HORIZONTAL TOP BAR HIVE

ASSEMBLY GUIDE



MAINTENANCE

Hive Management Accessories Included 3 corks and 3 bungs (1 bung has a hole in the center to allow limited entry in the winter months)

TO USE: Plug ventilation holes, located on the back side of the hive body, with the 3 corks and plug the entry holes with the bungs to reduce entry. Note that these corks may be lose initially but as your hive ages they will fit more snuggly in the holes.





Natural Finishes optional Tung oil can be liberally applied to all outside cedar surfaces of your hive as a natural sealer. The wood will retain a nice shine and resilience. For the best results, we recommend sealing your hive prior to any outdoor exposure. Never seal the interior of the hive.

NOTE: We encourage you to treat the entirety of the outside of your hive with chemical-free tung oil.

Assembly Questions?

INFO

NAL

Customer service is available daily by email info@beethinking.com or phone (877) 325-2221.





HIVE WINDOW - STEP 1



	HIVE	BC
PARTS & HARDWARE	 1 Window Board 1 Entrance Board 2 Trapezoidal End Boards 1 Bottom Board (can be a screen or solid cedar board) 2 Trapezoidal Divider Boards 28 Top Bars 20 2" Screws 2 1/2" Screws 2 3" screws w/ bushing 	
HIVE BODY ASSEMBLY	 B1. Please refere to step 1 for window assembly. Once window is assembled, continue the following instructions. B2. Align 1 trapezoidal end board with 1 side board. Prop up against a supportive structure and hold these pieces firmly in place. (The bias cut edge of the side board should meet the bottom of the hive). Attach side board to end board with screws in the pre-drilled holes. Repeat step 1 on remaining side using 	the of board oppor B3. Affix b sides v B4. Rotate bushir into th side b roof ir
	hide view f window board	



x bottom board onto the ends and s with 10 screws.

ate body and lay flat. Thread white hings onto 2 3" screws and screw the pre-drilled holes on the end of boards. These screws will hold the f in place. want to lay them side by side without any space between them. All the bars racked together, with the divider boards, will leave 2" gap uncovered. This is by design, and will allow you lateral space when separating bars, or spacing bars during honey-ripening season.

> Top bars placed with

pointed end down



Aerial view of hive body

pointed end



NEW SHINGLE ASSEMBLY

R4. Use diagram below to differentiate the two sides on each shingle. (Side A has a foot edge and side B has a roof edge.) To ensure that all pieces fit together, attach the ridge cap after the shingles are attached to the roof.

R5. Attach the top shingles (which make the peak and rest under the ridge cap) first. Line up one shingle with the flat edge on top the peaked roof end. Once this is lined up, attach one shingle at a time with the predrilled holes.





The ridge cap will not fit if the shingles are not oriented correctly

R6. Fit the ridge cap on the flat surfaces of the peaked roof ends. The ridge cap fits neatly in between the top shingles. If there are gaps, realign the shingles to minimize.

R7. To attach the bottom / lower shingles, slide side A under the roof side of the attached shingles. With a screwdriver or a hand drill, use the pre-drilled holes to attach the last two shingles.

Note: The bottom shingles will have two extra holes, therefore, only two screws are needed.

R8. We always recommend sealing the point of connection between two pieces of wood with silicone or caulk. This ensures a water-tight seal and additional insulation for bees.



