



CLAX SURE LINK PERSONRIL 43A1

Revision: 2022-11-30

Version: 01.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and supplier

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: CLAX SURE LINK PERSONRIL 43A1

1.2 Recommended use and restrictions on use

Identified uses:

Laundry bleach and destainer

Restrictions of use:

Uses other than those identified are not recommended

1.3 Details of the supplier

Diversey Australia Pty. Limited

Unit 8, 55 Newton Road, Wetherill Park, NSW, 2164

1-7 Bell Grove, Braeside, VIC 3195

Telephone: 1800 647 779 (toll free)

Email: aucustserv@diverse.com

Website: diversey.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Seek medical advice (show the label or safety data sheet where possible)

Call 1800 033 111 (24hrs)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Oxidising liquids, Category 2

Flammable liquids, Category 4

Skin corrosion, Category 1A

Serious eye damage, Category 1

Acute toxicity, oral, Category 4

Acute toxicity, skin, Category 4

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3

2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H227 - Combustible liquid.

H272 - May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H302 + H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Prevention statement(s):

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P220 - Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P235 - Keep cool.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapours.

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response statement(s):

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage statement(s):

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s):

P501 - Dispose of unused content as chemical waste.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

2.4 Classification diluted product:

Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 4

Not classified as hazardous

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.1 Substances / Mixtures**

Ingredient(s)	CAS#	EC number	Weight percent
hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	231-765-0	10-30
acetic acid	64-19-7	200-580-7	10-30
peracetic acid	79-21-0	201-186-8	3-10

Non-hazardous ingredients are the remainder and add up to 100%.

Workplace exposure limit(s), if available, are listed in subsection 8.1.

SECTION 4: First aid measures**4.1 Description of first aid measures****General Information:**

Symptoms of intoxication may even occur after several hours. It is recommended to continue medical observation for at least 48 hours after the incident. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.

Skin contact:

Wash skin with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Eye contact:

Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth. Immediately drink 1 glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician. Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.

Self-protection of first aider:

Consider personal protective equipment as indicated in subsection 8.2.

First aid facilities:

Shower and eyewash facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary. Eyewash facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**Inhalation:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact:

Causes severe burns.

Eye contact:

Causes severe or permanent damage.

Ingestion:

Ingestion will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found in section 11.

Poison Information Center: Call 13 11 26 (Australia Wide).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No special hazards known.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing including gloves and eye/face protection.

5.4 Hazchem code

2P

2 - Fine water spray.

P - Liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Dilute.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Turn off all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust or vapour. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear eye/face protection. Wear suitable gloves.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Ensure adequate ventilation. Dyke to collect large liquid spills. Absorb onto dry sand or similar inert material. Do not use fabric, sawdust, paper or other inflammable materials (danger of spontaneous combustion). Do not place spilled materials back into the original container. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see subsection 8.2. For disposal considerations see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1 Precautions for safe handling****Measures to prevent fire and explosions:**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use non-sparking tools.

Measures required to protect the environment:

For environmental exposure controls see subsection 8.2.

Advices on general occupational hygiene:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not mix with other products unless advised by Diversey. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. See chapter 8.2, Exposure controls / Personal protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local and national regulations. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container. Keep only in original packaging. Keep cool. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep at temperature not exceeding 35 °C. For conditions to avoid see subsection 10.4. For incompatible materials see subsection 10.5.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No specific advice for end use available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1 Control parameters****Workplace exposure limits**

Air limit values, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Long term value(s) (TWA)	Short term value(s) (STEL)	Peak value(s)
hydrogen peroxide	1 ppm		

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	1.4 mg/m ³		
acetic acid	10 ppm 25 mg/m ³	15 ppm 37 mg/m ³	

Biological limit values, if available:

8.2 Exposure controls

The following information applies for the uses indicated in subsection 1.2 of the Safety Data Sheet. If available, please refer to the product information sheet for application and handling instructions. Normal use conditions are assumed for this section.

Recommended safety measures for handling the undiluted product:

Covering activities such as filling and transfer of product to application equipment, flasks or buckets

Appropriate engineering controls: If the product is diluted by using specific dosing systems with no risk of splashes or direct skin contact, the personal protection equipment as described in this section is not required.

Appropriate organisational controls: Avoid direct contact and/or splashes where possible. Train personnel.

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection: Safety glasses or goggles (AS/NZS 1337.1). The use of a full-face shield or other full-face protection is strongly recommended when handling open containers or if splashes may occur.

