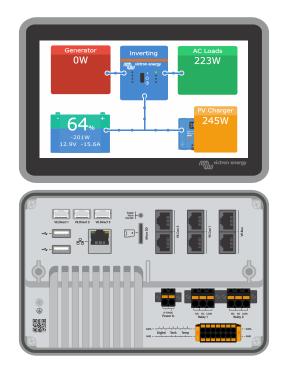


ENGLISH



Ekrano GX Manual

Rev 06 - 11/2023 This manual is also available in HTML5.

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1. Safety instructions



SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS – This manual contains important instructions that shall be followed during installation, setup, operation and maintenance.

- · Please read this manual carefully before the product is installed and put into use
- Make sure you have the latest version of the manual. The most recent version can be downloaded from the product page.
- Install the product in a heatproof environment. Ensure therefore that there are no chemicals, plastic parts, curtains or other textiles, etc. in the immediate vicinity of the equipment.
- Ensure that the equipment is used under the correct operating conditions. Never operate it in a wet environment.
- · Never use the product at sites where gas or dust explosions could occur
- This device is not to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction.



2. Introduction

2.1. What is the Ekrano GX?

The Ekrano GX (EGX) is the newest addition to the GX product family. It is an all-in-one device with built-in 7-inch touchscreen display and extensive connectivity. The Ekrano GX is the successor of the Color Control GX.

GX products are Victron's state-of-the-art monitoring and control solution that run our Venus OS operating system. It sits at the heart of your energy installation. All the other system-components such as inverter/chargers, solar chargers, and batteries are connected to it. The EGX ensures that they all work in harmony.

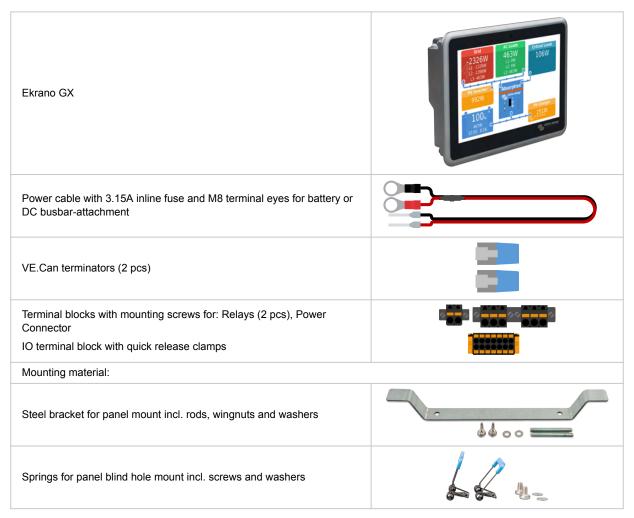
To monitor and control your system, you can simply access it remotely via our Victron Remote Management (VRM) portal from anywhere in the world using an internet connection. Or access it directly, using the integrated touchscreen, a web browser, a Multi-Functional Display (MFD) [89] or our VictronConnect app.

The Remote Console [44] serves as the primary control center for monitoring, controlling and managing your system.

The EGX also provides VRM: Remote firmware updates and allows settings to be changed remotely.

Note that all the information in this manual refers to the latest software. You can check your device has the latest version in the firmware menu (see the Firmware updates [64] chapter) when the GX device is connected to the internet. For installations without internet, you can find the latest version in Victron Professional.

2.2. What's in the box?





3. Installation

3.1. Ekrano GX Overview of connections



Communication ports	ю	Other
3x VE.Direct	2x Digital Inputs	MicroSD Card Slot (max. 32GB)
2x VE.Can	3x Resistive Tank Level Inputs	Recessed Button for Touch Control
1x VE.Bus	2x Temperature Sensor Inputs	Power Supply Port (8 - 70VDC)
Ethernet	2x Programmable Relay (NO, COM, NC - current limit: DC up to 30VDC: 3A / AC 125VAC: 1A))	7-inch TFT LCD Touchscreen (1024x600 pixels)
WiFi 2.4GHz (802.11 b/g/n)		
Bluetooth Smart		
2x USB Host Ports (current limit: 1.5A@5V shared)		





3.2. Mounting options

The Ekrano GX comes with a solid steel bracket, two rods and wingnuts for mounting from the back and an option to mount from the front only, using the attached springs.

Mounting from the back

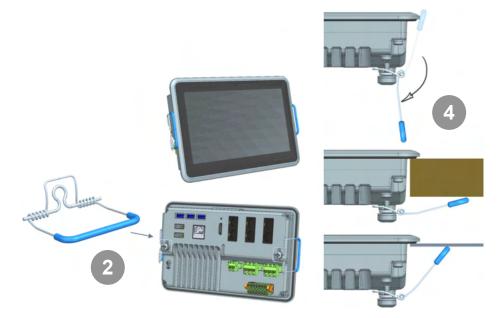


Thickness mounting surface ± 2 - 25mm

Mount the Ekrano GX from the back when it is easily accessible.

- 1. Prepare the cut-out as per the cut-out template from the appendix.
- 2. Screw the supplied M5 studs with the short threaded end into the rear threads.
- 3. Place the EGX in the cut-out and mount the steel bracket with the wing nuts provided.
- 4. Tighten the wing nuts. When done correctly, this squeezes the seal to the surface around the cut-out, making it watertight.

Mounting from the the front



Mount the Ekrano GX from the front if it is not accessible via the back.

- 1. Prepare the cut-out as per the cut-out template from the appendix.
- 2. Mount the supplied springs using the two screws with washers.
- **3.** Make all necessary cable connections.
- 4. Push the springs carefully back and hold them with your fingers while inserting the EGX into the cut-out. Then release the springs. They will snap back once the EGX is fully inserted and hold the device in place. Be careful as those springs are strong and it hurts really bad when they accidentally snap onto your fingers.

Mounting position

Even though the Ekrano GX is watertight from the front (when using the steel bracket) and has a bright backlight, do not to mount it in direct sunlight to prevent overheating and to gain better readability. Mount it horizontally. Portrait mode or automatic rotation is not supported.

3.3. Powering the Ekrano GX

The device is powered by using the *Power in V*+ connector. It accepts 8 to 70V DC. The device will not power itself from any of the other connections (eg network). The supplied DC power cable includes an inline 3.15A slow blow fuse.

When the EGX is used in an installation with a VE.Bus BMS, connect the *Power in V*+ on the EGX to the terminal labelled '*Load disconnect*' on the VE.Bus BMS. Connect both negative leads to the negative stub of a common battery.

A cautionary word about powering from the AC-out terminal of a VE.Bus Inverter, Multi or Quattro:

If you power the EGX from an AC adaptor connected to the AC-out port of any VE.Bus product (Inverter, Multi or Quattro), then a deadlock will occur after the VE.Bus products are powered-down for any reason (after any operational fault or during a black start). The VE.Bus devices will not boot-up until the EGX has power ...but the EGX will not boot-up until *it* has power. This deadlock can be rectified by briefly unplugging the EGX VE.Bus cable at which point you will observe the VE.Bus products will immediately begin to boot-up.

Or a modification can be done to the RJ45 cabling. See FAQ Q20 [134] for more information about this.

Note that both with or without above modification, powering the monitoring equipment with the AC-out of an inverter/charger (of course) has the disadvantage that all monitoring is shut down when there is a problem that causes the inverter/charger to shut down. Examples are inverter overload, high temperature or low battery voltage. It is therefore recommended to power the GX device from the battery.

Isolation

Because the EGX is connected to many different products, please ensure that proper care is taken with isolation to prevent ground loops. In 99% of installations this will not be a problem.

- · VE.Bus ports are isolated
- · VE.Direct ports are isolated
- VE.Can port 1 is galvanically isolated, VE.Can port 2 is non-isolated
- USB ports are not isolated. Connecting a WiFi Dongle or GPS Dongle will not create a problem as it is not connected to another power supply. Even though there will be ground loop when you mount a separately-powered USB hub, during extensive testing we have not found that it caused any issues.
- The Ethernet port is isolated, except for the shield: use unshielded UTP cables for the Ethernet network.

Extending USB ports by use of a self-powered USB hub

Although the number of USB ports can be extended by using a hub, there is a limit to the amount of power that the *onboard USB port* can provide. When extending the number of USB ports, we recommend you always use *powered* USB hubs. And to minimize the chance of issues, be sure to use good-quality USB hubs. As Victron also offers a VE.Direct to USB adapter, you can use this arrangement to increase the number of VE.Direct devices you can connect to your system, please see this document for the limit of how many devices can be attached to various different GX devices.



3.4. Built-in 7-inch Touchscreen



The built-in 7-inch touchscreen display provides an instant overview of your system and allows you to adjust settings on the fly. The super slim and waterproof design and easy installation offers a lot of flexibility in creating a clear and clean dashboard.

No configuration is required. When the screen is connected, the device will automatically display the GX overview and menu controls.

Display options are available in the Settings \rightarrow Display & Language menu. You can set a time before the display turns off, or enable adaptive brightness.

The screen is controlled by a finger tip. You can swipe to scroll up and down through the menus, and tap to make selections. Text and number input is entered via an onscreen keyboard.



3.5. Deactivating touch input control

In order to restrict access to the GX system, it is possible to disable touch input control for the touchscreen. This allows the Ekrano GX to be mounted where it is visible by the operator of the system; and at the same time prevent them from using that to elevate their access level.

Note that this feature only disables touch/mouse control. On the Remote Console you are still able to control the device with keyboard input.

There are three ways to disable the touch function of the display:

- 1. Using the recessed button on the back
- 2. Using a momentary-push button wired to one of the digital inputs
- 3. By using an external USB keyboard connected to the Ekrano GX; The touch function can then be toggled on and off by pressing the Pause/Break key.

