the weight of the drive. The floor/ material below the drive must be non-flammable.

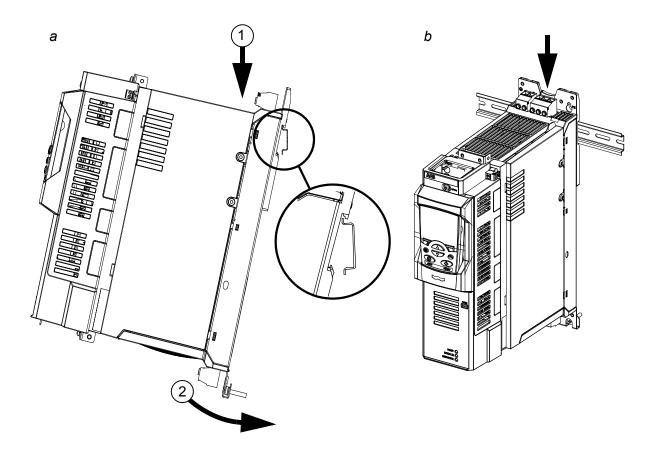
## Installation procedure

#### **Direct wall mounting**

- 1. Mark the locations for the four holes. The mounting points are shown in Dimension drawings.
- Fix the screws or bolts to the marked locations.
- 3. Position the drive onto the screws on the wall. **Note:** Only lift the drive by its chassis.
- 4. Tighten the screws.

#### DIN rail mounting (Frames A and B only)

- 1. Click the drive to the rail as shown in Figure a below. To detach the drive, press the release lever on top of the drive as shown in Figure b.
- 2. Fasten the lower edge of the drive to the mounting base through the two fastening points.



#### AC choke installation

See chapter AC chokes on page 95.

#### EMC filter installation

See chapter *EMC filters* on page 99.





# Planning the electrical installation

# What this chapter contains

This chapter contains the instructions that you must follow when selecting the motor. cables, protections, cable routing and way of operation for the drive. If the recommendations given by ABB are not followed, the drive may experience problems that the warranty does not cover.

**Note:** The installation must always be designed and made according to applicable local laws and regulations. ABB does not assume any liability whatsoever for any installation which breaches the local laws and/or other regulations.

## **Motor selection**

Select the (3-phase AC induction) motor according to the rating table in chapter Technical data. The table lists the typical motor power for each drive type. See also the requirements table on page 106.

# **Supply connection**

Use a fixed connection to the AC power line.



**WARNING!** As the leakage current of the device typically exceeds 3.5 mA, a fixed installation is required according to IEC 61800-5-1.

# Supply disconnecting device

Install a hand-operated input disconnecting device (disconnecting means) between the AC power source and the drive. The disconnecting device must be of a type that can be locked to the open position for installation and maintenance work.

## Europe

If the drive is used in an application which must meet the European Union Machinery Directive according to standard EN 60204-1 Safety of Machinery, the disconnecting device must be one of the following types:

- a switch-disconnector of utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3)
- a disconnector that has an auxiliary contact that in all cases causes switching devices to break the load circuit before the opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3)
- a circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.

## Other regions

The disconnecting means must conform to the applicable safety regulations.

# Thermal overload and short circuit protection

## Thermal overload protection

The drive protects itself and the input and motor cables against thermal overload when the cables are dimensioned according to the nominal current of the drive. No additional thermal protection devices are needed.



**WARNING!** If the drive is connected to multiple motors, a separate thermal overload switch or a circuit breaker must be used for protecting each cable and motor. These devices may require a separate fuse to cut off the shortcircuit current.

# Protection against short-circuit in motor cable

The drive protects the motor cable and the motor in a short-circuit situation when the motor cable is dimensioned according to the nominal current of the drive. No additional protection devices are needed.

## Protection against short-circuit in the supply cable or the drive

Protect the supply cable with fuses or circuit breakers. Fuse recommendations are given in chapter *Technical data*. When placed at the distribution board, standard IEC gG fuses or UL type T fuses will protect the input cable in short-circuit situations, restrict drive damage and prevent damage to adjoining equipment in case of a short circuit inside the drive.

#### Operating time of the fuses and circuit breakers

Check that the operating time of the fuse is below 0.5 seconds. The operating time depends on the type, the supply network impedance, and the cross-sectional area, material and length of the supply cable. US fuses must be of the "non-time" delay" type.

#### Circuit breakers

The protective characteristics of circuit breakers depend on the supply voltage as well as the type and construction of the breakers. There are also limitations pertaining to the short-circuit capacity of the supply network. Your local ABB representative can help you in selecting the breaker type when the supply network characteristics are known.

#### **Motor thermal protection**

According to regulations, the motor must be protected against thermal overload and the current must be switched off when overloading is detected. The drive includes a motor thermal protection function that protects the motor and switches off the current when necessary. Depending on a drive parameter value, the function either monitors a calculated temperature value (based on a motor thermal model) or an actual temperature indication given by motor temperature sensors. The user can tune the thermal model further by feeding in additional motor and load data.

PTC sensors can be connected directly to the ACQ810-04. See page 64 in this manual, and the appropriate *Firmware manual* for the parameter settings concerning motor thermal protection.

## **Ground fault protection**

The drive is equipped with an internal ground fault protective function to protect the unit against ground faults in the motor and the motor cable. This is not a personal safety or a fire protection feature. The ground fault protective function can be disabled with a parameter, refer to the appropriate Firmware manual.

The optional EMC filter includes capacitors connected between the main circuit and the frame. These capacitors and long motor cables increase the ground leakage current and may cause fault current circuit breakers to function.

# **Emergency stop devices**

For safety reasons, install the emergency stop devices at each operator control station and at other operating stations where emergency stop may be needed.

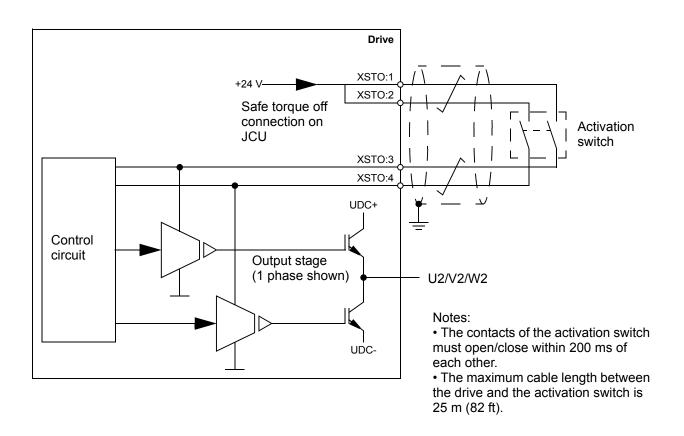
**Note:** Pressing the stop key on the control panel of the drive does not generate an emergency stop of the motor or separate the drive from dangerous potential.

# Safe torque off

The drive supports the Safe torque off (STO) function according to standards EN 61800-5-2:2007; EN ISO 13849-1:2008, IEC 61508, IEC 61511:2004 and EN 62061:2005. The function also corresponds to prevention of unexpected start-up of EN 1037.

The Safe torque off function disables the control voltage of the power semiconductors of the drive output stage, thus preventing the inverter from generating the voltage required to rotate the motor (see the diagram below). By using this function, shorttime operations (like cleaning) and/or maintenance work on non-electrical parts of the machinery can be performed without switching off the power supply to the drive.

Start up and validate the Safe torque off function according to Safe torque off function for ACSM1, ACS850 and ACQ810 drives application guide (3AFE68929814 [English]). The manual includes the safety data for the function.



**WARNING!** The Safe torque off function does not disconnect the voltage of the main and auxiliary circuits from the drive. Therefore maintenance work on electrical parts of the drive or the motor can only be carried out after isolating the drive system from the main supply.

Note: It is not recommended to stop the drive by using the Safe torque off function. If a running drive is stopped by using the function, the drive will trip and stop by coasting. If this causes danger or is not acceptable, the drive and machinery must be stopped using the appropriate stopping mode before using the Safe torque off function.

# Selecting the power cables

#### General rules

Dimension the supply (input power) and motor cables according to local regulations.

- The cable must be able to carry the drive load current. See chapter *Technical data* for the rated currents.
- The cable must be rated for at least 70 °C (US: 75 °C [167 °F]) maximum permissible temperature of conductor in continuous use.
- The inductance and impedance of the PE conductor/cable (grounding wire) must be rated according to permissible touch voltage appearing under fault conditions (so that the fault point voltage will not rise excessively when a ground fault occurs).
- 600 V AC cable is accepted for up to 500 V AC.
- Refer to chapter *Technical data* for EMC requirements.

Symmetrical shielded motor cable must be used (see the figure below) to meet the EMC requirements of the CE and C-tick marks.

A four-conductor system is allowed for input cabling, but shielded symmetrical cable is recommended. To operate as a protective conductor, the shield conductivity must be as follows when the protective conductor is made of the same metal as the phase conductors:

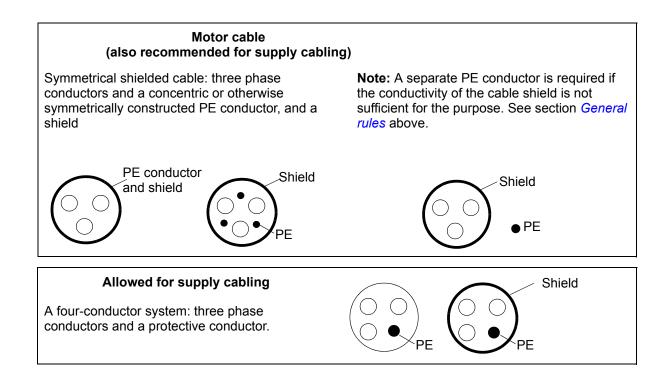
Cross-sectional area of one phase conductor (S)	Minimum cross-sectional area of protective conductor (S <sub>p</sub> )	
S <u>&lt;</u> 16 mm <sup>2</sup>	S	
16 mm <sup>2</sup> < S ≤ 35 mm <sup>2</sup>	16 mm <sup>2</sup>	
35 mm <sup>2</sup> < S	S/2	

Compared to a four-conductor system, the use of symmetrical shielded cable reduces electromagnetic emission of the whole drive system as well as motor bearing currents and wear.

The motor cable and its PE pigtail (twisted shield) should be kept as short as possible in order to reduce electromagnetic emission, as well as stray currents outside the cable and capacitive current.

## Alternative power cable types

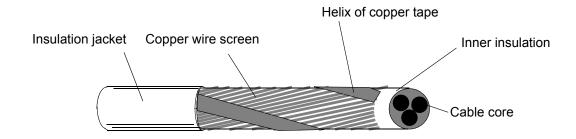
Power cable types that can be used with the drive are represented below.



#### Motor cable shield

To function as a protective conductor, the shield must have the same cross-sectional area as a phase conductor when they are made of the same metal.

To effectively suppress radiated and conducted radio-frequency emissions, the shield conductivity must be at least 1/10 of the phase conductor conductivity. The requirements are easily met with a copper or aluminium shield. The minimum requirement of the motor cable shield of the drive is shown below. It consists of a concentric layer of copper wires with an open helix of copper tape. The better and tighter the shield, the lower the emission level and the bearing currents.



# Implementing a bypass connection

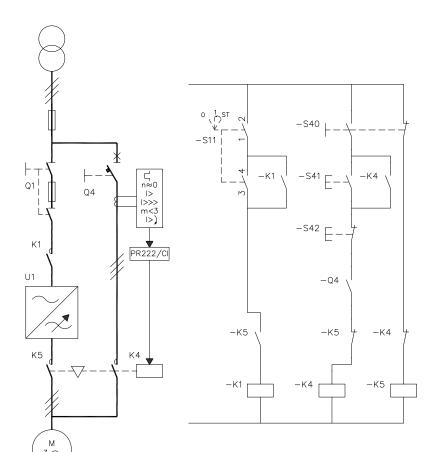
If bypassing is required, employ mechanically or electrically interlocked contactors between the motor and the drive and between the motor and the power line. Ensure with the interlocking that the contactors cannot be closed simultaneously.



**WARNING!** Never connect the supply power to the drive output terminals U2, V2 and W2. Line voltage applied to the output can result in permanent damage to the unit.

## Example bypass connection

An example bypass connection is shown below.



	Description		
Q1	Drive main switch		
Q4	Bypass circuit breaker		
K1	Drive main contactor		
K4	Bypass contactor		
K5	Drive output contactor		
S11	Drive main contactor on/off control		
S40	Motor power supply selection (drive or direct-on-line)		
S41	Start when motor is connected direct-on-line		
S42	Stop when motor is connected direct-on-line		

#### Switching the motor power supply from drive to direct-on-line

- 1. Stop the drive and the motor with the drive control panel (drive in local control mode) or the external stop signal (drive in remote control mode).
- 2. Open the main contactor of the drive with S11.
- 3. Switch the motor power supply from the drive to direct-on-line with S40.
- 4. Wait for 10 seconds to allow the motor magnetization to die away.
- Start the motor with S41.

## Switching the motor power supply from direct-on-line to drive

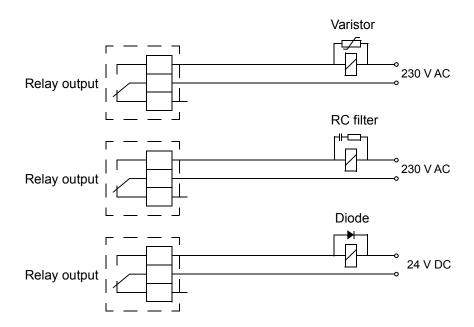
- 1. Stop the motor with S42.
- 2. Switch the motor power supply from direct-on-line to the drive with S40.
- 3. Close the main contactor of the drive with switch S11 (-> turn to position ST for two seconds and leave to position 1).
- 4. Start the drive and the motor with the drive control panel (drive in local control mode) or the external start signal (drive in remote control mode).

# Protecting the relay output contacts and attenuating disturbances in case of inductive loads

Inductive loads (relays, contactors, motors) cause voltage transients when switched off.

The relay outputs on the drive are protected with varistors (250 V) against overvoltage peaks. In addition, it is highly recommended to equip inductive loads with noise attenuating circuits (varistors, RC filters [AC] or diodes [DC]) in order to minimize the electromagnetic emissions at switch-off. If not suppressed, the disturbances may connect capacitively or inductively to other conductors in the control cable and form a risk of malfunction in other parts of the system.

Install the protective component as close to the inductive load as possible, not at the relay output.



# Considering the PELV requirements at sites above 2000 m (6562 ft)

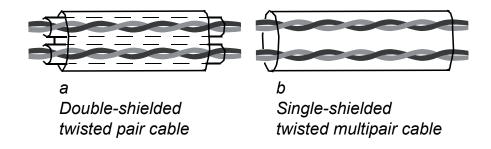
WARNING! Do not use a voltage greater than 48 V for the relay outputs of drive module at installation sites above 2000 meters (6562 feet). Use of a voltage greater than 48 V may damage the drive and can cause malfunction and physical injury. The Protective Extra Low Voltage (PELV) requirements are not fulfilled if a relay output is used with a voltage greater than 48 V.

# Selecting the control cables

It is recommended that all control cables be shielded.

Double-shielded twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals. For pulse encoder cabling, follow the instructions given by the encoder manufacturer. Use one individually-shielded pair for each signal. Do not use a common return for different analog signals.

Double-shielded cable is the best alternative for low-voltage digital signals but singleshielded twisted multipair cable (Figure b) is also usable.



Run analog and digital signals in separate cables.

Relay-controlled signals, providing their voltage does not exceed 48 V, can be run in the same cables as digital input signals. It is recommended that the relay-controlled signals be run as twisted pairs.