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant protective gloves (AS/NZS 2161.10). Verify instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time, as provided by the gloves supplier. Consider specific local use conditions, such as risk of splashes, cuts, contact time and temperature.
Suggested gloves for prolonged contact: Material: butyl rubber Penetration time: ≥ 480 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.7 mm
Suggested gloves for protection against splashes: Material: nitrile rubber Penetration time: ≥ 30 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm
In consultation with the supplier of protective gloves a different type providing similar protection may be chosen.

Body protection: Wear chemical-resistant clothing and boots in case direct dermal exposure and/or splashes may occur (EN 14605).

Respiratory protection: If exposure to liquid particles or splashes cannot be avoided use: half mask (EN 140) with particle filter P2 (EN 143) or full-face mask (EN 136) with particle filter P1 (EN 143) Consider specific local use conditions. In consultation with the supplier of respiratory protection equipment a different type providing similar protection may be chosen. Specific applications tools may be available to limit exposure. Please refer to the product information sheet for the possibilities. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits, if available.

Environmental exposure controls: Should not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Recommended safety measures for handling the diluted product:

Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 4

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only in well ventilated areas.

Appropriate organisational controls: No special requirements under normal use conditions.

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection: No special requirements under normal use conditions.

Hand protection: No special requirements under normal use conditions.

Body protection: No special requirements under normal use conditions

Respiratory protection: Trigger spray bottle application: No special requirements under normal use conditions. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits, if available.

Environmental exposure controls: No special requirements under normal use conditions.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	Method / remark
Physical state: Liquid	
Colour: Clear , Colourless	
Odour: Product specific	
Odour threshold: Not applicable	
pH: =< 2 (neat)	ISO 4316
Dilution pH: ≈ 3 (1%)	ISO 4316
Melting point/freezing point (°C): -30	Not relevant to classification of this product
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): Not determined	

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Flammability (liquid): Combustible.
Flash point (°C): > 73 °C
Sustained combustion: Not applicable.
 (UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, section 32, L.2)

closed cup

Evaporation rate: Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable to liquids
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit (%): Not determined
Vapour pressure: Not determined
Relative vapour density No data available
Relative density: ≈ 1.11 (20 °C)
Solubility in / Miscibility with water: Fully miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No information available.

Not relevant to classification of this product

Not relevant to classification of this product
OECD 109 (EU A.3)

Substance data, partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): see subsection 12.3

Autoignition temperature: Not determined
Decomposition temperature: ≥ 60 (°C) SADT (self-accelerating decomposition temperature)
Viscosity: Not determined
Explosive properties: Not explosive. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
Oxidising properties: May intensify fire; oxidiser. Weight of evidence

9.2 Other information

Surface tension (N/m): Not determined
Corrosion to metals: Not corrosive

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1 Reactivity**

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Reacts with alkali. Keep away from products containing chlorine-based bleaching agents or sulphites.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Oxygen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Mixture data:.

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 Oral 1020 mg/L	Species Rat	Method Weight of evidence
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Acute dermal toxicity

LD50 Dermal 1147 mg/L US EPA	Species Rabbit
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(rabbit)

Acute inhalation toxicity**LC50 (Vapour)** No data available (mist)**Relevant calculated ATE(s):**

ATE - Oral (mg/kg): 1000
 ATE - Dermal (mg/kg): 1100
 ATE - Inhalatory, mists (mg/l): 2.5

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	LD ₅₀	> 300-2000	Rat	Weight of evidence	
acetic acid	LD ₅₀	3310	Rat	Weight of evidence	
peracetic acid	LD ₅₀	> 50-2000	Rat	Substance was tested as 5 % aqueous solution OECD 401 (EU B.1)	

Acute dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	LD ₅₀	> 2000	Rabbit	Substance was tested as 35 % aqueous solution	
acetic acid		No data available			
peracetic acid	LD ₅₀	1147	Rabbit	EPA OPP 81-2 Substance was tested as 5 % aqueous solution	

Acute inhalative toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	LC ₀	No mortality observed (vapour)	Rat	Method not given	4
acetic acid	LC ₅₀	> 40	Rat	Weight of evidence	4
peracetic acid	LC ₅₀	> 0.05-0.5 (dust) (mist)	Rat	EPA OPP 81-3 Substance was tested as 5 % aqueous solution	

Irritation and corrosivity

Skin irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
hydrogen peroxide	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	
acetic acid	Corrosive	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
peracetic acid	Corrosive	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	

