

SAFETY DATA SHEET – Part.1

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/830

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Spectrum UltraLine L210 MMA Paint

Product Inclusion Part.1 of this document covers all colour variants in the Spectrum UltraLine L210 MMA

Based Paint range - Base only.

Container Size 8kg

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified UsesBase for road coating based on methacrylate resins paints and varnishes. For professional

user/industrial user only.

Uses advised against All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Meon Ltd.

Railside

Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU

+44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 808 118 1922

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317

2.2. Label Elements

CLP Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s) H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

Precautionary statement(s) P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed. P264: Wash thoroughly after use.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/respiratory protection/eye

protection/protective footwear.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501: Dispose of the contents and/or its container in line with regulations on dangerous

waste or packaging and waste packaging

respectively.

Supplementary information Contains 2,2'- ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate, Methyl methacrylate, n-butyl

acrylate, Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-methylphenyl) imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-

(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino].

EUH211: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

Do not breathe spray or mist.

Substances that contribute to

the classification

n-butyl acrylate (CAS: 141-32-2); Methyl methacrylate (CAS: 80-62-6); 2,2'-

ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate (CAS: 109-16-0)

2.3. Other hazards

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Non-applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture composed of additives, pigments and resins

Components

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Chemical name/Classification	
	n-butyl acrylate ⁽¹⁾		
	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315;		
CAS: 141-32-2	Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 – Warning		5 - <15 %
	GHS02	~	
	GHS07		
	Wng		

	Methyl methacrylate ⁽¹⁾		
	Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317;		
CAS: 80-62-6	STOT SE 3: H335 – Danger	\wedge	
CA3. 00 02 0			5 - <15 %
	GHS02		
	GHS07		
	Dgr		
CAS: 109-16-0	2,2´-ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate ⁽¹⁾		
CA3. 109-10-0	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315;		1 - <5 %
	Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	·	
CAS: 38668-48-3	1,1´-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol	^	
CA3. 38008-48-3	Acute Tox. 2: H300; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2:		<0.5 %
	H319 - Danger		
	Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-		
	methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-		
CAS: Not applicable	hydroxyethoxy) ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]-	(!)	<0.5 %
	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Dam. 1:	V V	
	H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger		

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

	· .	
General	information	

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

Inhalation

This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation. However, in case of intoxication symptoms it is recommended to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist.

Ingestion/Aspiration

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

Eye contact

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Flammable. Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media If possible, use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use

foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created

that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Advice or firefighters Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective

clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit) in accordance

with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on

actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the

products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8).

Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2. Environmental precautions

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibers, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3).

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures for storage Mi

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum Time.: 6 months

General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment.

Identification	Environmental limits		
n-butyl acrylate	WEL (8h)	1 ppm	5 mg/m³
CAS: 141-32-2 EC: 205-480-7	WEL (15 min)	5 ppm	26 mg/m ³
Methyl methacrylate	WEL (8h)	50 ppm	208 mg/m³

CAS: 80-62-6	EC: 201-297-1	WEL (15 min)	100 ppm	416 mg/m ³
C/ 13. 00 02 0	LC. 201 237 1	VVLL (13 IIIIII)	1 100 ppiii	416 mg/m ³

DNEL (Workers):

		Short exposure		Long ex	cposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
n-butyl acrylate	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 141-32-2	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
EC: 205-480-7	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	11 mg/m³
Methyl methacrylate	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Non- applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 80-62-6	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	13.67 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 201-297-1	Inhalation	Not applicable	416 mg/m³	348.4 mg/m ³	208 mg/m ³
2,2´- ethylenedioxydiethyl	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Non- applicable	Not applicable
dimethacrylate	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	13.9 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 109-16-0 EC: 203-652-6	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	48.5 mg/m³	Not applicable
1,1´-(p-	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.7 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 38668-48-3 EC: 254-075-1	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	2.47 mg/m ³	Not applicable