Never mix 24 V DC and 115/230 V AC signals in the same cable.

# Relay cable

The cable type with braided metallic screen (e.g. OLFLEX by Lapp Kabel, Germany) has been tested and approved by ABB.

# Control panel cable

The cable connecting the control panel to the drive must not exceed 3 metres in length. The cable type tested and approved by ABB is used in control panel option kits.

# Connection of a motor temperature sensor to the drive I/O

See page 64.

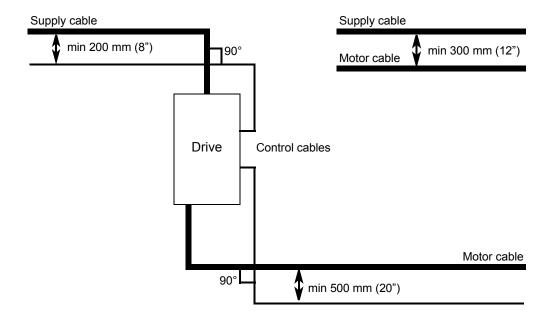
# Routing the cables

Route the motor cable away from other cable routes. Motor cables of several drives can be run in parallel installed next to each other. It is recommended that the motor cable, input power cable and control cables be installed on separate trays. Avoid long parallel runs of motor cables with other cables in order to decrease electromagnetic interference caused by the rapid changes in the drive output voltage.

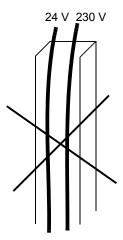
Where control cables must cross power cables make sure they are arranged at an angle as near to 90 degrees as possible. Do not run extra cables through the drive.

The cable trays must have good electrical bonding to each other and to the grounding electrodes. Aluminium tray systems can be used to improve local equalizing of potential.

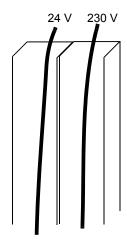
A diagram of the cable routing is below.



# Control cable ducts



Not allowed unless the 24 V cable is insulated for 230 V or insulated with an insulation sleeving for 230 V.



Lead 24 V and 230 V control cables in separate ducts inside the cabinet.



# **Electrical installation**

# What this chapter contains

This chapter describes the electrical installation procedure of the drive.



**WARNING!** The work described in this chapter may only be carried out by a qualified electrician. Follow the Safety instructions on the first pages of this manual. Ignoring the safety instructions can cause injury or death.

Make sure that the drive is disconnected from the supply (input power) during installation. If the drive is already connected to the supply, wait for 5 minutes after disconnecting the input power.

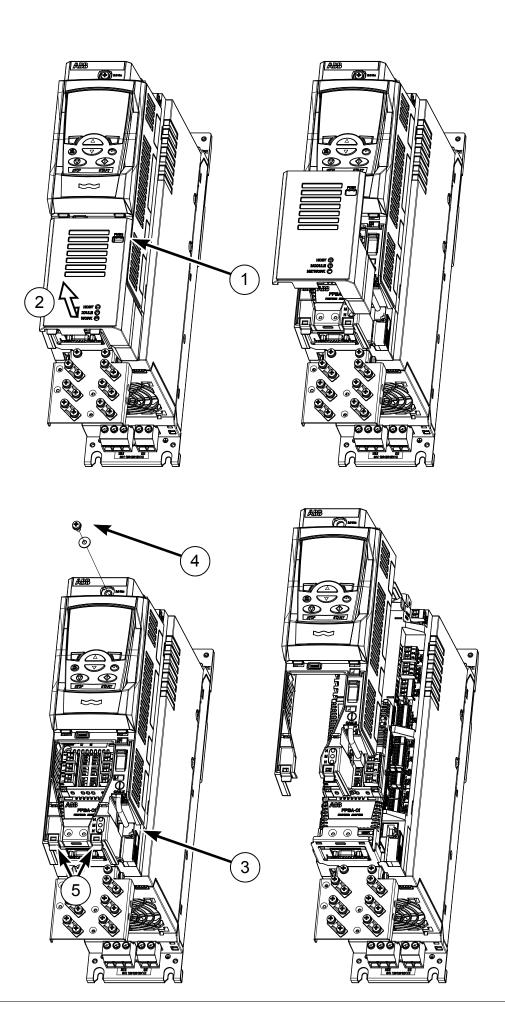
# Removing the cover assembly

The cover assembly needs to be removed before the installation of optional modules and the connection of control cabling. Follow this procedure to remove the cover assembly. The numbers refer to the illustrations below.

- Press the tab (1) slightly with a screwdriver.
- Slide the lower cover plate slightly downwards and pull it out (2).
- Disconnect the panel cable (3) if present.
- Remove the screw (4) at the top of the cover assembly.
- Carefully pull the lower part of the base outwards by the two tabs (5).

Refit the cover in reverse order to the above procedure.







# Checking the insulation of the assembly

#### Drive

Do not make any voltage tolerance or insulation resistance tests (e.g. hi-pot or megger) on any part of the drive as testing can damage the drive. Every drive has been tested for insulation between the main circuit and the chassis at the factory. Also, there are voltage-limiting circuits inside the drive which cut down the testing voltage automatically.

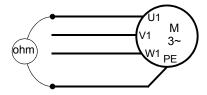
## Supply cable

Check the insulation of the supply (input) cable according to local regulations before connecting to the drive.

#### Motor and motor cable

Check the insulation of the motor and motor cable as follows:

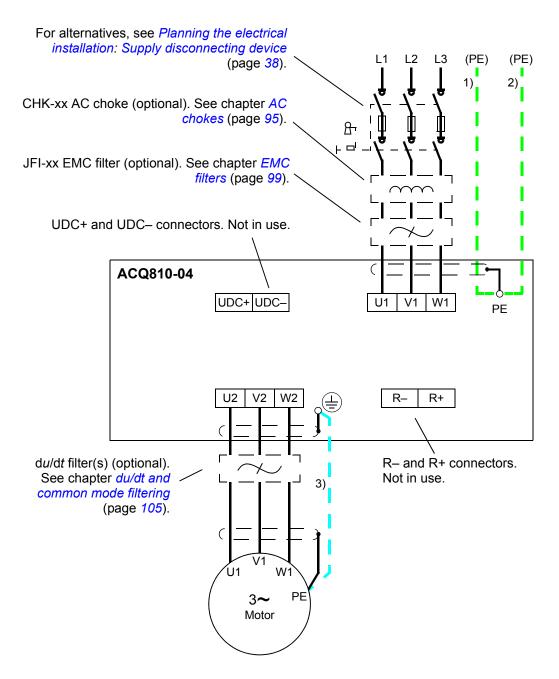
- 1. Check that the motor cable is connected to the motor, and disconnected from the drive output terminals U2, V2 and W2.
- 2. Measure the insulation resistance between each phase conductor and the Protective Earth conductor using a measuring voltage of 500 V DC. The insulation resistance of an ABB motor must exceed 100 Mohm (reference value at 25 °C or 77 °F). For the insulation resistance of other motors, please consult the manufacturer's instructions. Note: Moisture inside the motor casing will reduce the insulation resistance. If moisture is suspected, dry the motor and repeat the measurement.





### Power cable connection

### Power cable connection diagram



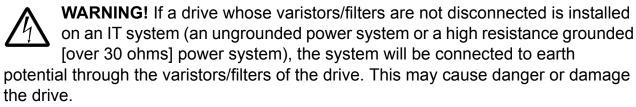
#### Notes:

- If shielded supply (input) cable is used, and the conductivity of the shield is not sufficient (see section Selecting the power cables on page 41), use a cable with a ground conductor (1) or a separate PE cable (2).
- For motor cabling, use a separate ground cable (3) if the conductivity of the cable shield is not sufficient (see section Selecting the power cables on page 41) and the cable has no symmetrical ground conductors.

#### Procedure

Cabling drawings with tightening torques for each frame size are presented on pages 56 to 58.

- 1. Frame sizes C and D only: Remove the two plastic connector covers at the top and bottom of the drive. Each cover is fastened with two screws.
- 2. On IT (ungrounded) systems and corner grounded TN systems, remove the following screws to disconnect the internal varistors and EMC filters:
  - VAR (frames A and B, located close to the supply terminals)
  - EMC, VAR1 and VAR2 (frames C and D, located on the front of the power unit).



If a drive whose varistors/filters are not disconnected is installed on a corner grounded TN system, the drive will be damaged.

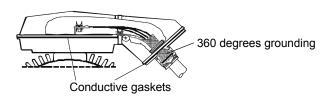
- 3. Fasten the two cable clamp plates included to the drive (see page 55), one at the top, one at the bottom. The clamp plates are identical. Using the cable clamp plates as shown below will provide better EMC compliance, as well as act as a strain relief for the power cables.
- 4. Strip the power cables so that the shields are bare at the cable clamps.
- 5. Twist the ends of the cable shield wires into pigtails.
- 6. Strip the ends of the phase conductors.
- 7. Connect the phase conductors of the supply cable to the U1, V1 and W1 terminals of the drive. Connect the phase conductors of the motor cable to the U2, V2 and W2 terminals. With frame size C or D, attach the screw terminal lugs included to the conductors
  - first. Crimp lugs can be used instead of the screw lugs.
- 8. Tighten the cable clamps onto the bare cable shields.
- 9. Crimp a cable lug onto each shield pigtail. Fasten the lugs to ground terminals. Note: Try to work out a compromise between the length of the pigtail and the length of unshielded phase conductors as both should ideally be as short as possible.
- 10. Cover visible bare shield and pigtail with insulating tape.
- 11. With frame size C or D, cut suitable slots on the edges of the connector covers to accommodate the supply and motor cables. Refit the covers. (Tighten the screws to 3 N·m [25 lbf·in]).
- 12. Secure the cables outside the unit mechanically.



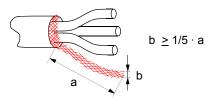
13. Ground the other end of the supply cable shield or PE conductor(s) at the distribution board. In case an AC choke and/or an EMC filter is installed, make sure the PE conductor is continuous from the distribution board to the drive.

### Grounding the motor cable shield at the motor end

For minimum radio frequency interference, ground the cable shield 360 degrees at the lead-through of the motor terminal box



or ground the cable by twisting the shield so that the flattened shield is wider than 1/5 of its length.

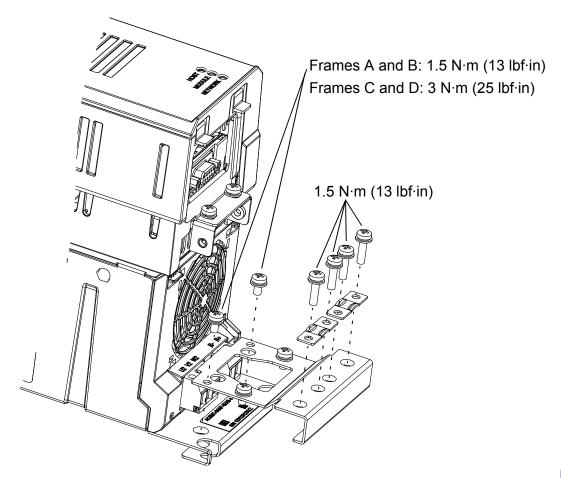




#### Installation of power cable clamp plates

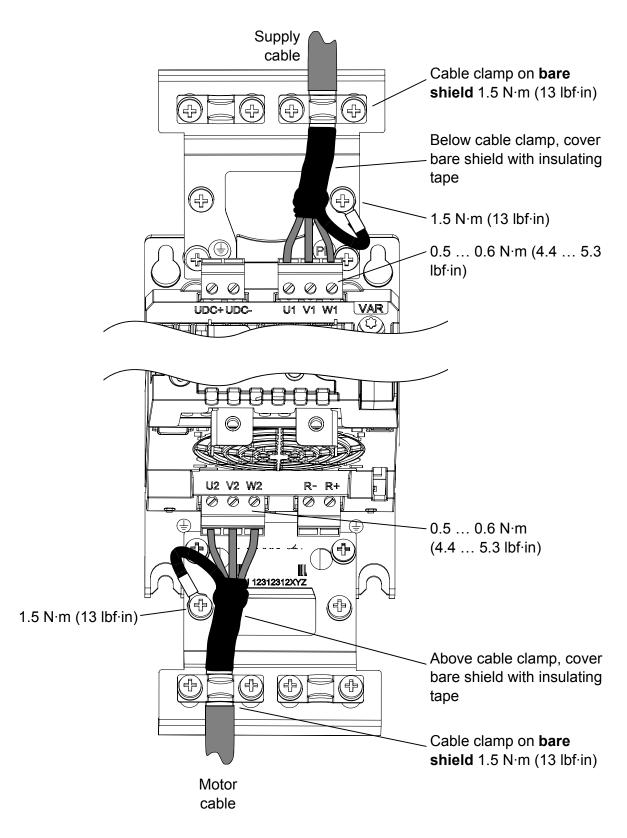
Two identical power cable clamp plates are included with the drive. The picture below depicts a frame size A drive; the installation is similar with other frame sizes.

Note: Pay attention to supporting the cables adequately within the installation enclosure especially if not using the cable clamps.



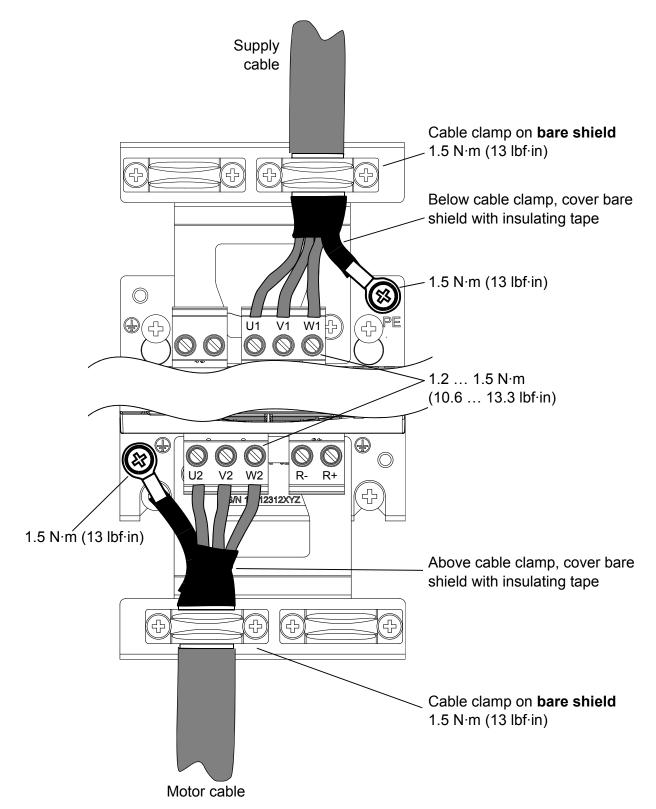


## Power cable connection - frame size A





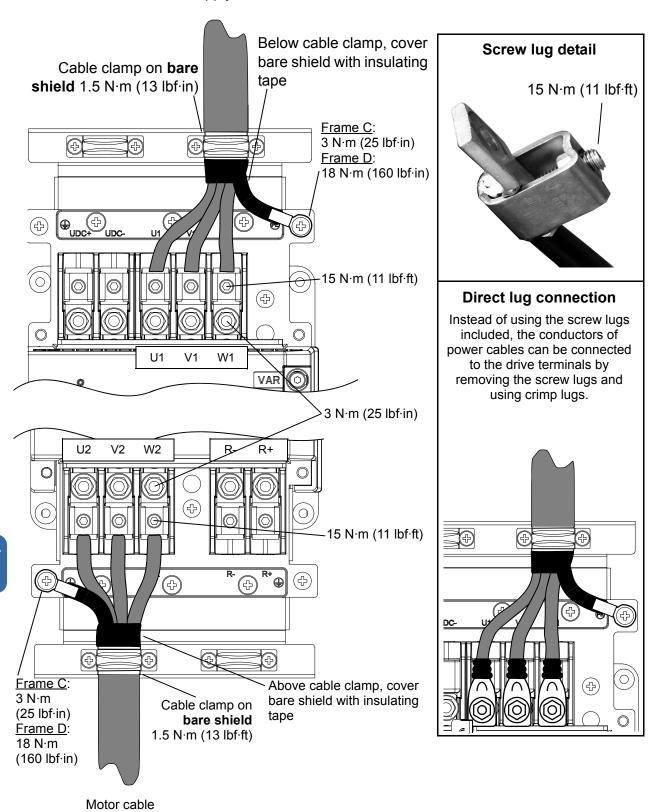
#### Power cable connection - frame size B





### Power cable connection – frame sizes C and D (connector covers removed)

#### Supply cable



# Connecting a PC

Connect the PC to connector X7 on the control unit (see page 22) or to the connector in the control panel holder.