If you want to use this function, make sure that the USB ports and the USB keyboard are not accessible.

Deactivating touch input control via the recessed button on the back of the Ekrano GX

- 1. Take a pointed object (e.g. pen or paperclip) and press the button once
 - Touch input is now off. Entries are no longer possible. The display switches off after the time set under Display off time (see menu Display & Language). Touching the screen activates the last page set.
- 2. Pressing the button again activates the touch function

Deactivating touch input control using a momentary-push button

<	Digital input 1	Q 🛜 10:36
Burglar alarm		0
Smoke alarm		0
Fire alarm		0
CO2 alarm		0
Generator		0
Touch input control		0
\otimes	^	\bigotimes

- **1.** Go to Settings \rightarrow IO \rightarrow Digital inputs \rightarrow Digital input [number of the digital input]
- 2. Scroll down the submenu until you see the Touch input control option
- 3. Press the spacebar or click/tap to enable Touch input control
- 4. Wire a momentary-push button between the appropriate top and bottom pins of the associated digital input

Pushing the button once will activate (disable) touch. Touch entries are no longer possible. The display switches off after the time set under Display off time (see menu Display & Language). Touching the screen activates the last page set. Pushing the button again will deactivate (enable) touch. Note that this pulls the gpio pin to ground. Do not apply voltage to the gpio pins.

Deactivating touch input control using an external USB keyboard

- 1. Connect an external USB keyboard to one of the USB ports on the Ekrano GX
- Press the Pause/Break key to toggle touch input control on/off.
 For keyboards without Pause/Break key use one of the substitute key combinations mentioned in this Wikipedia article.



3.6. Relay connections

The Ekrano GX has potential-free Normally Open (NO) and Normally Closed (NC) relay functionality. The function of the relays can be set via the GX menu, Settings \rightarrow Relay \rightarrow Function.

Relay 1 is of particular importance because, in addition to manual and temperature [62]-related triggering (also applies to relay 2), it can also be used as an alarm [50], generator start/stop [120] or tank pump [50] relay.

<	Function (Relay 1)	Q 🛜 10:32
Alarm relay		0
Generator start/ste	op	۲
Tank pump		0
Manual		0
Temperature		0
\otimes		\bigotimes

If the relay function is configured as an Alarm relay, it is possible to reverse the polarity of the relay via an additional menu. The default setting is Normally open. Please note that reversing the polarity to Normally closed will result in a slightly higher current consumption of the GX device.

<	Relay	হন 19:44	<	Alarm re
Function		Alarm relay	Normally open	
Alarm relay polarity		Normally open	Normally closed	
Alarm relay On				
<u> 네</u> Pages		≡ Menu	\otimes	

Observe the voltage and current limits of the relays, which are: DC up to 30VDC: 3A - AC: 1A, 125VAC



4. Connecting Victron products

4.1. VE.Bus Multis/Quattros/Inverters

In order to keep this document short we are going to refer to all Multis, Quattros and Inverters as VE.Bus products.

The earliest version of VE.Bus devices that can be connected using the Products: Product_Acronym is 19xx111, where the first 2 digits represent the microprocessor and the last 3 digits represent the VE.Bus firmware version.

VE.Bus device microprocessor	GX device support
18xxxxxx	No
19xx111	Yes
20xx111	Yes
26xxxxx	Yes
27xxxxx	Yes

Note that for Multis, Quattros and EasySolars, it is not possible to use the Remote On/Off (header on the VE.Bus control PCB) in combination with a EGX. There should be a wire between the left and middle terminal, as it is when shipped from the factory. In case a wired switch that disables the system is required, use the Safety Switch Assistant instead.

This limitation does not apply to the next generation of VE.Bus inverter/chargers: when using a MultiPlus-II, Quattro-II or EasySolar-II, the Remote on/off terminal header *can* be used in combination with Ekrano GX.



Before connecting any VE.Bus product, be very careful not to confuse the GX device VE.Bus ports with the Ethernet or VE.Can/BMS-Can port!

Single VE.Bus products

To connect a single VE.Bus product, connect it to one of the VE.Bus sockets on the back of the EGX. Both sockets are identical, use either one. Use a standard RJ45 UTP cable, see our pricelist.

Parallel, split- and three-phase VE.Bus systems

To connect multiple VE.Bus products, configured as a parallel, split-phase or three-phase VE.Bus system, connect either the first or the last VE.Bus product in the chain to either one of the VE.Bus sockets on the back of the EGX. Use a standard RJ45 UTP cable, see our pricelist.

VE.Bus systems with Lithium batteries and a VE.Bus BMS

- The following only applies to the VE.Bus BMS v1, not to be confused with its successor VE.Bus BMS v2.
- Connect the EGX to the socket labelled 'MultiPlus/Quattro', or to one of the Multis/Quattros in the system. Do not connect it to the *Remote panel* socket on the VE.Bus BMS.
- Note that it will not be possible to control the On/Off/Charger Only switch. This option is automatically disabled in the EGX
 menu when a VE.Bus BMS is used. The only way to control a Multi or Quattro when used with a VE.Bus BMS is to add a Digital
 Multi Control to the system. Setting the input current limit is possible in systems with a VE.Bus BMS.
- Combining MultiPlus/Quattro with a VE.Bus BMS and a Digital Multi Control is possible. Simply connect the Digital Multi Control to the RJ-45 socket on the VE.Bus BMS labelled *Remote panel*.
- To allow auto-power-down in the EGX in case of a low battery, make sure the EGX is powered via the VE.Bus BMS: connect *Power in V*+ on the EGX to *Load disconnect* on the VE.Bus BMS. And connect both negative leads to the negative stub of a common Battery.

Combining the EGX with a Digital Multi Control

It is possible to connect both a EGX and a Digital Multi Control to a VE.Bus system. The ability to switch the product On, Off or set it to Charger Only via the EGX will be disabled. The same applies to the input current limit: when there is a Digital Multi Control in the system, the input current limit which is set at that control panel will be the master-setting, and changing it on the EGX will not be possible.

Connecting multiple VE.Bus systems to a single EGX

Only one VE.Bus system can be connected to the VE.Bus ports on the back of the EGX. The professional way to to monitor more systems is to add a second EGX

If you do require to connect more than one system to the same EGX, use an MK3-USB. Functionality will be limited:

- · Only the system connected to the built-in VE.Bus ports is used to generate the data on the Overview pages.
- · All connected systems will be visible on the Device List.
- · All connected systems will be taken into account for Energy consumption and distribution calculations (kWh graphs on VRM).
- Only the system connected to the built-in VE.Bus ports is used for the Generator start/stop logic.
- Only the Multi/Quattro (which can be a single device, or multiple together configured for three-/split-phase as well as parallel) connected to the VE.Bus port will be controlled via DVCC. Additional systems, connected to the GX device using an MK3-USB, are not controlled by DVCC and will charge and discharge according to the configuration made in those units.
- In case of an ESS system, only the system connected to the built-in VE.Bus ports is used in the ESS mechanisms. The other one is displayed in the Device List only.

Alternatively the VE.Bus to VE.Can interface (ASS030520105) can be used. Add one for each additional system. Note that we advise against it; this interface is a deprecated product. Make sure that the VE.Can network is terminated and powered. For powering the VE.Can network, see Q17 in our data communication whitepaper.

Additional features provided by a GX device to VE.Bus products

An internet connected GX device allows for remote configuration via the VRM Portal. Please read the Remote VE.Configure manual for more information, system requirements and specific steps to access this feature.

The internet connected GX device also allows remotely updating the firmware of VE.Bus products. For details see the Remote VE.Bus firmware updates manual.

4.2. AC load monitoring



All energy meter types can be assigned the AC meter role. This is done in Settings \rightarrow Energy meters \rightarrow [your_energy_meter] \rightarrow Role menu where you choose between Grid, PV Inverter, Generator and AC meter. With AC meter selected, the load will be shown in the Device list and on VRM in the advanced widgets.



Please note that such metered loads are not used in any calculations, just monitoring.

4.3. Battery monitors, MPPTs and Smart IP43 Chargers with a VE.Direct port

Direct connection via a VE.Direct cable is limited to the number of VE.Direct ports on the device (see Overview of Connections [3]). There are two types of VE.Direct cables available:

- 1. Straight VE.Direct cables, ASS030530xxx
- 2. VE.Direct cables with an angled connector on one end. These are designed to minimise the required depth behind a panel, ASS030531xxx

VE.Direct cables have a maximum length of 10 metres. It is not possible to extend them. If longer lengths are required, use a VE.Direct to USB interface with an active USB extension cable.

It is also possible to use the VE.Direct to VE.Can interface, but note that this only works for BMV-700 and BMV-702. Not for the BMV-712, MPPT solar chargers and Inverters with a VE.Direct port. See next paragraph for more information on that VE.Can interface.

Connecting more VE.Direct devices to your Ekrano GX than number of VE.Direct Ports

First of all, note that the maximum of VE.Direct devices that can be connected is GX device specific, and constrained by the CPU power. It may also be reduced for very complex systems, such as many AC PV inverters or synchronised inverter chargers, etc.



So always allow some additional headroom in the design. How they are connected, whether via VE.Direct, via USB or USB hub, does not change this maximum. See the Victron GX product range for the maximum limit on all GX devices.

For the Ekrano GX, this limit is 25.