DNEL (General population):

ldoutification		Short exposure		Long ex	cposure
Identification		Systemic	Local		
Methyl methacrylate	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	8.2 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 80-62-6	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	8.2 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 201-297-1	Inhalation	Not applicable	208 mg/m ³	74.3 mg/m³	104 mg/m ³
2,2'-	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	8.33 mg/kg	Not applicable
ethylenedioxydiethyl	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	8.33 mg/kg	Not applicable
dimethacrylate CAS: 109-16-0 EC: 203-652-6	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	14.5 mg/m³	Not applicable
1,1´-(p-	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.25 mg/kg	Not applicable
tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 38668-48-3 EC: 254-075-1	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

PNEC:

110.				
Identification				
	STP	3.5 mg/L	Fresh water	0.003 mg/L
n-butyl acrylate CAS: 141-32-2	Soil	1 mg/kg	Marine water	0 mg/L
EC: 205-480-7	Intermittent	0.011 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.034 mg/kg
20. 200 .00 /	Oral	Not applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0.003 mg/kg
Methyl methacrylate	STP	10 mg/L	Fresh water	0.94 mg/L
CAS: 80-62-6	Soil	1.48 mg/kg	Marine water	0.094 mg/L
EC: 201-297-1	Intermittent	0.94 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	10.2 mg/kg

	Oral	Not applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0.102 mg/kg
2,2'-	STP	1.7 mg/L	Fresh water	0.016 mg/kg
ethylenedioxydiethyl	Soil	0.027 mg/kg	Marine water	0.002 mg/L
dimethacrylate CAS: 109-16-0	Intermittent	0.016 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.185 mg/L
EC: 203-652-6	Oral	Not applicable	Fresh water	0.018 mg/kg
1,1'-(p-	STP	199.5 mg/L	Marine water	0.017 mg/L
tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol	Soil	0.023 mg/kg	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.002 mg/L
CAS: 38668-48-3	Intermittent	0.17 mg/L	Sediment (Marine water)	0.163 mg/kg
EC: 254-075-1	Oral	Not applicable	Fresh water	0.016 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding << UKCA

marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of

protection) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.
Mandatory hand Protection	Protective gloves against minor risks	Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420:2004+A1:2010 and EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018
Mandatory face Protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.
Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing	Limited protection against flames.



Safety footwear with antistatic and Heat resistant properties

Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
*	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	*	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash Stations	

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

For complete information see the product datasheet

Appearance

Physical state at 20 °C Liquid

Appearance Viscous

Colour White

Odour Characteristic

Odour threshold Not applicable *

Volatility

Boiling point at atmospheric ≥0 - 200 °C

pressure

Vapour pressure at 20 °C 2254 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C 10115.9 Pa (10.12 kPa)

2086.9 kg/m³

Evaporation rate at 20 °C Not applicable *

Product description
Density at 20 °C

Relative density at 20 °C 2.037 - 2.137Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C Not applicable * Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C Not applicable * Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C >20.5 mm²/s Concentration Not applicable * рΗ Not applicable * Vapour density at 20 °C Not applicable * Partition coefficient n-Not applicable *

octanol/water at 20 °C

Solubility in water at 20 °C

Solubility properties

Decomposition temperature

Melting point/Freezing point

Explosive properties

Not applicable *

Not applicable *

Not applicable *

Not applicable *

Oxidising properties Not applicable *

Flammability

Flash point 21 °C

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable *

Autoignition temperature 292 °C
Lower flammability limit Not available

Upper flammability limit Not available

Not available

Explosive

Lower explosive limit Non-applicable*
Upper explosive limit Non-applicable*

9.2. Other information

Surface tension at 20 °C Non-applicable*
Refraction index Non-applicable*

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature

Shock and friction Contact with air		Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity	
	Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others		
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or		
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct illipact	Тчос аррпсаые	strong bases		

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Contains susbstances highly reactive and can auto-polymerize as a result of internal peroxide accumulation. The peroxides formed in these reactions are extremely shock- and heat-sensitive.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available.