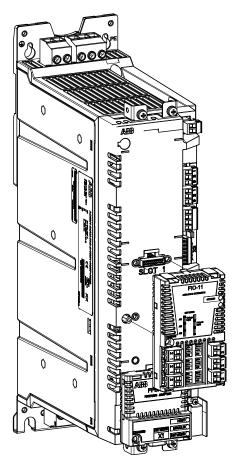
# Installation of optional modules

Optional modules such as fieldbus adapters and I/O extensions ordered using option codes (see *Type designation* on page 25) are pre-installed at the factory. Instructions for installing additional modules into the slots on the JCU Control Unit (see page 24 for the available slots) are presented below.

#### Mechanical installation

- Remove the cover assembly from on the JCU Control Unit (refer to page 49).
- Remove the protective cover (if present) from the connector of the slot.
- Insert the module carefully into its position on the drive.
- Fasten the screw.

**Note:** Correct installation of the screw is essential for fulfilling the EMC requirements and for proper operation of the module.



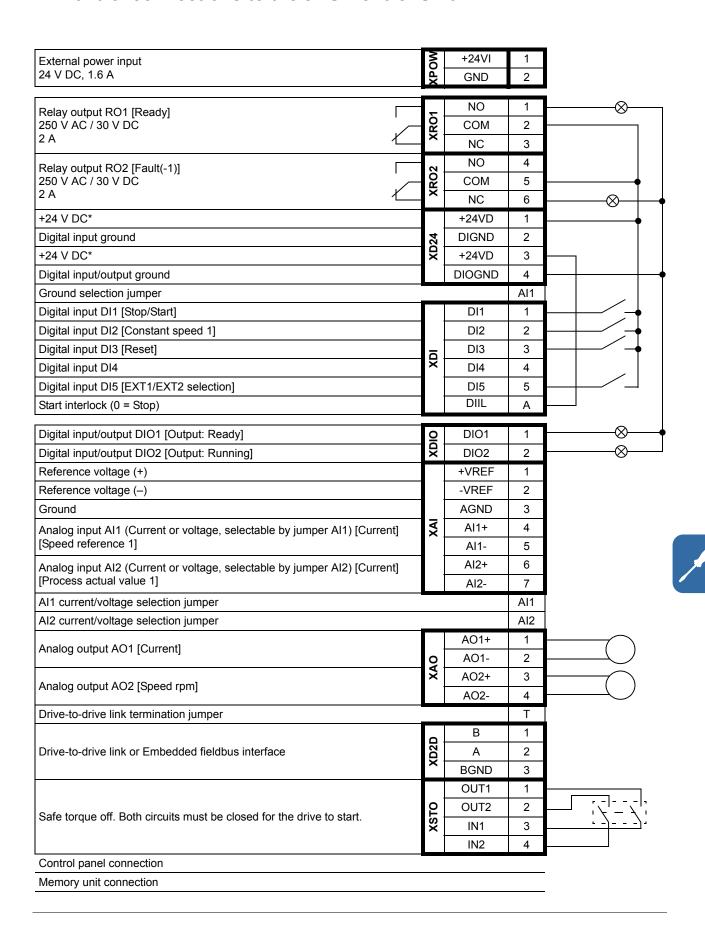


## ■ Electrical installation

See section *Grounding and routing the control cables* on page *66*. See the appropriate option manual for specific installation and wiring instructions.

# Connecting the control cables

#### Control connections to the JCU Control Unit



Notes: [Default setting with ACQ810 standard pump control program (Factory macro). See the Firmware manual for other macros.]

\*Total maximum current: 200 mA

The wiring shown is for demonstrative purposes only. Further information of the usage of the connectors and jumpers are given in the text; see also chapter Technical data.

#### Wire sizes and tightening torques:

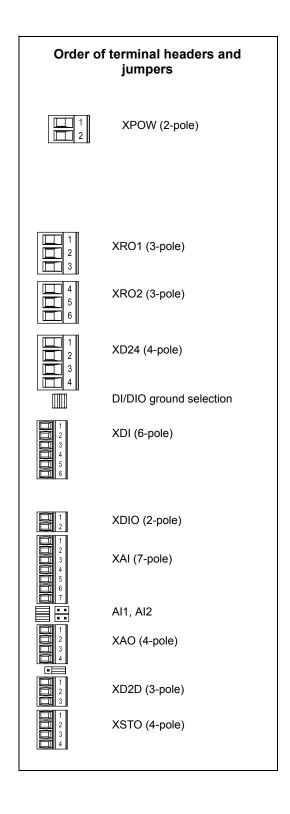
XPOW, XRO1, XRO2, XD24: 0.5 ... 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24...12 AWG)

Torque: 0.5 N·m (5 lbf·in)

XDI, XDIO, XAI, XAO, XD2D, XSTO:

0.5 ... 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (28...14 AWG)

Torque: 0.3 N·m (3 lbf·in)





## Jumpers

DI/DIO grounding selector (located between XD24 and XDI) – Determines whether the DIGND (ground for digital inputs DI1...DI4) floats, or if it is connected to DIOGND (ground for DI5, DIO1 and DIO2). (See the JCU isolation and grounding diagram on page **87**.)

If DIGND floats, the common of digital inputs DI1...DI4 should be connected to XD24:2. The common can be either GND or V<sub>cc</sub> as DI1...DI4 are of the NPN/PNP type.



Al1 – Determines whether Analog input Al1 is used as a current or voltage input.

Al2 – Determines whether Analog input Al2 is used as a current or voltage input.



T – Drive-to-drive link termination. Must be set to the ON position when the drive is the last unit on the link.



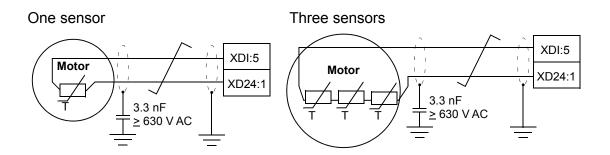
#### **External power supply for the JCU Control Unit (XPOW)**

External +24 V (minimum 1.6 A) power supply for the JCU Control Unit can be connected to terminal block XPOW. Using an external supply is recommended if

- the application requires fast start after connecting the drive to the main supply
- fieldbus communication is required when the input power supply is disconnected.

#### DI5 (XDI:5) as a thermistor input

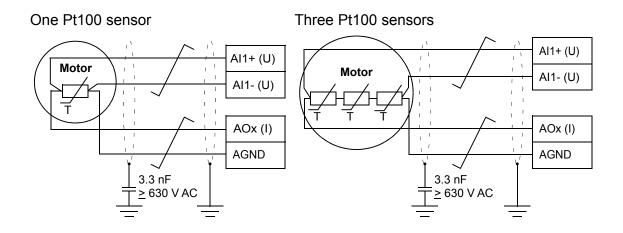
1...3 PTC sensors can be connected to this input for motor temperature measurement.



#### Notes:

- Do not connect both ends of the cable shields directly to ground. If a capacitor cannot be used at one end, leave that end of the shield unconnected.
- The connection of temperature sensors involves parameter adjustment. See the *Firmware manual* of the drive.

Pt100 sensors are not to be connected to the thermistor input. Instead, an analog input and an analog current output (located either on the JCU or on an I/O extension module) are used as shown below. The analog input must be set to voltage.



WARNING! As the inputs pictured above are not insulated according to IEC 60664, the connection of the motor temperature sensor requires double or reinforced insulation between motor live parts and the sensor. If the assembly does not fulfil the requirement,

all I/O terminals must be protected against contact and must not be connected to other equipment

or

the temperature sensor must be isolated from the I/O terminals.

#### Start interlock (XDI:A)

Terminal XDI:A must be jumpered to XD24:3 to enable the drive start.

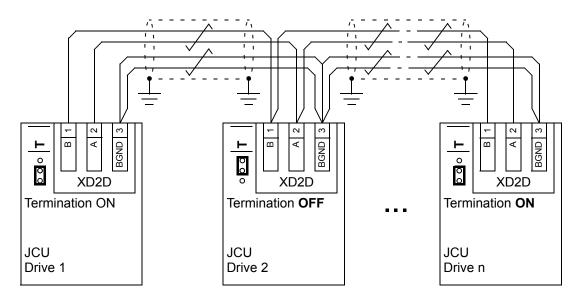
#### **Drive-to-drive link (XD2D)**

The drive-to-drive link is a daisy-chained RS-485 transmission line that allows basic master/follower communication with one master drive and multiple followers.

Termination activation jumper T (see section *Jumpers* above) next to this terminal block must be set to the ON position on the drives at the ends of the drive-to-drive link. On intermediate drives, the jumper must be set to the OFF position.

Shielded twisted-pair cable (~100 ohm, e.g. PROFIBUS-compatible cable) must be used for the wiring. For best immunity, high quality cable is recommended. The cable should be kept as short as possible; the maximum length of the link is 100 metres (328 ft). Unnecessary loops and running the cable near power cables (such as motor cables) must be avoided. The cable shields are to be grounded to the control cable clamp plate on the drive as shown on page 66.

The following diagram shows the wiring of the drive-to-drive link.





**Note:** The drive-to-drive link can be used only if the embedded fieldbus interface is disabled. For more information on the embedded fieldbus interface, see the Firmware Manual.

#### Safe torque off (XSTO)

For the drive to start, both connections (OUT1 to IN1, and OUT2 to IN2) must be closed. This is implemented by means of a safety switch and related wiring. See page 40.

By default, the terminal block has jumpers to close the circuit. Remove the jumpers before connecting an external Safe torque off circuitry to the drive.

More information is available in Safe torque off function for ACSM1, ACS850 and ACQ810 drives application guide (3AFE68929814 [English]). For related parameter settings, see the appropriate Firmware Manual.

## Grounding and routing the control cables

The shields of all control cables connected to the JCU Control Unit must be grounded at the control cable clamp plate. Use four M4 screws to fasten the plate as shown below left (two of the screws are also used to hold the cover mounting bracket). The plate can be fitted either at the top or bottom of the drive.

Before connecting the wires, run the cables through the cover mounting bracket as shown in the drawing below.

The shields should be continuous as close to the terminals of the JCU as possible. Only remove the outer jacket of the cable at the cable clamp so that the clamp presses on the bare shield. At the terminal block, use shrink tubing or insulating tape to contain any stray strands. The shield (especially in case of multiple shields) can also be terminated with a lug and fastened with a screw at the clamp plate. Leave the other end of the shield unconnected or ground it indirectly via a few nanofarads highfrequency capacitor (e.g. 3.3 nF / 630 V). The shield can also be grounded directly at both ends if they are in the same ground line with no significant voltage drop between the end points.

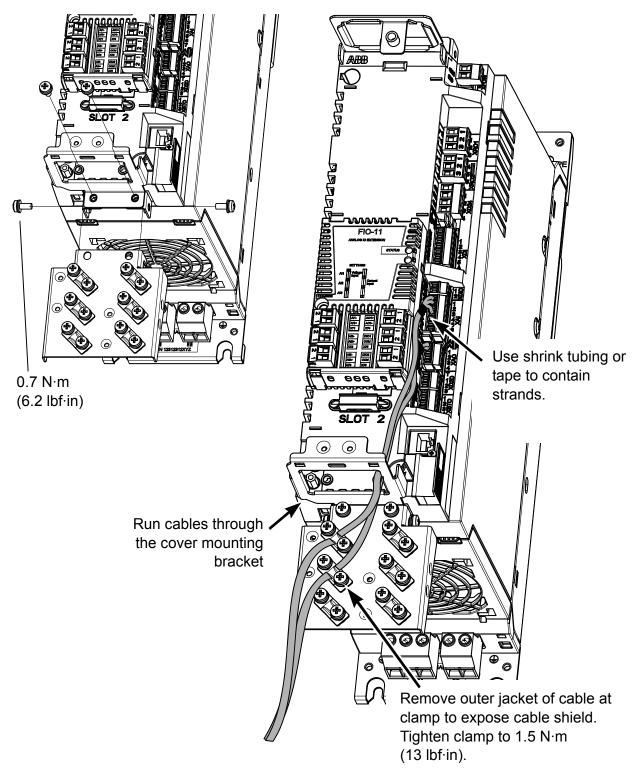
Keep any signal wire pairs twisted as close to the terminals as possible. Twisting the wire with its return wire reduces disturbances caused by inductive coupling.

Re-install the cover assembly according to the instructions on page 49.



## Mounting the clamp plate

## Routing the control cables









# Installation checklist

## Checklist

Check the mechanical and electrical installation of the drive before start-up. Go through the checklist below together with another person. Read the Safety instructions on the first pages of this manual before you work on the unit.

Check				
MECHANICAL INSTALLATION				
	The ambient operating conditions are allowable. (See <i>Mechanical installation, Technical data: Ratings, Ambient conditions.</i> )			
	The unit is fastened properly to the cabinet. (See <i>Planning the cabinet assembly</i> and <i>Mechanical installation</i> .)			
	The cooling air will flow freely.			
	The motor and the driven equipment are ready for start. (See <i>Planning the electrical installation, Technical data: Motor connection.</i> )			
ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION (See Planning the electrical installation, Electrical installation.)				
	The VAR (frames A and B) and EMC/VAR1/VAR2 (frames C and D) screws are removed if the drive is connected to an IT (ungrounded) supply network.			
	The capacitors are reformed if stored over one year (ask local ABB representative for more information).			
	The drive is grounded properly.			
	The supply (input power) voltage matches the drive nominal input voltage.			

Check	
	The supply (input power) is connected to U1/V1/W1 and the terminals are tightened to specified torque.
	Appropriate supply (input power) fuses and disconnector are installed.
	The motor is connected to U2/V2/W2, and the terminals are tightened to specified torque.
	The motor cable is routed away from other cables.
	There are no power factor compensation capacitors in the motor cable.
	The external control connections to the JCU Control Unit are OK.
	There are no tools, foreign objects or dust from drilling inside the drive.
	The supply (input power) voltage cannot be applied to the output of the drive through a bypass connection.
	Motor connection box and other covers are in place.



# **Maintenance**

# What this chapter contains

This chapter contains preventive maintenance instructions.

# **Safety**



**WARNING!** Read the *Safety instructions* on the first pages of this manual before performing any maintenance on the equipment. Ignoring the safety instructions can cause injury or death.

## **Maintenance intervals**

The table below lists the routine maintenance intervals recommended by ABB. Consult a local ABB Service representative for more details. On the Internet, go to <a href="http://www.abb.com/drives">http://www.abb.com/drives</a>, select *Drive Services*, and *Maintenance and Field Services*.