Eye irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
hydrogen peroxide	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	
acetic acid	Severe damage	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	
peracetic acid	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	

Respiratory tract irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
hydrogen peroxide	Irritating to respiratory tract		Method not given	
acetic acid	No data available			
peracetic acid	Irritating to respiratory tract	Rat	Method not given	

Sensitisation

Sensitisation by skin contact

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	Method not given	
acetic acid	Not sensitising		Method not given	
peracetic acid	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	OECD 406 (EU B.6) / Buehler test	

Sensitisation by inhalation

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
hydrogen peroxide	No data available			
acetic acid	No data available			
peracetic acid	No data available			

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Mutagenicity

Ingredient(s)	Result (in-vitro)	Method (in-vitro)	Result (in-vivo)	Method (in-vivo)
hydrogen peroxide	No evidence for mutagenicity	OECD 471 (EU B.12/13)	No evidence of genotoxicity, negative test results	Method not given
acetic acid	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 471 (EU B.12/13)	No data available	
peracetic acid	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 471 (EU B.12/13)	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	Method not given

Carcinogenicity

Ingredient(s)	Effect
hydrogen peroxide	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results
acetic acid	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results
peracetic acid	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results

Toxicity for reproduction

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Specific effect	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Remarks and other effects reported
hydrogen peroxide			No data available				No evidence for reproductive toxicity
acetic acid			No data available				No evidence for reproductive toxicity
peracetic acid	NOAEL		200	Rat	Not known		

Repeated dose toxicity

Sub-acute or sub-chronic oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
hydrogen peroxide	NOAEL	100	Mouse	OECD 408 (EU B.26)	90	
acetic acid		No data available				
peracetic acid	NOAEL	23.4	Rat	Weight of evidence	90	No adverse effects observed

Sub-chronic dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				
acetic acid		No data available				
peracetic acid		No data available				

Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
hydrogen peroxide	NOAEL	7	Mouse	OECD 413 (EU B.29)	28	
acetic acid		No data available				
peracetic acid		No data available				

Chronic toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Specific effects and organs affected	Remark
hydrogen peroxide			No data available					
acetic acid			No data available					
peracetic acid			No data available					

STOT-single exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
hydrogen peroxide	No data available
acetic acid	No data available
peracetic acid	Not applicable

STOT-repeated exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
hydrogen peroxide	No data available
acetic acid	No data available
peracetic acid	No data available

Aspiration hazard

Substances with an aspiration hazard (H304), if any, are listed in section 3.

Potential adverse health effects and symptoms

Effects and symptoms related to the product, if any, are listed in subsection 4.2.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**12.1 Toxicity**

No data is available on the mixture.

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:

Aquatic short-term toxicity

Aquatic short-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	LC ₅₀	16.4	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	EPA-OPPTS 850.1075	96
acetic acid	LC ₅₀	75	<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	Method not given	96
peracetic acid	LC ₅₀	13	<i>Fish</i>	OECD 203, semi-static	96

Aquatic short-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	EC ₅₀	2.4	<i>Daphnia pulex</i>	Method not given	48
acetic acid	EC ₅₀	95	<i>Daphnia magna Straus</i>	Method not given	24
peracetic acid	EC ₅₀	0.73-3.3	<i>Daphnia magna Straus</i>	OECD 202 (EU C.2)	48

Aquatic short-term toxicity - algae

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
hydrogen peroxide	EC ₅₀	1.38	<i>Chlorella vulgaris</i>	OECD 201 (EU C.3)	72
acetic acid	EC ₅₀	300.82	<i>Not specified</i>	Method not given	72
peracetic acid		No data available			

Aquatic short-term toxicity - marine species

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)
hydrogen peroxide	ErC ₅₀	1.38	<i>Skeletonema costatum</i>	Method not given	72
acetic acid		No data available			
peracetic acid		No data available			

Impact on sewage plants - toxicity to bacteria

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Inoculum	Method	Exposure time
hydrogen peroxide	EC ₅₀	466	<i>Activated sludge</i>	Method not given	
acetic acid	EC ₁₀	1000	<i>Pseudomonas putida</i>	Method not given	0.5 hour(s)
peracetic acid		No data available			

Aquatic long-term toxicity

Aquatic long-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Effects observed
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		(mg/l)			time	
hydrogen peroxide	NOEC	4.3	<i>Pimephales promelas</i>	Method not given	96 hour(s)	
acetic acid		No data available				
peracetic acid	NOEC	0.00094	<i>Brachydanio rerio</i>	OECD 210	33 day(s)	