Dangerous health implications

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

^{*} Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

Ingestion (acute effect)

Corrosivity/Irritability

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3. The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal

pain, nausea and vomiting.

Inhalation (acute effect)

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

Corrosivity/Irritability Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains

substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect)

Contact with the skin Produces skin inflammation.

Contact with the eyesBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction)

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see

section 3.

IARC Methyl methacrylate (3); n-butyl acrylate (3); N,N-dimethyl-p-toluidine (2B); Titanium

dioxide (2B); Quartz (1 %< RCS < 10%) (1); Quartz (RCS < 1 %) (1)

Mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Sensitizing effects

Reproductive toxicity

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see

section 3.

Cutaneous

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure

Skin

Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains

substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information Not applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances

Identification	Acute toxicity	Genus	
Methyl methacrylate	LD50 oral	5000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 80-62-6	LD50 dermal	5000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	29.8 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
1,1´-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-ol	LD50 oral	25 mg/kg	Rat

CAS: 38668-48-3	LD50 dermal	Not applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	Not applicable	
2,2´-ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate	LD50 oral	10837 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 109-16-0	LD50 dermal	Not applicable	
EC: 203-652-6	LC50 inhalation	Not applicable	
n-butyl acrylate	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	
CAS: 141-32-2	LD50 dermal	Not applicable	
EC: 205-480-7	LC50 inhalation	Not applicable	
Reaction mass of 2,2´-[(4-	LD50 oral	619 mg/kg	Rat
methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and	LD50 dermal	Not applicable	
Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]- CAS: Non-applicable	LC50 inhalation	Not applicable	

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix)

	Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity	
Oral	>7227.49 mg/kg (Calculation method)	62.4 %
Dermal	>5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Not applicable
Inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	Not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The experimental information related to the ecotoxicological properties of the product itself is not available.

12.1. Toxicity Acute toxicity

Identification Acute toxicity Species Genus					
		•			
	,	-	Fish		
EC50	230 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean		
EC50	5.5 mg/L (96 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae		
LC50	191 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish		
EC50	69 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean		
EC50	170 mg/L (96 h)	Selenastrum capricornutum	Algae		
LC50	16.4 mg/L (96 h)	Danio rerio	Fish		
EC50	Not applicable				
EC50	Not applicable				
LC50	17 mg/L (96 h)	Brachydanio rerio	Fish		
EC50	28.8 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean		
EC50	245 mg/L (72 h)	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Algae		
LC50	110 mg/L (96 h)	Cyprinus carpio	Fish		
EC50	48 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean		
EC50	110 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae		
	LC50 EC50 EC50 LC50 EC50 LC50 EC50 LC50 EC50 LC50 EC50 EC50	EC50 230 mg/L (24 h) EC50 5.5 mg/L (96 h) LC50 191 mg/L (96 h) EC50 69 mg/L (48 h) EC50 170 mg/L (96 h) LC50 16.4 mg/L (96 h) EC50 Not applicable EC50 Not applicable LC50 17 mg/L (96 h) EC50 28.8 mg/L (48 h) EC50 245 mg/L (72 h) LC50 110 mg/L (96 h) EC50 48 mg/L (48 h)	LC50 5.2 mg/L (96 h) Salmo gairdneri EC50 230 mg/L (24 h) Daphnia magna EC50 5.5 mg/L (96 h) Selenastrum capricornutum LC50 191 mg/L (96 h) Lepomis macrochirus EC50 69 mg/L (48 h) Daphnia magna EC50 170 mg/L (96 h) Selenastrum capricornutum LC50 16.4 mg/L (96 h) Danio rerio EC50 Not applicable EC50 Not applicable LC50 17 mg/L (96 h) Brachydanio rerio EC50 28.8 mg/L (48 h) Daphnia magna EC50 245 mg/L (72 h) Desmodesmus subspicatus LC50 110 mg/L (96 h) Cyprinus carpio EC50 48 mg/L (48 h) Daphnia magna PSeudokirchneriella		