Options to connect more VE.Direct products than available VE.Direct ports:

- 1. Use the VE.Direct to USB interface. The EGX has built-in USB ports. Use a USB-hub when additional USB ports are required.
- (Only!) the BMV-700 and BMV-702 can also be connected using the VE.Direct to VE.Can interface (deprecated). Note that the BMV-712, MPPTs and VE.Direct Inverters <u>cannot</u> be connected using this CAN-bus interface as it does not translate their data into CAN-bus messages. When using the VE.Direct to VE.Can interface, make sure that the VE.Can network is terminated, and also powered. For powering the VE.Can network, see Q17 in our data communication whitepaper. Lastly, note that this CAN-bus interface is deprecated.

Notes about older VE.Direct MPPTs

An MPPT 70/15 needs to be from year/week 1308 or later. Earlier 70/15s are not compatible with the EGX, and unfortunately
upgrading the MPPT firmware will not help. To find the year/week number of your model, look for the serial number which is
printed on a label on its back. For example number HQ1309DER4F means 2013, week 09.

4.3.1. DC load monitor mode

If you wish to use a SmartShunt or BMV-712 to monitor individual DC circuits, rather than as a whole-of-system battery monitor, you can change the Monitor mode setting from Battery Monitor to DC Energy Meter in VictronConnect.

If DC meter is selected, you can then select the following types (also in VictronConnect):

Solar charger, Wind charger, Shaft generator, Alternator, Fuel cell, Water generator, DC-DC charger, AC charger, Generic source, Generic load, Electric drive, Fridge, Water pump, Bilge pump, DC system, Inverter, Water heater

Once connected to the Ekrano GX, the type and the amps and power of the DC load is shown in the user interfaces and available on the VRM Portal.

When configured as type "DC System", the EGX does more than just recording and visualisation:

- 1. The power shown in the DC system box is the sum of power reported by all SmartShunts configured as such. Allowing multiple meters is done to accommodate for example a catamaran, so you can measure the DC Systems on Port hull and on Starboard hull.
- The DC system current is being compensated for when setting DVCC charge current limits to Multis, Quattros and Solar Chargers. For example when a load of 50A is being measured, and CCL by the battery is 25A, the limit given to the Multis & Solar Chargers is 75A. An improvement for systems with significant DC loads such as Yachts, Coaches and RVs.

Notes and limitations:

- This feature is available for SmartShunts and BMV-712. Not for BMV-700 or BMV-702.
- Setting the meter mode is done with VictronConnect, in the BMV/SmartShunt itself. For details see the BMV-712 or SmartShunt
 product manual on the Battery Monitor product page.
- The NMEA2000-out feature does not support these new types, for example when using a SmartShunt to measure output of an alternator, that data is not made available on NMEA 2000.



4.4. VE.Can Devices

To connect a product with a VE.Can port, use a standard RJ45 UTP cable (available with straight and elbow connectors).

Don't forget to terminate the VE.Can network at both ends using a VE.Can terminator. A bag with two terminators is supplied with each VE.Can product. They are also available separately.

Other notes:

- 1. In order to work with the EGX, an MPPT 150/70 must be running firmware v2.00 or newer.
- 2. You can combine a Skylla-i control panel with a EGX.
- 3. You can combine a lon Control panel with a EGX.
- 4. All VE.Can devices power the VE.Can network, so it won't be necessary to power the VE.Can network separately in these circumstances. All the protocol converters, for example the VE.Bus to VE.Can interface and the BMV to VE.Can interface, do not power the VE.Can network.

The following VE.Can products also support VictronConnect-Remote (VC-R) – Configuration and monitoring via VRM. Please read the VictronConnect manual for further details.

VE.Can product	VC-R	Remarks
Lynx Shunt VE.Can	Yes	-
Lynx Smart BMS	Yes	-
Inverter RS, Multi RS and MPPT RS	Yes	They also have VE.Direct but must be connected via VE.Can for VC-R
Blue/Smart Solar VE.Can MPPTs [1]	Yes	Tr and MC4 models
Skylla-i and Skylla-IP44/-IP65	Yes	Requires firmware v1.11
^[1] All VE.Can solar chargers except the very old (big rectangular case with display) BlueSolar MPPT VE.Can 150/70 and 150/85		

4.5. VE.Can Interfaces

The Ekrano GX has two fully functional VE.Can ports. They are **independent** from a data and connected device perspective. One is labelled VE.Can 1 and is galvanically isolated, the other is labeled VE.Can 2 and is non-isolated. These each correspond to the VE.Can ports listed in the Services menu (Settings \rightarrow Services) of the Remote Console.

VE.Can is intended to be used for Victron (and Victron compatible) VE.Can products, such as the VE.Can MPPTs, Skylla-IP65, Lynx Shunt VE.Can and Lynx Smart BMS. You can string these VE.Can 250 kbit/s devices together along this bus. It must be terminated at both ends with the included VE.Can terminators.

You can set the VE.Can port from 250 kbit/s to be 500 kbit/s (or one of several other CANbus speeds for other CANbus applications).

By default; VE.Can is set to 250 kbit/s.

Other types of Batteries and BMS may claim compatibility with BMS-Can or VE.Can, but if they are not on the battery compatibility list, then they have not been tested and confirmed to work by Victron.

One extra element of possible confusion is that there are some BMS products on the market that use a CANbus-BMS profile at 250 kbit/s. These BMS products can only be connected to the VE.Can port, and it must also be set to match this (VE.Can & CAN-bus BMS (250 kbit/s)) in the services menu for the VE.Can port. They can be used in the same cable daisy chain as other Victron VE.Can devices.

4.6. Inverter RS, Multi RS and MPPT RS

The Inverter RS, Inverter RS Solar and Multi RS have both VE.Direct and VE.Can interfaces. For these specific products, it is only possible to connect a GX device via the VE.Can interface. It is not possible to connect a GX device via the VE.Direct interface.

The VE.Direct interface on these specific products is only used for connection of a VE.Direct to USB adapter for programming.

This restriction does not apply to the MPPT RS, which can be connected to a GX device via either VE.Direct or VE.Can.

4.7. BMV-600 series

• Connect the BMV-600 using the VE.Direct to BMV-60xS cable. (ASS0305322xx).

4.8. DC Link Box

• Connect the DC Link Box with the supplied RJ12 cable. Then connect the BMV-700 to the EGX.

4.9. VE.Can Resistive Tank Sender Adapter

See the VE.Can resistive tank sender adapter product page for details about the adapter.

- · To connect a product with a VE.Can port, use a standard RJ45 UTP cable
- Don't forget to terminate the VE.Can network on both ends using a VE.Can terminator. A bag with two terminators is supplied with each VE.Can product. They are also available separately (ASS030700000). (Available with straight or elbow connectors).
- · Make sure that the CAN-bus is powered, see the Power chapter in the Tank Sender Adapter manual for details.

4.10. Connecting a GX Tank 140

The GX Tank 140 is an accessory for our range of GX system monitoring products.



It takes readings from up to four tank level sensors.

Tank levels can be read-out locally in the system, as well remotely through our VRM Portal.



The GX Tank 140 is compatible with current senders (4 to 20mA) as well as voltage senders (0 to 10V). The connection to the GX device is via USB, which is also how the GX Tank is powered: no additional power wires required.

To make wiring the tank sender as simple as possible, two of the four inputs provide a 24V power supply, to power the sender. Using the other two channels requires an external power supply, and there is a power in terminal together with fused outputs to facilitate that.

Upper and lower limits are configurable, to allow using senders that provide only part of the scale, for example 0 to 5V.

For marine applications, the GX device can transmit these tank levels on the NMEA 2000 network to be picked up by other displays such as an MFD.

The GX Tank 140 product page links to the complete documentation of this product.



4.11. Connecting hardwired Victron temperature sensors

See the Connection Overview [3] for the location and number of temperature sensor inputs.

They can be used to measure & monitor all kinds of temperature inputs. The measuring temperature range of the temperature inputs is -40°C to +70°C.

Temperature senders are not included. The required sensor is ASS00001000 - Temperature sensor Quattro, MultiPlus and GX Device. Note that this is different from the BMV temperature accessory. The BMV temperature sensor accessory cannot be used on the temperature inputs.

They are not required to be connected to the battery (though they appear like a battery lug).

To physically attach the temperature probes requires a ferrule or exposed copper end of at least 10 mm+ to be inserted into the removable terminal block connector. Once correctly attached, you must push in the orange tab if you wish to remove the secured wire. Sensors are connected with the red wire to the top of the connector, and the black wire to the bottom.



ASS000001000 - Temperature sensor Quattro, MultiPlus and GX Device

Sensors are enabled (and disabled) in the Settings \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow Analog inputs menu of the GX device settings.

<	Analog inputs	🍳 🤿 15:18
Tank Level input 1		
Tank Level input 2		
Tank Level input 3		
Temperature input	1	
Temperature input	2	
GX Tank HQ2133G6	56V2 input 4	
<u>쎄</u> Pages	~	≡ Menu

Once enabled, temperature sensor data is visible in the device list, and also logged to VRM.

Selecting the temperature sensor from the device list menu then allows you to set the temperature type setting to either Battery, Fridge or Generic. It is also possible to set a custom name in the Device menu.

<	Battery temperature sensor (1)	হ্ন 12:31
		Ok
Tempera	ture	28°C
Setup		>
Device		>
لىلە.	Pages ≡M	lenu

It is possible to adjust the temperature offset and scale, however for now this feature is limited to users with 'superuser' permission level.



<	Setup	হ 12:32
Туре		Battery
Offset		0
Scale		1.0
Sensor voltage		3.01V
<u>ᆈ</u> Pages		≡ Menu



5. Connecting supported non-Victron products

5.1. Connecting a PV Inverter

Measuring the output of a PV Inverter will provide the user with an overview of both actual power balance and the energy distribution. Note that these measurements are only used to display information. They are not needed nor used by the installation for its performance. Besides monitoring, the GX device can also curtail some types and brands of PV Inverters, ie. reduce their output power. This is used, and required, for the ESS Zero or limited feed-in feature.

