



Primary changes in adjusted Level 3 Regulations

- ❑ Not wearing a mask in a public place is an offence
- ❑ The C19 compliance officer role is crucial and the appointed person's details must be posted in a prominent place
- ❑ Working from home is still a key consideration
- ❑ All beaches, dams, lakes and rivers are closed in hotspots
- ❑ All public pools are closed
- ❑ Gatherings at public parks are not permitted
- ❑ All social gatherings are prohibited for 2 weeks
- ❑ General rules for permitted gatherings is 50 people indoors and 100 outdoors subject to the 1,5m distancing
- ❑ Sale, dispensing and distribution of liquor is prohibited
- ❑ Use form 7 (last slide) for curfew travel related to work in these hours (21h00 to 06h00)
- ❑ Hotspots extended and aligned with adjusted level 3 regulations.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATIVE GOVERNANCE

NO. R. 1423

29 DECEMBER 2020

DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2002: AMENDMENT OF REGULATIONS ISSUED IN
TERMS OF SECTION 27(2)

2. The Classification of the Regulations is hereby amended by the substitution for Chapter 4 of the following Chapter:

**"CHAPTER 4"
ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 3**

- 32. Application of Alert Level
- 33. Movement of persons
- 34. Mandatory protocols when in a public place
- 35. Attendance of funerals
- 36. Gatherings
- 37. Eviction and demolition of places of residence

- 38. Rental Housing
- 39. Places and premises closed to the public
- 40. Initiation practices
- 41. Controlled visits by members of the public
- 42. Partial re-opening of borders
- 43. Public transport
- 44. Sale and dispensing of liquor
- 45. Operation of economic sector
- 46. Compliance officers
- 47. Offences and penalties".

**"CHAPTER 4
ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 3**

Application of Alert Level

32. The regulations set out in this Chapter apply during Adjusted Alert Level 3.

Movement of persons

33. (1) Every person is confined to his or her place of residence from 21H00 until 06H00 daily, except in areas declared a hotspot, unless a person—

- (a) has been granted permission through directions by the relevant Cabinet member or a permit, which corresponds with Form 7 of Annexure A, to perform a service other than a service related to an activity listed under Table 2; or
- (b) is attending to a security or medical emergency.

(2) Any person who fails to abide by the curfew referred to in subregulation (1) commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or a period of imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Closing time for the following establishments, whether indoors or outdoors, is 20H00:

- (a) Cinemas;
- (b) theatres;
- (c) casinos;
- (d) museums, galleries and archives;
- (e) gyms and fitness centres;
- (f) restaurants;
- (g) venues hosting auctions; and
- (h) venues hosting professional sport.

Mandatory protocols when in a public place

34. (1) For the purposes of these Regulations, a 'face mask' means a cloth face mask or a homemade item that covers the nose and mouth, or another appropriate item to cover the nose and mouth.

(2) The wearing of a face mask is mandatory for every person when in a public place, and any person who fails to comply with a verbal instruction by an enforcement officer to wear a face mask, commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or a period of imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) No person will be allowed to—

- (a) use, operate, perform any service on any form of public transport;
- (b) enter or be in a building, place or premises, including government buildings, places or premises, used by the public to obtain goods or services; or
- (c) be in any public open space, if he or she is not wearing a face mask.

(4) The prohibition in subregulation (3)(c) shall not apply to a person who undertakes vigorous exercise in a public place, provided that the person maintains a distance of at least one and a half metres from any other person, and subject to directions on what is considered to be vigorous, issued by the Cabinet member responsible for health.

(5) An employer may not allow any employee to perform any duties or enter the employment premises if the employee is not wearing a face mask while performing his or her duties.