Chronic toxicity

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
n-butyl acrylate	NOEC	Not applicable		

CAS: 141-32-2	NOEC	0.136 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Methyl methacrylate	NOEC	9.3 mg/L	Danio rerio	Fish
CAS: 80-62-6	NOEC	37 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
2,2´-ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate	NOEC	Not applicable		
CAS: 109-16-0	NOEC	32 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Identification	Degi	radability	Biodegradabi	ility
n-butyl acrylate	BOD5	Not applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 141-32-2	COD	Not applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 205-480-7	BOD5/COD	Not applicable	% Biodegradable	61.3 %
Methyl methacrylate	BOD5	Not applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 80-62-6	COD	Not applicable	Period	14 days
EC: 201-297-1	BOD5/COD	Not applicable	% Biodegradable	94.3 %
2,2´-ethylenedioxydiethyl dimethacrylate	BOD5	Not applicable	Concentration	10 mg/L
CAS: 109-16-0	COD	Not applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 203-652-6	BOD5/COD	Not applicable	% Biodegradable	85 %
Reaction mass of 2,2´-[(4-	BOD5	Not applicable	Concentration	18 mg/L
methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and	COD	Not applicable	Period	28 days
Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]- CAS: Non-applicable	BOD5/COD	Not applicable	% Biodegradable	1.5 %

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
n-butyl acrylate	BCF	37	
CAS: 141-32-2	Pow Log	2.36	
EC: 205-480-7	Potential	Moderate	
Methyl methacrylate	BCF	7	
CAS: 80-62-6	Pow Log	1.38	
EC: 201-297-1	Potential	Low	
Reaction mass of 2,2'-[(4-	BCF		
methylphenyl)imino]bisethanol and	Pow Log	2.22	
Ethanol 2-[[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl](4-methylphenyl)amino]- CAS: Non-applicable	Potential		

12.4. Mobility in soil

Identification	Α	bsorption/desorption	Volatility		
n hutul condete	Кос	Not applicable	Henry	Not applicable	
n-butyl acrylate CAS: 141-32-2	Conclusion	Not applicable	Dry soil	Not applicable	
EC: 205-480-7	Surface tension	2.598E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not applicable	
Backbard months a malata	Кос	Not applicable	Henry	Not applicable	
Methyl methacrylate CAS: 80-62-6	Conclusion	Not applicable	Dry soil	Not applicable	
EC: 201-297-1	Surface tension	2.551E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not applicable	

2,2´-ethylenedioxydiethyl	Кос	78	Henry	9.26E-6 Pa·m³/mol
dimethacrylate	Conclusion	High	Dry soil	No
CAS: 109-16-0 EC: 203-652-6	Surface tension	Not applicable	Moist soil	No
1.1' (n tabelinaina) dinganan 2	Кос	10	Henry	3.98E-5 Pa·m³/mol
1,1'-(p-tolylimino)dipropan-2-	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
CAS: 38668-48-3	Surface tension	Not applicable	Moist soil	No

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Not described.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Code 08 01 11*

Description waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances

Waste class (Regulation (EU) No Dangerous

1357/2014)

Type of waste (Regulation (EU)

No 1357/2014)

HP3 Flammable, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal

and evaluation

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated.

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for Air Transport.

