

SAFETY DATA SHEET - Part.1

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Spectrum FloorCote X430 Two Pack Epoxy

Product Inclusion Part.1 of this document covers Spectrum FloorCote X430 Two Pack Epoxy.

Base only.

Container Size 3.75L & 15L

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses
Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Meon Ltd.

Railside

Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU

+44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 808 118 1922

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Classification, Labeling & Packaging Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Flammable Liquids, Category 3: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. Acute Toxicity, Category 4: H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Skin Irritation, Category 2: H315 Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sensitisation, Category 1: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Irritation, Category 2: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute Toxicity, Category 4: H332 Harmful if inhaled.

2.2. Label Elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, (CLP)



Signal word Named Chemicals on Label

Contains

H-statement(s)



Warning

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

P-statement(s) P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SUBSTANCE [] MIXTURE [X]

Chemical name and synonyms

Chemical family

Dangerous component(s)

Ingredient	Cas-No:	R-Phrases	Concentration
		CLP Hazard Statements	
epichlorohydrin/bisphenol-a epoxy resin	25036-25-3	H226, H312, H332, H315, H317, H319,	25%-50%
xylene	1330-20-7	H226, H312, H315, H332	25%-50%
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	H226, H336	2.5%-10%
ethylbenzene	00-41-4		

Revision date: 09/07/2018

		H225, H332	<3.4%
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	108-65-6	H226	0.1%-1.0%
hydrocarbons, c9, aromatics		H226, H304, H335, H336, H411, EUH066	0.1%-1.0%
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	H226, H336, EUH066	0.1%-1.0%
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	H304	0.1%-1.0%

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General notes In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognised skin cleanser.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of ingestion: If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is

conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce

vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider: None.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media **Extinguishing media which must** Alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders and water spray/mist.

not be used for safety reasons

Water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazard Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products

may cause a health hazard.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not allow run-off

firefighting. from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

Other information

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Clean preferably with a detergent - avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosiveconcentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use Earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates and spray mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area. For personal protection see Section 8. Never use pressure to empty: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between 5°C and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated

place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

No smoking.

Prevent unauthorised access.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3. Specific end uses

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Limits for occupational exposure and/or biological limit values.

8.2. Exposure controls

Ventilation Provide adequate ventilation.

Mechanical

Eyes Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of

liquids.

Skin Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fibre or of high

temperature resistant synthetic fibre.

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. For prolonged or repeated handling, use Polyvinyl Alcohol (PVA) or Viton Rubber (FluorRubber). Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, they should however not be applied once exposure has

occured.

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they

must use appropriate, certified respirators.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Boiling Point °F: 119-140 **Melting Point:** >-95

Specific gravity:

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): >0.82 kPa

Appearance and Odor:

Percent Volatile by Volume (%):

Evaporation Rate:

Vapor Density (Air = 1): Heavier than air.

Solubility in Water:

9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. (See Section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, (CLP) and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

The European List of Waste classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Waste Code: Name of Waste (according to Commission Decision 2000/532/EC):

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer

apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information contact your local waste authority.

Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the local

waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national

legal provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is required pursuant to :

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, (REACH).

Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures, Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008, (CLP). The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations, 2002, (DSEAR).

Approved Codes of Practice and Guidance notes relevant to this Safety Data Sheet:

The European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets, Version 2.1.

CEPE Guideline for Safety Data Sheets, 9th Edition.

HSE Approved Code of Practice and Guidance, Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations, 2002, (COSHH).

The Health and Safety at Work etc Act, 1974, (HSWA).

HSE guidance note, Chemical Warehousing: The Storage of Packaged Dangerous Substances.

HSE publication, EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

List of Wastes Acronym & Abbreviation Key:

BMGV Biological Monitoring Guidance Values are given in Table 2 of EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Sk Can be absorbed through the skin. Dermal absorption may lead to systemic toxicity.

CLP Classification, Labelling & Packaging Regulation

EC European Commission

EU European Union

US United States

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorization of Chemicals Regulation

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

LTEL Long term exposure limit

STEL Short term exposure limit

OEL Occupational exposure limit

ppm Parts per million

mg/m3 Milligrams per cubic meter

TLV Threshold Limit Value

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration

PEL Permissible Exposure Limits

VOC Volatile organic compounds

g/I Grams per liter

mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram

N/A Not applicable

LD50 Lethal dose at 50%

LC50 Lethal concentration at 50%

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration

IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration

PBT Persistent bioaccumulative toxic chemical

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

EEC European Economic Community

ADR International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA International Air Transport Association

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of

IBC International Bulk Container

This information is provided in accordance with the current status of our knowledge and experience. The Safety Data Sheet describes products with a view to relevant safety requirements. This information does not constitute a warranty of properties, features or qualities.