Direct connections

Туре	Zero feed-in	Details
Fronius	Yes	LAN Connection, see GX - GX - Fronius manual
SMA	No	LAN Connection, see GX - GX - SMA manual
SolarEdge	No	LAN Connection, see GX - SolarEdge manual
ABB	Yes	LAN Connection, see GX - ABB manual

Using a meter

For PV Inverters that cannot be interfaced digitally, a meter can be used:

Туре	Zero feed-in	Details
AC Current Sensor	No	Connected to inverter/charger analog input. Lowest cost - least accurate. Energy Meter
Energy Meter	No	Wired to the EGX, or connected wirelessly using our Zigbee to USB/RS485 converters. See the Energy Meters start page
Wireless AC sensors	No	See the Wireless AC Sensor manual - Discontinued product

5.2. Connecting a USB GPS

Use a GPS to remotely, on the VRM Portal, track vehicles or boats. Also its possible to configure a Geofence, which will automatically send an alarm when the system leaves a designated area. And gps-tracks.kml files can be downloaded to open them e.g. in Navlink and Google Earth.

Victron does not sell USB-GPS modules, but the EGX support third-party GPS modules which use the NMEA0183 command-set - almost all do. It can communicate at both 4800 and 38400 baud rates. Plug the unit into either of the USB sockets. Connection may take a few minutes, but the EGX will automatically recognize the GPS. The unit's location will automatically be sent to the VRM online portal and its position is shown on the map.

The EGX has been tested for compatibility with:

- Globalsat BU353-W SiRF STAR III 4800 baud
- Globalsat ND100 SiRF STAR III 38400 baud
- Globalsat BU353S4 SiRF STAR IV 4800 baud
- Globalsat MR350 + BR305US SiRF STAR III 4800 baud



5.3. Connecting a NMEA 2000 GPS

Instead of a USB GPS, a NMEA 2000 GPS can be used for remote vehicle or boat tracking in the VRM portal.

The third party NMEA 2000 GPS sender must meet the following requirements:

- The NMEA 2000 device class must be 60, Navigation.
- The NMEA 2000 device function must be 145, Ownship Position (GNSS).
- Position (latitude, longtitude) must be transmitted in PGN 129025.
- · Height, which is optional, must be transmitted in PGN 129029.
- Course and speed (both optional), must be transmitted in PGN 129026.

Most NMEA 2000 GPS-es are expected to work. Compatibility has been tested with:

Garmin GPS 19X NMEA 2000

To connect a NMEA 2000 network to the VE.Can port on the GX device, which both have a different style connector, there are two solutions:

- 1. The VE.Can to NMEA 2000 cable. Which by either inserting or leaving out the fuse allows to either power the NMEA 2000 network with Victron equipment, or not. Take note of below warning.
- The 3802 VE.Can Adapter by OSUKL. Its advantage is that it lends itself well to connecting a single NMEA 2000 device such as a tank sender into a VE.Can network. It's also able to power a lower voltage NMEA 2000 network directly from a 48V Victron system.

Warning and solution for 24V and 48V systems

Whilst all Victron components accept up to 70V input on their CAN-bus connections, some NMEA 2000 equipment does not. They require a 12V powered NMEA 2000 connection, and sometimes work up to 30 or 36V. Make sure to check the datasheet of all used NMEA 2000 equipment. In case the system contains NMEA 2000 that requires a network voltage below the battery voltage, then either see above 3802 VE.Can Adapter by OSUKL, or alternatively install the VE.Can to NMEA 2000 cable without it's fuse, and provide suitable power to the NMEA 2000 network using for example a NMEA 2000 power adapter cable – which is not supplied by Victron. The VE.Can port on the GX device does not need external power to operate.

5.4. Connecting a Fischer Panda Generator

See GX - Fischer Panda generators.



5.5. Connecting Tank Level Sensors to the GX Tank Inputs

The tank level inputs are resistive and should be connected to a resistive tank sender. Victron does not supply tank senders. The built-in tank sensor connections do not support mA or 0-5V type sensors, this type will require additional accessories or replacement with a resistive type sensor.

<	Setup	9 🛜 10:21
Capacity		200L
Standard	Europea	an (0 to 180 Ohm)
Fluid type		Fuel
Volume unit		Litre
Custom shape		>
Averaging time		10s
Sensor value		119.1Ω
Low level alarm		>
High level alarm		>
<u></u> Pages	^	≣ Menu

Sensors are enabled (and disabled) in the I/O menu (Settings \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow Analog input) of the GX device settings. Once enabled, the tank will appear in the Device List with options to customise the setup to suit your specific installation.

<	Analog inputs	Q 🛜 09:16
Tank Level input 1		\bigcirc
Tank Level input 2		
Tank Level input 3		
Temperature input 3	1	
Temperature input 2	2	
GX Tank HQ2133G6	6V2 input 4	
<u> 세</u> Pages	~	≡ Menu

	Device List	♀	34
SmartSolar Charger MF	PPT 75/15 rev2	17W	>
Solar Charger MPPT 15	0/35 rev2	49W	>
Tank 1 Fuel		66%	>
Tank 2 Fresh Water		26%	>
Tank 3 Waste Water		50%	>
Tank 140 Live Well		24%	>
<u> 내</u> Pages	\$	≡ Menu	

Set the tank volume unit (Cubic meter, litre, imperial or U.S gallon), and capacity. It is also possible to configure custom shapes for non-linear tanks, with up to 10 variations e.g 50% of sensor is equal to 25% of volume & 75% of sensor is equal to 90% of volume.

<	Setup	Q 🛜 10:11
Standard		Custom
Sensor value whe	n empty	0.0Ω
Sensor value whe	n full	191.4Ω
Fluid type		Fresh water
Volume unit		Litre
Custom shape		>
<u> 내</u> Pages	^	≡ Menu

<	Add point			Q 🛜 10:12
Sensor Level				%
	1	2		
	4			
	7	8		
Volume				%
$(\mathbf{\hat{x}})$				\bigotimes

The tank level ports can each be configured to work with either European (0 - 180 Ohm); or US tank senders (240 - 30 Ohm) standards; or to configure a custom Ohm resistance range between 0 Ohm and 300 Ohm (requires firmware v2.80 or higher).

You can set tank fluid type to Fuel, Fresh water, Waste water, Live well, Oil, Black water (sewage), Gasoline, Diesel LPG, LNG, Hydraulic oil and Raw water and also set a custom name.

<	Fluid type	Q 🛜 09:18	<	
		۲	Connec	ted
Fresh water		0	Connectio	'n
Vaste water		0	Product	
ive well		0	Name	
Dil		0	Product ID	
Black water (sew	age)	0	Firmware versi	on
\otimes	~	\bigotimes	Pages <u>ااا</u>	5

A separate low or high level alarm can be set and activated for each tank sensor.

<	Setup	Q 🛜 10:19	<	Q 🛜 10:19
Volume unit		Litre	Enable alarm	
Custom shape		>	Active level	10%
Averaging time		10s	Restore level	15%
Sensor value		51.5Ω	Delay	30s
Low level alarm		>		
High level alarm		>		
<u></u> Hages	^	≡ Menu	<u> 네</u> Pages	≡ Menu

Tank level data is sent to the VRM Portal, shown on the boat and motorhome overview display (if connected and enabled), and can be used as a trigger for the relay when it is set to 'Tank pump'. Tank levels can also be monitored at various other locations within the GX environment:

- · Device List of the GX device
- · Sensor overview menu of the GX device
- Graphical overview of the GX device
- VRM Dashboard
- · VRM advanced menu widgets
- VRM App widgets



To physically attach the tank probes requires a ferrule or exposed copper end of at least 10 mm+ to be inserted into the removable terminal block connector. Once correctly attached, you must use the orange tab if you wish to remove the secured wire.

5.6. Increasing the number of tank inputs by using multiple GX devices

5.6.1. Introduction

The number of tank inputs on a GX device, such as the Cerbo GX and Venus GX, can be expanded by connecting multiple GX devices together in a VE.Can network. To do this, one GX device must be designated to be the "main" and the others(s) to be the "secondary" one(s). How this is done in practice is explained below.

There is no practical limit on how many GX devices can be used - except for the number of source addresses available in a VE.Can network, which is 252 addresses. For example, a Cerbo GX with 4 tank inputs uses up to 5 addresses: one for itself and one for each tank input.



5.6.2. Requirements

- 1. Only enable the MQTT settings (part of MFD App integration [89]) on one of the GX devices, not multiple.
- 2. Only connect the main GX device to the Ethernet network do not connect the others. The MFD App on Marine MFDs is not designed to work with multiple GX devices on one Ethernet network.
- 3. In case you are using the ModbusTCP protocol: Enable ModbusTCP on only one of the GX devices.
- 4. Only connect the main GX device to VRM; it will also transmit tank levels received from the secondary units.
- 5. We recommend connecting all VE.Bus and VE.Direct products to the main GX device. Connecting through a secondary device works, but has limitations. For example, remote configuration doesn't work, DVCC control will not work, and remote firmware updates don't work either. Extending the VE.Direct ports via USB provides full functionality, which is therefore the recommended method. You can find more information on this in chapter Powering the Ekrano GX [5].

5.6.3. Configuration step-by-step

1. First, on all GX devices, configure all tank inputs in Settings → I/O → Analog input, only enable the inputs in use, disable the others.