14.1. UN number

ADR 2019 and RID 2019 UN1263 IMDG 38-16 UN1263 IATA/ICAO 2019 UN1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR 2019 and RID 2019 PAINT IMDG 38-16 PAINT IATA/ICAO 2019 PAINT

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR 2019 and RID 2019 3
IMDG 38-16 3
IATA/ICAO 2019 3
Transport Labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR 2019 and RID 2019 || IMDG 38-16 || IATA/ICAO 2019 || ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR 2019 and RID 2019 No
IMDG 38-16 No
IATA/ICAO 2019 No

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR 2019 and RID 2019

Physico-Chemical properties See Section 9

IMDG 38-16

Special regulations367, 163EmS codeF-E, S-EPhysico-Chemical propertiesSee Section 9

Limited quantities 5 L

Segregation group Not applicable.

IATA/ICAO 2019

Physico-Chemical properties See Section 9

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

ADR 2019 and RID 2019 Not applicable.

IMDG 38-16 Not applicable.

IATA/ICAO 2019 Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH)

Not applicable.

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date

Not applicable.

Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer

Not applicable.

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012

Not applicable.

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products

Not applicable.

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	Flammable liquids	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH) Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays, tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: Other information

Legislation related to safety data sheets

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks Not applicable.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3.

CLP Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

(Inhalation)

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Classification procedure Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Advice related to training Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product,

in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as

well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources http://echa.europa.eu

http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by

road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol—water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.



SAFETY DATA SHEET - Part.2 of 2.

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name MMA Resin Peroxide

Product Inclusion MMA Resin Peroxide – catalyst only.

Container Size 80g

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses Hardener for road marking filler (3 components)

Mix only the Catalyst Part B

Respect the dosage Part B/hardener indicated by the supplier

Professional use only

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Meon Ltd.

Railside

Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU

+44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 808 118 1922

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to regulation EC1272/2008 and amendments

Org. Perox. D Category D – H242

SKIN Sens. 1 – Hazard category 1 – H317 Eye Irrit. 2 – Hazard category 2 – H319

Aquatic Acute. 1 – Hazard category 1 – H400

Aquatic Chronic. 1 – Hazard. Category 1 – H410

Repr. 1B - Hazard Category 1B - H360D

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

H-statement(s) H242 – Heating may cause a fire

H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction H319 – Causes serious eye irritation H360D May damage the unborn child

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

P-statement(s) P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P220 Keep away from strong acids, bases, heavy metals salts and other

reducing substances.

P234 Keep only in original container. P261 Avoid breathing dust/vapours. P273 – Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove cc

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local and national regulation

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture component: dicyclohexyl phthalate CAS: 84-61-7 is on the Candidate List SVHC

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SUBSTANCE [] MIXTURE [X]

Dangerous component(s)

Ingredient	CAS No. EC No. REACH No.	Index	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Concentration
Dibenzoyl peroxide	94-36-0 202-327-6 01-2119511472-50-0001	617-008-00-0	Org. Perox. B – H241 Skin Sens. 1 – H317 Eye Irrit. 2 – H319 Aquatic Acute 1 – H400 (M=10)** Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; M=10	49-52.5%
			GHS01 GHS02 GHS07 Dgr	

Diclohexyl phtalate	84-61-7 201-545-9 01-2119978223-34-0000	607-719-00-4	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360D Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	47.5-51%
			GHS08 GHS07 Dgr	
silicon dioxide obtained by chemical transformation	112926-00-8 7631-86-9 231-545-4 01-2119379499-16-0000	-	Not classified	<0.5%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of inhalation: Move immediately subject to fresh air and keep him calm.

Place the victim in a position where it can easily breathe.

If breathing is difficult, seek medical attention.

In case of skin contact: Wash immediately with non-abrasive soap and plenty of water, at least 15 minutes. If

skin irritation persists, consult a doctor.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open.

If the person uses contact lenses, remove them with caution.

Quickly consult a specialist if irritation persists.

In case of ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Sensitization of the skin - redness, swelling, irritation of the eyes.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media water spray, carbon dioxide, foam, sand.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use halons.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during Contains substances that may result in explosion caused by heat

firefighting The product decomposes in an explosive way from 60°C.

