## **Velva Cream**

## Frigid Fluid Company

Chemwatch: **5178-50** Version No: **3.1.1.1** 

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 29/05/2015 Print Date: 01/06/2015 Initial Date: Not Available S.GHS.USA.EN

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Velva Cream
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Cosmetic Cream – Moisture Barrier.

#### Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	Frigid Fluid Company	
Address	1631 W Grand Ave Melrose Park 60164 IL United States	
Telephone	+1 708-836-1215	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	Not Available	
Email	Not Available	

#### Emergency telephone number

As	ssociation / Organisation	Not Available
	Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-424-9300
Oth	er emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

Not considered a Hazardous Substance by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). Not classified as Dangerous Goods for transport purposes.



GHS Classification	Not Applicable

## Label elements

GHS label elements Not Applicable

SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE

## Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

## **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

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### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
Not Available	100	Ingredients determined not to be hazardous

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  ► Wash out immediately with fresh running water.  ► Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  ► Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.  ► Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.	
Skin Contact	Wipe off excess with absorbent tissue or towel.  Seek medical attention if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>	

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Extinguishing media**

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide
- ▶ Water spray or fog Large fires only.

## Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility ▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

## Advice for firefighters

## Fire Fighting

- ▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- ▶ Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.
- ▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.

## Fire/Explosion Hazard

- Combustible. ▶ Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.
- Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.
- ▶ On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).
- May emit acrid smoke.
- ▶ Mists containing combustible materials may be explosive.

## **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	Clean up all spills immediately. Slippery when spilt. Wipe up. Place in clean drum then flush area with water.
Major Spills	Slippery when spilt.  Minor hazard.  Clear area of personnel.  Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.  Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment as required.  Prevent spillage from entering drains or water ways.
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

## Velva Cream

## **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

# Safe handling

None required when handling small quantities.

- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Wash and dry hands after using.
- Use good occupational work practices.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- ▶ Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this MSDS.
- Store in original containers.
- ▶ Keep containers securely sealed
- ▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.

  - ▶ Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
  - Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
  - Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.

|Store in areas between 40 and 80°F or 5 and 33°C.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

Other information

- ▶ Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
- Storage incompatibility
- Avoid reaction with oxidising agents
- Avoid strong bases

#### PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

## **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

#### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Velva Cream	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	Not Available	Not Available

## **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering controls

None under normal operating conditions.

## Personal protection







No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE:

Safety glasses with side shields.

## Eye and face protection

▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available.

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Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	None under normal operating conditions.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	None under normal operating conditions.

## Recommended material(s)

#### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

Thermal hazards

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the  $\ \ computer$ generated selection:

Not Available

Velva Cream Not Available

СРІ
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## Respiratory protection

Not Available

Not Applicable

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\* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

- B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion
- C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final

selection must be based on detailed observation. - $^{\star}$  Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as

"feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

## **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	White cream with a floral odour; slightly mixes with water.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	<1
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>100	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	~25
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Partly miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

## **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	<ul> <li>Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>Product is considered stable.</li> <li>Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul>
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

## **SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product	
Ingestion	Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments Ing	estion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting
Skin Contact	Not considered an irritant through normal use. Excessive use or prolonged contact may lead to defatting, drying and irritation o	of sensitive skin
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).	
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a matter of course.	
Velva Cream	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
Leaend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.	* Value obtained from manufacturer's msds. Unless otherwise specified data

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0

extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	0	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend:

✓ – Data required to make classification available

🗶 – Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification Data Not Available to make classification

**CMR STATUS** 

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Toxicity

## Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
	No Data available for all ingredients

#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

## **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

## **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

## **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Not Applicable

Not Applicable	
National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Y
Canada - DSL	Υ
China - IECSC	Y
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Y
Japan - ENCS	Y
Korea - KECI	Y
New Zealand - NZIoC	Y
Philippines - PICCS	Y
USA - TSCA	Y
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

## **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Other information

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Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at: www.chemwatch.net

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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