

# MDC2

Mitsubishi Diff Controller

# **User Manual**

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# Introduction

The MoTeC Mitsubishi Diff Controller 2 (MDC2) is a direct replacement for the Active Centre Diff (ACD) controller in the Mitsubishi EVO X.

The MDC2 also supports centre diff control on Active Yaw Control (AYC) equipped vehicles however the yaw control hardware is not used.

This manual covers the installation, configuration and functionality of the MDC2.

### **MDC2** Functionality

#### Mode selection

There are six user selectable control modes, four of which are user configurable. The control modes can be selected using the ACD toggle switch on the steering wheel.

The current mode is indicated in the top line of the dash centre display. Optionally, three mode lights (SNOW, TARMAC and GRAVEL) can be wired directly to the MDC2 if the dash display is removed.

Control Mode	Dash Display Top Line	Lights (optional)
0% Lock	Blank	None
1 (Snow)	SNOW	SNOW
2 (Gravel)	GRAVEL	GRAVEL
3 (Tar)	TARMAC	TARMAC
4 (Gravel/Tar)	GRAVEL / TARMAC (alternating)	GRAVEL + TARMAC
Constant Lock	SNOW (flashing)	SNOW + GRAVEL + TARMAC

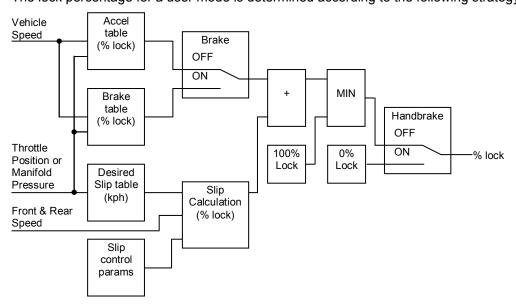
**Note:** If the mode has not changed **for one minute** then the current mode is saved and will be used next time the MDC2 is powered on.

### Lock Calculation

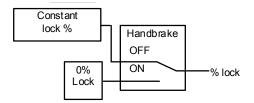
Lock percentage applied to the centre diff is determined primarily by the vehicle speed, throttle position or engine efficiency point (from a MoTeC ECU), and front to rear wheel slip.

Each of the four user modes are configured with an acceleration table, a braking table, a desired slip table and slip control parameters. Slip control may be disabled if not required.

The lock percentage for a user mode is determined according to the following strategy:



The lock percentage for the constant lock mode is determined according to the following strategy:



The constant lock % is equivalent to the maximum lock achieved by the Mitsubishi factory AYC / ACD controller. The lock percentage is always 0% in the 0% lock mode.

**Note:** The handbrake status is ignored during a handbrake start from 0km/h – See *Handbrake Override* below. For information on configuring the user modes see the MDC2 Manager section.

### Slip Control

The slip control strategy detects slip (i.e.: rear speed ≠ front speed) and increases diff lock to maintain slip close to the value specified in the Desired Slip table. The Desired Slip table specifies the value above which additional diff lock will be applied, according to the slip control setup parameters.

The calculation of lock percentage for slip control is determined by the Slip Control Range and Max Slip Control Lock parameters which apply to all user modes.

The following algorithm determines the %lock for slip control. The desired slip is the output from the Desired Slip table.

IF Rear Speed > Front Speed

THEN Measured Slip = Rear Speed - Front Speed

ELSE Measured Slip = Front Speed - Rear Speed

Slip Control Factor = (Measured Slip – Desired Slip) / Slip Control Range

Constrain Slip Control Factor to the range 0 to 1

Slip Diff Lock = Slip Control Factor \* Max Slip Control Lock

NOTE: Slip is specified as speed difference between front and rear wheels, not as a ratio of the speeds.

The addition of the calculated slip diff lock percentage is shown in the lock percentage strategy above.

### Slip control example

Max slip control = 10% lock

Slip control range = 20 km/h

Desired slip (from Desired Slip table) = 10km/h

For a measured slip of 15 km/h, slip diff lock = ((15 - 10) / 20) \* 10 = 2.5%

For a measured slip of 30km/h or above, slip diff lock = 10%

For information on configuring the slip control parameters, see Setup | User Modes in the MDC2 Manager section.