The products of decomposition must be considered as potentially dangerous and precautions must be taken in consequences (mix of benzene, benzoic acid, biphenyl, phenyl benzoate, carbon dioxide).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighting.

Wear full firefighting protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Do not allow fire extinguishing water to contaminate surface or

groundwater systems.

Further information Extinguish a small fire with powder or carbon dioxide then apply water to

prevent re-ignition, containers and equipment located near the fire should be cooled with water; water used to extinguish fire should not get into the

sewer system and waterways.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection and face. Do not let to contaminate the peroxide into drains and ground water; avoid hot, contact with combustible materials and flammable substances.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let enter drains, surface and ground water and soil.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Protect drains. Collect material into sealable plastic containers and transported to the disposal site. Waste should NOT be closed.

Reference to other sections

See section 8 for information on personal protection equipment

See section 13 for disposal information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Weigh at temperature below than +25°C, do not mix directly with reducing agents, promoters, etc. Do not shake, do not throw, etc. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the production and storage. After work, wash your hands every time. Keep work clothing separately and do not take home. Do not use tools that cause sparks.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from sources of ignition, heat, light, at a temperature below +30°C.

Do not smoke, before and after contact with the peroxide wash your hands thoroughly; Only use of a suitable tool material (polyethylene, polypropylene, stainless steel).

7.3. Specific and uses

No information about other applications than the udder in subsection 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulation of the Minister of Labor and Social Policy of 12 June 2018 on the highest allowable concentrations and intensities of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286 of 3 July 2018)

Dibenzoyle peroxide

NDS - 5 mg/m3

NDSCH - 10 mg/m3

TWA - 5 mg/m3

DNEL for workers (Chronic exposure by inhalation systemic) 39 mg/m3.

DNEL for workers (dermal chronic, systemic): 13,3 mg / kg body weight / day

DNEL for workers (dermal chronic, local): 34 µg/cm2

Dicyclohexyl phthalate

NDS: not determined NDSCh: not determined

DNEL for employee (chronic exposure by inhalation, systemic): 35.2 mg/m3

DNEL for workers (dermal chronic, systemic): 0.5 mg/kg/day

DNEL general population (chronic exposure by inhalation, systemic): 0.87 mg/m3
DNEL general population (chronic exposure through the skin, systemic): 0.25 mg/kg/day

DNEL general population (chronic oral, systemic): 0.25 mg/kg/day

Silicon dioxide obtained by chemical transformation

total dust – NDS - 10 mg/m3 respirable dust- NDS - 2 mg/m3

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Make sure that working area is well ventilated. Explosion proof ventilation is recommended.

8.2.2. Individual protection measure, such as personal protective equipment a

Eye/face protection Use safety goggles or face protection from plexiglass.

Skin protection Use appropriate protective antistatic clothing.

Hand protection Use appropriate protective gloves of synthetic rubber like neoprene or butyl-rubber

(thickness: 0.5 mm, rupture time > 8h).

Respiratory protection Use short duration filter unit: Filter A

Thermal hazards in normal work condition no thermal hazard

Hygiene at the workGeneral regulations on hygiene. Do not allow them to cross in the workplace environment,

regulatory exposure limits. After working Remove contaminated clothing - not to take

home. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the production and storage facilities.

After work, wash your hands each time.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Protect against the introduction into the municipal water and sewage system and watercourses.

