SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : INTAKE CLEAN Product code : 38250

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Carburettor cleaner

For professional use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : MOTUL

Address : 119, Boulevard Felix Faure. 93300 AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX FRANCE Telephone : 33.1.48.11.70.00. Fax: 33.1.48.33.28.79. Telex: . Email : motul_hse@motul.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation : ORFILA.

Other emergency numbers

UNITED STATES AND CANADA : 001 866 928 0789 BRAZIL : +55 11 3197 5891 MEXICO : +52 55 5004 8763 CHILE : +562 2582 9336

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

2.2. Label elements

Signal Word :

Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



DANGER	
Product identifiers :	
606-001-00-8	ACETONE
603-117-00-0	PROPAN-2-OL
Hazard statements :	
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statements - Pr	evention :
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing vapours.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Precautionary sta	tements - Response :
P305 + P351 + P3	338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P309 + P311	IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Precautionary sta	tements - Storage :
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 oC/122oF.
Precautionary sta	tements - Disposal :
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
2.3. Other hazards	

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table The mixture satisfies neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006. Container under pressure

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
INDEX: 606-001-00-8	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	25 <= x % < 50
CAS: 67-64-1	Dgr		
EC: 200-662-2	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
ACETONE	STOT SE 3, H336		
	EUH:066		
CAS: 106-97-8	GHS02	С	10 <= x % < 25
EC: 203-448-7	Dgr	[1]	
	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[7]	
BUTANE			
CAS: 75-28-5	GHS02	С	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 200-857-2	Dgr	[1]	
	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[7]	
ISOBUTANE			
CAS: 124-38-9		[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 204-696-9		[7]	
CARBON DIOXIDE			
INDEX: 603-117-00-0	GHS02, GHS07	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
CAS: 67-63-0	Dgr		
EC: 200-661-7	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
PROPAN-2-OL	STOT SE 3, H336		
CAS: 111-76-2	GHS07	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 203-905-0	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119475108-36	Acute Tox. 4, H302		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
2-BUTOXYETHANOL	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
CAS: 74-98-6	GHS02	[1]	2.5 <= x % < 10
EC: 200-827-9	Dgr	[7]	
	Flam. Gas 1, H220		
PROPANE			
CAS: 64742-55-8	GHS08		1 <= x % < 2.5
EC: 265-158-7	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119487077-29	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		

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HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC	

Information on ingredients :

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious p

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

- Do not breathe in smoke.
- In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :
- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents. sand or other inert absorbing material

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Shake before use

Spray in short bursts, without prolonged spraying.

Keep away from sources of ignition

No smoking.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Keep in original container. Do not pierce of burn, even after usage.

Storage and handling instructions applicable to pressurised gases.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used. Avoid high temperatures

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep from freezing.

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2009/161/EU, 2006/15/EC, 2000/39/EC, 98/24/EC)

- ⊏uropear	1 Union (2009/161/EU,	2006/15/EC, 2000/3	9/EC, 96/24/EC)			
CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :	
67-64-1	1210	500	-	-	-	
124-38-9	9000	5000	-	-	-	
111-76-2	98	20	246	50	Peau	
- ACGIH T	LV (American Conferen	nce of Governmental	Industrial Hygienists,	, Threshold Limit Valu	ues, 2010) :	
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
67-64-1	500 ppm	750 ppm	-	-	-	
106-97-8	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
75-28-5	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
124-38-9	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	-	-	-	
67-63-0	200 ppm	400 ppm	-	-	-	
111-76-2	20 ppm	-	-	-	-	
74-98-6	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
- Germany	- AGW (BAuA - TRGS	900, 21/06/2010) :				1
CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes		
67-64-1	500 ml/m3	1200 mg/m3	2(I)	DFG		
106-97-8	1000 ml/m3	2400 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG		
75-28-5	1000 ml/m3	2400 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG		
124-38-9	5000 ml/m3	9100 mg/m3	2(II)	DFG, EU		
67-63-0	200 ml/m3	500 mg/m3	2(II)	DFG, Y		
111-76-2	20 ml/m3	98 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG, H, Y		
74-98-6	1000 ml/m3	1800 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG		
- France (I	NRS - ED984 :2012) :					
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
67-64-1	500	1210	1000	2420	-	84
106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000	9000	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	-	-	400	980	-	84
111-76-2	10	49	50	246	*	84
- UK / WEI	L (Workplace exposure	limits, EH40/2005, 2	007) :			1
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
67-64-1	500 ppm	1500 ppm	-	-	-	
106-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm	-	-	-	
124-38-9	5000 ppm	15000 ppm	-	-	-	
67-63-0	400 ppm	500 ppm	-	-	-	
111-76-2	25 ppm	50 ppm	-	-	-	
- Ireland (C	Code of practice for the	safety, Health and V	/elfare at Work, 2010):	1	
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
67-64-1	500 ppm	-	-	-	-	
106-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm	-	-	-	
124-38-9	5000 ppm	15000 ppm	-	-	-	
67-63-0	400 ppm	500 ppm	-	-	-	
111-76-2	20 ppm	50 ppm	-	-		