<	Analog inputs	🎗 🛜 09:16
Tank Level input 1		\bigcirc
Tank Level input 2		
Tank Level input 3		
Temperature input 1		
Temperature input 2		
GX Tank HQ2133G66	V2 input 4	
Pages <u>ااا</u>	~	≡ Menu

In Device List → Tank input → Device → Name, give each tank input its own unique proper name, ie Fresh water 1, Gray water SB, Diesel Port, and so forth.

<	Device	Device 🛛 🗘 🛜 09:17	
Connected		Yes	
Connection		Tank Level input 3	
Product		Generic Tank Input	
Name		Tank 2 Fresh Water	
Product ID		A161	
Firmware version			
<u></u> Hages		≡ Menu	

This is the only way to make sure they are distinguishable once all connected together.

- Connect each GX device together on its VE.Can port and make sure to terminate on both ends.
 There is no need to power the VE.Can network externally: while the GX devices don't power the VE.Can network, they do power their own internal CAN circuitry.
- 4. Now, on each GX device go to Settings \rightarrow Services \rightarrow VE.Can and there:
 - 1. Verify that the chosen profile is VE.Can & Lynx Ion BMS (250 kbit/s) or VE.Can & CAN-bus BMS (250 kbit/s)
 - 2. Enable the NMEA2000-out feature on all GX devices
 - 3. Assign each GX device its own unique number
 - 4. Use the Check Unique id numbers test feature when to make sure all went well





5. Lastly, on the main GX device, check if all sensors show up in the Device List and work well.

Device List		Q 🛜 09:34		
SmartSolar Charger MP	PT 75/15 rev2	17W	>	
Solar Charger MPPT 150)/35 rev2	49W	>	
Tank 1 Fuel		66%	>	
Tank 2 Fresh Water		26%	>	
Tank 3 Waste Water		50%	>	
Tank 140 Live Well		24%	>	
<u> 네</u> Pages	\$	≡ Menu		

5.7. Connecting third-party NMEA 2000 tank senders

A third-party NMEA 2000 tank sender must meet the following requirements to be visible on the GX device:

- Transmit the NMEA 2000 Fluid Level PGN, 127505
- The NMEA 2000 device class needs to either General (80) in combination with function code Transducer (190), or Sensor (170). Or, the NMEA 2000 device class needs to be Sensors (75), in combination with function Fluid Level (150).

A single function reporting multiple Fluid Levels is currently not supported.

For some tank senders it is also possible to configure the capacity and the fluid type on the GX Device menus - for example the Maretron TLA100. This facility may be available with other senders made by other manufacturers - it's well-worth trying.

Tested compatible NMEA 2000 tank senders:

- Maretron TLA100
- Maretron TLM100
- Navico Fluid Level Sensor Fuel-0 PK, partno. 000-11518-001. Note that you need a Navico display to configure the Capacity, Fluid type, and other parameters of the sensor. See voltage warning below.
- Oceanic Systems (UK) Ltd (OSUKL) 3271 Volumetric Tank Sender. In case it doesn't work, it needs a firmware update. Contact OSUKL for that. See voltage warning below.
- · Oceanic Systems UK Ltd (OSUKL) 3281 Water Level Sender. See voltage warning below

Most likely others work as well. If you know of one working well, get in touch with us on Community -> Modifications.

To connect an NMEA 2000 network to the VE.Can port on the GX device, which both have different type connectors, there are two solutions:

- 1. The VE.Can to NMEA2000 cable. Which by either inserting or leaving out the fuse allows to either power the NMEA 2000 network with Victron equipment, or not. Take note of below warning.
- The 3802 VE.Can Adapter by OSUKL. Its advantage is that it lends itself well to connecting a single NMEA 2000 device such as a tank sender into a VE.Can network. It's also able to power a lower voltage NMEA 2000 network directly from a 48V Victron system.

Warning and solution for 24V and 48V systems

Whilst all Victron components accept up to 70V input on their CAN-bus connections, some NMEA 2000 equipment does not. They require a 12V powered NMEA 2000 connection, and sometimes work up to 30 or 36V. Make sure to check the datasheet of all used NMEA 2000 equipment. In case the system contains NMEA 2000 that requires a network voltage below the battery voltage, then either see above 3802 VE.Can Adapter by OSUKL. Or alternatively install the VE.Can to NMEA2000 cable without it's fuse, and provide suitable power to the NMEA 2000 network using for example a NMEA 2000 power adapter cable – which is not supplied by Victron. The VE.Can port on the GX device does not need external power to operate.



5.8. Mopeka Pro Check LPG and Water Bluetooth Sensors

Mopeka Pro Check-Water and Pro Check-Sensor LPG support has been added to VenusOS. These ultrasonic sensors use BLE (Bluetooth Low Energy), a wireless technology that allows devices to be networked within a range of about 10 meters, while consuming significantly less power compared to ordinary Bluetooth technology.

The Mopeka Pro sensors feature ultrasonic sensing for water and LPG tanks in horizontal or vertical cylinders and mount to the bottom of those tanks by magnets. The liquid level, temperature and sensor battery voltage is streamed wirelessly to the GX device.



Only Mopeka Pro Check-Water and Pro Check-Sensor LPG sensors are supported. Other Mopeka sensors, even if they have Bluetooth, are not supported.

To connect the Mopeka Pro sensors to the GX device via Bluetooth, the GX device needs Bluetooth functionality. Some GX products already have built-in Bluetooth, all others can easily be retrofitted using a standard USB Bluetooth adapter (see the Victron GX product range overview for GX products that have built-in Bluetooth).

However, an additional USB Bluetooth adapter, also for GX devices with built-in Bluetooth, allows for limited relocation of the Bluetooth radio (via a USB cable extension) close to other supported Bluetooth devices that might not otherwise be reachable.

USB Bluetooth adapters that have been tested and known to work:

USB Bluetooth adapter				
Insignia (NS-PCY5BMA2)	Logilink BT0037	TP-Link UB400(UN)	Kinivo BTD-400	Ideapro USB bluetooth adapter 4.0
Ewent EW1085R4	Laird BT820	Laird BT851	-	-

A list of additional adapters that are also being tested, as well as adapters that have been tested and are known not to work, is available here: Victron Community.

5.8.1. Installation

<	Bluetooth sensors	÷	
Enable		\bigcirc	AC load
Continuous scar	nning		Diesel
Bluetooth adapt	ters	>	Fresh wat
Mopeka H2O B0):26:BB		LPG tank
Mopeka LPG 3B	:A3:F0		MPPT 75/
Kitchen			MPPT 150
<u> 세</u> Page:	s 🗘	≡ Menu	1

A Dages	^	= Mon		
MPPT 150/35 rev2 BS			22W	>
MPPT 75/15 rev2 beta			4W	>
LPG tank (35)		15°C	65%	>
Fresh water tank (34)		23°C	55%	þ
Diesel			53%	>
AC load			61W	>

Device List

08.29

The installation of the Mopeka Pro sensor is very simple. First, however, the sensor must be installed according to Mopeka's installation instructions and configured via the Mopeka Tank app (available in Google Play and Apple App Store). Then the installation and configuration is done in the GX device as described below.

- 1. Make sure Bluetooth is enabled in the Bluetooth sensors menu (enabled by default).
- **2.** Go to Settings \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow Bluetooth sensors menu.
- 3. Move the Enable slider to the right to enable Bluetooth sensors.
- 4. To find your Mopeka Pro sensor, scroll down until you see them.
- 5. To activate the sensor, move the slider to the right. It should now appear on the Device List.
- 6. Repeat steps 1..5 for more than one sensor.



5.8.2. Configuration

- 1. Go to the Device List menu.
- 2. Scroll up or down and select the appropriate sensor.
- 3. Press the right arrow key or space bar on that sensor to open up the sensor Setup menu.
- 4. Scroll down to Setup and right arrow key or space bar again to open up the sensors Setup menu.
- 5. In the Setup menu you can change the tank capacity, select the liquid type and volume unit, set up calibration values for empty and full tank levels and read the actual sensor value.
- 6. After setup, go back to the Sensor overview menu.
- 7. Scroll down, select Device and press the right arrow key or space bar again to open up the device settings menu.
- 8. In the Device menu you can assign a custom name to the sensor and read out some additional device information.
- 9. Repeat steps 1..8 if you want to set up additional sensors.

<	Mopeka Pro H2O	@ 08:32
		Ok
Level		55%
Remaining		0.010m ³
Temperature		23°C
Sensor battery		2.97V
Setup		>
과 Pages	~	≣ Menu

<	Fluid type	후 08:30
Gasoline		0
Diesel		0
LPG		0
LNG		0
Hydraulic oil		0
Raw water		0
8	^	\bigotimes

<	Setup	ল 08:29
		0.020m ³
Sensor value v	when empty	0.0cm
Sensor value v	when full	33.0cm
Fluid type		Fresh water
Volume unit	Cubic m	
Sensor value		18.6cm
과 Page	25	≣ Menu

	Volume unit	© 08:31
		۲
Litre		0
Imperial gallon		0
U.S. gallon		0

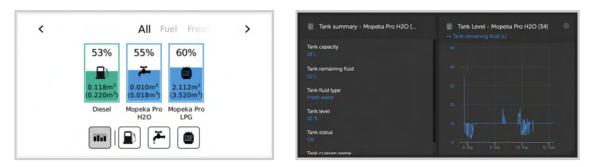
<	Fluid type	🗢 08:30
Fuel		\circ
Fresh water		۲
Waste water		0
Live well		0
Oil		0
Black water (sew	age)	0
8	~	\bigotimes







5.8.3. Tank level monitoring



Tank levels can be monitored at various locations within the GX environment:

- · Device List of the GX device
- · Sensor overview menu of the GX device
- Graphical overview of the GX device
- VRM Dashboard
- · VRM advanced menu widgets
- VRM App widgets





5.9. Wakespeed WS500 alternator regulator support

5.9.1. Introduction

The WS500 is an external smart alternator regulator with CAN-bus and NMEA 2000 communication, which is especially applicable in Marine and RV applications. The Wakespeed WS500 is supported by Venus OS and offers the possibility to monitor the performance of your alternators via a GX device.

