

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Spectrum ViaLine F216 Highway Spec Acrylic Line Marking Paint

Various colours

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified UsesPaint for traffic signs. For professional user only.Uses advised againstAll uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Meon Ltd.

Railside

Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU

+44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 808 118 1922

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008, GB (CLP)

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard,

Category 2, H411;

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225;

Lact.: Reproductive toxicity, effects on or via lactation, H362;

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure,

Category 3, H336

2.2. Label Elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s) Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

> Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statement(s) P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P501 - Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on

hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Supplementary information EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH211: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

Do not breathe spray or mist.

classification

Substances that contribute to the N-butyl acetate (CAS: 123-86-4); Butanone (CAS: 78-93-3); Ethyl acetate (CAS: 141-78-6);

alkanes, C14-17, chloro (CAS: 85535-85-9)

2.3. Other hazards

Product contains PBT/vPvB substances: alkanes, C14-17, chloro

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical description

Acrylic resin

Components

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical Name	Classification	Concentration %
CAS: 123-86-4	N-butyl acetate	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning GHS02 GHS07	5 - <15 %

CAS: 78-93-3	Butanone	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 – Danger GHS02 GHS07	1 - <5 %
CAS: 141-78-6	Ethyl acetate	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT	1 - <5 %
CAS: 85535-85-9	Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Lact.: H362; EUH066 – Warning	1 - <5 %
CAS: 77-99-6	Propylidynetrimethanol	Repr. 2: H361fd - Warning	<0,5 %

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case			
	of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or			
	paraistant disconstant about a the CDC of this product			

persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

Inhalation Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen

supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

Ingestion/Aspiration Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration.

Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been

affected during ingestion.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected

if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should

never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

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Eye contact

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Non-applicable.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media If possible, use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use

foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Advice or firefighters

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form and ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid at all costs any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal

consult section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, spark) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibers, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 30 °C

Maximum Time.: 6 months

General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment.

Identification		Environmental li	mits
N-butyl acetate	WEL (8h)	150 ppm	724 mg/m ³
CAS: 123-86-4	WEL (15 min)	200 ppm	966 mg/m³
Butanone	IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	600 mg/m ³
CAS: 78-93-3	IOELV (STEL)	300 ppm	899 mg/m³
Ethyl acetate	IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	734 mg/m³
CAS: 141-78-6	IOELV (STEL)	400 ppm	1468 mg/m³

Biological limit values:

Identification	NULL	NULL	NULL
Butanone	5 mg/L	Butan-2-one in urine	Post shift
CAS: 78-93-3			

DNEL (Workers):

ldoutification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Not applicable	11 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 204-658-1	Inhalation	600 mg/ m ³	600 mg/ m ³	300 mg/ m ³	300 mg/ m ³
Butanone	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 78-93-3	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	1161mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 201-159-0	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	600 mg/m³	Not applicable
Ethyl acetate	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 141-78-6	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	63 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 205-500-4	Inhalation	1468 mg/m³	1468 mg/m	734 mg/m³	734 mg/m³
	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro EC: 287-477-0	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	47.9 mg/kg	Not applicable
LC. 287-477-0	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	6.7 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Propylidynetrimethanol	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
CAS: 77-99-6	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.94 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 201-074-9	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	3.3 mg/ m ³	Not applicable

DNEL (General population):

lala maifia a ai a m		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate	Oral	2 mg/kg	Not applicable	2 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Not applicable	6 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 204-658-1	Inhalation	300 mg/kg	300 mg/kg	35.7 mg/m ³	35.7 mg/m³
Butanone	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	31 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 78-93-3	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	412 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 201-159-0	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	106 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Ethyl acetate	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	4.5 mg/kg	Not applicable

CAS: 141-78-6	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	37 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 205-500-4	Inhalation	734 mg/m³	734 mg/m³	367 mg/m³	367 mg/m³
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.58 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 85535-85-9	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	28.75 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 287-477-0	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	2 mg/m³	Not applicable
Propylidynetrimethanol	Oral	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.34 mg/kg	Not applicable
CAS: 77-99-6	Dermal	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.34 mg/kg	Not applicable
EC: 201-074-9	Inhalation	Not applicable	Not applicable	0.58 mg/kg	Not applicable

