Biology Lab Kit Contents

Eyedropper
Iodine solution
Methylene blue
Methyl cellulose
Wright's blood stain
Microscope Slide Set
Protozoa Culture Kit
Dissecting pan
Dissecting Tools
Clam, freshwater
Grasshopper
Perch
Fetal Pig

Prepared Slides:

Earthworm

Allium (onion) root tip slide
Amoeba proteus slide
Paramecium slide, fission
Ficus (Indian Rubber Tree - dicot) slide, leaf
Ranunculus (Buttercup - dicot) slide, root
Ranunculus (Buttercup - dicot) or Pelargonium (dicot) slide, stem
Zea Mays (Corn - monocot) or Lilium (Lily - monocot) slide, leaf
Zea Mays (Corn - monocot) slide, root
Zea Mays (Corn - monocot) slide, stem

*Dissection Specimens: Dissection specimens are initially preserved with a formaldehyde solution, the best animal tissue fixative. The formaldehyde is then displaced first with water and finally with a glycol solution to produce a moist, low-fume specimen which can be stored almost indefinitely. We recommend that you use specimens within one year of purchase to ensure the best tissue quality. Specimen discoloration over time is normal and does not indicate decay. Store your specimens at normal room temperature--refrigeration is not required. Storage in attics or garages at high temperatures will damage the specimens. Once opened, specimens can be resealed in a Zip-lock bag to prevent them from drying out for later use.