5.9.2. Requirements

Necessary requirements for the integration of the WS500 are:

- 1. VenusOS firmware v2.90 or higher installed on your GX device
- 2. Wakespeed WS500 firmware 2.5.0 or higher installed on the WS500 controller
- 3. The WS500 must connect to the VE.Can port of the GX device. It is not possible to monitor the WS500 when connected to the BMS-Can port of a Cerbo GX.

5.9.3. Wiring the WS500 to VE.Can

Both, the WS500 and VE.Can, use RJ45 connectors for their CAN ports.

However, both have different pin outs. This means that a normal (straight UTP cable) network cable cannot be used. A crossover cable is required. This crossover cable must be made by yourself. The following diagram reflect the pin out of the two devices.

Victron VE.Can pin# and signal	WS500 CAN pin# and signal
1 NC	0 1 CAN-H
2 NC	0 2 CAN-L
3 NET-C (V-)	3 CAN-GND
4 NC	4 (SFTY-STOP)
5 NC	5 -
6 NET-S (V+)	6 (CAN-SHLD)
7 CAN-H o	7 (GND)
8 CAN-L o	8 (CAN-V+)

The important pins to look at are pin 7 and pin 8 for CAN-H and CAN-L on the VE.Can side and pin 1 and 2 for Can-H and CAN-L on the WS500 side.

Therefore a cable is needed where pin 1 and 2 on one side are connected to pin 7 and pin 8 on the other side. Pin 7 goes to pin 1 and pin 8 to pin 2.

The RJ45 connector with pin 7 and 8 on one end connects to the VE.Can port of the GX device. The other end of the cable with pin 1 and 2 connects to the WS500 controller. Both sides must be terminated.

The cable colors do not matter for the do-it-yourself cable. Wakespeed also offers a ready-configured cable with a blue RJ45 connector on one end that must be connected to the VE.Can port.



Please note that the black terminators supplied by Wakespeed and the blue terminators supplied by Victron are not interchangeable. Therefore: insert the Victron terminator on the Victron side of the network, and insert the Wakespeed terminator into the Wakespeed.

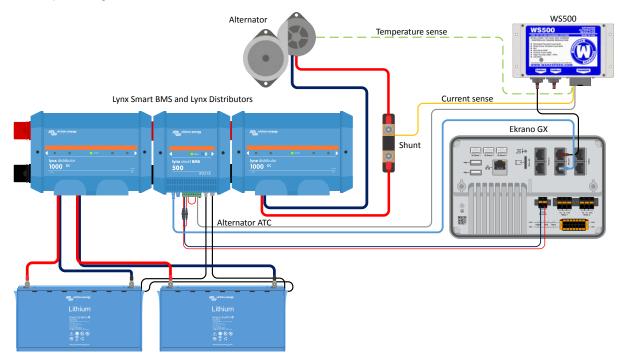


5.9.4. Wiring Example

The example below shows an overview of the recommended wiring based on an installation with a Lynx Smart BMS, Lynx Distributors and a Ekrano GX.

The correct placement of the alternator shunt (not to be confused with the shunt of the BMV or SmartShunt) is important here for the correct connection of the current sense wire.

For complete wiring between the WS500 and alternator, see the WS500 and the alternator manual.





5.9.5. GX device user interface for WS500

Once the WS500 is connected to the GX device, the Device list contains an entry for the regulator.

The WS500 menu then provides the following information and data:

- · Output: voltage, current and power as reported from the alternator regulator
- · Temperature: the alternator temperature as measured by the WS500 temperature sensor
- · State: the charging state of the WS500
 - · Off when not charging
 - · Bulk, Absorption or Float when the WS500 is using its own charging algorithm
 - · External Control when controlled by a BMS such as Lynx Smart BMS
- Network Status:
 - · Standalone, if the regulator is working on its own
 - · Group Master, when it is supplying charging targets to another WS500 device
 - · Slave, when it is taking charging directions from another device such as a WS500 or a BMS
- · Error: reflects any error state the WS500 might be in. The details of all error codes and messages can be found in the Wakespeed Configuration and Communications guide. See also the appendix for error #91 and error #92
- · Field Drive: report on the % of field drive being sent by the WS500 to the alternator on the field connection
- Speed: the speed in RPM at which the alternator is spinning. This is as reported by the stator feed and if this is wrong can be adjusted by setting the Alt Poles option within the Wakespeed SCT configuration line
- Engine Speed: reported in RPM. This is reported by either
 - · calculation based on the alternator speed and the Eng/Alt drive ratio as set by the SCT configuration line
 - NMEA 2000, if the WS500 is receiving engine RPM from PGN127488
 - · J1939, if the WS500 is receiving engine RPM from PGN61444

It is also possible to create a custom name for the WS500 in the Device menu. This triggers the WS500 to update the \$SCN configuration line of the regulator.

<	WS500-Victron		@ 17:2 2
	13.60V	32.1A	436W
Temperature			28°C
State			Bulk
Network status			Standalone
Error			#0 No error
Field drive			100%
실 Pages	~	= 1	Menu

<	WS500-VictronLI	奈 17:46
Network status		Standalone
Error		#0 No error
Field drive		100%
Speed		
Engine speed		
Device		>
과 Pages	^	≣ Menu

<	Dev	ice	@ 18:0	
			Yes	
Connection			VE.Can	
Product	duct Wakespeed WS500 Alternator R		nator Regulator	
Name		W	WS500-VictronLI	
Product ID			0×B080	
Firmware version		1	REG2.5.0-BETA	
⊯ Pa	ges v		≣ Menu	

5.9.6. WS500 data on the VRM Portal

WS500 data that can be displayed on our VRM portal is current, voltage and temperature.



Currently 3 widgets are available on VRM

VRM custom widget showing WS500 voltage, current and temperature

5.9.7. Troubleshooting & FAQ

For further assistance and troubleshooting please contact Wakespeed support directly.

Error code #91 and #92

Venus OS will report all errors that can be generated by the WS500 as defined within the Wakespeed Communications and Configuration guide. In systems with integrated BMS, the following errors are critical as long as the events are active and require special attention.

• #91: Lost connection with BMS

The WS500 has lost communication with the BMS and will drop into the configured get home mode. As soon as communication is restored with the BMS, it will revert to following the charging goals as set by the BMS.

• #92: ATC disabled through feature IN

The BMS has signalled a charge disconnect event through the feature in wire and the WS500 has therefore reverted to an Off status.

Current and power data are not displayed in the WS500 device menu

This does not constitute a problem and simply relates to how the system is installed and intended to be.

- No alternator shunt^[1] installed
- Alternator shunt installed but not properly configured. Check the ShuntAtBat setting and the Ignore Sensor setting using the Wakespeed configuration tools.

^[1] The alternator shunt is a shunt that can be installed in series with the alternator to provide readout of alternator output current and power. Its sense wiring connects directly to the WS500. This is an optional feature that is only for display purposes. If the shunt is not installed, the GX device will show other alternator data, such as field % and output voltage etc., but not the alternator output current and power.

FAQ

Q1: Is the alternator output current (if actually measured) used for anything other than just display purposes?

A1: For the time being it's just for display purposes. Perhaps sometime in the future there will be DVCC integration, where the GX device controls the amount of current you want the WS500 to generate, and then the GX device splits the desired charge current between the WS500 and, for example, MPPTs.

Q2: What is the battery output current used for and can it be read over the canbus by a Lynx Smart BMS, other battery monitors or even a GX device?

A2: Yes, the current can be read out via canbus and Lynx Smart BMS.

In this case the WS500 shunt can be configured for the alternator and thus report the amount of current the alternator is producing. The Lynx Smart BMS current is used by the WS500 to ensure that no more than what the battery needs goes into the battery. So if the battery calls for 100A and the WS500 reports 200A at the alternator, 100A will be used to support the loads. It offers a greatly improved calculation for the DC load.

Q3: If the system includes a Lynx Smart BMS, are there any wiring recommendations?

A3: Yes. We have created extensive system examples that show the complete wiring and have been supplemented with important additional information. For example a catamaran system with two WS500 or a system equipped with an additional alternator controlled by one WS500. These examples can be used as a basis for your own system.

These system examples can be downloaded from the product page of the Lynx Smart BMS.

Q4: If the system does not include a Lynx Smart BMS, how do you recommend wiring?

A4: Wakespeed provides a quick start guide showing how to configure the regulator via DIP switches and an overview of all wiring connections on the wiring harness that comes with the unit.

The WS500 product manual contains additional wiring diagrams that show in detail how the wiring harness is wired.

Note that the shunt should be connected to the battery and the WS500 configured with the shunt on the battery.



5.10. Wireless Bluetooth Ruuvi temperature sensors

The Ruuvi sensor features temperature, humidity and atmospheric pressure streamed wirelessly to the GX device via Bluetooth.

To connect the Ruuvi sensors to the GX device via Bluetooth, the GX device needs Bluetooth functionality. Some GX products already have built-in Bluetooth, all others can easily be retrofitted using a standard USB Bluetooth adapter (see the Victron GX product range overview for GX products that have built-in Bluetooth).

However, an additional USB Bluetooth adapter, also for GX devices with built-in Bluetooth, allows for limited relocation of the Bluetooth radio (via a USB cable extension) close to other supported Bluetooth devices that might not otherwise be reachable.