PNFC:

PNEC:				
Identification				
	STP	35.6 mg/L	Fresh water	0.18 mg/L
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4	Soil	0.09 mg/kg	Marine water	0.018 mg/L
EC: 204-658-1	Intermittent	0.36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.981 mg/kg
	Oral	Not applicable	Sediment (Marine water)	0.098 mg/kg
	STP	709 mg/L	Fresh water	55.8 mg/L
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	Soil	22.5 mg/kg	Marine water	55.8 mg/L
EC: 201-159-0	Intermittent	55.8 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	284.74 mg/kg
10. 101 100 0	Oral	1 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	284.74 mg/kg
	STP	650 mg/L	Fresh water	0.24 mg/L
Ethyl acetate	Soil	0.148 mg/kg	Marine water	0.024 mg/L
CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Intermittent	1.65 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1.15 mg/kg
10. 203 300 1	Oral	0.2 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0.115 mg/kg
	STP	80 mg/L	Fresh water	0.001 mg/L
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	Soil	11.9 mg/L	Marine water	0.0002 mg/L
CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0	Intermittent	Not applicable	Sediment (Fresh water)	13 mg/kg
20. 20, 1,, 0	Oral	0.01 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	2.6 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

General safety and hygiene measures in the workplace

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram PPE		Remarks
	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min,	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.
Mandatory hand protection	Thickness: 0.062 mm)	

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material cannot be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.
Mandatory face protection		

Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

Environmental exposure controls

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1 D.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

For complete information see the product datasheet

Appearance

Physical state at 20 °CLiquidAppearanceFluidColourWhiteOdourCharacteristicOdour thresholdNot applicable *

Volatility

Boiling point at atmospheric Not applicable *

pressure

Vapour pressure at 20 °C 4741 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C 18559.54 Pa (18.56 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 20 °C Not applicable *

Product description

Density at 20 °C 1648.1 kg/m³ 1.598 - 1.698Relative density at 20 °C Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C Not applicable * Not applicable * Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C Not applicable * **Concentration** Not applicable * рН Not applicable * Vapour density at 20 °C Not applicable * Partition coefficient n-Not applicable *

octanol/water at 20 °C

Solubility in water at 20 °C
Solubility properties
Decomposition temperature
Melting point/Freezing point
Explosive properties
Not applicable *

Flammability

Flash point 11 °C

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable *

Autoignition temperature315 °CLower flammability limitNot availableUpper flammability limitNot available

Explosive

Lower explosive limit Not applicable *
Upper explosive limit Not applicable *

9.2. Other information

Surface tension at 20 °C Not applicable *
Refraction index Not applicable *

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

ReactivityNo hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended

storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardousUnder the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures

reactions or pressure are not expected.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or
/ Word Strong delas	110t applicable	Avoid direct impact	140t applicable	strong bases

^{*} Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available.

Dangerous health implications

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

Ingestion (acute effect)

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section

Corrosivity/Irritability Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Inhalation (acute effect)

Corrosivity/Irritability

Contact with the eyes

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains

> substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect)

Contact with the skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains

> substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction)

Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see

section 3.

IARC alkanes, C14-17, chloro (2B); Titanium dioxide (2B); Xylene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B);

Ethylbenzene (2B)

Mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Reproductive toxicity May cause harm to breast-fed children

Sensitizing effects

Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see

section 3.

Cutaneous Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain

substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Specific target organ toxicity

(STOT) - single exposure

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases,

loss of consciousness.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more

information see section 3.

Skin Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information

Non-applicable.

Specific toxicology information on

substances

Identification		Acute toxicity	Genus
N-butyl acetate	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethyl acetate	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 141-78-6	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	Not applicable	
Butanone	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix)

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity			
Oral		>5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Not applicable		
Dermal		>5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Not applicable		
Inhalation		>20 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	Not applicable		

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The experimental information related to the ecotoxicological properties of the product itself is not available.