(6) Every business premises, including, but not limited to, a supermarket, shop, grocery store, retail store, wholesale produce market or pharmacy shall—

- (a) determine their area of floor space in square metres;
- (b) based on the information contemplated in paragraph (a), determine the number of customers and employees that may be inside the premises at any time with adequate space available, on the basis of providing for a social distance of one and a half metres between persons;

- (c) take steps to ensure that persons queuing inside or outside the premises are able to maintain a distance of one and a half metres from each other;
- (d) provide hand sanitisers for use by the public and employees at the entrance to the premises; and
- (e) assign, in writing, an employee or any other suitable person, as the compliance employee, who must ensure—
 - (i) compliance with the measures provided for in paragraphs (a) to (d); and
 - (ii) that all directions in respect of hygienic conditions and limitation of exposure to persons with COVID-19 are adhered to.

(7) Any business whose premises exceeds the maximum number of customers and employees determined in subregulation (6) commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(8) All employers must, adopt measures to promote physical distancing of employees, including—

- (a) enabling employees to work from home or minimising the need for employees to be physically present at the workplace;
- (b) the provision for adequate space;
- (c) restrictions on face to face meetings;
- (d) special measures for employees with known or disclosed health issues or comorbidities, or with any condition which may place such employees at a higher risk of complications or death if they are infected with COVID-19; and
- (e) special measures for employees above the age of 60 who are at a higher risk of complications or death if they are infected with COVID-19.

(9) The requirements as set out in subregulation (6) applies with the necessary changes, to any other building that is not provided for by subregulation (6).

(10) All courier and delivery services shall provide for minimal personal contact during delivery.

Gatherings

36. (1) Every person, when attending a gathering and in order to limit exposure to COVID-19 must—

- (a) wear a face mask;
- (b) adhere to all health protocols;
- (c) maintain a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other; and
- (d) adhere to any other health protocols and social distancing measures as provided for in directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

(2) An owner or operator of any indoor or outdoor facility where gatherings are held must display the certificate of occupancy which sets out the maximum number of persons the facility may hold.

(3) All social gatherings, including faith-based gatherings are prohibited for two weeks, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(4) Gatherings at political events and traditional council meetings are prohibited for two weeks, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(5) Gatherings at a workplace for work purposes are allowed, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols and social distancing measures.

(6) Gatherings at cinemas and theatres are limited to 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.

(7) Gatherings at casinos are limited to 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.

(8) (a) Gatherings at museums, galleries, libraries and archives are limited to 50 persons or less and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used, subject to the strict adherence to the times of operation provided for in regulation 33(3), and further subject to health protocols and social distancing measures, as set out in directions by the relevant Cabinet member.

(b) Gatherings at sports grounds and fields are prohibited for two (2) weeks, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(9) All beaches, dams, lakes and rivers, inclusive of all recreational facilities at these places, are closed to the public in all the areas declared as hotspots.

(10) (a) Beaches that are open to the public in non-hotspots (i.e. Northern Cape) shall—

- (i) only be open between 06H00 and 19H00; and
- (ii) be monitored for compliance with all health protocols and social distancing measures.

(b) The closure of beaches and restrictions on times of operation do not apply to fishermen for fishing purposes, who are in possession of a permit or exemption granted in terms of the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 (Act No. 18 of 1998).

(c) Non-compliance with the prohibitions, conditions and hours of opening of beaches will result in the closure of those beaches throughout the festive season.

(11) All public swimming pools, including recreational facilities at such places, are closed to the public.

(12) (a) Game parks, botanical gardens, aquariums and zoos where access control measures and entry limitations are already in place, will remain open to the public.

(b) Game parks, botanical gardens, aquariums and

zoos that are open to the public shall—

- (i) be open between 09H00 and 18H00; and
- (ii) be monitored for compliance with all health protocols, wearing of face-masks and social distancing measures.

(13) Gatherings at public parks are not permitted.

(14) Gatherings at gyms and fitness centres are limited to 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.