### Speed Measurement

The four wheel speeds are received on the CAN bus from the ABS module, or the four wheel speed sensors can optionally be wired directly to the MDC2. If the ABS module is removed, the sensors must be directly connected to the MDC2.

When wired directly to the MDC2, the wheel speed inputs can be configured as hall effect or magnetic sensors with adjustable thresholds, and individual sensors can be enabled or disabled. Magnetic sensor input thresholds are individually configurable for front and rear sensor pairs according to the current front and rear speeds.

The speed calibration can be adjusted for different wheel sizes and sensor teeth.

Front, rear and vehicle speeds are calculated from the wheel speeds, and all speeds are transmitted in CAN messages. These speeds can be logged by the MoTeC ADL (Advanced Dash Logger), or used in logging or engine control strategies by the MoTeC M800 ECU.

For information on configuring speed inputs, see Setup | Input Setup in the MDC2 Manager section.

### Speed Calculations

The method of calculating front, rear and vehicle speeds is dependent on the status of the brake input.

When the foot brake is applied, speeds are calculated as follows:

- Front Speed is the faster of the two front wheel speeds.
- Rear speed is the faster of the two rear wheel speeds.
- Vehicle speed is the faster of the calculated front speed and rear speed.

When the foot brake is not applied, speeds are calculated as follows:

- The front speed is the average of the two front wheel speeds, weighted 80% towards the slowest front
  wheel speed. If one front wheel speed is less than half of the other front wheel speed, then front speed is
  simply the faster of the two front wheel speeds.
- The rear speed is the average of the two rear wheel speeds, weighted 80% towards the slowest rear wheel speed. If one rear wheel speed is less than half of the other rear wheel speed, then rear speed is simply the faster of the two rear wheel speeds.
- The vehicle speed is the average of the front and rear speeds, weighted 80% towards the slowest speed.
   If either the front or rear speed is less than half of the other speed, then vehicle speed is simply the faster out of the front speed and rear speed.

If any wheel speed exceeds 300km/h, the sensor reading is ignored until its speed returns to below 300km/h for 2 seconds. This is to prevent erratic behaviour from noisy wiring or faulty sensors.

### Handbrake Override

If the front wheel speed is 0km/h and the handbrake is active, the handbrake will then be ignored in all lock calculations until the handbrake is released. This functionality allows the diff to be locked in preparation for takeoff during a handbrake start.

### Throttle Calibration

The throttle position is received on the CAN bus from the ECU, or a throttle position sensor can be optionally wired directly to the MDC2.

The optional throttle position sensor input can be calibrated using a table to convert voltage to throttle position. This allows non-linear calibration of throttle position to more closely model the change in torque vs. throttle butterfly angle.

The MDC2 Manager configuration program allows throttle input voltages to be read directly from the MDC2 in order to perform 0% and 100% calibrations.

For information on calibrating the throttle input, see Setup | Input Setup in the MDC2 Manager section.

### Steering Position Measurement

The steering position is received on the CAN bus from the steering position sensor.

### Hydraulic Pressure Pump Control

The MDC2 reads the hydraulic pressure sensor and controls the pump to maintain hydraulic pressure for the ACD. The MDC2 implements the following strategies to protect the pump from being overrun and burnt out:

- If the pressure sensor is faulty or missing then the pump is turned off and remains off until the pressure sensor reads a valid reading.
- If the pump has run for more than 20 seconds without achieving at least the low pressure threshold, the pump is turned off for 20 seconds and a fault is indicated by a flashing mode indicator light.
- The pump will never run when the 0% lock mode has been selected

### Hydraulic Pressure Pump Priming Mode

The hydraulic pressure pump priming mode allows the pump to be run manually by a technician during priming of the hydraulic system.

To enter the pump priming mode, the steering wheel ACD switch should be held in the up position while turning on the ignition, and then remain held for five seconds. The top line of the dash display will cycle between TARMAC, GRAVEL and SNOW when the priming mode is active.

When priming mode is active, the diff lock is set at 50% and the hydraulic pump is run while the throttle pedal is pressed down.

To exit the pump priming mode, the ignition should be turned off.

NOTE: The pump prime mode should be used with care by experienced technicians only. The MDC2 does NOT restrict pump run time or hydraulic pressure during pump prime mode.

