

PREMIER FINISHES INC.

Safety Data Sheet White MillWork Primer

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product name White MillWork Primer

Product number 10-575

Other means of identification Primers (Paint or Paint-Related)

Supplier's details

Name Premier Finishes Inc.

Address PO Box 3146

Oregon City, OR 97045

USA

Telephone 503-241-2770 Fax 503-912-1439

email office@premierfinishes.net

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or due to batch variation.

Hazardous components

1. MONOETHANOLAMINE 85% & 99%

Concentration 0.01 - 1 % EC no. 205-483-3

CAS no. 141-43-5 Index no. 603-030-00-8

- Acute toxicity (chapter 3.1), Cat. 4

- Skin corrosion/irritation (chapter 3.2), Cat. 1B

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 4

- Eye damage/irritation (chapter 3.3), Cat. 1

- Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (chapter 3.8), Cat. 3

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard (chapter 4.1), Cat. 2

- Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term hazard (chapter 4.1), Cat. 3

H227 Combustible liquid
H302 Harmful if swallowed

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H401 Toxic to aquatic life

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

2. Propylene Glycol

Concentration 0.01 - 1 % CAS no. 57-55-6

3. Surfynol 104BC

Concentration 0.01 - 1 %

4. Kaolin, calcined

 Concentration
 1 - 5 %

 EC no.
 296-473-8

 CAS no.
 92704-41-1

5. RayRez 191

Concentration 10 - 15 %

6. Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether

Concentration 0.01 - 1 % CAS no. 34590-94-8

- Flammable liquids (chapter 2.6), Cat. 4

- Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (chapter 3.8), Cat. 3

H227 Combustible liquid

H335 May cause respiratory irritation
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))

See OSHA 1910.1200(i)

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled If inhaled: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache,

hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

In case of skin contact If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

In case of eye contact If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation

persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: Causes serious eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or

hazy vision.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting

occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never

give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Acute and delayed symptoms and effects: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset,

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Closed containers may rupture if exposed to fire or extreme heat.

Surfynol 104BC: Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. In the event of fire, cool containers with water spray. Downwind personnel must be evacuated. Fire or intense heat may cause violent rupture of containers. May form explosive mixtures in air. Formation of peroxides is possible.

RayRez 191: Product is non-flammable in the liquid state. Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide on dried product.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions

Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors, spray mists or sanding dust. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of the reach of children.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

CAS: 1332-58-7

Kaolin, Respirable fraction

ACGIH (USA): 2 mg/m3 (no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica) TLV® inhalation; Cal/OSHA: 2 mg/m3, (no asbestos, < 1% crystalline silica) PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 5 mg/m3 REL inhalation; OSHA: 5 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

Kaolin, Total dust

NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 REL inhalation; OSHA: 15 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 141-43-5

Ethanolamine

ACGIH (USA): 3 ppm, (ST) 6 ppm TLV® inhalation; Cal/OSHA: 3 ppm, (ST) 6 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 3 ppm, (ST) 6 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA: 3 ppm PEL inhalation; 6 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 34590-94-8

Dipropylene glycol methyl ether

ACGIH (USA): 100 ppm, (ST) 150 ppm TLV® inhalation; Cal/OSHA: 100 ppm, (ST) 150 ppm PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 100 ppm, (ST) 150 ppm REL inhalation; OSHA: 100 ppm PEL inhalation; 600 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Pictograms





Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Protective gloves and impervious clothing.

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.)

Odor threshold

рΗ

Flammability (solid, gas)

Relative density Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature
Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Explosive properties Oxidizing properties White Liquid.

Not determined.

8.3-9.3

Not applicable. 13.07 wpg

No data available. No data available. No data available. No data available. No data available.

None.

No data available.

Other safety information

Wt. % Solids: 62%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

No data available.

Incompatible materials

MONOETHANOLAMINE 85% & 99%: Oxidizers, acids

Surfynol 104BC: Reactive metals (e.g. sodium, calcium, zinc etc.) Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds. Dehydrating agents. Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Surfynol 104BC: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Aldehydes. Flammable hydrocarbon fragments. Heating above 65C in the presence of strong base can liberate flammable hydrocarbon fragments. Carbon oxides.

RayRez 191: Combustion of the dried product can yield low molecular weight hydrocarbons such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact. Skin contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Symptoms (including delayed and immediate effects):

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing,nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation. Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Eye: see below. Skin: see below.

MONOETHANOLAMINE 85% & 99%: *ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: This compound is irritating to the skin, eyes, lungs and mucous membranes. [058,269]. It may be absorbed through the skin [058]. Hazardous decomposition products may include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen [058,269].

Surfynol 104BC: Acute Oral Toxicity: LD 50: 1,400 mg/kg Species: Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

May cause skin irritation. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

Surfynol 104BC: Moderate skin irritation.

RayRez 191: Repeated or prolonged skin contact with liquid may cause irritation

Serious eve damage/irritation

May cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Surfynol 104BC: Severe eye irritation.

RayRez 191: Eye contact with liquid may cause irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available.

MONOETHANOLAMINE 85% & 99%: *RECOMMENDED RESPIRATOR: Where the neat test chemical is weighed and diluted, wear a NIOSH-approved half face respirator equipped with an organic vapor/acid gas cartridge (specific for organic vapors, HCl, acid gas and SO2) with a dust/mist filter. Splash proof safety goggles should be worn while handling this chemical. Alternatively, a full-face respirator, equipped as above, may be used to provide simultaneous eye and respiratory protection.

Surfynol 104BC: Inhalation - Components Butoxyethanol 2- LC50 (6 h): > 500 ppm Species: Rat Skin - Component of this product has been found to cause mild skin sensitization in a local lymph node assay (LLNA).

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available.

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

No data available.

STOT-single exposure

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration hazard

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

No data available.

Persistence and degradability

No data available.

MONOETHANOLAMINE 85% & 99%: Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: > 70 % - Readily biodegradable

(OECD Test Guideline 301F)

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether: Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 28 d

Result: 76 % - Readily biodegradable

(OECD Test Guideline 301F)

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

MONOETHANOLAMINE 85% & 99%:

http://webnet.oecd.org/ccrweb/ChemicalDetails.aspx?ChemicalID=A51B9C16-0837-416F-9697-991CEC9F46D1

Bioaccumulative (B)?

No

Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether:

http://webnet.oecd.org/ccrweb/ChemicalDetails.aspx?ChemicalID=0F505FF5-E297-4D11-B841-AE6B73A2C59C

Does not bioaccumuate

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

Disposal of contaminated packaging

Do not reuse empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302

SARA 311/312 Hazards

No SARA hazards

SARA 313 Components

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

HMIS Rating



NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

Further information/disclaimer

While the description, data, and information contained herein are presented in good faith and believed to be accurate, it is provided for guidance only. Because many factors may affect application/use, it is recommended that you make tests to determine the suitability of a product for your particular purpose prior to use. No warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, are made regarding the product described, data, or information set forth, or that the product, data, or information may be used without infringing the intellectual property rights of others. In no case shall the description, information, or data provided be considered a part of our terms and conditions of sale. Further, you expressly understand and agree the description, data, and information furnished herein are provided gratis and we assume no obligation or liability for the description, data, and information given or results obtained, all such being given and accepted at your risk. The content of this SDS (a.k.a. MSDS) is copyrighted [(c) PFI]. This SDS may be shared, without changes, and no changes to the PFI content are authorized. Updates to all PFI SDS documents must be obtained directly from PFI. See Section 1 for PFI contact and website information.