(15) Gatherings at the following places are allowed, subject to the limitations set out below—

(a) restaurants, subject to a maximum of 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used, subject further to strict adherence to the times of operation provided for in regulation 33(3), health protocols and social distancing measures, as provided for in the directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member, after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health;

(b) (i) hotels, lodges, bed and breakfasts, timeshare facilities, resorts and guest houses are allowed full capacity of the available rooms for accommodation, with patrons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other when in common spaces; and

(ii) conferencing, dining and entertainment facilities are subject to a limitation of a maximum of 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold 50 persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used; and

(c) every business premises, including but not limited to supermarkets, shops, grocery stores, produce markets and pharmacies, are subject to a limitation of 50 percent of the floor space, which includes customers and employees, and subject to strict adherence to all health protocols, social distancing measures.

(16) Gatherings at auctions are allowed, subject to a maximum of 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used and further, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols, social distancing measures and directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member, in consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

(17) Sporting activities, including both professional and non-professional matches, by recognised sporting bodies are allowed, subject to

strict adherence to the times of operation as provided for in regulation 33(3) and the following:

(a) Directions for sports matches issued by the Cabinet member responsible for sport after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health;

(b) only journalists, radio, television crew, security personnel, emergency medical services, and the necessary employees employed by the owners of the venue of the sport match, are allowed at the venue of the sport match;

(c) only the required number of players, match officials, support staff and medical crew required for the sport match, are allowed at the venue of the sport match;

(d) no spectators are allowed at the venue of the sports match; and

(e) international sport events involving countries with a low or medium COVID-19 infection and transmission rate are allowed.

(18) An enforcement officer must, where a gathering in contravention of the regulations takes place—

(a) order the persons at the gathering to disperse immediately; and

(b) if the persons refuse to disperse, take appropriate action, which may, subject to the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977), include the arrest and detention of any person at the gathering.

Places and premises closed to the public

39. (1) The following places are closed to the public:

- (a) Night clubs;
- (b) swimming pools, except for—
 - (i) the training of professional athletes; and
 - (ii) swimming contests as referred to in regulation 36(17);
- (c) bars, taverns and shebeens; and
- (d) public parks, including recreational facilities at such places, where there are no access control measures and entry limitations already in place.

(2) The Cabinet member responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs may, by directions, determine a place or premises that must be closed, if there is a risk of any members of the public being exposed to COVID-19 at such a place or premises.

Partial re-opening of borders

42. (1) The 18 land borders which were partially operational, will be fully operational and the 34 land borders which were closed, will remain closed except for the Kosibay Port of Entry which will reopen on 1 January 2021.

(2) Traveling to and from the Republic is allowed, subject to subregulation (3).

- (3) All international travel is permitted subject to—
- (a) the traveler providing a valid certificate of a negative test which was obtained not more than 72 hours before the date of travel;
 - (b) in the event of the traveler's failure to submit a certificate as proof of a negative test, the traveler will be required to do an antigen test on arrival at his or her own costs; and
 - (c) in the event of a traveler testing positive for COVID-19, he or she will be required to quarantine him or herself at his or her own cost.

(4) International air travel is restricted to the following airports—

- (a) OR Tambo International Airport;
- (b) King Shaka International Airport; and
- (c) Cape Town International Airport.

(5) Daily commuters from neighbouring countries who attend or teach at a school in the Republic, and who are allowed entry into and exit from the Republic, subject to compliance with protocols relating to—

- (a) screening for COVID-19 and quarantine or isolation, where necessary;
- (b) the wearing of a face mask;
- (c) transportation; and
- (d) sanitisation and social distancing measures as per the relevant health protocols on safety and prevention of the spread of COVID-19.

(6) All commercial seaports will remain open.

(7) Small crafts will be allowed entry into seaports, in-line with health and border law enforcement protocols.

(8) The resumption of services for visa applications shall be determined in directions issued by the Cabinet member responsible for home affairs.

(9) The Cabinet member responsible for home affairs in consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for health and transport must develop International Travel Containment Protocols to be issued in directions, to ensure that entry into South African ports of entry will only be allowed subject to adherence to ensure COVID-19 positive travelers are not allowed into the Republic.

Public transport

43. (1) For purposes of this regulation "long distance travel" is a trip of 200 km or more.

(2) The Cabinet member responsible for transport must, after consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs, health, police, trade, industry and competition, and justice and correctional services, issue directions for the resumption of different modes of public transport to cater for the gradual return to work of people, in respect of—

- (a) domestic air travel;
- (b) rail, bus services, taxi services;
- (c) e-hailing services; and
- (d) private vehicles.

(3) Bus and taxi services—

- (a) may not carry more than 70 percent of the licensed capacity for long distance travel; and
- (b) may carry 100 percent of the licensed capacity for any trip not regarded as long distance travel in terms of subregulation (1).

(4) A driver, owner or operator of public transport may not allow any member of the public who is not wearing a face mask, to board or be conveyed in a public transport owned or operated by him or her.

(5) The directions to be issued by the Cabinet member responsible for transport must set out the health protocols that must be adhered to and the steps to be followed for the limitation of the exposure of members of the public using public transport to COVID-19.

Sale and dispensing of liquor

44. (1) The sale, dispensing, and distribution of liquor—

- (a) for off-site consumption; and
 - (b) for on-site consumption,
- is prohibited.

(2) The consumption of liquor in public places is prohibited.

(3) The tasting and selling of liquor to the public by registered wineries, wine farms, and other similar establishments registered as micro manufacturers, is prohibited.

(4) The transportation of liquor is prohibited, except where the transportation of liquor is—

- (a) in relation to alcohol required for industries producing hand sanitizers, disinfectants, soap or alcohol for industrial use and household cleaning products;
- (b) for export purposes;
- (c) from manufacturing plants to storage facilities; or
- (d) being transported from any licensed premises for safe keeping.

(5) No special or events liquor licenses may be considered for approval during the duration of the national state of disaster.

(6) The Cabinet member responsible for transport must, after consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs, health, police and trade, industry and competition, issue directions for the transportation and storage of liquor.

(7) The sale, dispensing, distribution, transportation, and consumption of liquor in contravention of subregulations (1), (2), (3), and (4) is an offence.

Operation of economic sector

45. (1) Businesses may operate except for those set out in Table 2.

(2) Relevant health protocols and social distancing measures for persons employed in private residences must be adhered to.

(3) Relevant health protocols and social distancing measures set out in directions must be adhered to, in addition to the occupational health and safety directions issued by the Cabinet member responsible for employment and labour, and applicable labour legislation.

(4) (a) Firms must adhere to any sector-specific health protocols intended to limit the spread of COVID-19 in the sector concerned.

(b) Sector-specific health protocols may address matters such as work rotation, staggered working hours, shift systems, remote working arrangements, special measures affecting persons with greater vulnerabilities or similar measures, in order to achieve social distancing, protect employees or limit congestion in public transport and at the workplace.

(c) Sector-specific health protocols where these are still to be developed, must be developed and issued by Cabinet members responsible for a sector in consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

Compliance officers

46. (1) Industries, businesses and entities, both private and in the public sector, must—

- (a) designate a COVID-19 compliance officer who must oversee—
- (i) the implementation of the plan referred to in paragraph (b); and
 - (ii) strict adherence to the standards of hygiene and health protocols relating to COVID-19 at the workplace;
- (b) develop a plan containing measures to ensure that the workplace meets the standards of health protocols, adequate space for employees and social distancing measures for the public and service providers, as required; and
- (c) retain a copy of the plan for inspection, which plan must also contain the details of the COVID-19 compliance officer.

- (2) A person in control of a retail store or institution must—
- (a) take steps to ensure that customers keep a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other and that all directions in respect of health protocols and social distancing measures are strictly adhered to; and
- (b) designate a compliance officer to ensure that safety controls are strictly adhered to and display the name of the compliance officer prominently in the store or institution in a visible area.

Offences and penalties

47. (1) For the duration of the national state of disaster, any person who hinders, interferes with, or obstructs an enforcement officer in the exercise of his or her powers, or the performance of his or her duties in terms of these Regulations, is guilty of an offence and, on conviction, liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) For the purposes of this Chapter, any person who fails to comply with or contravenes a provision of regulations 33(1);(2) and (3), 34(2), (3) and (7); 40(1), (2) and (3)(b), 43(3)(a), and 44(1), (2), (3) and (4) of these Regulations commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment."

Amendment to Chapter 7 of the Regulations in relation to hotspots



4. Chapter 7 of the Regulations in relation to hotspots is amended by—

(a) the substitution for regulation 82 of Regulations of the following regulation:

"Movement of persons

82. (1) Every person is confined to his or her place of residence from 21H00 until 06H00 daily, unless a person—

- (a) has been granted permission through directions by the relevant Cabinet member or a permit, which corresponds with Form 7 of Annexure A, to perform a service other than a service related to an activity listed under Table 2; or
- (b) is attending to a security or medical emergency.

(2) Any person who fails to abide by the curfew referred to in subregulation (1) commits an offence and is, on conviction, liable to a fine or a period of imprisonment not exceeding six months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Closing time for the following establishments, whether indoors or outdoors, is 20H00:

- (a) Cinemas;
- (b) theatres;
- (c) casinos;
- (d) museums, galleries and archives;
- (e) gyms and fitness centres;
- (f) restaurants;
- (g) venues hosting auctions; and
- (h) venues hosting professional sport. "



(b) the substitution for regulation 83 of the Regulations of the following regulation:

"Attendance of funerals

83. (1) Attendance of a funeral is limited to a maximum of 50 persons, with persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, and if the venue is too small to hold 50 persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.

(2) Night vigils are not allowed.

(3) After-funeral gatherings including "after-tears" gatherings are not allowed.

(4) During a funeral, a person must wear a face mask and adhere to all health protocols and social distancing measures

(5) The duration of a funeral is restricted to a maximum of two hours.";

(c) the substitution for regulation 84 of the Regulations of the following regulation:

"Gatherings

84. (1) Every person, when attending a gathering and in order to limit exposure to COVID-19 must—

(a) wear a face mask;

(b) adhere to all health protocols;

(c) maintain a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other;

(d) strictly adhere to the times of operation provided for in regulation 82(3), except where a person has been granted permission through directions

by the relevant Cabinet member or a permit, which corresponds with Form 7 of Annexure A, to perform a service other than a service related to an activity listed under Table 2; and

(e) strictly adhere to any other health protocols and social distancing measures as provided for in directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

(2) An owner or operator of any indoor or outdoor facility where gatherings are held must display the certificate of occupancy which sets out the maximum number of persons the facility may hold.

(3) All social gatherings, including faith-based gatherings are prohibited for two weeks, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(4) Gatherings at political events and traditional council meetings are prohibited for two weeks, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(5) Gatherings at a workplace for work purposes are allowed, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols and social distancing measures.

(6) Gatherings at cinemas and theatres are limited to 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.

(7) Gatherings at casinos are limited to 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.



(8) (a) Gatherings at museums, galleries, libraries and archives are limited to 50 persons or less and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used, subject to the strict adherence to the times of operation provided for in regulation 82(3), and further subject to health protocols and social distancing measures, as set out in directions by the relevant Cabinet member.

(b) Gatherings at sports grounds and fields are prohibited for two (2) weeks, after which this provision will be reviewed.

(9) All beaches, dams, lakes and rivers, inclusive of all recreational facilities at these places, are closed to the public.

(10) All public swimming pools, including recreational facilities at such places, are closed to the public.

(11) (a) Game parks, botanical gardens, aquariums and zoos and other parks where access control measures and entry limitations are already in place, will remain open to the public.

(b) Game parks, botanical gardens, aquariums and zoos that are open to the public shall—

(i) be open between 09H00 and 18H00; and

(ii) be monitored for compliance with all health protocols, wearing of face-masks and social distancing measures.