Dibenzoyl peroxide:

PNEC freshwater: 0.02 μg / I PNEC sea water: 0.002 μg / I

PNEC sediment-freshwater: 0.013 mg / kg PNEC sediment-see water: 0.001 mg / kg

PNEC soil: 0.002 mg / kg soil PNEC STP: 0.35 mg / l

Dicyclohexyl phthalate:

PNEC: freshwater water: 0.00362 mg/l PNEC sea water: 0.000362 mg/l PNEC periodic release: 0.0362 mg/l PNEC sediment- see water: 1.06 mg/kg

PNEC soil: 0.21 mg/kg PNEC STP: 10 mg/

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance- Colour - Odour Solid. Powdery – White - faint odour

pH Ca. 7

Boiling Point [°C] Not determined.
Flash point Not determined.
Evaporate Rate Not determined.
Solubility in water Insoluble
Flammable limits Not applicable.
Vapour pressure Not applicable.
Relative vapour density (related 630kg/ m3

to air)

Gravity 620 kg/m3 - 20°C **Partition coefficient (n**- Not determined.

octanol/water)

Auto ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition temperature +55°C

Viscosity Not applicable.

Explosive propertiesOne component (benzoyl peroxide is explosive)

Oxidising properties Organic peroxide

9.2. Other information

Active oxygen content: 3.24 – 3.47%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

sensitive to exothermic decomposition, decomposition is initiated by heat, contact with impurities (e.g. acids, heavy metal compounds, amines), friction or impact.

10.2. Chemical stability

under heat rapidly disintegrate.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

SADT (self accelerating decomposition temperature) possible at temperature above approximately +55_oC, vapour may form explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid high temperatures, light, pollution, rust.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with rust, copper, heavy metals, strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and strong bases

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

hydrocarbons, derivatives of benzoic acid, irritating, corrosive, flammable gases may be formed in a fire or decomposition.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

The mixture was not tested, application of the conventional method from different substances which compose it.

Acute Toxicity

Chemical name: DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE

Oral: no adverse effect observed

DNEL: 2000 mg/kg bw; LD50(mouse): > 2000 mg/kg

Dermal: no study available

Skin corrosion/irritation: No adverse effect observed – not irritant

Serious eye Adverse effect observed - irritant

damage/irritation:

Respiratory or skin

Adverse effect observed – cause sensitisation by skin contact

sensitisation:

Germ cell mutagenicity: In vitro/in vivo - no adverse effect observed (negative result)

Oral, skin -no relevant information available **Carcinogenicity:**

Inhalation - no data available

Reproductive toxicity: No data available

Not classified based on available information STOT – single exposure STOT - repeated exposure Not classified based on available information Repeated dose toxicity Not classified for repeated dose toxicity

oral: adverse effect observed

NOAEL: 200 mg/kg bw/day (rat, chronic) skin (systemic): no adverse effect observed NOAEL: 833 mg/kg bw/day (rat, chronic) skin (local): adverse effect observed NOAEL: 0.17 mg/cm2 (mouse, chronic) Inhalation (systemic, local): no data available

Not classified based on available information. **Aspiration hazard**

Chemical name: DICYCLOHEXYL PHTHALATE Acute toxicity: LD50 (rat):> 2000 mg / kg Skin corrosion/irritation: Not present - not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation: Eyes - slight irritation - not classified Possible sensitization by skin contact

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation: Germ cell mutagenicity: Does not occur

Carcinogenicity:

Does not occur

Reproductive toxicity:

may damage the unborn child

rat 240 ppm NOAEL No data available

STOT – single exposure

STOT - repeated

No data available

exposure

Repeated dose toxicity NOAEL rat, 50 mg/kg bw../day

Aspiration hazard No data available

SILICON DIOXIDE OBTAINED BY CHEMICAL TRANSFORMATION

oral - LD50 (rat):> 10000 mg / kg Acute toxicity: inhalation - LC0 (rat, 4h): 0.139 mg / I

skin - LC50(rabbit): > 5000 mg / kg

Skin corrosion/irritation: Serious eye

Not present - not classified Not present - not classified

damage/irritation:

Not present - not classified

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation:

Germ cell mutagenicity: Does not occur Carcinogenicity: Does not occur Reproductive toxicity:

Does not occur STOT – single exposure No data available No data available STOT - repeated

exposure

No data available Repeated dose toxicity **Aspiration hazard** No data available

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

The mixture was not tested, application of the conventional method from different substances which compose it.