### **Communications**

#### Main Vehicle CAN Bus

The MDC2 communicates at 500kbit/sec on the main vehicle CAN bus. This CAN bus is used for communication to other vehicle systems, for MDC2 status transmission and for communication with a PC for MDC2 configuration. A summary of the CAN bus usage is shown below:

Received Data	Source	Usage
Throttle Position Factory ECU or MoTeC M800 ECU		MDC2 control strategies
Brake pedal	Factory Body Computer	MDC2 control strategies
Handbrake	Factory Body Computer	MDC2 control strategies
Wheel Speeds	ABS	MDC2 control strategies
ECU Efficiency	MoTeC M800 ECU	MDC2 control strategies (optional)
Engine Temperature	MoTeC M800 ECU	Dashboard temperature display
RPM	MoTeC M800 ECU	Dashboard tacho control
Thermo Fan Speed	MoTeC M800 ECU	Thermo fan control
ECU Temperature MoTeC M800 ECU		Thermo fan control
MDC2 Configuration PC (via MoTeC UTC)		Configuration from MDC2 Manager
MDC2 Firmware PC (via MoTeC UTC)		Firmware upgrade from MDC2 Manager

Transmitted Data	Target	Usage
Tacho position	Dashboard	Tacho based on M800 ECU RPM
Temperature Display	Dashboard	Temperature display based on M800 ECU engine temperature
Thermo Fan Speed	Body Computer	Fan control (high or low speed) based on M800 ECU requested thermo fan speed and M800 ECU internal temperature
Diff Control Mode	Dashboard	MDC2 mode display (TARMAC etc.)
MDC2 readings & status (50Hz)	MoTeC Dash Logger or M800 ECU	MDC2 data for logging or use in engine control strategies
MDC2 readings & status (25Hz)	MoTeC Dash Logger or M800 ECU	MDC2 diagnostic data for logging
MDC2 readings & status	PC (via MoTeC UTC)	Monitor channels function in MDC2 Manager

### Yaw/G Sensor CAN bus

The MDC2 communicates at 500kbit/sec with a combined yaw/G sensor on a secondary vehicle CAN bus. The MDC2 and yaw/G sensor are the only devices on this bus.

Received Data	Source	Usage
Lateral G	Yaw/G sensor	Retransmitted for logging or engine control strategies
Longitudinal G	Yaw/G sensor	
Yaw Rate	Yaw/G sensor	

### Data Logging

The MDC2 transmits CAN messages at 50Hz containing information about all input and output functions, such as speed readings, diff currents etc.

The MDC2 transmits CAN messages at 25Hz containing diagnostic information such as fault flags, firmware versions etc.

The transmission of CAN messages from the MDC2 can be disabled. This feature may be used to prevent reverse engineering of user control modes.

To configure a MoTeC logging device (ADL2, ADL3 etc) to receive MDC2 messages, use the 'MDC2' and 'MDC2 Diagnostics' communications templates included with the Dash Manager application.

#### **PC Connection**

The main CAN bus is used for communication with a PC for configuration and upgrading firmware using the MoTeC UTC (USB To CAN) adaptor or the MoTeC CAN cable.

An adaptor cable is provided with the MDC2 to provide access to the CAN bus. This cable also provides the power required if the MoTeC CAN cable is used to interface with a PC.

See Appendix C - CAN Wiring Practices for recommended CAN wiring practices

# Miscellaneous functions

### Fault indication

Faults are indicated by flashing the following message on the dash centre display.



This display will continue to flash until there have been no faults present for 2 seconds.

Fault codes and diagnostic codes are included in the CAN diagnostic messages, as described in Appendix A – Fault Codes.

### **MDC2** Manager

The MDC2 Manager software is necessary to configure an MDC2 unit from a PC. A new MDC2 unit must be configured before its initial use.

### Computer requirements

The MDC2 Manager software runs under Windows 95, 98, ME, NT4, 2000 or XP operating systems. The minimum recommended PC specification is a Pentium 90 with 16MB RAM and a parallel port or USB port.

### Connecting to a MDC2

The MDC2 connects to the PC using either the MoTeC UTC (USB To CAN) adaptor or the MoTeC CAN cable connected to the CAN bus loom provided with the MDC2. The MDC2 unit must be powered to communicate with the PC.

### Installing MDC2 Manager

The MDC2 software can be installed either from the MoTeC Resource CD supplied with the MDC, or from the MoTeC website (software.motec.com.au).

