

Safety Data Sheet

Antiseptic Nasal Swabs with Ethyl Alcohol

Section 1. Identification

Product Identifier Synonyms Manufacturer Stock Numbers	Antiseptic Nasal Swabs with Ethyl Alcohol MDS1971; MDS1972; MDS1998; MDS1999; MDSR1971; MSD_SDS0433 MDS1971; MDS1972; MDS1998; MDS1999; MDSR1971		
Recommended use Uses advised against	Topical Nasal Antiseptic N/A		
Manufacturer Contact Address	Medline Industries, Inc. 3 Lakes Drive Northfield, IL, 60093 USA		
	Phone (800) 633-5463	Emergency Phone (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC	Fax (847) 643-4436
	Website www.Medline.com		

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Classification Signal Word Pictogram FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Danger

Hazard Statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Precautionary Statements	
Response	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use Foam, powder, carbon dioxide (CO2), water spray to extinguish
Prevention	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep away from hot surfaces, open flames, sparks No smoking Keep container tightly closed. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment Use only non-sparking tools. Wear eye protection, protective gloves
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container to an authorized waste collection point
Ingredients of unknown toxicity	0%
Hazards not Otherwise Classified	
	CAUTION: This product contains denaturants and is not fit for human consumption. Ingestion may cause severe nausea.

Section 3. Ingredients

CAS	Ingredient Name	Weight %
64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	52% - 60%
67-63-0	Isopropyl alcohol	2% - 3%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

General:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
Inhalation:	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest.
Skin Contact:	In case of accidental contact, rinse skin with water/shower.
Eye Contact:	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persist.
Ingestion:	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:	No additional information available

Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media	Do not use a heavy water stream.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	Fire hazard: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
	Explosion hazard:
	May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Advice for firefighters:	Reactivity: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use. Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering
	environment.
	Protection during firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:	General measures: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking.
For non-emergency personnel:	Emergency procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
For emergency responders:	Protective equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
	Emergency procedures: Ventilate area.
Environmental Precautions:	Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up:	Methods for Cleaning Up: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.
Reference to other sections:	See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling:	Additional hazards when processed: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
	Precautions for safe handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:	Technical measures: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
	Storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from: Sources of ignition. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Store according to label instructions.
	Incompatible products: Strong bases. Strong acids.
	Incompatible materials: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.
Specific End use(s):	Storage temperature: Controlled Room Temperature (20 - 25 °C) No additional information available.

Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits	Ingredient Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	STEL
	Ethyl alcohol	STEL: 1,000 ppm Note: Upper respiratory track irritation. Confirmed	TWA: 1,000 ppm 1,900mg/mm3	N/A
		animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	29 CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-1 Limits	
	lsopropyl alcohol	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	TWA: 400 ppm STEL: 500 ppm	N/A
Personal Protective Equipment	N/A			
Appropriate Engineering Controls:	Ensure go	od ventilation of the work s	station.	
Personal Protective Equipment:	Avoid all u	nnecessary exposure.		
Hand protection:	In case of	repeated or prolonged con	tact wear gloves. Wear protective g	loves.
Eye Protection:	Chemical	goggles or safety glasses.		
Respiratory protection:	Wear appr	ropriate mask.		
Other information:	Do not eat	, drink or smoke during us	е.	

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid
Color	Colorless to
	light
	yellow/Clear
Odor	Characteristic
	alcohol
Odor Threshold	N.D.
Solubility	N.D.
Partition coefficient Water/n-octanol	N.A.
VOC%	N/A
Viscosity	N.D.
Specific Gravity	N/A
Density lbs/Gal	N/A
Pounds per Cubic Foot	N/A
Flash Point	18 °C
FP Method	N.D.
рН	4 - 6
Melting Point	N.D.
Boiling Point	92 °C
Boiling Range	N.A.
LEL	N/A
UEL	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N.D.
Flammability	N.D.
Decomposition Temperature	N.D.
Auto-ignition Temperature	N.D.
Vapor Pressure	N.D.
Vapor Density	N.D.