Interval	Maintenance	Instruction
Every year of storage	DC capacitor reforming	See Reforming the capacitors on page 75.
Every 6 to 12 months depending on the dustiness of the environment	Heatsink temperature check and cleaning	See <i>Heatsink</i> on page 72.
Every year	Inspection of tightness of power connections	See pages 56-58.
	Visual inspection of cooling fan	See <i>Cooling fan</i> on page 73.
<b>Every 3 years</b> if the ambient temperature is higher than 40 °C (104 °F).	Cooling fan replacement	See <i>Cooling fan</i> on page 73.
Otherwise, every 6 years.		
Every 6 years if the ambient temperature is higher than 40 °C (104 °F) or if the drive is subjected to cyclic heavy load or continuous nominal load.  Otherwise, every 9 years.	JPU unit replacement (only frame sizes A and B)	Contact your local ABB Service representative.
	JCAP board replacement (only frame sizes C and D)	Contact your local ABB Service representative.
Every 10 years	Control panel battery replacement	The battery is housed on the rear of the control panel. Replace with a new CR 2032 battery.

## **Heatsink**

The heatsink fins pick up dust from the cooling air. The drive runs into overtemperature warnings and faults if the heatsink is not clean. In a normal environment, the heatsink should be checked annually, in a dusty environment more often.

Clean the heatsink as follows (when necessary):

- 1. Remove the cooling fan (see section *Cooling fan*).
- 2. Blow clean compressed air (not humid) from bottom to top and simultaneously use a vacuum cleaner at the air outlet to trap the dust. **Note:** If there is a risk of the dust entering adjoining equipment, perform the cleaning in another room.
- 3. Refit the cooling fan.

# Cooling fan

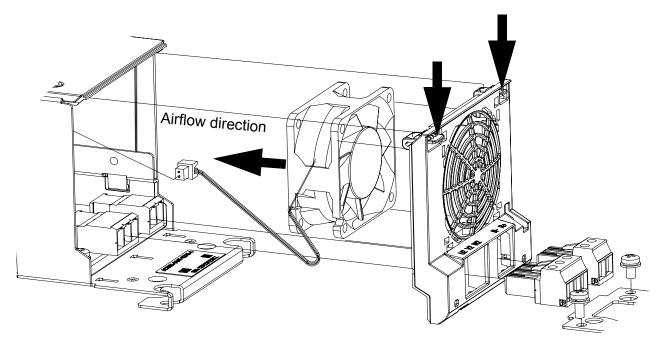
The actual lifespan of the cooling fan depends on the drive usage and ambient temperature. Fan failure can be predicted by the increasing noise from fan bearings and the gradual rise in the heatsink temperature in spite of heatsink cleaning. If the drive is operated in a critical part of a process, fan replacement is recommended once these symptoms start appearing. Replacement fans are available from ABB. Do not use other than ABB-specified spare parts.

### Fan replacement (Frames A and B)

Detach the power cable clamp plate and terminal blocks. Release the retaining clips (arrowed) carefully using a screwdriver. Pull the fan holder out. Disconnect the fan cable. Carefully bend the clips on the fan holder to free the fan.

Install the new fan in reverse order.

**Note**: The airflow direction is bottom-to-top. Install the fan so that the airflow arrow points up.

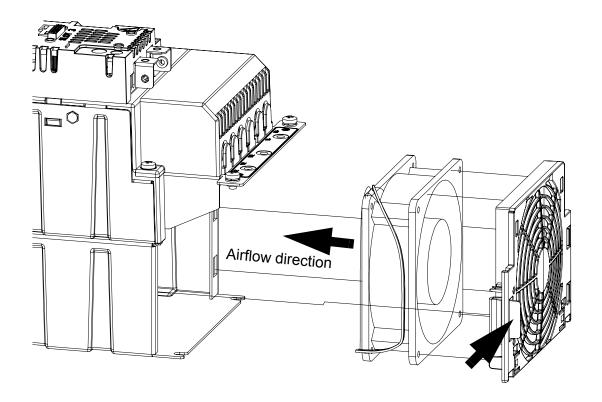


### Fan replacement (Frames C and D)

To remove the fan, release the retaining clip (arrowed) carefully using a screwdriver. Pull the fan holder out. Disconnect the fan cable. Carefully bend the clips on the fan holder to free the fan.

Install the new fan in reverse order.

**Note**: The airflow direction is bottom-to-top. Install the fan so that the airflow arrow points up.



# Reforming the capacitors

The capacitors must be reformed if the drive has been stored for a year or more. See page 35 for information on finding out the manufacturing date. For information on reforming the capacitors, contact your local ABB representative.

### Other maintenance actions

### Transferring the memory unit to a new drive module

When a drive module is replaced, the parameter settings can be retained by transferring the memory unit from the defective drive module to the new module.



**WARNING!** Do not remove or insert a memory unit when the drive module is powered.

After power-up, the drive will scan the memory unit. If a different application program or different parameter settings are detected, they are copied to the drive. This takes about 10 to 30 seconds; the drive will not respond while copying is in progress.



# **Technical data**

# What this chapter contains

This chapter contains the technical specifications of the drive, e.g. the ratings, sizes and technical requirements, and provisions for fulfilling the requirements for CE and other markings.

# **Ratings**

# Nominal ratings with 230 V AC supply

		Innut r	atinge			Out	put rati	ngs		
Drive type	Frame	iliput i	nput ratings –		Nominal			12/M3	UL NEMA	
ACQ810-04	size	<i>I</i> <sub>1N</sub>	*/ <sub>1N</sub>	$I_{2N}$	I <sub>cont</sub>	I <sub>max</sub>	1	P	1	Р
		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	Α	hp
-02A7-2	Α	2.1	3.5	2.7	3	4.4	2.65	0.37	2.2	0.5
-03A5-2	Α	2.9	5.0	3.5	4.8	7	3.5	0.55	3.2	0.75
-04A9-2	Α	4.5	7.6	4.9	6	8.8	4.85	0.75	4.2	1
-06A3-2	Α	5.2	8.8	6.3	8	10.5	6.3	1.1	6	1.5
-08A3-2	В	6.9	10.5	8.3	10.5	13.5	8.29	1.5	6.8	2
-11A0-2	В	9.2	14	11	14	16.5	10.9	2.2	9.6	3
-14A4-2	В	12.6	18	14.4	18	21	14.4	3	15.2	5
-021A-2	С	17	-	21	25	33	20.87	5.5	22	7.5
-028A-2	С	24	-	28	30	36	27.97	7.5	28	10
-040A-2	С	34	-	40	50	66	39.44	11	42	15
-053A-2	D	48	-	53	61	78	53	15	54	20
-067A-2	D	56	-	67	78	100	67	18.5	68	25
-080A-2	D	70	-	80	94	124	80	22	80	30

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# Nominal ratings with 400 V AC supply

		Input i	ratings			Out	put rati	ngs			
Drive type	Frame	inputi	ratings		Nominal			IEC M2/M3		UL NEMA	
ACQ810-04	size	<i>I</i> <sub>1N</sub>	*/ <sub>1N</sub>	$I_{2N}$	I <sub>cont</sub>	I <sub>max</sub>	1	P	1	P	
		Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	kW	Α	hp**	
-02A7-4	Α	2.1	3.5	2.7	3	4.4	2.65	1.1	2.1	1	
-03A0-4	Α	2.6	4.7	3	3.6	5.3	-	-	3	1.5	
-03A5-4	Α	2.9	5.0	3.5	4.8	7.0	3.5	1.5	3.4	2	
-04A9-4	Α	4.5	7.6	4.9	6	8.8	4.85	2.2	4.8	3	
-06A3-4	Α	5.2	8.8	6.3	8	10.5	6.3	3	-	-	
-08A3-4	В	6.9	10.5	8.3	10.5	13.5	8.29	4	7.6	5	
-11A0-4	В	9.2	14	11	14	16.5	10.9	5.5	11	7.5	
-14A4-4	В	12.6	18	14.4	18	21	14.4	7.5	14	10	
-021A-4	С	17	-	21	25	33	20.87	11	21	15	
-028A-4	С	24	-	28	30	36	27.97	15	27	20	
-035A-4	С	29	-	35	44	53	34.12	18.5	34	25	
-040A-4	С	34	-	40	50	66	39.44	22	40	30	
-053A-4	D	48	-	53	61	78	53	30	52	40	
-067A-4	D	56	-	67	78	100	67	37	65	50	
-080A-4	D	70	-	80	94	124	80	45	77	60	

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I <sub>1N</sub>	Nominal input current (rms) *Without AC choke.
I <sub>2N</sub>	Nominal output current. 110% overload 1 min / 5 min.
I <sub>max</sub>	Maximum output current. Available for at least 10 seconds at start, otherwise as long as allowed by drive temperature.
I <sub>cont</sub>	Continuous rms output current with no overload capacity
Р	Typical motor power
	**The hp values have been calculated using a 460 V AC supply.

Note 1: The ratings apply at an ambient temperature of 40 °C (+104 °F). In lower temperatures the ratings are higher (except  $I_{max}$ ).

Note 2: To achieve the rated motor power given in the table, the rated current of the drive must be higher than or equal to the rated motor current.

The DriveSize dimensioning tool available from ABB is recommended for selecting the drive, motor and gear combination.

**Note 3:** The maximum allowed motor shaft power is limited to approximately  $1.1 \cdot P$ . If the limit is exceeded, motor torque and current are automatically restricted. The function protects the input bridge of the drive against overload.

### Derating

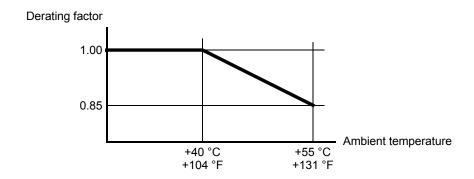
The continuous output currents stated above must be derated if any of the following conditions apply:

- the ambient temperature exceeds +40 °C (+104 °F)
- the drive is installed higher than 1000 m above sea level.

**Note:** The final derating factor is a multiplication of all applicable derating factors.

### **Ambient temperature derating**

In the temperature range +40...55 °C (+104...131 °F), the rated output current is derated by 1% for every added 1 °C (1.8 °F) as follows:



The continuous rms output currents with no overload capacity at different ambient temperatures (45 °C, 50 °C and 55 °C) are given below.

Drive type ACQ810-04	Frame size	/ <sub>cont45</sub>	I <sub>cont50</sub>	/ <sub>cont55</sub> A
-02A7-2, -02A7-4	Α	2.9	2.7	2.6
-03A0-4	А	3.4	3.2	3.1
-03A5-2, -03A5-4	А	4.6	4.3	4.1
-04A9-2, -04A9-4	А	5.7	5.4	5.1
-06A3-2, -06A3-4	А	7.6	7.2	6.8
-08A3-2, -08A3-4	В	10	9.5	8.9
-11A0-2, -11A0-4	В	13.3	12.6	11.9
-14A4-2, -14A4-4	В	17.1	16.2	15.3
-021A-2, -021A-4	С	24	23	21
-028A-2, -028A-4	С	29	27	26
-035A-4	С	42	40	37
-040A-2, -040A-4	С	48	45	43
-053A-2, -053A-4	D	58	55	52
-067A-2, -067A-4	D	74	70	66
-080A-2, -080A-4	D	89	85	80

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I <sub>contxx</sub>	Continuous rms output current at specified temperature maximum, no overloading
<sup>1</sup> contxx	Continuous rms output current at specified temperature maximum, no overloading

### **Altitude derating**

At altitudes from 1000 to 4000 m (3300 to 13123 ft) above sea level, the derating is 1% for every 100 m (328 ft). For a more accurate derating, use the DriveSize PC tool.

Note: If the installation site is higher than 2000 m (6600 ft) above sea level, connection of the drive to an ungrounded (IT) or corner-grounded delta network is not allowed.

### **Dimensions**

See also chapter *Dimension drawings* on page 109.

Frame size	Height (without cable clamp plates)	Height (with cable clamp plates)	Height (with C3 filter, no cable clamps)	Height (with C3 filter and cable clamps)	Width	<b>Depth</b> (without control panel)	<b>Depth</b> (with control panel)
	mm (in.)	mm (in.)	mm (in.)	mm (in.)	mm (in.)	mm (in.)	mm (in.)
Α	364 (14.33)	474 (18.66)	518 (20.37)	628 (24.72)	94 (3.68)	197 (8)	219 (8.62)
В	380 (14.96)	476 (18.74)	542 (21.34)	644 (25.35)	101 (3.97)	275 (11)	297 (11.68)
С	567 (22.31)	658 (25.9)	567 (22.31)	658 (25.9)	166 (6.52)	276 (11)	298 (11.74)
D	567 (22.31)	744 (29.28)	567 (22.31)	744 (29.28)	221 (8.69)	276 (11)	298 (11.74)

# Cooling characteristics, noise levels, weights

Drive type ACQ810-04			<b>Power los</b> W (BTU/h			<b>Air flow</b> m <sup>3</sup> /h	Noise level	Weight
ACQ010-04			Load			(ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	dBA	kg (lb)
	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	(10 /111111)	ub/\	
-02A7-2	66 (226)	71 (224)	77 (264)	84 (287)	91 (312)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-03A5-2	72 (245)	80 (273)	90 (307)	101 (346)	114 (390)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-04A9-2	72 (245)	83 (284)	97 (332)	114 (390)	134 (457)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-06A3-2	72 (245)	87 (298)	106 (363)	129 (439)	154 (526)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-08A3-2	72 (245)	91 (311)	116 (395)	147 (500)	183 (626)	48 (28)	39	5.4 (11.9)
-11A0-2	76 (259)	100 (342)	132 (449)	170 (579)	215 (733)	48 (28)	39	5.4 (11.9)
-14A4-2	76 (259)	109 (371)	152 (520)	208 (709)	274 (936)	48 (28)	39	5.4 (11.9)
-021A-2	92 (314)	137 (469)	191 (653)	254 (867)	325 (1109)	142 (84)	71	15.6 (34.4)
-028A-2	92 (314)	152 (520)	227 (776)	317 (1082)	421 (1438)	142 (84)	71	15.6 (34.4)

		F	ower los	SS				
Drive type		,	W (BTU/h	1)		Air flow	Noise	Weight
ACQ810-04			Load			m <sup>3</sup> /h (ft <sup>3</sup> /min)	<b>level</b> dBA	kg (lb)
•••	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%	(11 /111111)	UDA	
-040A-2	97 (332)	182 (620)	286 (975)	410 (1400)	555 (1894)	200 (118)	71	15.6 (34.4)
-053A-2	115 (393)	224 (763)	362 (1236)	531 (1812)	730 (2492)	290 (171)	70	21.3 (46.9)
-067A-2	115 (393)	249 (851)	423 (1444)	636 (2172)	889 (3034)	290 (171)	70	21.3 (46.9)
-080A-2	115 (393)	272 (929)	481 (1641)	741 (2530)	1054 (3597)	290 (171)	70	21.3 (46.9)
-02A7-4	68 (233)	75 (256)	83 (282)	91 (310)	100 (340)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-03A0-4	68 (233)	76 (261)	86 (292)	96 (326)	106 (363)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-03A5-4	74 (252)	84 (288)	97 (330)	110 (376)	126 (430)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-04A9-4	74 (252)	88 (302)	106 (361)	126 (429)	148 (504)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-06A3-4	74 (252)	93 (319)	116 (397)	142 (486)	172 (586)	24 (14)	47	3.2 (7.1)
-08A3-4	77 (261)	101 (345)	132 (450)	169 (576)	212 (722)	48 (28)	39	5.4 (11.9)
-11A0-4	80 (273)	112 (382)	151 (515)	197 (672)	250 (852)	48 (28)	39	5.4 (11.9)
-14A4-4	80 (273)	122 (418)	176 (601)	241 (823)	318 (1084)	48 (28)	39	5.4 (11.9)
-021A-4	98 (333)	154 (525)	219 (747)	293 (1000)	375 (1282)	142 (84)	71	15.6 (34.4)
-028A-4	98 (333)	172 (588)	262 893)	366 (1249)	485 (1654)	142 (84)	71	15.6 (34.4)
-035A-4	103 (351)	191 (651)	293 (1000)	410 (1398)	541 (1846)	200 (118)	71	15.6 (34.4)
-040A-4	103 (351)	209 (712)	335 (1142)	481 (1641)	646 (2205)	200 (118)	71	15.6 (34.4)
-053A-4	126 (430)	259 (884)	422 (1441)	616 (2101)	840 (2867)	290 (171)	70	21.3 (46.9)
-067A-4	126 (430)	290 (990)	494 (1685)	737 (2514)	1020 (3481)	290 (171)	70	21.3 (46.9)
-080A-4	126 (430)	317 (1081)	560 (1910)	854 (2915)	1200 (4096)	290 (171)	70	21.3 (46.9)

# Supply cable fuses

Fuses for short circuit protection of the supply cable are listed below. The fuses also protect the adjoining equipment of the drive in case of a short circuit. Check that the operating time of the fuse is below 0.5 seconds. The operating time depends on the supply network impedance and the cross-sectional area and length of the supply cable. See also chapter Planning the electrical installation.

