

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Carbon dioxide

Issue Date: 16.01.2013  
Last revised date: 28.04.2021

Version: 3.1

SDS No.: 000010021714  
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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name:** Carbon dioxide

**Trade name:** Carbon Dioxide Food Grade, R744, Laserpure, CP Grade

**Other Name:** Carbon Dioxide (Special Gases)

#### Additional identification

**Chemical name:** Carbon dioxide

**Chemical formula:** CO<sub>2</sub>

**INDEX No.** -

**CAS-No.** 124-38-9

**EC No.** 204-696-9

**REACH Registration No.** Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration.

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses:** Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use. Aerosol propellant. Balance gas for mixtures. Beverage applications. Biocidal uses. Blanketing gas. Blast cleaning. Calibration gas. Carrier gas. Chemical synthesis. Combustion, melting and cutting processes. Cooling applications. Fire suppressant gas. Food freezing. Food packaging gas. Freezing, Cooling and heat transfer. Inerting gas. Inflation systems. Laboratory use. Laser gas. Plant growth promoter. Pressure head gas, operational assist gas in pressure systems. Process gas. Purge gas. Refrigerant. Solvent for extraction. Special effects (entertainment). Test gas.

Consumer use. Propellant gas. Shielding gas in gas welding.  
It is the responsibility of the end user to ensure that the product as supplied is suitable for its intended use.

**Uses advised against** Industrial or technical grade is unsuitable for medical and/or food applications or inhalation.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Supplier

iDrink Products / Drinkmate UK  
Mautby Workshop, Hall Road  
Great Yarmouth, Norfolk NR29 3JB

**Telephone:** (0) 8081 962145

**E-mail:** co2@idrinkproducts.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number: 0800 111 333

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

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Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.

**Physical Hazards**

Gases under pressure

Liquefied gas

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. However the cylinder valve contains a bursting disc designed to safely release the contents of the cylinder to atmosphere before test pressure is reached, thus protecting the cylinder.

**2.2 Label Elements**



Signal Word: Warning

Hazard Statement(s): H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Precautionary Statements**

General None.

Prevention: None.

Response: None.

Storage: P403: Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal None.

**Supplemental information**

EIGA-As: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

**2.3 Other hazards**

Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

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**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.1 Substances

**Chemical name** Carbon dioxide  
**INDEX No.:** -  
**CAS-No.:** 124-38-9  
**EC No.:** 204-696-9  
**REACH Registration No.:** Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration.  
**Purity:** 100%  
 The purity of the substance in this section is used for classification only, and does not represent the actual purity of the substance as supplied, for which other documentation should be consulted.  
**Trade name:** Carbon Dioxide Food Grade, R744, Laserpure, CP Grade

Chemical name	Chemical formula	Concentration	CAS-No.	REACH Registration No.	M-Factor:	Notes
Carbon dioxide	CO <sub>2</sub>	100%	124-38-9	Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration.	-	#

The concentrations of the components in the SDS header, product name on page one and in section 3.2 are in mol due to regulatory requirements. All concentrations are nominal.

# # This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).  
 PBT: persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.  
 vPvB: very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.

**SECTION 4: First Aid Measures**

**General:** In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation:** In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped. Low concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub> cause increased respiration and headache.

**Eye contact:** Rinse the eye with water immediately. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical assistance. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes.

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**Skin Contact:** Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Hazards:** Respiratory arrest. Contact with liquefied gas can cause damage (frostbite) due to rapid evaporative cooling.

**Treatment:** Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures**

**General Fire Hazards:** Heat may cause the containers to explode.

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Material will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** None.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:** None.

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** None.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

**Special fire fighting procedures:** In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Use extinguishants to contain the fire. Isolate the source of the fire or let it burn out.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Guideline: EN 469 Protective clothing for firefighters. Performance requirements for protective clothing for firefighting. EN 15090 Footwear for firefighters. EN 659 Protective gloves for firefighters. EN 443 Helmets for fire fighting in buildings and other structures. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.