	s / MAC-waarde (SE				
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	1210 mg/m3	2420 mg/m3	-	-	-
106-97-8	600 ppm	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	250 ppm	-	-	-	-
111-76-2	20 ppm	40 ppm	-	-	-
- Finland (HT	P-värden 2009) :				
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm	630 ppm	-	-	-
106-97-8	800 ppm	1000 ppm	-	-	-
75-28-5	800 ppm	1000 ppm	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	200 ppm	250 ppm	-	-	-
111-76-2	20 ppm	50 ppm	-	-	-
74-98-6	800 ppm	1100 ppm	-	-	-
- Denmark (2					
CAS	TWA :	TWA :	Anm :		
67-64-1	250 ppm	600 mg/m3	-		
106-97-8	500 ppm	1200 mg/m3	-		
124-38-9	5000 ppm	9000 mg/m3	-		
67-63-0		-			
	200 ppm	490 mg/m3	- U		
111-76-2	20 ppm	98 mg/m3	H		
74-98-6	1000 ppm	1800 mg/m3	-		
• •	rder of 19/05/2009, 2	,	0.11		0 % ·
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	-	-	-
106-97-8	800 ppm	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	30000 ppm	-	-	-
67-63-0	400 ppm	500 ppm	-	-	-
111-76-2	20 ppm	50 ppm	-	-	-
- Norway (Ve	iledning om adminis	trative normer for foru	rensning i arbeids	atmosfære, May 2007)	
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	125 ppm	-	-	-	-
106-97-8	250 ppm	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	-	-	-	-
67-63-0	100 ppm	-	-	-	-
111-76-2	10 ppm	-	-	-	-
74-98-6	500 ppm	-	-	-	-
- Poland (200					
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	600 mg/m3	1800 mg/m3	-	-	-
106-97-8	1900 mg/m3	3000 mg/m3	-	-	-
124-38-9	9000 mg/m3	27000 mg/m3	-	-	-
67-63-0	900 mg/m3	1200 mg/m3	-	-	-
111-76-2	98 mg/m3	200 mg/m3	-	-	-
74-98-6	1800 mg/m3	200 1119/1113	-		-
	-	- Turidad e Higiopo en r		- Mayo 2010\ ·	-
	-	guridad e Higiene en e			Critoria
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	500 ppm	-	-	-	-
106-97-8	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	15000 ppm	-	-	-
67-63-0	400 ppm	500 ppm	-	-	-
111-76-2	20 ppm	50 ppm	-	-	-
74-98-6	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-
- Sweden (Al	,				
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
67-64-1	250 ppm	500 ppm	-	-	-
124-38-9	5000 ppm	10000 ppm	-	-	-
67-63-0	150 ppm	250 ppm	-	-	-
111-76-2	10 ppm	20 ppm	-	-	-
- Czech Repu	ublic (Regulation No.	. 501/2007).			
- Czech Repu CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :

124-38-9	9000 mg/m3	45000 mg/m3	-	-	-	
67-63-0	500 mg/m3	1000 mg/m3	-	-	-	
111-76-2	100 mg/m3	200 mg/m3	-	-	-	
- Slovakia	(Regulation No. 300/20	007):				
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
67-64-1	500 ppm	1210 mg/m3	Ι.			
124-38-9	5000 ppm	9000 mg/m3	IV.			
67-63-0	200 ppm	500 mg/m3	II1			
111-76-2	20 ppm	98 mg/m3		246 mg/m3		
- Switzerla	and (SUVA 2009) :					
CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Temps :	RSB :
67-64-1	1200	500	2400	1000	4x15	В
106-97-8	1900	800	-	-	-	-
75-28-5	1900	800	-	-	-	-
124-38-9	9000	5000	-	-	-	-
	500	200	1000	400	4x15	В
67-63-0	500					
67-63-0 111-76-2	49	10	98	20	4x15	RB

8.2. Exposure controls

Suitable technical inspections

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.

Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)
- Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask aerosol filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Category :

- FFP1

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :

- A1 (Brown)

- AX (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P1 (White)

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.	
	Spray.	
Important health, safety and environmental informat	tion	
pH :	Not relevant.	
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.	
Density :	<1	
Water solubility :	Insoluble.	
Viscosity:	v < 7 mm2/s (40°C)	
Chemical combustion heat :	>= 30 kJ/g.	

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating

- heat

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness. Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

11.1.1. Substances

No toxicological data available for the substances.

11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) :

CAS 67-63-0 : IARC Group 3 : The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

Biodegradability:

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT PARAFFINIC (CAS: 64742-55-8)

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not very mobile in soil.

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the surface

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 1 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Slightly hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

Do not pierce of burn, even after usage.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

Codes of wastes (Decision 2001/573/EC, Directive 2006/12/EEC, Directive 94/31/EEC on hazardous waste) :

14 06 03 * other solvents and solvent mixtures

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015 - IMDG 2014 - ICAO/IATA 2015).

14.1. UN number

1950

- 14.2. UN proper shipping name
- UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327	E0	2	D
							344 625			
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	2.1	See SP63	-	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190	E0			
						277 327				
						344 959				
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167	E0	
								A802		
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167	E0	
								A802		

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- Directive 75/734/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 487/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 944/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 605/2014.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 1297/2014.
- Container information:
- No data available.
- Particular provisions :

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 1 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Slightly hazardous for water.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations :

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.