Note: Fuses with a higher current rating must not be used.

Drive type	Input		IEC fuse			UL fuse		Cross-sectional area of cable		
Drive type ACQ810-04	current (A)	Rated current (A)	Voltage (V)	Class	Rated current (A)	Voltage (V)	UL Class	mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	
-02A7-2, -02A7-4	3*	6	500	gG	6	600	Т	1.5 4	1612	
-03A0-4	5*	6	500	gG	6	600	Т	1.5 4	1612	
-03A5-2, -03A5-4	5*	10	500	gG	10	600	Т	1.5 4	1612	
-04A9-2, -04A9-4	8*	10	500	gG	10	600	Т	1.5 4	1612	
-06A3-2, -06A3-4	9*	16	500	gG	15	600	Т	1.5 4	1612	
-08A3-2, -08A3-4	10*	16	500	gG	15	600	T	1.5 10	168	
-11A0-2, -11A0-4	14*	20	500	gG	20	600	Т	1.5 10	168	
-14A4-2, -14A4-4	18*	25	500	gG	25	600	T	1.5 10	168	
-021A-2, -021A-4	17	25	500	gG	25	600	T	1070	6 2/0	
-028A-2, -028A-4	24	32	500	gG	35	600	Т	1070	6 2/0	
-035A-4	29	50	500	gG	45	600	Т	1070	6 2/0	
-040A-2, -040A-4	34	50	500	gG	50	600	T	1070	6 2/0	
-053A-2, -053A-4	48	63	500	gG	70	600	T	1070	6 2/0	
-067A-2, -067A-4	56	80	500	gG	80	600	T	1070	6 2/0	
-080A-2, -080A-4	70	100	500	gG	100	600	T	1070	6 2/0	

<sup>\*</sup>Without AC choke

### Low harmonic filters

A passive low harmonic filter is designed to decrease the Total Harmonic Distortion of incoming current (THDI) below 5%. Filter type Schaffner ECOsine™ is used with ACQ810. Filters are dimensioned to achieve THDI requirement at nominal load. THD increases at partial load and can be higher than 5% at no-load.

Low harmonic filters are not available for ACQ810-04-xxxx-2 drives.

### 400 V / 50 Hz

Drive type	Frame	Nominal ratings	400 V/ 50 Hz	Height	Width	Depth	Weight	
ACQ810-04	size	P (kW)	Filter type	mm	mm	mm	kg	
-02A7-4	Α	1.1						
-03A5-4	Α	1.5	*					
-04A9-4	Α	2.2		_	_	-	-	
06A3-4	Α	3						
-08A3-4	В	4	FN 3410-10-44	400	170	190	13	
-11A0-4	В	5.5	FN 3410-13-44	400	170	190	14	
-14A4-4	В	7.5	FN 3410-16-44	430	210	210	21	
-021A-4	С	11	FN 3410-24-33	520	250	280	27	
-028A-4	С	15	FN 3410-32-33	520	250	280	31	
-035A-4	С	18.5	FN 3410-38-33	520	250	280	35	
-040A-4	С	22	FN 3410-45-34	590	300	300	45	
-053A-4	D	30	FN 3410-60-34	590	300	300	54	
-067A-4	D	37	FN 3410-75-35	750	320	300	65	
-080A-4	D	45	FN 3410-90-35	750	320	300	77	

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### 460 V / 60 Hz

Drive type	Frame	Nominal ratings	460 V / 60 Hz	Height	Width	Depth	<b>Weight</b> kg
ACQ810-04	size	Р	Filter type	mm	mm	mm	
		(hp)	Filter type				
-02A7-4	Α	1					
-03A0-4	Α	1.5	*				
-03A5-4	Α	2		_	-	_	-
-04A9-4	Α	3					
-08A3-4	В	5	FN 3412-8-44	400	170	190	12
-11A0-4	В	7.5	FN 3412-11-44	400	170	190	13
-14A4-4	В	10	FN 3412-15-44	430	210	210	17
-021A-4	С	15	FN 3412-21-44	430	210	210	21
-028A-4	С	20	FN 3412-28-33	520	250	280	28
-035A-4	С	25	FN 3412-35-33	520	250	280	32
-040A-4	С	30	FN 3412-41-33	520	250	280	45
-053A-4	D	40	FN 3412-53-34	590	300	300	48
-067A-4	D	50	FN 3412-65-34	590	300	300	52
-080A-4	D	60	FN 3412-80-35	750	320	300	69

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**Note:** If the supply voltage is 480 V, one step smaller filter must be used at the same power. E.g. at supply voltage 400 V and power 11 kW the filter selection is FN 3410-24-33, but at 480 V and 11 kW the selection is FN 3410-16-44.

For further information, see <a href="https://www.schaffner.com">www.schaffner.com</a> or contact your local ABB office.

<sup>\*</sup> Smallest filter is for power 4 kW. This filter can be used at lower power, but the THD of the line current will increase. E.g. at power 1.1 kW THDI is approximately 12% when using filter type FN3410-10-44.

### AC input (supply) connection

Voltage  $(U_1)$ 200...240 V AC +/-10%, 3-phase

380...480 V AC +10%/-15%, 3-phase

Frequency 50...60 Hz ±5%

Grounded (TN, TT) or ungrounded (IT). **Network type** 

Note: Connection to an ungrounded (IT) or corner-grounded delta network is

not allowed at altitudes of 2000 m (6600 ft) or higher.

**Imbalance** Max. ±3% of nominal phase to phase input voltage

Fundamental power factor (cos phi<sub>1</sub>)

0.98 (at nominal load)

Frame A: Detachable screw terminal block for 0.25...4 mm<sup>2</sup> wire. **Terminals** Frame B: Detachable screw terminal block for 0.5...6 mm<sup>2</sup> wire.

Frames C and D: Screw lugs for 6...70 mm<sup>2</sup> wire included. Suitable crimp lugs

can be used instead.

#### **Motor connection**

**Motor types** Asynchronous induction motors

Voltage (U<sub>2</sub>) 0 to  $U_1$ , 3-phase symmetrical,  $U_{\text{max}}$  at the field weakening point

Frequency 0...500 Hz

Current See section Ratings. 3 kHz as default. Switching frequency

Maximum motor cable

length

Frames A and B: 150 m (492 ft) \* Frames C and D: 300 m (984 ft) \*

\*100 m with EN 61800-3 Category C3 filter

Note: With motor cables longer than 100 m (328 ft) the EMC Directive

requirements may not be fulfilled.

Frame A: Detachable screw terminal block for 0.25...4 mm<sup>2</sup> wire. **Terminals** 

Frame B: Detachable screw terminal block for 0.5...6 mm<sup>2</sup> wire.

Frames C and D: Screw lugs for 6...70 mm<sup>2</sup> wire included. Suitable crimp lugs

can be used instead.

#### **JCU Control Unit**

24 V (±10%) DC, 1.6 A Power supply

Supplied from the power unit of the drive, or from an external power supply

through connector XPOW (pitch 5 mm, wire size 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>).

(XRO1 ... XRO2)

Relay outputs RO1...RO2 Connector pitch 5 mm, wire size 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

250 V AC / 30 V DC, 2 A Protected by varistors

Note: At installation sites between 2000 meters (6562 feet) and 4000 meters (13123 feet), the Protective Extra Low Voltage (PELV) requirements are not

fulfilled if a relay output is used with a voltage greater than 48 V.

+24 V output (XD24)

Connector pitch 5 mm, wire size 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

Digital inputs DI1...DI5

(XDI:1 ... XDI:5)

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 24 V logic levels: "0" < 5 V, "1" > 15 V

R<sub>in</sub>: 2.0 kohm

Input type: NPN/PNP (DI1...DI4), NPN (DI5)

Filtering: 0.25 ms

DI5 (XDI:5) can alternatively be used as an input for 1...3 PTC thermistors.

"0" > 4 kohm, "1" < 1.5 kohm

I<sub>max</sub>: 15 mA

Start interlock input DIIL

(XDI:A)

Wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 24 V logic levels: "0" < 5 V, "1" > 15 V

R<sub>in</sub>: 2.0 kohm Input type: NPN/PNP Filtering: 0.25 ms

Digital inputs/outputs DIO1 and DIO2

(XDIO:1 and XDIO:2)

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

As inputs:

24 V logic levels: "0" < 5 V, "1" > 15 V

Input/output mode selection by parameters. DIO1 can be configured as a frequency input (0...16 kHz) for 24 V level square wave signal (sinusoidal or other wave form cannot be used). DIO2 can be configured as a 24 V level square wave frequency

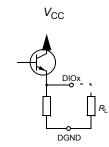
output. See the Firmware manual, parameter group

R<sub>in</sub>: 2.0 kohm Filtering: 0.25 ms

As outputs:

Total output current limited by auxiliary voltage outputs to 200 mA

Output type: Open emitter



Reference voltage for analog inputs +VREF

and -VREF (XAI:1 and XAI:2)

Analog inputs Al1 and Al2 (XAI:4 ... XAI:7).

Current/voltage input mode selection by jumpers. See page 63.

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> 10 V  $\pm$ 1% and -10 V  $\pm$ 1%,  $R_{load}$  > 1 kohm

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Current input: -20...20 mA,  $R_{\rm in:}$  100 ohm Voltage input: -10...10 V,  $R_{\rm in:}$  200 kohm Differential inputs, common mode  $\pm 20$  V Sampling interval per channel: 0.25 ms

Filtering: 0.25 ms

Resolution: 11 bit + sign bit Inaccuracy: 1% of full scale range

Analog outputs AO1 and

AO2 (XAO)

12.

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5  $\text{mm}^2$ 

0...20 mA, R<sub>load</sub> < 500 ohm Frequency range: 0...800 Hz Resolution: 11 bit + sign bit Inaccuracy: 2% of full scale range

Drive to drive link

(XD2D)

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

Physical layer: RS-485 Termination by jumper

Safe torque off connection (XSTO)

Connector pitch 3.5 mm, wire size 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

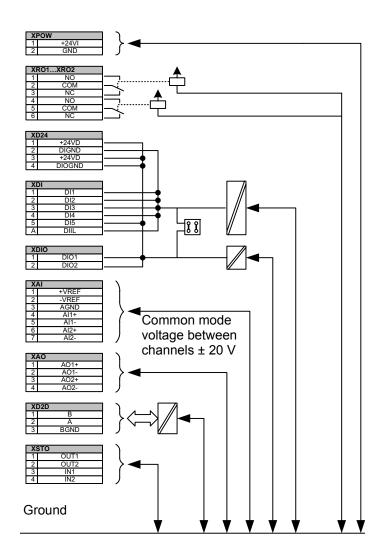
For the drive to start, both connections (OUT1 to IN1, and OUT2 to IN2) must

be closed

Control panel / PC connection

Connector: RJ-45 Cable length < 3 m

### Isolation and grounding diagram



### **Efficiency**

Approximately 98% at nominal power level

### Cooling

Method

Internal fan, flow from bottom to top. Air-cooled heatsink.

Free space around the unit

See chapter Planning the cabinet assembly.

### **Degrees of protection**

IP20 (UL open type). See chapter Planning the cabinet assembly.

Environmental limits for the drive are given below. The drive is to be used in a heated, indoor, controlled environment.

Y	neated, indoor, controlled		T
	Operation installed for stationary use	Storage in the protective package	Transportation in the protective package
Installation site altitude	0 to 4000 m (13123 ft) above sea level. [See section <i>Derating</i> on page 79.]	-	-
Air temperature	-10 to +55°C (14 to 131°F). No frost allowed. See section <i>Derating</i> on page 79.	-40 to +70°C (-40 to +158°F)	-40 to +70°C (-40 to +158°F)
Relative humidity	0 to 95%	Max. 95%	Max. 95%
	No condensation allowed. presence of corrosive gas	Maximum allowed relative es.	humidity is 60% in the
Contamination levels	No conductive dust allowe	ed.	
(IEC 60721-3-3, IEC 60721-3-2, IEC 60721-3-1)	According to IEC 60721-3-3: Chemical gases: Class 3C2 Solid particles: Class 3S2 The drive must be installed in clean air according to enclosure classification. Cooling air must be clean, free from corrosive materials and electrically conductive dust.	According to IEC 60721-3-1: Chemical cases: Class 1C2 Solid particles: Class 1S2	According to IEC 60721-3-2: Chemical cases: Class 2C2 Solid particles: Class 2S2
Sinusoidal vibration (IEC 60721-3-3)	Tested according to IEC 60721-3-3, mechanical conditions: Class 3M4 29 Hz: 3.0 mm (0.12") 9200 Hz: 10 m/s <sup>2</sup> (33 ft/s <sup>2</sup> )	_	_
Shock (IEC 60068-2-27, ISTA 1A)	_	According to ISTA 1A. Max. 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> (330 ft/s <sup>2</sup> ), 11 ms	According to ISTA 1A. Max. 100 m/s <sup>2</sup> (330 ft/s <sup>2</sup> ), 11 ms
Free fall	Not allowed	76 cm (30")	76 cm (30")

### **Materials**

PC/ABS, colour NCS 1502-Y (RAL 9002 / PMS 420 C)

hot-dip zinc coated steel sheet

· extruded aluminium AlSi.

**Packaging** Corrugated cardboard, PP bands.

#### **Disposal**

The drive contains raw materials that should be recycled to preserve energy and natural resources. The package materials are environmentally compatible and recyclable. All metal parts can be recycled. The plastic parts can either be recycled or burned under controlled circumstances, according to local regulations. Most recyclable parts are marked with recycling marks.

If recycling is not feasible, all parts excluding electrolytic capacitors and printed circuit boards can be landfilled. The DC capacitors contain electrolyte, which is classified as hazardous waste within the EU. They must be removed and handled according to local regulations.

For further information on environmental aspects and more detailed recycling instructions, please contact your local ABB distributor.