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**SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: | Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe. EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking. |
| 6.2 Environmental Precautions:   | Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  |
| 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:                | Provide adequate ventilation.  |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections:   | Refer to sections 8 and 13.  |

**SECTION 7: Handling and Storage:**

- |                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 7.1 Precautions for safe handling: | <p>Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Refer to supplier's handling instructions. The substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the container contents. When moving containers, even for short distances, use appropriate equipment eg. trolley, hand truck, fork truck etc. Secure cylinders in an upright position at all times, close all valves when not in use. Provide adequate ventilation. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Avoid suckback of water, acid and alkalis. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. If user experiences any difficulty operating container valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to transfer gases from one container to another. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Depressurisation of liquid CO<sub>2</sub> below approximately 5 bar can create solid CO<sub>2</sub> which may block protective devices, pipework and create dry-ice within containers. Containers, which contain or have contained flammable or explosive substances, must not be inerted with liquid carbon dioxide.</p> |
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**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general conditions and leakage. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible material.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** None.

**SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

**8.1 Control Parameters**

**Occupational Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	Type	Exposure Limit Values	Source
Carbon dioxide	TWA	5,000 ppm 9,150 mg/m3	UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) (12 2011)
	STEL	15,000 ppm 27,400 mg/m3	UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) (12 2011)
	TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3	EU. Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values in Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC, 2006/15/EC, 2009/161/EU (12 2009)

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls:** Consider a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Preferably use permanent leak tight connections (eg. welded pipes). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. CO2 detectors should be used when CO2 may be released.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**General information:** A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

**Eye/face protection:** Safety eyewear, goggles or face-shield to EN166 should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes. Wear eye protection to EN 166 when using gases. Guideline: EN 166 Personal Eye Protection.

**Skin protection**  
**Hand Protection:** Guideline: EN 388 Protective gloves against mechanical risks. Additional Information: Wear working gloves while handling containers

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<b>Body protection:</b>	No special precautions.
<b>Other:</b>	Wear safety shoes while handling containers Guideline: ISO 20345 Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
<b>Respiratory Protection:</b>	When allowed by a risk assessment Respiratory Protective Equipment (RPE) may be used The selection of the Respiratory Protective Device (RPD) must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected RPD. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or positive pressure airline with mask are to be used in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Guideline: EN 137 Respiratory protective devices - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask - Requirements, testing, marking.
<b>Thermal hazards:</b>	No precautionary measures are necessary.
<b>Hygiene measures:</b>	Specific risk management measures are not required beyond good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product.
<b>Environmental exposure controls:</b>	For waste disposal, see section 13.

## SECTION 9: Physical And Chemical Properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

<b>Physical state:</b>	Gas
<b>Form:</b>	Liquefied gas
<b>Colour:</b>	Colourless
<b>Odour:</b>	Odourless
<b>Odour Threshold:</b>	Odour threshold is subjective and is inadequate to warn of over exposure.
<b>pH:</b>	3.2 - 3.7 The pH of saturated CO <sub>2</sub> solutions varies from 3.7 at 101 kPa (1 atm) to 3.2 at 2370 kPa (23.4 atm)
<b>Melting Point:</b>	-56.6 °C
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	-78.5 °C
<b>Sublimation Point:</b>	-78.5 °C
<b>Critical Temp. (°C):</b>	31.0 °C
<b>Flash Point:</b>	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	This product is not flammable.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%):</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flammability limit - lower(%):</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Vapour pressure:</b>	45.1 bar (10 °C)
<b>Vapour density (air=1):</b>	1.522 (21 °C)

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Relative density:	1.512 (-56.6 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in Water:	2.900 mg/l (25 °C)
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	0.83
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature:	Not known.
Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	No data available.
Dynamic viscosity:	0.07 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosive properties:	Not applicable.
Oxidising Properties:	Not applicable.

9.2 Other information:	Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.
Molecular weight:	44.01 g/mol (CO <sub>2</sub> )

## SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity:	No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-section below.
10.2 Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	None.
10.4 Conditions to Avoid:	None.
10.5 Incompatible Materials:	No reaction with any common materials in dry or wet conditions.
10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

General information:	In high concentrations may cause rapid circulatory deterioration even at normal levels of oxygen concentration. Symptoms are headache, nausea and vomiting, which may lead to unconsciousness and even death.
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### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - Oral Product	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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**Acute toxicity - Dermal Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Acute toxicity - Inhalation Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Product** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Aspiration Hazard Product** Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

<b>SECTION 12: Ecological Information</b>
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**12.1 Toxicity**

**Acute toxicity Product** No ecological damage caused by this product.

**12.2 Persistence and Degradability Product**

Not applicable to gases and gas mixtures..

**12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential Product**

The subject product is expected to biodegrade and is not expected to persist for long periods in an aquatic environment.

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**12.4 Mobility in Soil  
 Product**

Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB  
 assessment  
 Product**

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

**12.6 Other Adverse Effects:**

No ecological damage caused by this product.

**SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**General information:**

Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Vent to atmosphere in a well ventilated place.

**Disposal methods:**

Refer to the EIGA code of practice (Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.org>) for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Dispose of container via supplier only. Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to national, state, or local laws.

**European Waste Codes**

**Container:**

16 05 05: Gases in pressure containers other than those mentioned in 16 05 04.

**SECTION 14: Transport Information**

**ADR**                      ADR Special Provision 653 applies to Drinkmate cylinders with 60mm diameter for land transport.

- 14.1 UN Number: UN 1013
- 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: CARBON DIOXIDE
- 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)
  - Class: 2
  - Label(s): 2.2
  - Hazard No. (ADR): 20
  - Tunnel restriction code: (C/E)
- Emergency Action Code: 2T
- 14.4 Packing Group: **P200**
- 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable
- 14.6 Special precautions for user: -

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**RID**

14.1 UN Number: UN 1013  
 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: CARBON DIOXIDE  
 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):  
 Class: 2  
 Label(s): 2.2  
 14.4 Packing Group: -  
 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
 14.6 Special precautions for user: -

**IMDG**

14.1 UN Number: UN 1013  
 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: CARBON DIOXIDE  
 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):  
 Class: 2.2  
 Label(s): 2.2  
 EmS No.: F-C, S-V  
 14.4 Packing Group: -  
 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
 14.6 Special precautions for user: -

**IATA**

14.1 UN Number: UN 1013  
 14.2 Proper Shipping Name: Carbon dioxide  
 14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es):  
 Class: 2.2  
 Label(s): 2.2  
 14.4 Packing Group: -  
 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
 14.6 Special precautions for user: -  
 Other information  
 Passenger and cargo aircraft: Allowed.  
 Cargo aircraft only: Allowed.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code:** Not applicable

**Additional identification:**

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers ensure that they are firmly secured. Ensure that the container valve is closed and not leaking. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Ensure adequate air ventilation.

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**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:**

**EU Regulations**

EU. Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III) on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended.:  
 Not applicable

**National Regulations**

Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (1999 No. 3242). The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005 (2005 No. 1541). Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH, 2002 No. 2677). Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations (PUWER, 1998 No. 2306). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations (1992 No. 2966). Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH, 2015 No. 483). Pressure Systems Safety Regulations (PSSR, 2000 No. 128). Only products that comply with the food regulations (EC) No. 1333/2008 and (EU) No. 231/2012 and are labelled as such may be used as food additives.  
 This Safety Data Sheet has been produced to comply with Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment:** Listed in Annex IV/V of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), exempted from registration. A CSA does not need to be carried out for this product.

**SECTION 16: Other Information**

**Revision Information:** Not relevant.

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**Key literature references and sources for data:**

Various sources of data have been used in the compilation of this SDS, they include but are not exclusive to:  
 Agency for Toxic Substances and Diseases Registry (ATSDR) (<http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/>).  
 European Chemical Agency: Guidance on the Compilation of Safety Data Sheets. <http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx#search>  
 European Industrial Gases Association (EIGA) Doc. 169 "Classification and Labelling guide", as amended.  
 International Programme on Chemical Safety (<http://www.inchem.org/>)  
 ISO 10156:2010 Gases and gas mixtures - Determination of fire potential and oxidizing ability for the selection of cylinder valve outlets.  
 Matheson Gas Data Book, 7th Edition.  
 National Institute for Standards and Technology (NIST) Standard Reference Database Number 69.  
 The ESIS (European chemical Substances 5 Information System) platform of the former European Chemicals Bureau (ECB) ESIS (<http://ecb.jrc.ec.europa.eu/esis/>).  
 The European Chemical Industry Council (CEFIC) ERICards.  
 United States of America's National Library of Medicine's toxicology data network TOXNET (<http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/index.html>)  
 Threshold Limit Values (TLV) from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).  
 Substance specific information from suppliers.  
 Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of publication.  
 EH40 (as amended) Workplace exposure limits.

**Wording of the H-statements in sections 2 and 3**

H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
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**Training information:**

Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training. Ensure operators understand the hazards.

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended.**

Press. Gas Liq. Gas, H280

**Other information:**

Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted. Note: When the Product Name appears in the SDS header the decimal sign and its position comply with rules for the structure and drafting of international standards, and is a comma on the line. As an example 2,000 is two (to three decimal places) and not two thousand, whilst 1.000 is one thousand and not one (to three decimal places).

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**Disclaimer:** This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.