

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Spectrum TrafficLine One Pack Epoxy Paint

Product Inclusion This document covers Spectrum TrafficLine One Pack Epoxy Paint all

colours.

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against

Identified UsesSee technical data sheet. For professional use only.Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Meon Ltd.

Railside

Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU

+44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com

## 1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

**Emergency telephone** +44 (0) 808 118 1922

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Classification, Labeling & Packaging Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT, SE. 3 - H336 Rep. Tox. 2 - H361d STOT, RE. 2 -H373.

#### 2.2. Label Elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

**Named Chemicals on Label** 

**Contains:** 

**H-statement(s)** H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged

or repeated exposure.

P-statement(s) P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye

protection and face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice or attention.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Supplemental hazard information** EUH208 Contains 2-butanone oxime. May produce an

allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

PBT and vPvB not applicable.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## **SUBSTANCE [] MIXTURE [X]**

## 3.1 Substance

Not applicable.

### 3.2 Mixtures

**Description of mixture:** Mixture of resins, solvents, pigments and additives.

Dangerous component(s)

Ingredient	Cas-No:	CLP Hazard Statements	Concentration
	EC No:		
	Reach No:		
Toluene	108-88-3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	10.0-25.0%
	203-625-9	Repr. 2, H361d	
	01-21194713110-51	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	
		STOT RE 2 *, H373	
		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
		STOT SE 3, H336	
		GHS02	
		GHS08	
		GHS07	
		Dgr	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	2.5-10.0%
,	215-535-7	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332	
	01-2119488216-32	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312	
		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
		Asp. Tox. 1, H373	
		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
		STOT SE 3, H335	

		GHS02 GHS07 Wng	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4 202-849-4 01-2119489370-35	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 *,H304 STOT RE 2, H332 Asp. Tox. 1, H373 GHS02 GHS07 GHS08 Dgr	<4%
2-pentanone oxime	623-40-5 484-470-6 01-2119980079-27	Acute Tox. 4 *,H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412  GHS07 GHS08	0.1-1.0%

Additional Information: The text for CLP Hazard Statements shown above (if any) is given in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General notes** In case of doubt, or symptom persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek

medical advice.

**In case of inhalation:** Move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Keep person warm and at rest. If

breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Do not

use solvents or thinners.

In case of eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of ingestion: If accidentally swallowed rinse mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is

conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do not induce

vomiting.

**Self-protection of the first aider:** None.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician: None. Specific treatment: None.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

3 | 9

**Suitable extinguishing media** Alcohol-resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray/mist.

Extinguishing media which must

Water jet.

not be used for safety reasons

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during**Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not allow run-off

**firefighting.** from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours.

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Clean preferably with a detergent – avoid use of solvents.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

None.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been included. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should of the conducting type. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame, no sparking tools should be used, avoid skin and eye contact, avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates and spray mist arising from the application of this mixture and avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area, for personal protection see Section 8, never use pressure to empty: container is not a pressure vessel, always keep in containers of same material as the original one, comply with the health and safety at work laws and do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in accordance with the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations, 2002, (DSEAR). The requirements are given in the HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Storage of Dangerous Substances: DSEAR.

4 | 9

#### Notes on joint storage

Store away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store between 5 °C and 25°C in a dry well ventilated place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of iginition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. The principles contained in the HSE guidance note, Chemical Warehousing: The Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances, should be observed when storing this product.

## 7.3. Specific end uses

None.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## **Ingredients with Occupational Exposure Limits**

### (UK WELS)

Name	LTEL – 8hr TWA		STEL – 15min		Notes
	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Toluene	50	191	100	384	Sk
Xylene	50	220	100	441	Sk, BMGV
ethylbenzene	100	441	125	552	Sk

LTEL - Long Term Exposure Limit, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit, TWA - Time-Weighted Average.

ppm - parts per million by volume, mg/m³ - milligrams per cubic metre.

BMGV - Biological Monitoring Guidance Values are given in Table 2 of EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Carc - Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.

Sen - Capable of causing occupational asthma.

Sk - Can be absorbed through the skin. Dermal absorption may lead to systemic toxicity.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Engineering measures** Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be

achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particules and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory

protection must be worn.

**Respiratory protection** If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they

must use appropriate, certified respirators.

**Eye/face protection** Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Hand protection For prolonged or repeated handling, use Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA) OR Viton

Rubber (FluorRuber). Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has

occurred.

Other skin and body protection Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fibre or high

temperature resistant synthetic fibre.

**Environmental exposure controls** Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Viscous Liquid

Colour: Various

**Odour:** Aromatic hydrocarbons.

Melting point/freezing point: >-39.3°C Initial boiling point and boiling: 110-140°C

range

Flash point: 4°C

5 | 9

Vapour pressure: >0.3 kPa

Vapour density(air=1): Heavier than air.

Relative density(g/ml): 1.44-1.52

**Solubility:** Miscible with organic solvents.

Partition coefficient: 2.65-3.20 log Pow

**Auto ignition temperature:** >480

Viscosity: 2.6-2.8 poise.

**Explosive properties:** May form explosives mixture with air.

#### 9.2. Other information

None.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition product.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, (CLP) and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No data available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No data available.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**European List of Waste classification:** 

Waste code	Name of Waste (according to Commission Decision 2000/532/EC):	
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous	
	substances.	

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information contact your local waste authority. Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the local waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **Transport labels:**



**14.1 UN number:** 1263

ADR/RID/AND

IMDG ICAO

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** PAINT

ADR/RID/AND

IMDG ICAO

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3

ADR/RID/AND

IMDG ICAO

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID/AND

IMDG ICAO

14.5 Environmental hazards Non

**14.6 Special precautions for user** Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure.

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event

of an accident or spillage.

ADR Tunnel Restriction Code (D/E)
IMDG EmS F-E, S-E
IMDG Stowage Category B

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

Not applicable.

**IBC** code

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required presuant to:

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, (REACH).

Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures, Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, (CLP).

The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmosphere Regulations, 2002, (DSEAR).

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations, 2002, (COSHH).

The Health and Safety at work etc Act, 1974, (HSWA)

## Approved codes of Practice and Guidance notes relevant to this Safety Data Sheet:

The European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Guidance on the compilation of safety data

sheets, Version 2.1.

CEPE Guideline for Safety Data Sheets, 9th Edition.

HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres.

HSE guidance note, Chemical Warehousing: The Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances.

HSE publication, EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## List of Wastes" Acronym & Abbreviation Key:

BMGV Biological Monitoring Guidance Values are given in Table 2 of EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Sk Can be absorbed through the skin. Dermal absorption may lead to systemic toxicity.

CLP Classification, Labelling & Packaging Regulation

EC European Commission

**EU European Union** 

**US United States** 

**CAS Chemical Abstract Service** 

**EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances** 

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorization of Chemicals Regulation

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

LTEL Long term exposure limit

STEL Short term exposure limit

OEL Occupational exposure limit

ppm Parts per million

mg/m3 Milligrams per cubic meter

TLV Threshold Limit Value

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration

**PEL Permissible Exposure Limits** 

**VOC Volatile organic compounds** 

g/I Grams per liter

mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram

N/A Not applicable

LD50 Lethal dose at 50%

LC50 Lethal concentration at 50%

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration

IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration

PBT Persistent bioaccumulative toxic chemical

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

**EEC European Economic Community** 

ADR International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

**UN United Nations** 

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA International Air Transport Association

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

IBC International Bulk Container

#### Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.