Applicable standards The drive complies with the following standards. The compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive is verified according to standards EN 50178 and EN 60204-1. EN 50178:1997 Electronic equipment for use in power installations IEC 60204-1:2006 Safety of machinery. Electrical equipment of machines. Part 1: General requirements. Provisions for compliance: The final assembler of the machine is responsible for installing - an emergency-stop device - a supply disconnecting device - the drive module into a cabinet. EN 60529:1991 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code) (IEC 60529) IEC 60664-1:2007 Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems. Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests. IEC/EN 61000-3-12: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Part 3-12: Limits. Limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with 2004 input current >16 A and <75 A per phase. Provisions for compliance: - With converters ACQ810-04-14A4-2...021A-2 and ACQ810-04-14A4-4...021A-4 IEC61000-3-12 is fulfilled with short-circuit-ratio ≥120 and supply short-circuit current ≤3.6 kA - With converters ACQ810-04-028A-2...080A-2 and ACQ810-04-028A-4...080A-4 IEC61000-3-12 is fulfilled with short-circuit-ratio >120 and supply short-circuit current <14 kA. Short-circuit-ratio is defined as a ratio of supply short-circuit current and converter's incoming current. EN 61800-3:2004 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods. EN 61800-5-1:2003 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Part 5-1: Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy Provisions for compliance: The final assembler of the machine is responsible for installing the ACQ810-04 in a cabinet that is protected to IP3X for top surfaces for vertical access. EN 61800-5-2:2007 Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Part 5-2: Safety requirements – Functional UL 508C:2002, Third UL Standard for Safety, Power Conversion Equipment Edition NEMA 250:2003 Enclosures for Electrical Equipment (1000 Volts Maximum) CSA C22.2 No. 14-05 Industrial Control Equipment (2005)

# **CE** marking

A CE mark is attached to the drive to verify that the drive follows the provisions of the European Low Voltage and EMC Directives (Directive 2006/95/EC and Directive 2004/108/EC).

### Compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive

The compliance with the European Low Voltage Directive has been verified according to standards EN 50178, EN 61800-5-1 and EN 60204-1.

### Compliance with the European EMC Directive

The cabinet builder is in responsible for the compliance of the drive system with the European EMC Directive. For information on items to consider, see:

- Subsections Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004, category C2; Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004, category C3, and Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004, category C4 below
- Chapter *Planning the electrical installation* in this manual
- Technical Guide No. 3 EMC Compliant Installation and Configuration for a Power Drive System [3AFE61348280 (English)].

### **Definitions**

EMC stands for **E**lectromagnetic **C**ompatibility. It is the ability of electrical/electronic equipment to operate without problems within an electromagnetic environment. Likewise, the equipment must not disturb or interfere with any other product or system within its locality.

First environment includes domestic premises. It also includes establishments directly connected without intermediate transformers to a low-voltage network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

Second environment includes all establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

Drive of category C2. Power drive system with rated voltage less than 1000 V which is neither a plug-in device nor a movable device and, when used in the first environment, is intended to be installed and commissioned only by a professional.

Drive of category C3. Power drive system with rated voltage less than 1000 V, intended for use in the second environment and not intended for use in the first environment.

Drive of category C4. Power drive system with rated voltage equal to or above 1000 V, or rated current equal to or above 400 A, or intended for use in complex systems in the second environment.

### Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004, category C2

The drive meets the requirements of the EMC Directive with the following provisions:

- 1. The drive is equipped with external EMC filter JFI-0x.
- 2. The motor and control cables are selected as specified in chapter *Planning the* electrical installation.
- 3. The drive is installed according to the instructions given in this manual.
- 4. Motor cable length does not exceed 100 metres (328 ft).

Note: It is not allowed to use the optional EMC filter on IT (ungrounded) systems. The supply network becomes connected to ground potential through the EMC filter capacitors which may cause danger or damage the drive.

Note: It is not allowed to use the optional EMC filter on a corner-grounded TN system as this would damage the drive.



**WARNING!** The drive may cause radio interference if used in a residential or domestic environment. The user is required to take measures to prevent interference, in addition to the requirements for CE compliance listed above, if necessary.

### Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004, category C3

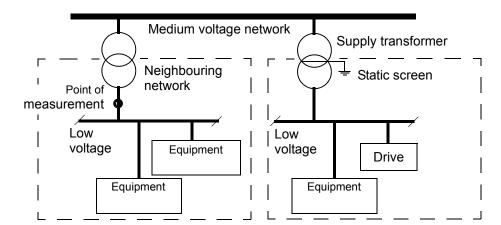
The drive meets the requirements of the EMC Directive with the following provisions:

- 1. The motor and control cables are selected as specified in chapter *Planning the* electrical installation.
- 2. The drive is installed according to the instructions given in this manual.
- 3. Motor cable length does not exceed 100 metres (328 ft).

### Compliance with EN 61800-3:2004, category C4

The drive meets the requirements of the EMC Directive with the following provisions:

- 1. The drive is equipped with filtering option +0E200.
- 2. It is ensured that no excessive emission is propagated to neighbouring lowvoltage networks. In some cases, the natural suppression in transformers and cables is sufficient. If in doubt, a supply transformer with static screening between the primary and secondary windings can be used.



- 3. An EMC plan for preventing disturbances is drawn up for the installation. A template is available from the local ABB representative.
- 4. The motor and control cables are selected as specified in chapter *Planning the electrical installation*.
- 5. The drive is installed according to the instructions given in this manual.

# **Compliance with the Machinery Directive**

The drive complies with the European Machinery Directive requirements for a partly completed machinery.



### **Declaration of Incorporation**

(According to Machinery Directive 98/37/EC art. 4.2 and Annex II, Sub B)

Manufacturer: ABB Oy

P.O Box 184, FIN-00381 Helsinki, Finland. Street address: Hiomotie 13, Address:

herewith declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

Frequency converter series ACQ810 with current rating from 2.7 A up to

704 A and type marking ACQ810-04

are intended to be incorporated into machinery to constitute machinery covered by the EEC directive 98/37/EC;

do therefore not in every respect comply with the provisions of this directive;

and that the following harmonised European standard has been applied:

EN 60204-1 (2006)

Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines- Part 1: general requirements

EN 60529 (1991 + corrigendum May 1993 + amendment A1:2000)

Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP codes)

EN 61000-3-12 (2004)

Limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage

systems with input current >16 A and ≤75 A per phase

and furthermore declares that

it is not allowed to put the equipment into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated or of which it is to be a component has been found and declared to be in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 98/37/EC and with national implementing legislation, i.e. as a whole, including the equipment referred to in this Declaration.

Instructions for installation, operation and maintenance are according to the product documentation.

Helsinki, 25.09.2009

Senior Vice President ABB Oy, Drives

# C-Tick marking

A C-Tick mark is attached to each drive in order to verify compliance with the EMC product standard (EN 61800-3:2004), required under the Trans-Tasman Electromagnetic Compatibility Scheme for levels 1, 2 and 3 in Australia and New Zealand.

**Note:** To meet the standard, the installation of the drive must meet the requirements described under section Compliance with the European EMC Directive on page 90.

### **UL** marking

See the type designation label for the valid markings of your drive.

### UL checklist

**Input power connection** – See section AC input (supply) connection on page 85.

Disconnecting device (Disconnecting means) – See section Supply disconnecting device on page 38.

Ambient conditions – The drive is to be used in a heated indoor controlled environment. See section *Ambient conditions* on page 88 for specific limits.

**Input cable fuses** – For installation in the United States, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and any applicable local codes. To fulfill this requirement, use the UL classified fuses given in section Supply cable fuses on page 82.

For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. To fulfil this requirement, use the UL classified fuses given in section Supply cable fuses on page 82.

**Power cable selection** – See section Selecting the power cables on page 41.

Power cable connections – For the connection diagram and tightening torques, see section Power cable connection on page 52.

**Control connections** – For the connection diagram and tightening torques, see section Connecting the control cables on page 61.

Overload protection – The drive provides overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

**UL standards** – See section *Applicable standards* on page 89.



# AC chokes

# What this chapter contains

This chapter describes how to select and install AC chokes for the ACQ810-04. The chapter also contains the relevant technical data.

# When is an AC choke required?

Frame C and D drive modules have an internal AC choke. With frames A and B, the need for an external choke should be determined on a case-by-case basis. The AC choke typically

- reduces harmonics in the input current
- reduces the r.m.s. input current
- reduces supply disturbance and low-frequency interference

# Selection table

AC chokes for ACQ810-04				
Drive type ACQ810-04	Туре	Inductance µH		
-02A7-2, -02A7-4				
-03A0-4	CHK-01	6370		
-03A5-2, -03A5-4				
-04A9-2, -04A9-4	CHK-02	4610		
-06A3-2, -06A3-4	CHIN-02	4010		
-08A3-2, -08A3-4	CHK-03	2700		
-11A0-2, -11A0-4	Of IIV-03	2700		
-14A4-2, -14A4-4	CHK-04	1475		
-021A-2, -021A-4				
-028A-2, -028A-4				
-035A-4				
-040A-2, -040A-4	(Internal choke as standard)			
-053A-2, -053A-4				
-067A-2, -067A-4				
-080A-2, -080A-4				

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The AC chokes are protected to IP20. Refer to page *116* for dimensions, wire sizes and tightening torques.

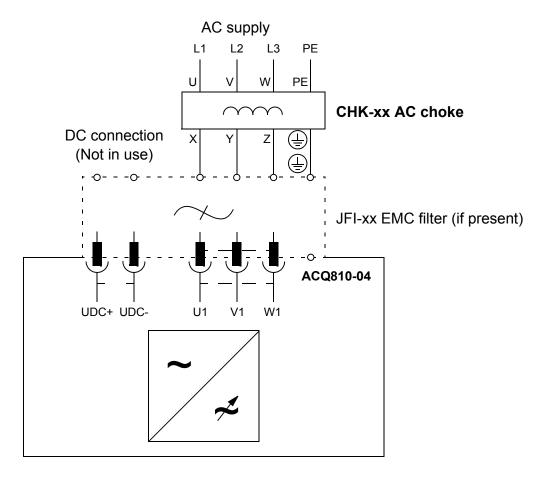
# Installation guidelines

- If an EMC filter is also installed, the AC choke is connected between the supply and the EMC filter. See the diagram below.
- For optimal operation of the choke, the drive and the choke must be mounted on the same conductive surface.
- Ensure that the choke does not block the airflow through the drive module, and that the air rising from the choke is deflected away from the air inlet of the drive module
- Keep the cable between the drive and the choke as short as possible.



**WARNING!** The surface of the AC choke becomes hot when in use.

### **Connection diagram**





# **EMC** filters

# What this chapter contains

This chapter describes how to select and install EMC filters for the ACQ810-04. The chapter also contains the relevant technical data.

# When is an EMC filter required?

The EMC product standard (EN 61800-3:2004) covers the specific EMC requirements stated for drives (tested with motor and cable) within the EU. EMC standards such as EN 55011 or EN 61000-6-3/4 apply to industrial and household equipment and systems including drive components inside. Drive units complying with the requirements of EN 61800-3 are always compliant with comparable categories in EN 55011 and EN 61000-6-3/4, but not necessarily vice versa. EN 55011 and EN 61000-6-3/4 do neither specify cable length nor require a motor to be connected as a load. The emission limits are comparable according to the following table.

EMC standards in general		
EN 61800-3:2004, product standard	EN 55011, product family standard for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) equipment	
Category C1	Group 1 Class B	
Category C2	Group 1 Class A	
Category C3	Group 2 Class A	
Category C4	Not applicable	

Filter type JFI-A1 or JFI-B1 is required in order to meet the category C3 level with the ACQ810-04 drive installation, including a motor with a max. 100 m cable. This level corresponds to the A limits for Group 2 equipment according to EN 55011. The filter is delivered as standard. With frame sizes A and B, the filter is external; with frame sizes C and D, the filter is internal. If the drive is equipped with filtering option +0E200, it does not contain the filter.

An external EMC filter of the type JFI-0x is required in order to meet the category C2 level with the ACQ810-04 drive installation, including a motor with a max. 100 m cable. This level corresponds to the A limits for Group 1 equipment according to EN 55011. The filter is an optional device.



**WARNING!** An EMC filter must not be installed if the drive is connected to an IT power system (i.e. an ungrounded, or a high resistance grounded [over 30 ohm] power system).

### Selection table

EMC filters for ACQ810-04			
Drive type	Filter type		
Drive type ACQ810-04	EN 61800-3:2004: Category C3	EN 61800-3:2004: Category C2	
-02A7-2, -02A7-4			
-03A0-4			
-03A5-2, -03A5-4	external filter JFI-A1	external filter JFI-02	
-04A9-2, -04A9-4			
-06A3-2, -06A3-4			
-08A3-2, -08A3-4			
-11A0-2, -11A0-4	external filter JFI-B1	external filter JFI-03	
-14A4-2, -14A4-4			
-021A-2, -021A-4			
-028A-2, -028A-4		external filter JFI-05	
-035A-4		external litter JF1-05	
-040A-2, -040A-4	internal filter		
-053A-2, -053A-4			
-067A-2, -067A-4		external filter JFI-07	
-080A-2, -080A-4			

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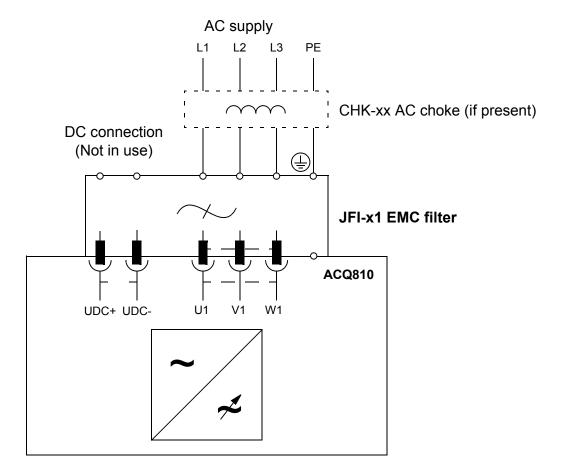
All EMC filters are protected to IP20. Refer to page 117 for dimensions of the JFI-x1 filters. Refer to page 119 for dimensions, wire sizes and tightening torques of the JFI-0x filters.

# JFI-A1/JFI-B1 (Frame A/B, category C3) installation

# Installation guidelines

The filter is connected directly to the drive input connectors.

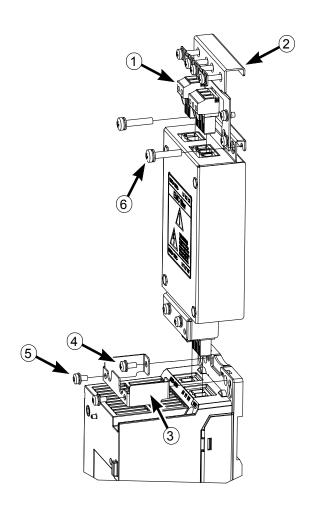
# Connection diagram



### Mounting procedures

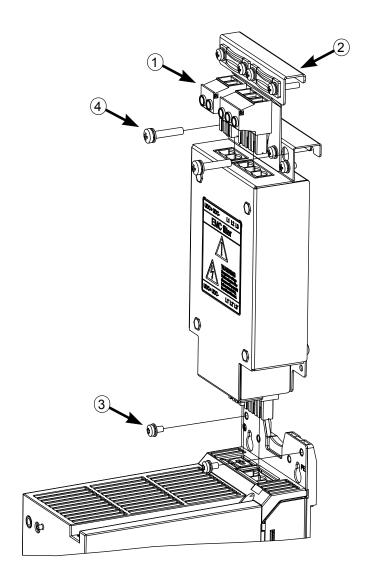
### JFI-A1

- Remove the UDC+/- and U1/V1/W1 terminal blocks (1), and the upper power cable clamp plate (2) from the drive.
- Fasten the mounting bracket (3) to the drive module base with two screws (4). Tighten to 1.5 N·m (13 lbf·in).
- Push the filter into place through the mounting bracket.
- Fasten the filter to the mounting bracket with two screws (5). Tighten to 1.5 N·m (13 lbf·in).
- Fasten the top edge of the filter to the mounting base with two screws (6).
- Fasten the power cable clamp plate at the top of the filter. Tighten to 1.5 N·m (13 lbf·in).
- · Attach the terminal blocks to the filter.