External USB Bluetooth adapters that have been tested and known to work:

USB Bluetooth adapter				
Insignia (NS-PCY5BMA2)	Logilink BT0037	TP-Link UB400(UN)	Kinivo BTD-400	Ideapro USB Bluetooth adapter 4.0
Ewent EW1085R4	Laird BT820	Laird BT851	-	-

A list of additional adapters that are also being tested, as well as adapters that have been tested and are known not to work, is available in this community thread.

Installation procedure

Make sure that Bluetooth is enabled in the Bluetooth menu (enabled by default).

Go to the Settings \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow Bluetooth sensors menu and then click Enable to enable Bluetooth temperature sensors.

The Ruuvi sensors come supplied with a removable plastic pull tab. This prevents it from discharging while on the shelf. Pull out the plastic tab and the unit will start transmitting its temperature information.



The sensor should appear in the menu, "Ruuvi ####" - with a 4 hexidecimal device ID, enable the specific Ruuvi sensor.

<	Bluetooth sensors	奈 08:40
Enable		\bigcirc
Continuou	s scanning	
Bluetooth	adapters	>
Ruuvi 2BE	2	
Ruuvi 56F7	,	
<u>11</u> F	Pages	≡ Menu

The Bluetooth adapters submenu displays a list of available Bluetooth adapters. The menu option Continuous scanning permanently scans for new Bluetooth sensors. Note that this option affects the WiFi performance of the GX device. Only enable this option if you need to search for new Bluetooth sensors. Otherwise, leave this option disabled.



<	Bluetooth adapters	হ্ন 08:40
hci0	DB:	68:15:18:17:F3
hcil	00:E	E0:42:AC:04:03
ᆈ Pag	ges	≣ Menu

If you have multiple sensors, you may wish to physically write this device ID on the sensor case itself to help keep track. The sensor should now be visible in the main menu - by default it is labelled 'Generic temperature sensor (##)'

Device List	4	÷ 05:	51
Generic temperature sensor (29)	28°C	73%	>
Generic temperature sensor (28)	27°C	71%	>
Notifications			>
Settings			>
<u>쎄</u> Pages	业 Pages		

It is possible inside the temperature sensor menu to adjust the type, and also to set a custom name.

The Ruuvi sensors are estimated to last more than 12 months on a single replaceable CR2477 3V Li coin battery. Both the internal battery voltage and the battery status are displayed in the menu of the respective sensor. Status 'Ok' = battery voltage \leq 2.50V. Status 'Sensor battery low' = battery voltage \geq 2.50V.

<	Bedroom	হৃ 09:36
		Sensor battery low
Temperature		22°C
Humidity		50%
Pressure		1018.4hPa
Sensor battery		2.40V
Setup		>
<u> 세</u> Pages	~	≣ Menu

It is possible to update the firmware for the Ruuvi with Ruuvi's own separate phone app, though this is not necessary unless you are experiencing issues.



5.11. Connecting IMT Solar Irradiance, Temperature and Wind Speed Sensors

Ingenieurbüro Mencke & Tegtmeyer GmbH (IMT) offer a range of digital silicon irradiance sensor models within the Si-RS485 series that are all compatible with a Victron GX device.

Compatibility

The optional/additional external module temperature, ambient temperature and wind speed sensors are also supported.

Optional/additional external sensors are either connected to the solar irradiance sensor with pre-installed plugs or pre-wired to the solar irradiance sensor (external module and ambient temperature only). When external sensors are connected via an appropriate solar irradiance sensor, all measurement data is transmitted to the Victron GX device with the single interface cable.

Each model solar irradiance sensor within Si-RS485 series has a different capability with regards to external sensors (or comes with an external sensor pre-wired), so carefully consider any future desires/requirements before initial purchase.

It is also possible to connect an independent IMT Tm-RS485-MB module temperature sensor (visible as 'cell temperature') or IMT Ta-ext-RS485-MB ambient temperature sensor (visible as 'external temperature') directly to the Victron GX device, without a solar irradiance sensor or in addition to one.

Operation

The IMT Si-RS485 series solar irradiance sensors operate using RS485 electrical interface and Modbus RTU communication protocol.

The Victron GX device must be running version 2.40 or later.

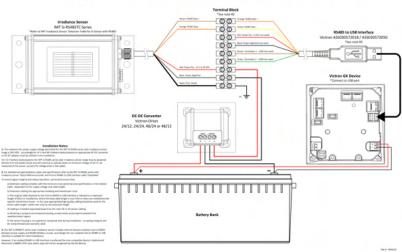
The IMT sensor needs to be firmware version 1.52 minimum - for more information about this please contact IMT.

Physical connection to the Victron GX device is via USB port and requires a Victron RS485 to USB interface cable.

A suitable external DC power source (12 to 28 VDC) is also required - the sensor is NOT powered via USB.

Wiring Connections

The schematic in the installation guide below depicts the wiring configuration in a typical installation.



IMT Si-RS485TC Series Solar Irradiance Sensor - Victron Installation Guide

Wire connections

Si-Sensor	Victron RS485 to USB interface	Signal
Brown	Orange	RS485 Data A +
Orange	Yellow	RS485 Data B -
Red	-	Power Pos - 12 to 28VDC
Black		Power Neg/Gnd - 0VDC
Black (thick)	-	Ground / Cable Shield / PE
-	Red	Power Pos - 5VDC (not used)



Si-Sensor	Victron RS485 to USB interface	Signal
-	Black	Power Neg/Gnd - 0VDC (not used)
	Brown	Terminator 1 - 120R (not used)
	Green	Terminator 2 - 120R (not used)

Installation Notes

The maximum DC power supply voltage permitted for the IMT Si-RS485 series solar irradiance sensor range is 28.0VDC - accordingly for 24V and 48V battery banks/systems an appropriate Victron DC-DC converter (24/12, 24/24, 48/12 or 48/24) or AC-DC adaptor must be utilised in the installation.

For 12V battery banks/systems the IMT Si-RS485 series solar irradiance sensor range may be powered directly from the battery bank and will continue to operate down to minimum voltage of 10.5V (as measured at the sensor, account for voltage drop in the cable).

For detailed wiring/installation notes and specifications refer to the IMT Si-RS485 series solar irradiance sensor 'Quick Reference Guide' and Victron RS485 to USB interface cable 'Datasheet'.

To ensure signal integrity and robust operation, particularly ensure that;

- Extension cabling complies with the minimum cross-sectional area specifications in the related table dependent on DC supply voltage and cable length
- · Extension cabling has appropriate shielding and twisted pair cores
- The original cable attached to the Victron RS485 to USB interface is reduced to a maximum length of 20cm in installations where the total cable length is over 10m or there are installation/site specific interference issues in this case appropriate/high quality cabling should be used for the entire cable length, rather than only for the extension length
- · Cabling is installed separated/away from the main DC or AC power cabling
- · All wiring is properly terminated (including unused wires) and properly isolated from weather/water ingress
- The sensor housing is not opened or tampered with during installation as sealing integrity will be compromised (and warranty void)

The IMT Si-RS485TC series solar irradiance sensor includes internal Galvanic Isolation (up to 1000V) between power supply and RS485 Modbus circuits, accordingly the non-isolated Victron RS485 to USB interface is suitable for most installations.

However, if an isolated RS485 to USB interface is preferred the only compatible device is Hjelmslund Electronics USB485-STIXL (any others type will not be recognised by the GX device).

Multiple Sensors

It is possible to connect multiple IMT Si-RS485 series solar irradiance sensors to a common Victron GX device, however a dedicated Victron RS485 to USB interface is required for each individual unit.

Multiple units cannot be combined on a single interface (as this is not supported by the related Venus OS software).

Configuration

There is normally no need for any special/additional configuration – the default 'as shipped' configuration is compatible for communication with a Victron GX device.

However, in cases where the IMT Si-RS485 series solar irradiance sensor has been previously used in another system and/or the settings changed for any reason, it is necessary to restore the default configuration before further use.

To revise the configuration, download the IMT 'Si-MODBUS-Configuration software tool'. Follow the instructions in the IMT 'Si Modbus Configurator Documentation'. and check/update the following settings:

- · MODBUS Address: 1
- Baud Rate: 9600
- Data Format: 8N1 (10 Bit)

For further support related to configuration of the IMT Si-RS485 Series irradiance sensors please contact IMT Solar directly.

User Interface - GX device

Upon connection to the Victron GX device and power up the IMT Si-RS485 Series irradiance sensor will be automatically detected within a few minutes and appear in the 'Device List' menu.



Device List				11:5	59
BMV-712 Smart	94%	27.0	1V	6.3A	>
IMT Si-RS485 Series Solar Irradiance	e Sens				>
SmartSolar Charger MPPT 250/100	rev2		:	296W	>
MultiPlus 24/3000/70-16			Inve	erting	>
Notifications					>
Settings					>
<u>네</u> Pages		≡M	enu	1	

Within the 'IMT Si-RS485 Series Solar Irradiance Sensor' menu all available parameters will be automatically displayed (dependent on the sensors connected) and update in real time.

IMT Si-RS485 Series Solar Irradiance	Sensor 12:06
Irradiance	1090.1W/m2
Cell temperature	40.5°C
External temperature	24.5°C
Wind speed	2.9m/s
Settings	>
ᆁ Pages	⊒ Menu

Within the 'Settings' sub-menu it is possible to manually enable and disable any optional/additional external sensors that are connected to the IMT Si-RS485 Series irradiance sensor.