To start the program after installation, click on Start → Programs → MoTeC → MDC2 Manager → MDC2 Manager 2.0

### **Managing Configurations**

An MDC2 configuration file determines exactly how the MDC2 unit will operate. The MDC2 Manager software allows configurations to be created, edited and sent to the MDC. To prevent unauthorized copying of configuration data, configurations cannot be read out of the MDC2.

To create a new configuration, select *File* | *New* from the main menu, or use the default configuration created on startup.

To open an existing configuration file, select File | Open from the main menu and select the desired file.

After a configuration has been created or modified it should be saved with a meaningful name by selecting *File* | *Save* or *File* | *Save* As from the main menu.

To send the currently opened configuration to the MDC2, select *Online | Send Config* from the main menu, or press F5. The configuration is automatically saved to disk when sent to the MDC2. A new configuration must be saved with a new name before it can be sent.

**TIP:** To open an existing configuration file that exactly matches the configuration currently in the MDC2, select *Online | Open Matching Config* while connected to the powered MDC2. If a matching configuration is found in the default location on the PC then the configuration will be loaded.

### **Changing Configurations**

#### User Mode Tables

Each of the four user modes has a set of three tables that determine the diff lock characteristics for the mode.

The speed and throttle position or ECU efficiency axis values used for all user mode tables are configurable under the *File | Setup* option in the main menu, and can have between 2 and 11 values. Linear interpolation is used between table points.

The Acceleration table is used to generate the %lock when the foot brake is not applied.

The Braking table is used to generate the %lock when the foot brake is applied, and is an override table for the Acceleration table values.

If a cell in the braking table is left blank, the corresponding cell value from the Acceleration table is used. Cell values should only be entered into the Braking table where a different value is required from the Acceleration table.

The Desired Slip table specifies the value above which additional diff lock will be applied, according to the slip control setup parameters.

The Acceleration and Braking tables specify %lock in 0.5% units.

The Desired Slip table specifies desired slip in 0.1 km/h units.

For more information on the diff control strategy, see the MDC2 Functionality section.

#### **Editing Tables**

Cell values in the tables may be incremented/decremented using the Page Up/Page Down keys, or entered directly.

Table regions may be selected, cut, copied and pasted within the application, or to an Excel spreadsheet.

An entire table region can be filled with a value by selecting the region, entering the value, then pressing Enter.

Basic maths operations can be performed on a single cell or an entire table region. To perform an operation on all cells within a region, select the region then enter the number followed by the operator (+,-,/,\*).

#### Examples:

To add 15 to all values in a region, select the region then type 15+

To multiply all values in a region by 0.8, select the region then type 0.8\*

#### **Mode Notes**

Comments about each user mode may be entered in the Notes field, and are stored with the configuration.

#### User Mode Table Font

The font type and size for the User Mode Tables may be changed using the File | Select Font option.

### File | Setup | Input Setup

#### Speed

The speed detection method can be selected as ABS CAN (default) or Wheel Speed. The appropriate parameters are shown when a speed detection method is selected. If the wheel speed method is selected then the wheel speed sensors must be wired directly to the MDC2.

#### Speed Calibration

The speed calibration applies to all four wheel speed inputs.

Pulses/revolution:

Number of sensor pulses per wheel revolution

Circumference units:

Units (mm or inches) used to specify the rolling circumference

Rollina circumference:

Tyre rolling circumference, specified in mm or inches

#### Sensor Enable

The four speed sensors (Front Left, Front Right, Rear Left and Rear Right) can be individually enabled or disabled. A disabled sensor has a speed of 0km/h. Factory default is all sensors enabled.

#### Speed Sensor

For Wheel Speed speed measurement method only.

#### Hall/Magnetic:

If the speed sensor type is hall effect (or equivalent), a hall switching threshold must be specified. If the speed sensor type is magnetic, the Magnetic Levels table (on the Input Tables tab) must be configured. Factory default is Hall.

#### Hall threshold:

The switching threshold for hall effect speed sensor inputs. Factory default is 2.2V.

#### Input Sources

#### Throttle Position:

The throttle position can be taken from CAN messages from the ECU (default) or by optionally wiring the throttle position sensor directly to the MDC2 throttle position input pin. If the optional *Input Pin* source is used, the throttle position sensor is calibrated using the table on the Input Tables tab.