### JFI-B1

- Remove the UDC+/- and U1/V1/W1 terminal blocks (1), and the upper power cable clamp plate (2) from the drive.
- · Push the filter into the connectors.
- Fasten the filter to the drive module base with two screws (3). Tighten to 1.5 N·m (13 lbf·in).
- Fasten the top edge of the filter to the mounting base with two screws (4).
- Fasten the power cable clamp plate at the top of the filter. Tighten to 1.5 N·m (13 lbf·in).
- Attach the terminal blocks to the filter.

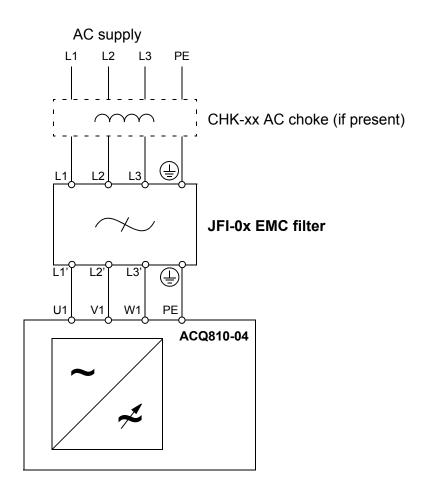


# JFI-0x (Frames A...D, category C2) installation

### Installation guidelines

- If an AC choke is also installed, the EMC filter is connected between the AC choke and the drive module. See the connection diagram below.
- For optimal operation of the filter, the drive and the filter must be mounted on the same conductive surface.
- Ensure the filter does not block the airflow through the drive module.
- Keep the cable between the drive and the filter as short as possible.

### Connection diagram





# du/dt and common mode filtering

# What this chapter contains

This chapter describes how to select du/dt and common mode filtering for the ACQ810-04. The chapter also contains the relevant technical data.

## When is du/dt or common mode filtering required?

The output of the drive comprises – regardless of output frequency – pulses of approximately 1.35 times the equivalent supply voltage with a very short rise time. This is the case with all drives employing modern IGBT inverter technology.

The voltage of the pulses can be almost double at the motor terminals, depending on the attenuation and reflection properties of the motor cable and the terminals. This in turn can cause additional stress on the motor and motor cable insulation.

Modern variable speed drives with their fast-rising voltage pulses and high switching frequencies can generate current pulses that flow through the motor bearings, which can gradually erode the bearing races and rolling elements.

The stress on motor insulation can be avoided by using optional ABB du/dt filters. du/ dt filters also reduce bearing currents. Common mode filtering mainly reduces bearing currents.

To avoid damage to the motor bearings, the cables must be selected and installed according to the instructions given in chapter *Electrical installation*. In addition, du/dt filtering, common mode filtering, and insulated N-end bearings must be used according to the following table.

Motor type	Cumply	Motor	Requirement		
	Supply voltage ( <i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> )	insulation system	du/dt filtering	Insulated N- end bearing	Common mode filtering
Random-wound ABB M2, M3 motors	<i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> ≤ 500 V	Any	-	1	_
Form-wound ABB HX_ or modular motor manufactured before 1 Jan 1998	<i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> ≤ 500 V	Any	Check with motor manufacturer	Yes	Yes
Random-wound ABB HX_ and AM_ motor manufactured before 1 Jan 1998	<i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> ≤ 500 V	Enamelled wire with fiberglass taping	Check with motor manufacturer		
Random-wound ABB HX_ and AM_ motor manufactured from 1 Jan 1998	<i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> ≤ 500 V	Enamelled wire with fiberglass taping	-	Yes	Yes
	<i>U</i> <sub>N</sub> ≤ 420 V	Standard $(\hat{U}_{LL} = 1300 \text{ V})$	-	_	_
Other ABB motors, or random-wound or form-wound non-ABB motors	420 V < U <sub>N</sub> ≤ 500 V	Standard $(\hat{U}_{LL} = 1300 \text{ V})$	Yes	_	_
		Reinforced $(\hat{U}_{LL} = 1600 \text{ V}, 0.2 \text{ microsecond rise time})$	-	-	_

 $\mathrm{d} u/\mathrm{d} t$  filters are optional accessories and to be ordered separately. For more information on common mode filtering, contact your local ABB representative. Contact the motor manufacturer for information on the motor construction.

# Filter types

### du/dt filters

du/dt filters for ACQ810-04							
Drive type	Filter type				Filter type		
ACQ810-04	IP00 IP22		IP54				
-02A7-2, -02A7-4		NOCH0016-62*	NOCH0016-65*				
-03A0-4							
-03A5-2, -03A5-4							
-04A9-2, -04A9-4	NOCH0016-60*						
-06A3-2, -06A3-4	NOCH0010-00						
-08A3-2, -08A3-4							
-11A0-2, -11A0-4							
-14A4-2, -14A4-4							
-021A-2, -021A-4	NOCH0030-60*	NOCH0030-62*	NOCH0030-65*				
-028A-2, -028A-4	NOCH0030-00	NOCH0030-02	NOCH0030-03				
-035A-4							
-040A-2, -040A-4	NOCH0070-60*	NOCH0070-62*	NOCH0070-65*				
-053A-2, -053A-4	1 110000070-00						
-067A-2, -067A-4							
-080A-2, -080A-4	NOCH0120-60**	NOCH0120-62**	NOCH0120-65**				

<sup>\* 3-</sup>phase

### **■** Common mode filters

Contact your local ABB representative.

<sup>\*\* 1-</sup>phase; three filters included in kit

# **Technical data**

### du/dt filters

# **Dimensions and weights**

Filter type	Height	Width	Depth	Weight
	mm (inches)	mm (inches)	mm (inches)	kg (lbs)
NOCH0016-60	195 (7.68)	140 (5.51)	115 (4.53)	2.4 (5.3)
NOCH0030-60	215 (8.46)	165 (6.50)	130 (5.12)	4.7 (10.4)
NOCH0070-60	261 (10.28)	180 (7.09)	150 (5.91)	9.5 (20.9)
NOCH0120-60*	106 (4.17)	154 (6.06)	200 (7.87)	7.0 (15.4)
NOCH0016-62	323 (12.72)	199 (7.83)	154 (6.06)	6 (13.2)
NOCH0030-62	348 (13.70)	249 (9.80)	172 (6.77)	9 (19.8)
NOCH0070-62	433 (17.05)	279 (10.98)	202 (7.95)	15.5 (34.17)
NOCH0120-62*	765 (30.12)	308 (12.13)	256 (10.07)	45 (99)
NOCH0016-65	323 (12.72)	199 (7.83)	154 (6.06)	6 (13.2)
NOCH0030-65	348 (13.70)	249 (9.80)	172 (6.77)	9 (19.8)
NOCH0070-65	433 (17.05)	279 (10.98)	202 (7.95)	15.5 (34.17)
NOCH0120-65*	765 (30.12)	308 (12.13)	256 (10.07)	45 (99)

<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions given are per phase

### **Degree of protection**

IP00, IP22 and IP54

### Common mode filters

Contact your local ABB representative.

# Installation

Follow the instructions included with the filters.

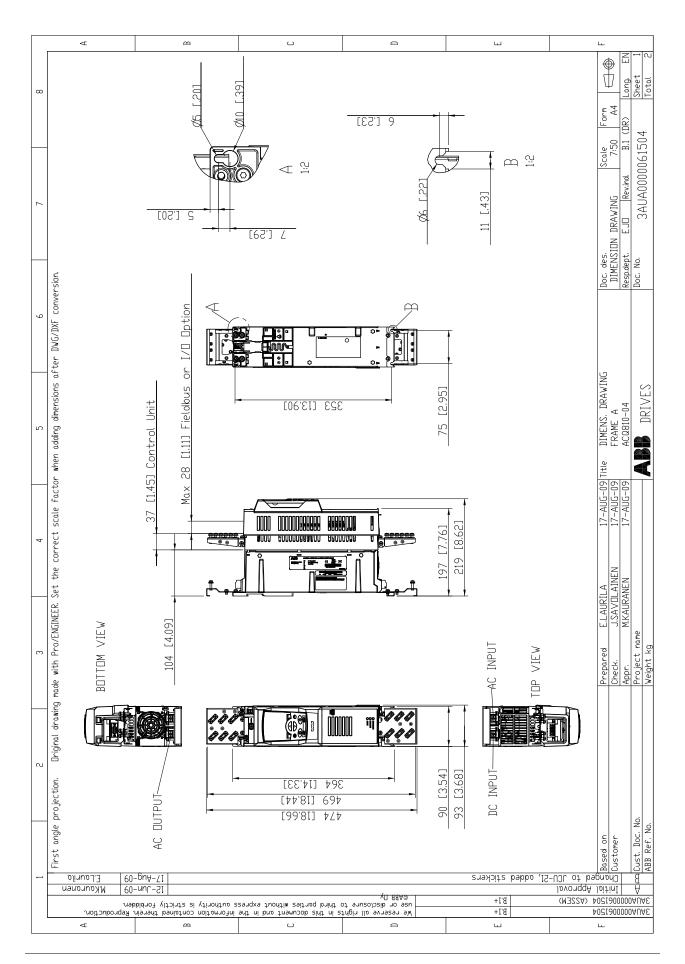


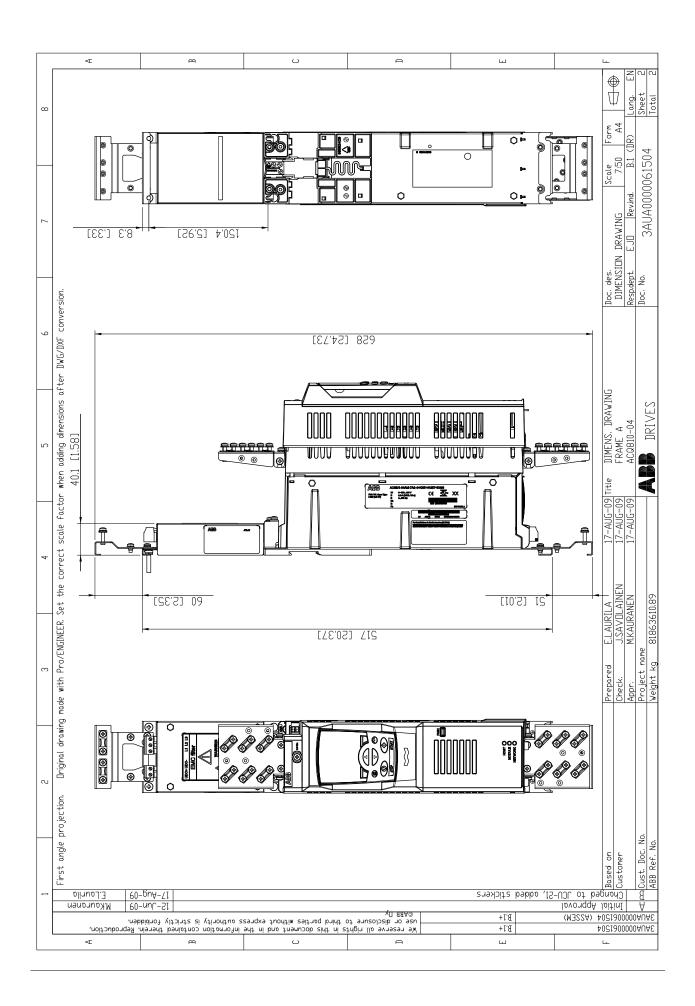
# **Dimension drawings**

# What this chapter contains

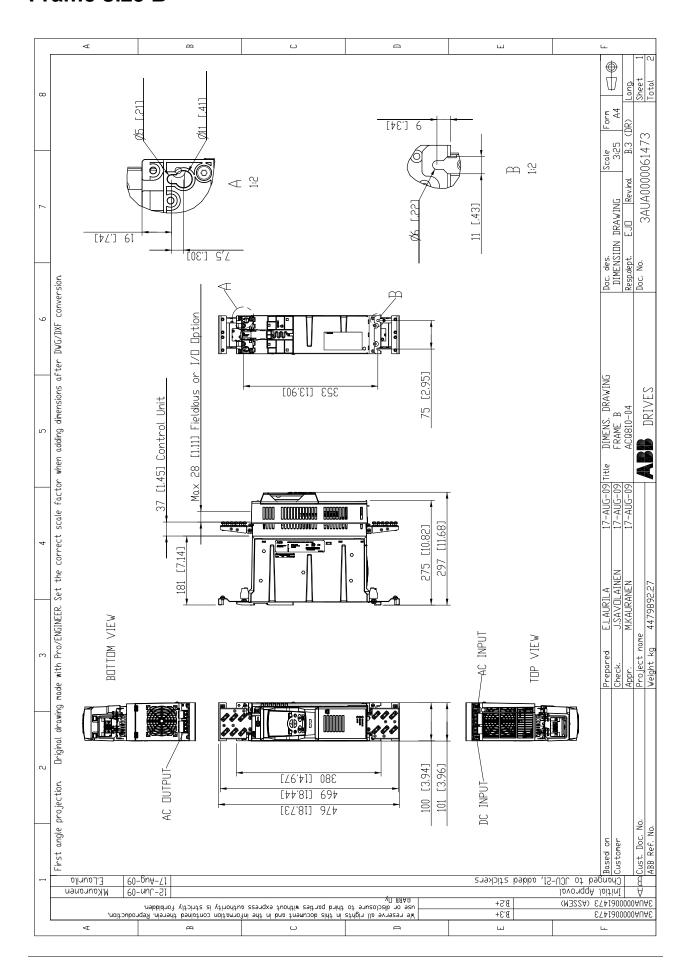
Dimension drawings of the ACQ810-04 and related accessories are shown below. The dimensions are given in millimeters and [inches].

