

Child Labour Policy

In accordance with our Code of Conduct Child Labour is not allowed throughout our entire supply chain.

DEFINITION OF A CHILD

The definition of a child, is a person under the age of 15. Unless country regulations stipulates a higher age, in which case the higher age shall apply.

DEFINITION OF A YOUNG WORKER

The definition of a young worker, is any worker from 15 (or 16) year of age until 18 years of age.

THE REQUIREMENTS

Suppliers must ensure that Child Labour is not present in our supply chain.

- MOS MOSH A/S does not accept any form of employment of children below the minimum age mentioned above.
- The factory must have proper hiring systems in place to prevent children from working at the factory. Records of age verification must be kept at all times.
- If the factory is providing childcare facilities, they must ensure that the children remain at that area and never enter into production areas.
- Young workers should only perform light work, which does not encompass working with dangerous chemicals, heavy lifting or dangerous machinery.
- Young workers should not be subjected to work that can be harmful to their health or physical, mental, spiritual, moral or social development.
- MOS MOSH A/S must be informed immediately if confirmed child labour is detected.
- If child labour is detected at the production units, the supplier is requested to make sure that proper measures in the best interest of the child are taken and below Child Labour Policy shall apply.

IN CASE OF CHILD LABOUR

In cooperation with the supplier a satisfactory solution, taking into consideration the child's age, social situation and education must be found.

Any measures taken should always aim to improve, not worsen, each child's situation.

If children are to be replaced from improper working, then the factory should continue to pay the wages to the child until it reaches the legal age for working. If possible, a member of the child's family should be offered the position and paid a minimum wage. This is in order to secure a stable private economy of the child and its family.

If the child has finished primary school, the child should be offered education that supports the child's further development until it reaches the legal age for working, after which the child should be offered the job again on the same terms as other workers in the factory.

MOS MOSH A/S reserves the right to involve non-governmental organizations with the purpose of driving the process to secure the child's future.

If supplier refuses to cooperate in implementing this policy after child labour has been confirmed, we will terminate all business with said supplier.

However, if the opposite, we will continue our cooperation with the supplier and help to ensure, that a child is not hired into the factory again.