#### Handbrake/Parkbrake:

The handbrake status can be taken from CAN messages from the body computer (default) or by optionally wiring the handbrake switch directly to the MDC2 handbrake input pin.

#### Brake Pedal:

The brake pedal status can be taken from CAN messages from the body computer (default) or by optionally wiring the brake pedal switch directly to the MDC2 brake input pin.

#### ECU Type

The ECU type option must match the installed ECU (MoTeC M800 or factory ECU).

### File | Setup | Input Tables

#### Magnetic Levels

If magnetic wheel speed sensors are used, the sensor thresholds must be specified in the magnetic levels table. Thresholds are configured separately for front and rear sensors.

Up to 11 ascending speeds can be specified in the table and linear interpolation is used between points.

#### **Throttle Position**

If the throttle position input source is the input pin then the throttle position sensor must be calibrated.

The Throttle Position table allows the throttle position sensor to be calibrated in up to 11 steps, with linear interpolation between points. The table specifies the throttle position characteristic between the TP Low voltage (0%in) and the TP High voltage (100%in).

The Read buttons for the throttle sensor high and low voltages can be used to calibrate the sensor if the MDC2 is powered and connected to the PC. To calibrate, press the TP High Read button with the throttle pedal fully depressed, then press the TP Low Read button with the throttle pedal fully released.

### File | Setup | Output Setup

#### Hydraulic Pressure

The hydraulic pressure thresholds determine the accumulator pressures at which the pump is turned on and off.

The MDC2 can be configured to use the factory defaults or adjustable thresholds, specified in kPa.

#### Allow CAN diagnostics

The CAN data stream can be disabled or enabled. This feature may be used to prevent reverse engineering of user control modes.

### File | Setup | User Modes

#### Lock Table Axis

The Y-axis of the user mode lock tables is configurable as *Throttle Position* or *ECU Efficiency*.

The *ECU Efficiency* option should only be used when the vehicle is fitted with a correctly configured MoTeC M800 ECU. See Appendix D – ECU Communications for more details.

#### Slip Control

Enable Slip Control:

If slip control is enabled then the Desired Slip table and the slip control parameters are used to determine how much extra diff lock is applied to control wheel slip.

If slip control is disabled then the Desired Slip table has no effect.

Max slip control:

This parameter specifies the maximum amount of diff lock (%lock) that can be added to attempt to control slip.

Slip control range:

This parameter is the amount of measured slip (km/h) above the desired slip at which the *Max slip control* lock will be applied. If the amount of measured slip is within the range (desired slip + slip control range), then the amount of slip diff lock applied is proportional to how far the measured slip is away from the desired slip.

For more detail on slip control parameters, and slip control examples, see *Slip Control* in the MDC2 Functionality section.

#### Speed Axis

Up to 11 values can be specified for the speed axis that is used in all of the user mode Braking and Acceleration tables. The axis values must be ascending and duplicate values are not allowed. Spacing between values is not fixed, allowing non linear axes.

#### Throttle Axis or MAP Axis

Up to 11 values can be specified for the throttle or ECU Efficiency axis that is used in all of the user mode tables. The table type (throttle or ECU Efficiency) is determined by the *Lock Table Axis* option. The axis values must be ascending and duplicate values are not allowed. Spacing between values is not fixed, allowing non linear axes.

### Monitoring MDC2 Data

Live data from a connected MDC2 may be monitored using the *Online | Monitor Channels* option (or the F3 hotkey) to open the Monitor Channels window.

### Sending Firmware

The MDC2 firmware is user upgradeable from a PC connected to the MDC2 CAN bus with the MoTeC UTC (USB To CAN) or the MoTeC CAN cable.

To upgrade the firmware the MDC2 must be powered and connected to a PC with the MDC2 Manager software installed. Use *Online | Send Firmware* to send the current firmware to the MDC2.

# **MDC2** Installation

The MDC2 is fitted in pace of the factory AYC / ACD ECU underneath the dashboard.

To install the MDC2, remove the entire factory AYC / ACD ECU bracket and unclip the plastic case from the bracket. The MDC2 can be attached to the bracket with double sided tape or  $Velcro^{TM}$  before the bracket is reinstalled.