12.1. Toxicity

Identification	Acu	te toxicity	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	LC50	Not applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	Not applicable		
EC: 204-658-1	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Butanone	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 78-93-3	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 201-159-0	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae
Ethyl acetate	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 141-78-6	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 205-500-4	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LC50	>0.1 - 1 (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 85535-85-9 EC: 287-477-0	EC50	>0.1 - 1 (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 (72 h)		Algae

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	NOEC	Not applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	NOEC	23.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethyl acetate	NOEC	9.65 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 141-78-6	NOEC	2.4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Identification	Degra	dability	Biodegradability	
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Not applicable	Concentration	Not applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Not applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Not applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
Butanone	BOD5	2.03 g O ₂ /g	Concentration	Not applicable
CAS: 78-93-3	COD	2.31 g O ₂ /g	Period	20 days
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %
Ethyl acetate	BOD5	1.36 g O ₂ /g	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 141-78-6	COD	1.69 g O ₂ /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.8	% Biodegradable	83 %

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
N-butyl acetate	BCF	4	
CAS: 123-86-4	Pow Log	1.78	
	Potential	Low	
Butanone	BCF	3	
CAS: 78-93-3	Pow Log	0.29	
	Potential	Low	
Ethyl acetate	BCF	30	
CAS: 141-78-6	Pow Log	0.73	
	Potential	Moderate	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Identification	Absorp	tion/desorption	Vola	atility
N-butyl acetate	Кос	Not applicable	Henry	Not applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Not applicable	Dry soil	Not applicable
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not applicable
Butanone	Koc	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 78-93-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethyl acetate	Кос	59	Henry	13.58 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 141-78-6	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.324E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
	Кос	Not applicable	Henry	Not applicable
Propylidynetrimethanol CAS: 77-99-6	Conclusion	Not applicable	Dry soil	Not applicable
Ch3. 11-33-0	Surface tension	2.357E-2 N/m (246.93°C)	Moist soil	Not applicable

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not described.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Code 08 01 11*

Description Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances

Waste class (Regulation (EU) No Dangerous

1357/2014)

Type of waste (Regulation (EU)

No 1357/2014)

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable

Waste management (disposal

and evaluation

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down

the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste

management

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) the community

or state provisions related to waste management are stated.

Community legislation: Directive 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for Air Transport.

14.1. UN number

ADR 2017 and RID 2017 UN1263 **IMDG 38-16** UN1263 IATA/ICAO 2017 UN1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR 2017 and RID 2017 **PAINT IMDG 38-16 PAINT** IATA/ICAO 2017 **PAINT**

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR 2017 and RID 2017 3 3 **IMDG 38-16** IATA/ICAO 2017 3

Transport Labels





14.4. Packing group

ADR 2021 and RID 2017 || IMDG 39-18 || IATA/ICAO 2021 || ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR 2021 and RID 2017 Yes
IMDG 39-18 Yes
IATA/ICAO 2021 Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR 2017 and RID 2021

Physico-Chemical properties See Section 9

Limited quantities 5 L

IMDG 39-18

Special regulations367, 163EmS codeF-E, S-EPhysico-Chemical propertiesSee Section 9

Limited quantities 5 L

Segregation group Non-applicable

IATA/ICAO 2021

Physico-Chemical properties See Section 9

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

ADR 2021 and RID 2017 Non-applicable
IMDG 38-16 Non-applicable
IATA/ICAO 2021 Non-applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	5000	50000
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200	500

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH)

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica must be controlled pursuant to Directive (EU) 2019/130.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use)

(Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

SECTION 16: Other information

Legislation related to safety data sheets

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830).

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3.

CLP Regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children

Repr. 2: H361fd - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Classification procedure STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Lact.: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product,

in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as

well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources http://echa.europa.eu

http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by

road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol—water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

UFI: unique formula identifier

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Disclaimer

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.