Explosive properties:	Fire or projection hazard.
Oxidizing Properties:	Not classified as oxidizing.
Explosive Limits:	No data available.
Other information:	No additional information available.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:	Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.
Chemical stability:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	None under normal use.
Conditions to avoid:	Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.
Incompatible materials:	Strong acids. Strong bases.
Hazardous decomposition products:	Fumes. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity:	Ethyl Alcohol CAS No. 64-17-5 LD50 oral rat: 10740 mg/kg body weight (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value) LD50 dermal rabbit: > 16000 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study) ATE US (oral): 10740.000 mg/kg body weight
	Isopropyl alcohol CAS No. 67-63-0 LD50 oral rat: 5045 mg/kg (Rat; OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity; Experimental value; 5840 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat) LD50 dermal rabbit: 12870 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402; 16.4; Rabbit) LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l): 73 mg/l/4h (Rat) ATE US (oral): 5045.000 mg/kg body weight ATE US (dermal): 12870.000 mg/kg body weight ATE US (vapors): 73.000 mg/l/4h ATE US (dust, mist): 73.000 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Not a skin irritant. pH: 4 - 6
Serious eye	Not classified
damage/irritation:	pH: 4 - 6
Sensitization:	Not a skin sensitizer.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not classified.
Carcinogenicity:	Not classified.
Reproductive Toxicity:	Not classified.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:	Not classified.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:	Not classified.
Aspiration hazard:	Not classified.

Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity:	Ethyl Alcohol CAS No. 64-17-5 LC50 fish 1: 14200 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas) EC50 Daphnia 1: 9300 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna) LC50 fish 2: 13000 mg/l 96 h; Salmo gairdneri (Oncorhynchus mykiss) EC50 Daphnia 2: 10800 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna) Threshold limit other aquatic organisms 1: 65 mg/l (72 h; Protozoa) Threshold limit algae 1: 1450 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Growth rate) Threshold limit algae 2: 5000 mg/l (168 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Growth rate)
	Isopropyl Alcohol CAS No. 67-63-0 LC50 fish 1: 4200 mg/l (96 h; Rasbora heteromorpha; Flow-through system) EC50 Daphnia 1: > 10000 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability:	LC50 fish 2: 9640 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas; Lethal) EC50 Daphnia 2: 13299 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna) Threshold limit algae 1: > 1000 mg/l (72 h; Scenedesmus subspicatus; Growth rate) Threshold limit algae 2: 1800 mg/l (72 h; Algae; Cell numbers) Antiseptic Nasal Swabs, Ethyl Alcohol Persistence and degradability: Not established
	Ethyl Alcohol CAS No. 64-17-5 Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Highly mobile in soil. Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 0.8 - 0.967 g O ₂ /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD): 1.70 g O ₂ /g substance ThOD: 2.10 g O ₂ /g substance BOD (% of ThOD): 0.43 % ThOD
Bioaccumulative potential:	Isopropyl Alcohol CAS No. 67-63-0 Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. No (test) data on mobility of the substance available. Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 1.19 g O ₂ /g substance Chemical oxygen demand (COD): 2.23 g O ₂ /g substance ThOD: 2.40 g O ₂ /g substance BOD (% of ThOD): 0.49 % ThOD Antiseptic Nasal Swabs, Ethyl Alcohol Bioaccumulative potential: Not established
	Ethyl Alcohol CAS No. 64-17-5 BCF fish 1: 1 (72 h; Cyprinus carpio) Log Pow: -0.31 (Experimental value) Bioaccumulative potential: Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Mobility in soil:	Isopropyl Alcohol CAS No. 67-63-0 Log Pow: 0.05 (Experimental value) Bioaccumulative potential: Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Ethyl Alcohol CAS No. 64-17-5 Surface tension: 0.022 N/m (20 °C)
	Isopropyl Alcohol CAS No. 67-63-0 Surface tension: 0.021 N/m (25 °C)

Section 13. Disposal

 Waste treatment methods:
 Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to an authorized waste collection point.

 Additional information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.

Section 14. Transport Information

UN Number	1170			
UN Proper Shipping Name	Ethanol solutions			
DOT Classification	3			
Packing Group	I			
IMDG - UN Number:	1170			
IMDG - UN Proper Shipping ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)				
Name:				
IMDG - Packing Group:	I			
IMDG - Hazard Class:	3			
IATA - UN Number:	1170			
IATA - UN Proper Shipping	Ethyl alcohol solution			
Name:				
IATA - Packing Group:	I			
IATA - Hazard Class:	3			

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Refer to Section 2 of the SDS.
N.A.
N.A.
Isopropyl Alcohol
All components are listed or exempt.
N.A.
N.A.
Ethyl Alcohol Isopropyl Alcohol
Ethanol 2-Propanol
Ethyl Alcohol Isopropyl Alcohol Ethanol

Section 16. Other Information

Revision Date	5/25/2021
Legend:	N.A Not Applicable
	N.E Not Established
	N.D Not Determined

Additional Information: The information contained herein is furnished without warranty or legal responsibility of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees.