



Failure to complete all fields may delay results. Please call 417-319-1047 with questions. Completed requisition may be emailed to [info@dynamicdnalabs.com](mailto:info@dynamicdnalabs.com), faxed to 417-319-7142, or included with the sample when returned to the lab.

## Polygenic Risk Score (PRS) Test Requisition (to be filled out by referring physician)

Sample Information					
Collection Date	Collection Time	Sample Collected By	Requisition Completed By	Sample Type	Sample Number
				Buccal Swab	
Physician Information					
Physician Name and Credentials		Physician NPI #	Practice Name		
Office Email		Office Fax	Office Phone		
Office Address		City	State	Zip	
<b>Ordering Physician/Authorizing Medical Professional Signature:</b> I hereby authorize testing for this Patient. I have provided information regarding genetic testing, and the Patient has given consent for testing to be performed.					
<b>X</b>					
Patient Information					
Last Name	First Name	DOB	Race/Ethnicity	Gender	MRN
Address		City	State	Zip	
Email			Phone		
Sample Submission Instructions			Reporting of Results		
1. Complete this requisition form in full. 2. Write patient name and DOB on the sample envelope in ink. 3. Carefully follow "Instruction Card" for collection of DNA. 4. Hand deliver to laboratory or place sample envelope and requisition in a poly-mailer or envelope and mail to: Dynamic DNA Laboratories 2144 E Republic Rd, Ste B204 Springfield, Missouri, 65804			Results will be delivered to the signing physician through our online HIPAA-compliant results portal.  Portal Contact Name: _____  Email: _____		
Informed Consent Information					
Submission of a requisition constitutes acknowledgement that the physician understands:					
Results of PRS analyses are not diagnostic. The aim of this analysis is to provide additional information about the patient's risk of disease that is conferred by their genes. This test is meant to be taken into account alongside traditional risk factors (e.g., age, lifestyle, family history).					
This analysis functions by sequencing hundreds of thousands of common genetic variants that have been robustly associated with the disease of interest and employs advanced bioinformatic methods to determine the relative risk of disease. As with all molecular genetic tests, this test has technical limitations that may prevent detection of some common genetic variants, or may give an inaccurate result, due to poor DNA quality, rare technical errors in the laboratory, or other types of unforeseen limitations.					
Furthermore, there may still be additional, as yet unidentified, genetic variants involved in the patient's genetic risk. This test may or may not take into account pathogenic variants in known disease susceptibility genes, which may also contribute to disease risk. Some types of DNA variants that could cause a specific genetic disorder may not be detected by this test. There is also a chance that other rare pathogenic variants may also be present but unidentified which may additionally contribute to the genetic risk of developing a disease.					