# **Appendices**

# Appendix A – Fault Codes

The MDC2 fault flags included in the CAN diagnostics are sent as a bit field (16 bit) with the following faults:

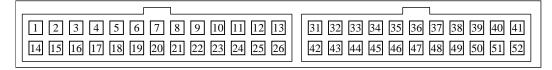
Bit 0 (0x0001 = 1)	Bad Configuration (CRC failure)
Bit 1 (0x0002 = 2)	Short circuit pump output
Bit 2 (0x0004 = 4)	Hydraulic pressure sensor failure
Bit 3 (0x0008 = 8)	Pump run time fault (pump could not achieve min pressure threshold)
Bit 4 (0x0010 = 16)	Wheel speed CAN messages (from ABS) timed out
Bit 5 (0x0020 = 32)	Handbrake status CAN messages (from body computer) timed out
Bit 6 (0x0040 = 64)	Brake pedal status CAN messages (from body computer) timed out
Bit 7 (0x0080 = 128)	ECU CAN messages timed out

The MDC2 diagnostic flags included in the CAN diagnostics are sent as a bit field (16 bit) with the following faults:

Bit 1 (0x0002 = 2)	Steering position sensor not found on CAN
Bit 2 (0x0004 = 4)	Yaw/G sensor not found on CAN

# Appendix B - MDC2 Pinout and Links

### **MDC2 Connector Pinout**



The 26 pin MDC2 connector connects to the factory wiring loom.

The 22 pin MDC2 connector offers inputs and outputs for custom wiring such as direct wheel speed inputs.

Pin	Function Notes		
1	ACD valve output Switched positive output		
4	CAN-HI (main CAN bus)		
5	CAN-LO (main CAN bus)		
6	5V Aux		
7	Hydraulic pressure sensor		
8	0V		
9	CAN-HI (secondary CAN bus)	To Yaw/G sensor	
10	CAN-LO (secondary CAN bus)	To Yaw/G sensor	
11	Steering wheel mode switch		
13	Battery -		
16	Battery +		
19	0V		
20	Pump relay output	Switched positive output	
31	0V		
32	Front left speed sensor input	Magnetic or Hall	
33	Front right speed sensor input	Magnetic or Hall	
34	Rear left speed sensor input	Magnetic or Hall	
35	Rear right speed sensor input	Magnetic or Hall	
36	Brake pedal input	12V when brakes applied	
37	Handbrake input	0V when handbrake ON	
38	Throttle position sensor input	0-5V	
39	5V Aux		
40	0V		
41	0V		
42	Battery +	Output for auxiliary equipment	
43	Battery +	Output for auxiliary equipment	
44	0V		
45	0V		
46	CAN-HI (main CAN bus)		
47	CAN-LO (main CAN bus)		
48	SNOW light output Active low		
49	GRAVEL light output Active low		
50	TARMAC light output Active low		
51	0V		
52	0V		

### Appendix C - CAN Wiring Practices

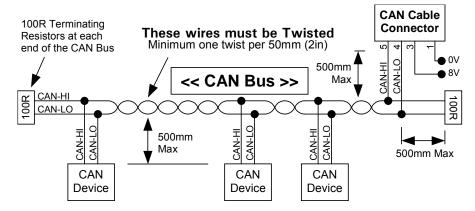
A CAN bus should consist of a twisted pair trunk with 100R (0.25Watt) terminating resistors at each end of the trunk.

The preferred cable for the trunk is 100R Data Cable but twisted 22# Tefzel is acceptable.

The maximum length of the bus is 16m (50ft) including the *MoTeC* CAN Cable (PC to CAN Bus Communications Cable)

CAN Devices (such as *MoTeC* ADL, M800 etc) may be connected to the trunk with up to 500mm (20in) of twisted wire.

The connector for the CAN Communications Cable may also be connected to the trunk with up to 500mm (20in) of twisted wire and should be within 500mm of one end of the trunk. If desired two CAN Cable connectors may be used so that the *MoTeC* CAN Cable may be connected to either side of the vehicle. Both connectors must be within 500mm of each end of the trunk.



#### **Short CAN Bus**

If the CAN Bus is less than 2m (7ft) long then a single termination resistor may be used. The resistor should be placed at the opposite end of the CAN Bus to the CAN Cable connector.