SAFETY DATA SHEET - Part.2

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) 453/2010

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Name Spectrum FloorCote X430 Two Pack Epoxy

Product Inclusion Part.2 of this document covers Spectrum FloorCote X430 Two Pack Epoxy.

Catalyst only.

Container Size 1.25 & 5L

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance of mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses
Uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Meon Ltd.

Railside

Northarbour Spur Portsmouth PO6 3TU

+44 (0) 23 9220 0606 mail@meonuk.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 808 118 1922

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Classification, Labeling & Packaging Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Flammable Liquids, Category 3: H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irritation, Category 2: H315 Causes skin irritation. Eye Damage, Category 1: H318 Causes serious eye damage.

2.2. Label Elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, (CLP)



Signal word

Danger

Named Chemicals on Label

Contains

H-statement(s) H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

P-statement(s) P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye

protection and face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam to

extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

SUBSTANCE [] MIXTURE [X] Chemical name and synonyms

Chemical family

Dangerous component(s)

Ingredient	Cas-No:	R-Phrases CLP Hazard Statements	Concentration
xylene	1330-20-7		25%-50%
		H226, H312,	
		H315, H332	
butan-1-ol	71-36-3		2.5%-10%
	71-30-3	H226, H302,	2.5/0-10/0
		H315, H318,	
		H335, H336	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General notes In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation: Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped,

administer artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use

recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of ingestion: If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is

conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Self-protection of the first aider:

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguishing media which must Alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders and water spray/mist.

Water jet.

not be used for safety reasons

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazard Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products

may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be

required.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water.

firefighting.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or watercourses.

Other information

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapours. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewage, inform appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Clean preferably with a detergent - avoid use of solvents

6.4. Reference to other sections

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions on safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear anti-static footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Isolate from sources of heat, sparks and open flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates and spray mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in application area. For personal protection see Section 8. Never use pressure to empty: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between 5°C and 25°C in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3. Spe<u>cific end uses</u>

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Limits for occupational exposure and/or biological limit values.

8.2. Exposure controls

Ventilation Provide adequate ventilation.

Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general

extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of

particules and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable

respiratory protection must be worn.

Mechanical

Eyes Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Skin Personnel should wear anti-static clothing made of natural fibre or of high

temperature resistant synthetic fibre.

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they

must use appropriate, certified respirators.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Boiling Point °F: 255

Melting Point: Specific gravity:

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): <10.34 mmHg 21 Appearance and Odor: Dark Liquid,

Percent Volatile by Volume (%):

Evaporation Rate:

Vapor Density (Air = 1): Heavier than air.

Solubility in Water: 9.2. Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. (See Section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Keep away from oxidising agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness andin extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

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12.1. Toxicity

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The European List of Waste classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is

Waste Code: Name of Waste (according to Commission Decision 2000/532/EC):

08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information contact your local waste authority.

Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the local waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

List of Wastes Acronym & Abbreviation Key:

BMGV Biological Monitoring Guidance Values are given in Table 2 of EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

Sk Can be absorbed through the skin. Dermal absorption may lead to systemic toxicity.

CLP Classification, Labelling & Packaging Regulation

EC European Commission

EU European Union

US United States

CAS Chemical Abstract Service

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorization of Chemicals Regulation

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

LTEL Long term exposure limit

STEL Short term exposure limit

OEL Occupational exposure limit

ppm Parts per million

mg/m3 Milligrams per cubic meter

TLV Threshold Limit Value

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA Occupational Safety & Health Administration **PEL Permissible Exposure Limits** VOC Volatile organic compounds g/I Grams per liter mg/kg Milligrams per kilogram N/A Not applicable

LD50 Lethal dose at 50%

LC50 Lethal concentration at 50%

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration

IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration

PBT Persistent bioaccumulative toxic chemical

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

EEC European Economic Community

ADR International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

UN United Nations

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA International Air Transport Association

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

IBC International Bulk Container

This information is provided in accordance with the current status of our knowledge and experience. The Safety Data Sheet describes products with a view to relevant safety requirements. This information does not constitute a warranty of properties, features or qualities.