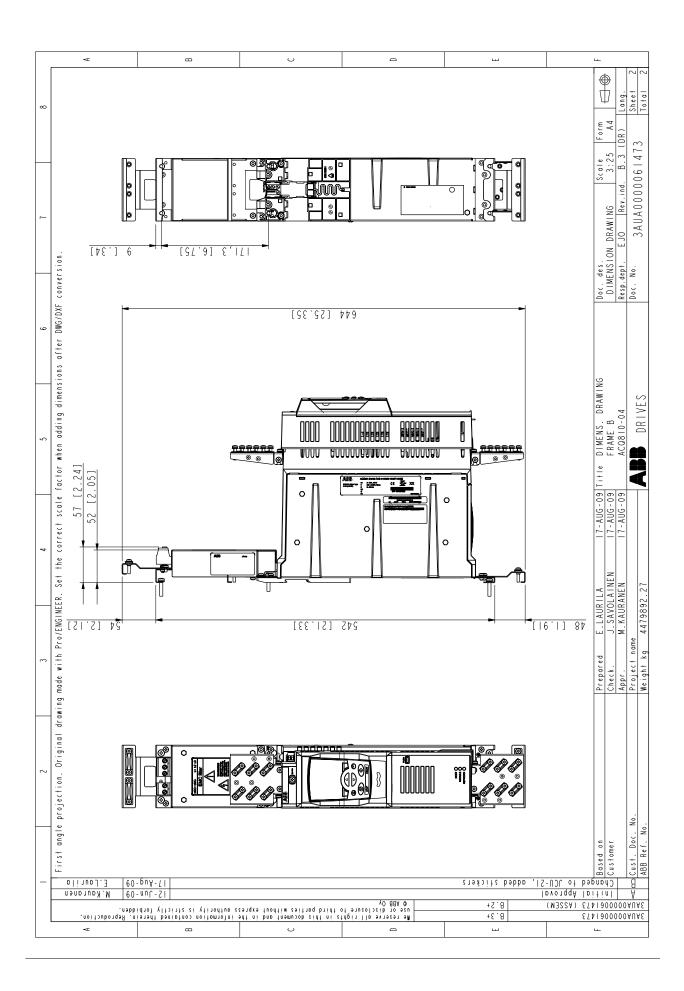
## Frame size A



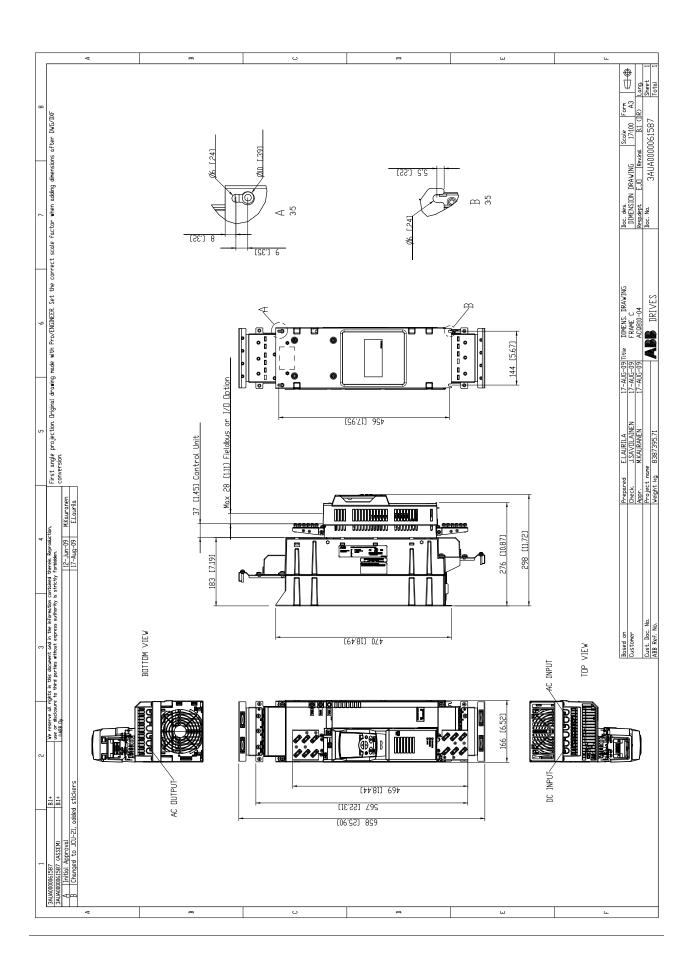


## Frame size B

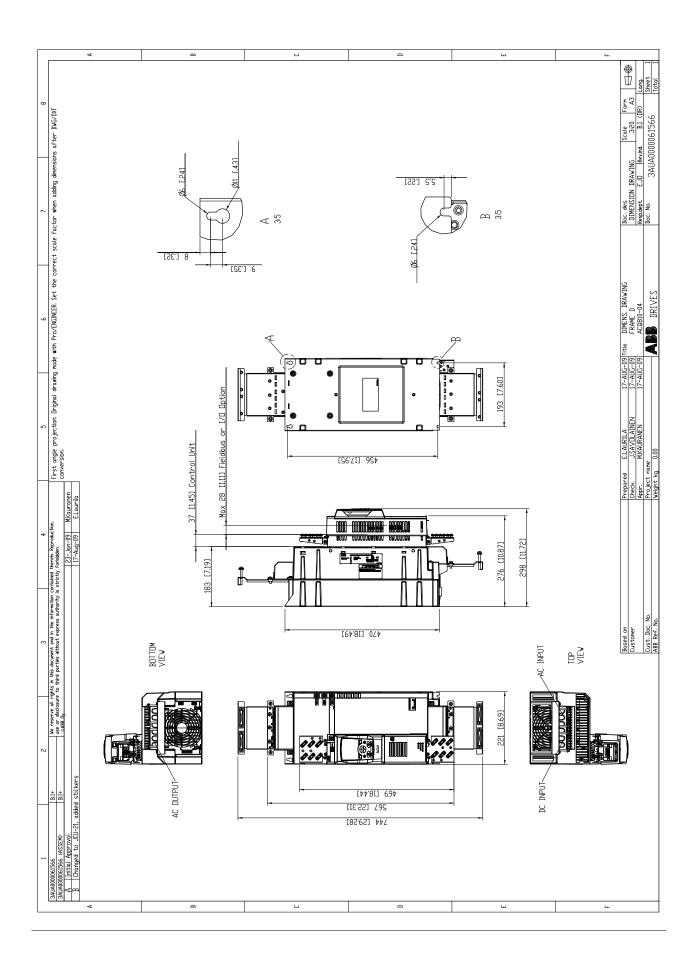




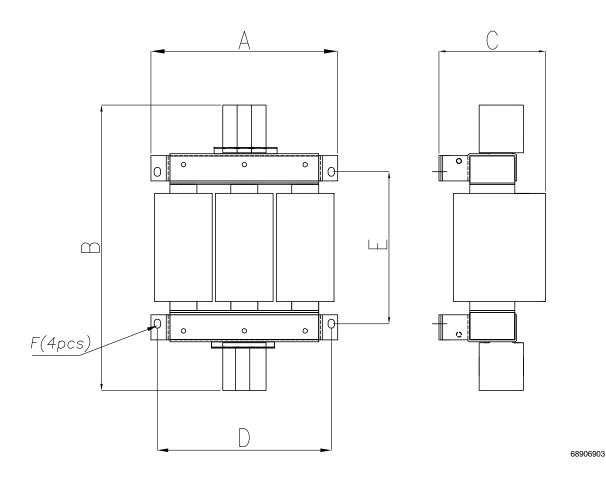
# Frame size C



# Frame size D



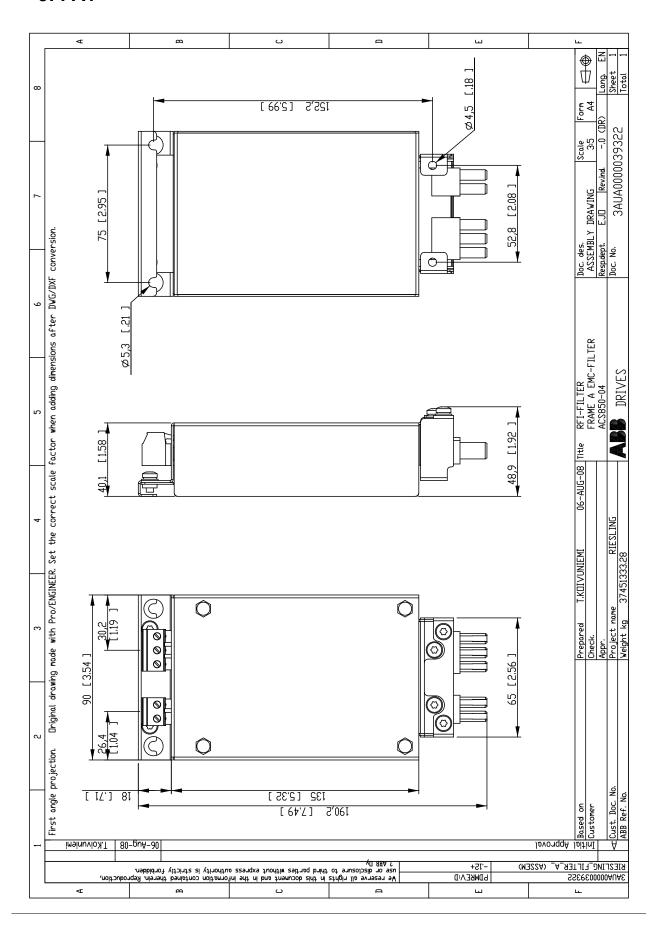
# AC chokes (type CHK-0x)



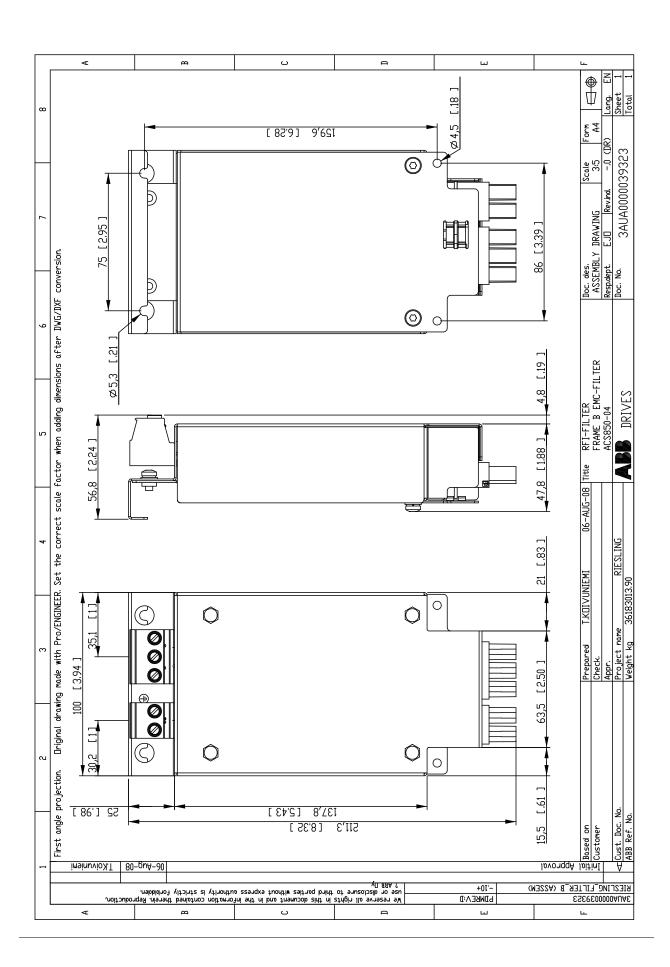
CHK-xx dimensions **Parameter Choke type CHK-01 CHK-02 CHK-03 CHK-04** dim A mm (in.) 120 (4.72) 150 (5.91) 150 (5.91) 150 (5.91) dim B mm (in.) 175 (6.89) 175 (6.89) 175 (6.89) 146 (5.75) dim C mm (in.) 79 (3.11) 86 (3.39) 100 (3.94) 100 (3.94) dim **D** mm (in.) 105 (4.13) 105 (4.13) 77 (3.03) 105 (4.13) dim E mm (in.) 114 (4.49) 148 (5.83) 148 (5.83) 148 (5.83) F screw size M5 M5 M5 M5 1.8 (4.0) 5.2 (11.5) Weight kg (lbs) 3.8 (8.4) 5.4 (11.9) Wire size - Main terminals 0.5 ... 10 0.5 ... 10 0.5 ... 10 0.5 ... 10 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG) (20...6)(20...6)(20...6)(20...6)Tightening torque - Main terminals 1.5 (13) 1.5 (13) 1.5 (13) 1.5 (13) N·m (lbf·in) PE/Chassis terminals M4 M5 M5 M5 Tightening torque - PE/Chassis terminals 3 (26) 4 (35) 4 (35) 4 (35) N·m (lbf·in)

# **EMC filters (type JFI-x1)**

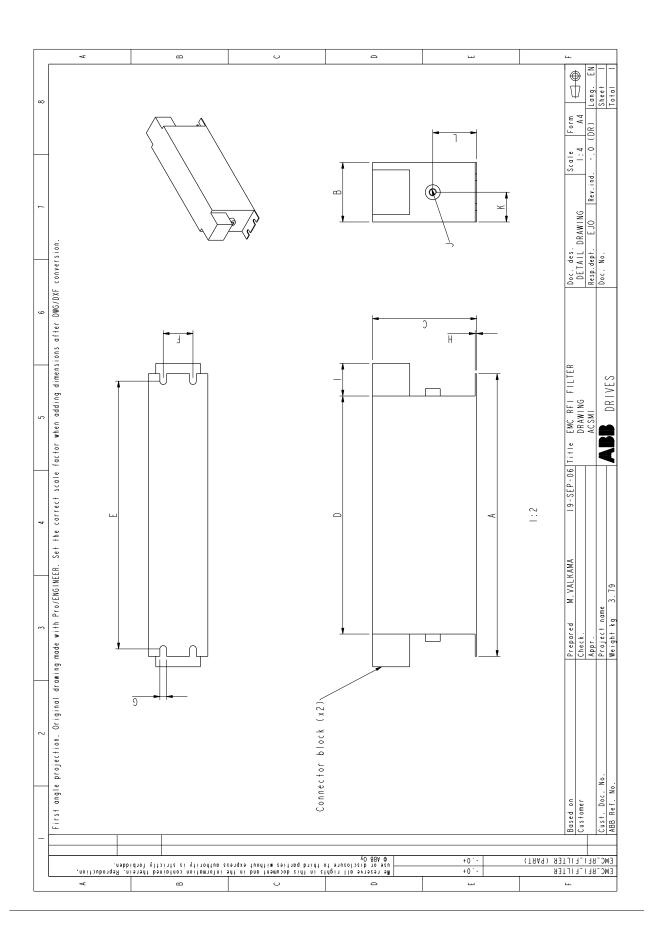
#### ■ JFI-A1



#### ■ JFI-B1



# **EMC filters (type JFI-0x)**



JFI-xx dimensions				
Parameter	Filter type			
	JFI-02	JFI-03	JFI-05	JFI-07
Dim. A mm (in.)	250 (9.84)	250 (9.84)	250 (9.84)	270 (10.63)
Dim. <b>B</b> mm (in.)	45 (1.77)	50 (1.97)	85 (3.35)	90 (3.54)
Dim. C mm (in.)	70 (2.76)	85 (3.35)	90 (3.54)	150 (5.91)
Dim. <b>D</b> mm (in.)	220 (8.66)	240 (9.45)	220 (8.66)	240 (9.45)
Dim. <b>E</b> mm (in.)	235 (9.25)	255 (10.04)	235 (9.25)	255 (10.04)
Dim. <b>F</b> mm (in.)	25 (0.98)	30 (1.18)	60 (2.36)	65 (2.56)
Dim. <b>G</b> mm (in.)	5.4 (0.21)	5.4 (0.21)	5.4 (0.21)	6.5 (0.26)
Dim. <b>H</b> mm (in.)	1 (0.04)	1 (0.04)	1 (0.04)	1.5 (0.06)
Dim. I mm (in.)	22 (0.87)	25 (0.98)	39 (1.54)	45 (1.77)
Dim. <b>J</b>	M5	M5	M6	M10
Dim. <b>K</b> mm (in.)	22.5 (0.89)	25 (0.98)	42.5 (1.67)	45 (1.77)
Dim. L mm (in.)	29.5 (1.16)	39.5 (1.56)	26.5 (1.04)	64 (2.52)
Weight kg (lbs)	0.8 (1.75)	1.1 (2.4)	1.8 (4.0)	3.9 (8.5)
Wire size (solid)	0.2 10	0.5 16	635	1650
mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	(AWG248)	(AWG206)	(AWG82)	(AWG41/0)
Wire size (stranded)	0.2 6	0.5 10	1025	1650
mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	(AWG2410)	(AWG208)	(AWG64)	(AWG41/0)
Tightening torque of	1.5 1.8	1.5 1.8	4.0 4.5	78
terminals N·m (lbf·in)	(13.3 15.9)	(13.3 15.9)	(35 40)	(6070)

# **Further information**

## **Product and service inquiries**

Address any inquiries about the product to your local ABB representative, quoting the type designation and serial number of the unit in question. A listing of ABB sales, support and service contacts can be found by navigating to <a href="https://www.abb.com/drives">www.abb.com/drives</a> and selecting Sales, Support and Service network.

# **Product training**

For information on ABB product training, navigate to <a href="www.abb.com/drives">www.abb.com/drives</a> and select Training courses.

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