# Appendix D - ECU Communications

The MDC2 communicates with the factory ECU or a MoTeC M800 ECU using the main CAN bus.

When used in conjunction with an M800 ECU the MDC2 controls the thermo fan, the tacho and the dash temperature gauge based on data received from the M800.

The M800 must be correctly configured to transmit all the required channels:

- Throttle position for diff control
- · Engine efficiency for diff control (optional)
- Engine temperature for dashboard temperature gauge
- Fan duty for thermo fan control
- ECU temperature for thermo fan control (to cool the under bonnet ECU)
- · RPM for dashboard tacho

The MoTeC supplied EVO-X M800 configuration has the appropriate channels and communications preconfigured for the MDC2. This M800 configuration is also preconfigured to receive several channels from the M800 for logging or control purposes.

# Appendix E – CAN Messages

The MDC2 communicates on the main CAN bus running at 500kbit/s.

MDC2 operational data messages are each transmitted at 50Hz.

MDC2 diagnostic messages are each transmitted at 25Hz.

### 50Hz Messages

CAN ID	CAN ID 0x1F4		
Byte	Data		
0	Compound Id = 0		
1	Diff Current Average (0.01A resolution)		
2	Vehicle Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)		
3			
4	Front Wheels Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)		
5			
6	Rear Wheels Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)		
7			

CAN ID	CAN ID 0x1F4		
Byte	Data		
0	Compound Id = 1		
1	Diff Current Minimum (0.01A resolution)		
2	Yaw rate (0.1 deg/sec resolution)		
3			
4	Lateral G (0.001G resolution)		
5			
6	Longitudinal G (0.001G resolution)		
7			

CAN ID	CAN ID 0x1F4		
Byte	Data		
0	Compound Id = 2		
1	Diff Current Maximum (0.01A resolution)		
2	Hydraulic Pressure (1kPa resolution)		
3			
4	Percentage Diff Lock (0.1% resolution)		
5			
6	Steering Angle (1deg Resolution)		
7	Odeg = centre, +deg = clockwise, -deg = anticlockwise		

CAN ID	CAN ID 0x1F4		
Byte	Data		
0	Compound Id = 3		
1	Diff+ Voltage (0.1V reso	lution)	
2	Fault Flags (See Append	dix A – Fault Codes)	
3			
4	Diagnostic Flags (See A	ppendix A – Fault Codes)	
5	Speed sensor noise faul	t flags:	
	Front Left	= 0x01 (bit 0)	
	Front Right	= 0x02 (bit 1)	
	Rear Left	= 0x04  (bit 2)	
	Rear Right	= 0x08  (bit 3)	
	BrakeStatus Flags:		
	Handbrake On	= 0x20  (bit 5)	
	Brake Pedal On	= 0x80 (bit 7)	
6	MDC2 Mode		
7	0 = Diff open		
	1 to 4 = MDC2 user mod	des	
	5 = Constant diff lock		

CAN ID	CAN ID 0x1F4			
Byte	Data			
0	Compound Id = 4			
1				
2	Diff PWM duty (0.1% resolution)			
3				
4	Front Right Wheel Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)			
5				
6	Front Left Wheel Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)			
7				

CAN ID	CAN ID 0x1F4			
Byte	Data			
0	Compound Id = 5			
1				
2	Slip Control Percentage Diff Lock (0.1% resolution)			
3				
4	Rear Right Wheel Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)			
5				
6	Rear Left Wheel Speed (0.1 km/h resolution)			
7				

# 25Hz Messages

CAN ID 0x1F5				
Byte	Bits	Data		
0	47	Compound Id = 0		
	04	Reserved		
1				
2		Aux 5V Output Voltage (0.01V resolution)		
3				
4		Battery Voltage (0.01V resolution)		
5				
6		MDC2 Internal temperature (1°C resolution with +50°C offset)		
7				

CAN ID 0x1F5				
Byte	Bits	Data		
0	47	Compound Id = 1		
	04			
1		Speed sensor noise fault flags		
		Front Left = 0x01		
		Front Right = 0x02		
		Rear Left = 0x04		
		Rear Right = 0x08		
2		Diagnostic Flags (See Appendix A – Fault Codes)		
3				
4		Fault Flags (See Appendix A – Fault Codes)		
5				
6		MDC2 Firmware version		
7		eg. 123 = V1.23		