

CORPORATE CPA/CA

Example Questions







Example Question

You are reviewing Operating Activities section from your Statement of Cash Flows and notice an item that shouldn't be there.

Which one is it?

- A Revenue from sale of goods
- **B** Royalty receipts
- C Corporation tax payments
- **D** Term loans received
- E Insurance premiums paid

Term loans received

IFRS and US GAAP require loans to be included as Financing activities in the Statement of Cash Flows

- A Revenue from sale of goods
- B Royalty receipts
- C Corporation tax payments
- Term loans received
- E Insurance premiums paid

Example Question

In which order would you find these acronyms for profitability in a set of management reports presented to directors (first to last)?

- A EBITDA / EBIT / NPBT / NPAT
- B EBIT / EBITDA / NPBT / NPAT
- C NPAT / NPBT / EBIT / EBITDA
- NPBT / EBITDA / EBIT / NPAT
- E EBIT / EBITDA / NPAT / NPBT

EBITDA / EBIT / NPBT / NPAT

EBITDA is the closest to operating cash flow, with later acronyms reducing this by including depreciation, amortisation, interest and tax.

- A EBITDA / EBIT / NPBT / NPAT
- B EBIT / EBITDA / NPBT / NPAT
- C NPAT / NPBT / EBIT / EBITDA
- NPBT / EBITDA / EBIT / NPAT
- E EBIT / EBITDA / NPAT / NPBT

Example Question

The working capital ratio in your business has reduced to 1.4

To meet bank funding requirements it needs to be 1.5

Which of these actions should achieve that?

- Offer extended credit terms to customers to get more sales
- B Increase bank overdraft limits
- Defer a capital project that was to be funded from term debt
- Obtain additional credit from suppliers
- Reduce inventories to repay bank overdraft

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Reduce inventories to repay bank overdraft

Working capital ratio is "current assets : current liabilities"

To increase the ratio either current assets have to rise faster than current liabilities, or both current assets and current liabilities need to both reduce at the same rate. This option is the only one guaranteed to achieve this.

- Offer extended credit terms to customers to get more sales
- B Increase bank overdraft limits
- Defer a capital project that was to be funded from term debt
- Obtain additional credit from suppliers
- Reduce inventories to repay bank overdraft

Example Question

You have completed a cashflow forecast for your fast expanding business, which shows a shortfall in available cash.

Which of these options will NOT assist in improving the situation?

- A Receivables factoring
- B Improving receivable collection policies
- Entering in to a "fixed for floating" interest swap
- Obtain extended credit terms from suppliers
- Move to a Just In Time inventory procurement policy

Entering in to a "fixed for floating" interest swap

Changes to cashflow from a swap will depend on the arrangement and current interest rates. The effect may be positive or negative in a particular period.

- A Receivables factoring
- B Improving receivable collection policies
- Entering in to a "fixed for floating" interest swap
- Obtain extended credit terms from suppliers
- Move to a Just In Time inventory procurement policy

Thanks for your interest in the

Corporate CPA / CA Test

Example Questions

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Still not sure? Check out the Which Test Table