Aquatic long-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide	NOEC	1	<i>Daphnia pulex</i>	Method not given	48 hour(s)	
acetic acid		No data available				
peracetic acid	NOEC	0.0121	<i>Daphnia magna</i>	Method not given	33 day(s)	

Aquatic toxicity to other aquatic benthic organisms, including sediment-dwelling organisms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw sediment)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity

Terrestrial toxicity - soil invertebrates, including earthworms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - plants, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - birds, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - beneficial insects, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - soil bacteria, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
hydrogen peroxide		No data available				

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation

Abiotic degradation - photodegradation in air, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
hydrogen peroxide	24 hour(s)	Method not given	OH radical	

Abiotic degradation - hydrolysis, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time in fresh water	Method	Evaluation	Remark
hydrogen peroxide	No data available			

Abiotic degradation - other processes, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Type	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
hydrogen peroxide		No data available			

Biodegradation

Ready biodegradability - aerobic conditions

Ingredient(s)	Inoculum	Analytical method	DT ₅₀	Method	Evaluation
hydrogen peroxide	Activated sludge, aerobe	Specific analysis (primary degradation)	> 50 % in < 1 day(s)		Not applicable (inorganic substance)
acetic acid	Activated sludge, aerobe		96% in 20 day(s)		Readily biodegradable
peracetic acid				Method not given	Readily biodegradable

Ready biodegradability - anaerobic and marine conditions, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT ₅₀	Method	Evaluation
hydrogen peroxide					No data available

Degradation in relevant environmental compartments, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT ₅₀	Method	Evaluation
hydrogen peroxide					No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Evaluation	Remark
hydrogen peroxide	-1.57		No bioaccumulation expected	
acetic acid	-0.17	Method not given	No bioaccumulation expected	
peracetic acid	No data available		Not relevant, does not bioaccumulate	

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remark
hydrogen peroxide	1.4		QSAR	Low potential for bioaccumulation	
acetic acid	3.16		Method not given	No bioaccumulation expected	
peracetic acid	No data available				

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption/Desorption to soil or sediment

Ingredient(s)	Adsorption coefficient Log K _{oc}	Desorption coefficient Log K _{oc} (des)	Method	Soil/sediment type	Evaluation
hydrogen peroxide	2				Mobile in soil
acetic acid	No data available				Potential for mobility in soil, soluble in water
peracetic acid	No data available				Mobile in aqueous environment

12.5 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Waste from residues / unused products:**

The concentrated contents or contaminated packaging should be disposed of by a certified handler or according to the site permit. Release of waste to sewers is discouraged. The cleaned packaging material is suitable for energy recovery or recycling in line with local legislation.

Empty packaging**Recommendation:**

Dispose of observing national or local regulations.

Suitable cleaning agents:

Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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**ADG, IMO/IMDG, ICAO/IATA**

14.1 UN number: 3149

14.2 UN proper shipping name:

Hydrogen peroxide and peroxyacetic acid mixture, stabilized (hydrogen peroxide, peroxyacetic acid)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Transport hazard class (and subsidiary risks): 5.1(8)

14.4 Packing group: II

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Environmentally hazardous: Yes

Marine pollutant: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user: None known.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: The product is not transported in bulk tankers.

Other relevant information:

Hazchem code: 2P

IMO/IMDG

EmS: F-H, S-Q

The product has been classified, labelled and packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADG7.7 Code and the provisions of the IMDG Code.

Transport regulations include special provisions for certain classes of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

National regulations	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.
Poison schedule	Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).
Classification	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.
Inventory listing(s)	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: All components are listed on the inventory, or are exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is based on our best present knowledge. However, it does not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and does not establish a legally binding contract

SDS code: MS31001222

Version: 01.0

Revision: 2022-11-30

Additional information:

Acids: When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse.

Respirators: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

Work practices - solvents: Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The

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control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

Exposure standards - Time Weighted Average (TWA) or Workplace Exposure Standard (WES) (NZ): Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

Personal protective equipment guidelines: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Health effects from exposure: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Safety Data Sheet which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
- AUH - Non GHS hazard statement
- DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit
- EC No. - European Community Number
- EC50 - effective concentration, 50%
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
- LD50 - Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose
- NOAEL - No observed adverse effect level
- NOEL - No observed effect level
- OECD - Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
- PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
- STOT-RE - Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
- STOT-SE - Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

End of Safety Data Sheet