12.1. Toxicity

Substance(s)			EC50	CL50	LC50	Species
Dibenzoyle peroxide -	NOEC	0.110 mg/l	0.0765 mg/l		0.110 mg/l	Daphnia magna (48h)
factor M = 10						
	NOEC	0.0602 mg/l	0.0602 mg/l			Fish (96h)
	NOEC	0.0711 mg/l	0.0711 mg/l			Alagae (72h)
	NOEC	35 mg/l	35 mg/l			Bacteria (0.5h)
Dicyclohexyl			2mg/l acute			Daphnia magna (48h)
Phthalate			toxic			
	NOEC	0.679 mg/l				Daphnia magna (21
		chronic toxic				days)
					>2 mg/l	Fish (96h)
			_		0.06mg/l	Alagae (72h)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE:

It is hydrolytically unstable under basic conditions, acidic and neutral. Benzoic acid is the major compound produced by the decomposition during hydrolysis.

DICYCLOHEXYL PHTHALATE:

readily biodegradable - 91% - 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE:

Log Kow = 3.2 indicates a low probability of bioaccumulation; readily biodegradable

DICYCLOHEXYL PHTHALATE:

Potential low

Ig Pow 4.82 (25oC)

BCF: 85 – 90

12.4. Mobility in soil

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE:

Koc = 6310 at temp. 20oC

DICYCLOHEXYL PHTHALATE:

substance is insoluble

log Koc=3.46 w temp. 20oC

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product does not contain any BPT or vPvB substance

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Spilled products collect for recycling. The product expired - for recycling. Waste code 16 03 05* "organic wastes containing dangerous substances". The product may be disposed of by incineration. Burning should be done in a location away from buildings and industrial facilities in a specialized furnace to burn waste chemicals. Packaging of the product be disposed of as hazardous waste code 15 01 10* "Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous ..."

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR / RID	IMDG	IATA		
14.1 N° ONU	3106				
14.2 UN proper shipping	PEROXYDE ORGANIQUE de type D, solide (Dibenzoyle peroxyde)				
name					
14.3 Transport hazard	5.2				
classe label	5.2				
14.4 Packing Group	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable		
14.5 Dangerous for	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Environment					
14.6 Special precautions	Tunnel restriction: D	Limited quantities :500g			
for users	Limited quantities: 500g				
14.7 Transport in bulk	Not authorized for carriage in bulk				
(annexe II MARPOL 73/78					
ans IBC code)					

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP Regulation).

European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, 2019 Candidate List SVHC, updated on 16/01/2020:

There is the component of the mixture on the list - Dicyclohexyl phthalate CAS: 84-61-7

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Data not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Relevant H & R phrases from section3

H241 Heating may cause a fire or explosion

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 Irritating to eyes

H360D May damage the unborn child

H400 Very toxic to aquatic organisms

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Abbreviations and acronyms

Explanation of abbreviations / acronyms

BCF - Bio Concentration Factor

DNEL - derived dose level (concentration) at which no observed adverse effect level [mg/kg, mg/l]

PNEC - predicted concentrations do not cause changes in the environment [mg/kg, mg/l]

NOEC - the highest dose, or concentration of a toxic substance at which no adverse effect is observed in its operation.

NOAEL - no observable adverse effect level

NDS Exposure Limit - the average weighted concentration, the impact on the employee, during an 8-hour daily and average weekly working time laid down in the Labour Code, the period of its activity should not cause negative changes in its state of health and in the health of future generations.

NDSCh - Maximum Acceptable Concentrations Momentarily - the average concentration that should not cause adverse changes in the health of the worker, whether in the workplace no longer than 15 minutes and not more than two times during the work shift, with an interval of not less than one hour.

Training: Those involved in trading a hazardous substance should be trained in the handling, safety and hygiene. Drivers should be trained and obtain proper certification in accordance with the requirements of ADR.

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.