(12) Gatherings at public parks are not permitted.

(13) Gatherings at gyms and fitness centres are limited to 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used.

(14) Gatherings at the following places are allowed, subject to the limitations set out below—

(a) restaurants, subject to a maximum of 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used, subject further to strict adherence to the times of operation provided for in regulation 82(3), health protocols and social distancing measures, as provided for in the directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member, after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

(b) (i) hotels, lodges, bed and breakfasts, timeshare facilities, resorts and guest houses are allowed full capacity of the available rooms for accommodation, with patrons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other when in common spaces; and

(ii) conferencing, dining and entertainment facilities are subject to a limitation of a maximum of 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold 50 persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used;



(c) every business premises, including but not limited to supermarkets, shops, grocery stores, produce markets and pharmacies, are subject to a limitation of 50 percent of the floor space, which includes customers and employees, and subject to strict adherence to all health protocols, social distancing measures.

(15) Gatherings at auctions are allowed, subject to a maximum of 50 persons or less for indoor venues and 100 persons or less for outdoor venues and if the venue is too small to hold the prescribed number of persons observing a distance of at least one and a half metres from each other, then not more than 50 percent of the capacity of the venue may be used and further, subject to strict adherence to all health protocols, social distancing measures and directions issued by the relevant Cabinet member, in consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health.

(16) Sporting activities, including both professional and non-professional matches, by recognised sporting bodies are allowed, subject to strict adherence to the times of operation as provided for in regulation 82(3) and the following:

- (a) Directions for sports matches issued by the Cabinet member responsible for sport after consultation with the Cabinet member responsible for health;
- (b) only journalists, radio, television crew, security personnel, emergency medical services, and the necessary employees employed by the owners of the venue of the sport match, are allowed at the venue of the sport match;
- (c) only the required number of players, match officials, support staff and medical crew required for the sport match, are allowed at the venue of the sport match;
- (d) no spectators are allowed at the venue of the sports match; and
- (e) international sport events involving countries with a low or medium COVID-19 infection and transmission rate are allowed.

"Sale and dispensing of liquor

86. (1) The sale, dispensing and distribution of liquor—

- (a) for off-site consumption; and
 - (b) for on-site consumption,
- is prohibited.

(2) The consumption of liquor in public places is prohibited.

(3) The tasting and selling of liquor to the public by registered wineries, wine farms, and other similar establishments registered as micro manufacturers, is prohibited.

(4) The transportation of liquor is prohibited, except where the transportation of liquor is—

- (a) in relation to alcohol required for industries producing hand sanitizers, disinfectants, soap or alcohol for industrial use and household cleaning products;
- (b) for export purposes;
- (c) from manufacturing plants to storage facilities; or
- (d) being transported from any licensed premises for safe keeping.

(5) No special or events liquor licenses may be considered for approval during the duration of the national state of disaster.

(6) The Cabinet member responsible for transport must, after consultation with the Cabinet members responsible for cooperative governance and traditional affairs, health, police and trade, industry and competition, issue directions for the transportation and storage of liquor.

(7) The sale, dispensing, distribution, consumption and transportation of liquor in contravention of subregulations (1), (2), (3) and (4) is an offence."; and

5. Table 2 of the Regulations is hereby substituted for the following Table:

**"TABLE 2
ADJUSTED ALERT LEVEL 3**

All persons who are able to work from home must do so. However, persons will be permitted to perform any type of work outside the home, and to travel to and from work and for work purposes under the Adjusted Alert Level 3, subject to—

- (a) strict adherence to health protocols and social distancing measures;
- (b) the return to work being phased-in in order to put in place measures to make the workplace COVID-19 ready;
- (c) the return to work being done in a manner that avoids and reduces risks of infection; and
- (d) the work not being listed under the specific exclusions in this Table.

SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS

SPECIFIC EXCLUSIONS	
1.	Night vigils.
2.	After-funeral gatherings including "after-tears" gatherings.
3.	Social Gatherings
4.	Night clubs, bars, taverns, shebeens and similar establishments.
5.	Sale, dispensing, distribution and transportation of liquor and the consumption of liquor in public places, save for transportation as allowed in regulations 44 and 86.
6.	Beaches, dams, rivers, lakes, in areas declared as hotspots.
7.	Public parks including public and recreational facilities.
8.	Public swimming pools, except as provided for in regulation 39(1)(b).
9.	The 33 land borders that remain closed.
10.	Initiation practices and post -initiation practices (<i>imigidi</i>) except as specifically allowed in regulations 40 and 85.
11.	Passenger ships for international leisure purposes, excluding small crafts, in-line with health and border law enforcement protocols.
12.	Attendance of any sporting event by spectators.
13.	Exclusions relating to public transport services as set out in the directions issued by the Cabinet member responsible for transport.

DEPARTMENT OF CO-OPERATIVE GOVERNANCE

NO. R. 1424

29 DECEMBER 2020

**DISASTER MANAGEMENT ACT, 2002: (ACT NO. 57 OF 2002):
DETERMINATION OF ALERT LEVELS AND HOTSPOTS**

I, Dr Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma, Minister of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, designated under section 3 of the Disaster Management Act, 2002 (Act No. 57 of 2002), having declared a national state of disaster, by Government Notice No. 313, of 15 March 2020, and extended by Government Notices Nos. 646 of 5 June 2020, 765 of 13 July 2020, 889 of 15 August 2020, 995 of 14 September 2020, 1090 of 14 October 2020, 1225 of 14 November 2020 and 1341 of 11 December 2020, hereby in terms of regulation 3(1) of the Regulations issued by me under section 27(2) of the Disaster Management Act, 2002, upon recommendation of the Cabinet member responsible for health and in consultation with Cabinet, determine as follows:

- (a) Government Notice No. 1345 of 14 December 2020, is hereby withdrawn.
- (b) Alert Level 3, as adjusted, will apply nationally.
- (c) Alert Level 3, as adjusted with additional measures provided for in Chapter 7 of the Regulations issued in terms of section 27(2) of the Disaster Management Act, 2002, will apply in the undermentioned area determined as hotspots:

**GEOGRAPHICAL AREA OR CLUSTER OF GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS
DETERMINED AS HOTSPOTS FOR COVID-19**

WESTERN CAPE PROVINCE	
District	Metro
Garden Route	City of Cape Town
West Coast	
Cape Winelands	
Central Karoo	
Overberg	
EASTERN CAPE PROVINCE	
	Nelson Mandela Bay
	Buffalo City
Sarah Baartman	
Amathole	
Chris Hani	
O R Tambo	
Alfred Nzo	
GAUTENG	
	City of Tshwane
	City of Johannesburg
West Rand	

Ekhuruleni	
KWAZULU-NATAL	
	EThekweni
Umgungundlovu	
Ugu	
Harry Gwala	
Ilembe	
King Cetshwayo	
LIMPOPO	
Waterberg	
Capricorn	
NORTH WEST	
Bojanala	

NC Zuma

DR NKOSAZANA DLAMINI ZUMA, MP
MINISTER OF COOPERATIVE GOVERNANCE AND TRADITIONAL AFFAIRS
DATE: 28.12.2020

"FORM 7

PERMIT TO TRAVEL TO PERFORM A SERVICE

Regulations 66

- Please note that the person to whom the permit is issued must at all times present a form of identification together with this permit. If no identification is presented, the person to whom the permit is issued will have to return to his or her place of residence.

I, being the head of institution, with the below mentioned details,

Surname				
Full names				
Identity number				
Contact details	cell nr.	tel nr(w)	tel nr(h)	e-mail address
Physical Address of Institution				

hereby certify that the below mentioned official/employee is performing services in my institution

Surname	
Full names	
Identity number	
Place of residence of employee	

Signed at _____, on this the _____ day of _____
2020.

Signature of Head of Institution

Official stamp of
Institution