<	Settings	12:00
Wind speed sensor		Enabled
External temperature s	ensor	Enabled
<u>ااا </u> Pages	Ξ	Menu

<	Wind speed sensor	12:00
Enabled		Ο
Disabled		0
Auto-detect		0
\otimes		\bigotimes

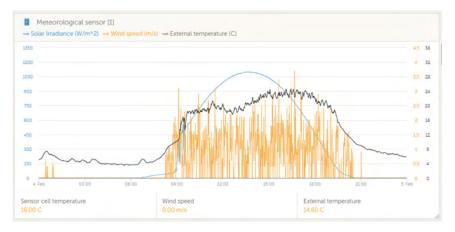


5.11.1. Data Visualisation - VRM

To review logged historical data on the VRM portal, expand the 'Meteorological Sensor' widget list and select the 'Meteorological Sensor' widget.

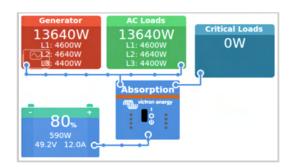
Gateway	9 widgets	•
VE.Bus System	12 widgets	÷
Battery Monitor [256]	8 widgets	Œ
Solar Charger [258]	7 widgets	Œ
Meteorological Sensor [1]	1 widget	e
Meteorological sensor		

Data from all available sensor types will be automatically displayed in the graph. Individual sensors/parameters can also be disabled/enabled by clicking on the sensor name/legend.



5.12. ComAp InteliLite 4 series genset controller support

5.12.1. Introduction



By integrating the ComAp InteliLite 4 series genset controller with a GX device, it is possible to read out AC data, oil pressure, coolant temperature, and further status readings. In addition, it supports digital start/stop signalling from the GX device.

The following images show how the data is displayed on the GX device:

Device	List	09:37	<	Comap genset	controlle	r 09:38	<	Engine	09:44
Comap genset controller	Running	14.00kW >	Mode			Auto start/stop	Speed		2992rpm
Notifications		>	Status			Running	Load		61%
Settings		>	Error Code			#0 No error	Coolant tempera	ature	73°C
			AC Phase L1	232V	22A	5.00kW	Operating time		14d 14h
			AC Phase L2	233V	23A	5.00kW	Starter battery	voltage	13.4V
			AC Phase L3	232V	19A	4.00kW			
실 Pages		Menu	<u> 세</u> Pages	s ~		≡ Menu	브 Pages		≡ Menu

How does it work?

The GX device reads and sends data from the InteliLite 4 panel via Modbus, using the ComAp CM3-Ethernet module (required) as the communication interface. The default Modbus mapping of the InteliLite 4 controller is used.

By utilising the identification string found in Modbus register 1307, the GX device automatically detects the presence of a ComAp Intellite 4 controller. It will detect all modules with a name starting with *Intellite4-*. This identification string is also shown in the title of the InteliConfig window.



In the appendix you will find an overview of all Modbus registers used and their mappings: Modbus holding registers for the ComAp InteliLite 4 controller [149].

Supported ComAp genset controllers

The following InteliLite 4 series genset controllers are supported:

- InteliLite 4 AMF 25, 20, 9 and 8
- InteliLite 4 MRS 16

Will it work with other ComAp controllers?

It may work, but is untested. The minimum requirement is that the Modbus registers of the ComAp controller must exactly match the registers as outlined in the overview of all Modbus registers used and their mappings; see the Modbus holding registers for the ComAp InteliLite 4 controller [149] in the appendix, which represent the default registers of the ComAp InteliLite 4.

Supported ComAp CM-Ethernet module

CM3-Ethernet module (ComAp order code: CM3ETHERXBX)

It may also work with the standard CM-Ethernet module (ComAp order code: CM2ETHERXBX), but has not been tested.

5.12.2. Installation & Configuration

Installation and configuration takes place in just a few steps. You only need to enable the Modbus Server in your CM3-Ethernet module. This can be done from the control panel or using the software for the controller, InteliConfig, which can be downloaded from the ComAp website.

No further configuration of the ComAp CM3-Ethernet module is required.

Do not change the Modbus register list in the InteliLite 4 controller. For the GX device to be able to read the data, the ComAp Modbus register configuration needs to stay per its default settings. For the exact required configuration in the ComAp, see the appendix Modbus holding registers for the ComAp InteliLite 4 controller [149]

ComAp CM3-Ethernet configuration

The following procedure describes the steps using InteliConfig:

- 1. Open the InteliConfig app.
- 2. Select the Setpoint tab.
- 3. In the following menu, select the CM-Ethernet module.
- 4. Enable the Modbus server.



Setpoints [HG 395] Setpoint Croups	Selpciel Name	Retpoint Value	ŧ ×	
Rasic Settings			App	
Communication Settings	DNS IP Address 1			
Engine Settings	Chris IP Address 2	4.4.4 +		
Maintenance Timers	@ freval	Disabled • •		
Generator Settings	AirGuite Settings			
Protections	AirGate Connection	Enabled • •		
Load Management	AirGate Address	global airgate link +		
User Buttons	AirGate Port	54,440 =		
User Setpoints	ComAp Client Settings			
Scheduler	Comkp Client inactivity Timeout	60 s		
Plug-In Modules	Direct Connection	Enabled + +		
CM-Ethernet	Direct Connection Port	23 +	0	
Alternate Configuration			tion 0	
	MODBUS Settings		0	
	MODBUS Server	Enabled -	top 0	
	MODBUS Client Inactivity Timeout	60 s	0	
	SNVP Settings		ton 0	
	ShowP Agent	Disabled •		
	SNMP Trap Format	v2 inform *		
	SNMP Traps IP Address 1			
	SNMP Traps IP Address 2		0	
	SHMP RD Community String	public	n 0	
	View Operations Alternative Setpoints		Vide panel	
Search				

GX device configuration

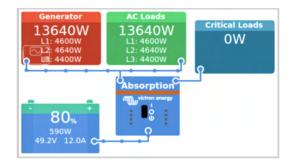
Once the GX device and the CM-Ethernet module are connected to the same network, it will automatically appear in the Device List.

If not, check the Modbus settings on the GX device, Settings \rightarrow Modbus TCP Devices, and ensure Automatic scanning is enabled (default setting) or scan for it; it should be automatically detected and appear in the Discovered devices sub-menu. For this to work reliably, automatic scanning must remain switched on. The network is scanned every ten minutes. If the IP address changes, the device will be found again.

<	Modbus TCP/UDP devices	후 08:19
Automatic sc		
Scan for devi	ices	Press to scan
Saved device	25	>
Discovered d	levices	>
ᆈ Pag	ges	≡ Menu

5.13. DSE- Deep Sea generator controller support

5.13.1. Introduction



By integrating a Deep Sea Electronics (DSE) genset controller with a GX device, it is possible to read out AC data, oil pressure, coolant temperature, and further status readings. In addition, it supports digital start/stop signalling from the GX device.

The following images show how the data is displayed on the GX device:

	Device List	09:37	<	DSE genset c	ontroller	09:38	<	Engine	09:44
DSE genset controller	Running	14.00kW >	Mode			Auto start/stop	Speed		2992rpm
Notifications		>	Status			Running	Load		61%
Settings >		>	Error Code			#0 No error	Coolant temperatur	re	73°C
			AC Phase L1	232V	22A	5.00kW	Operating time		14d 14h
			AC Phase L2	233V	23A	5.00kW	Starter battery volt	age	13.4V
			AC Phase L3	232V	19A	4.00kW			
과 Pages	=	Menu	과 Pages	~		≡ Menu	실 Pages		≡ Menu

How does it work?

The GX device reads and sends data from the DSE controller via the Deep Sea Electronics "GenComm" Modbus specification, using either the Ethernet connection of the DSE controller itself or, for controllers without an Ethernet interface, via an USB-to-Ethernet communications device (e.g. DSE855).

By utilising the identification values found in Modbus registers 768 and 769 (GenComm Page 3, Register offsets 0 and 1), the GX device automatically detects the presence of a DSE controller.

In the appendix, you will find an overview of all Modbus registers used and their mappings: Modbus holding registers for supported DSE genset controllers [150].

Supported DSE genset controllers and DSE USB to Ethernet Communication Device

The following DSE genset controllers are supported:

DSE genset controllers	DSE USB to Ethernet Communication Device		
DSE4620			
DSE4510 MKII			
DSE6110 MKII			
DSE7310 MKII	DSE855		
DSE7410 MKII	Or use the Ethernet port if one of the supported DSE controllers have		
DSE7420 MKII			
DSE8610 MKII			
DSE8660 MKII			

Will it work with other DSE genset controllers?

Unfortunately it will not work with models other than the listed ones. Each model has different identification register values that need to be added manually. There is currently a Victron community project underway where you can ask if your DSE controller can be added.

5.13.2. Installation & Configuration

The Modbus server for the DSE855 USB to Ethernet communication device is enabled by default. The Modbus TCP port defaults to 502; don't change it. On other units, please refer to the DSE manual in case of doubt. Note that the GX device register mapping is static; it cannot be configured.

No further configuration of the DSE855 USB to Ethernet Communications Device is required.

Do not change the Modbus register list in the DSE genset controller. For the GX device to be able to read the data, the DSE controller Modbus register configuration needs to stay per its default settings. For the exact required configuration in the DSE, see the appendix Modbus holding registers for supported DSE genset controllers [150]

GX device configuration

Once the GX device and the DSE controller are connected to the same network, it will automatically appear in the Device List.

If not, check the Modbus settings on the GX device, Settings \rightarrow Modbus TCP Devices, and ensure Automatic scanning is enabled (default setting) or scan for it; it should be automatically detected and appear in the Discovered devices sub-menu. For this to work reliably, automatic scanning must remain switched on. The network is scanned every ten minutes. If the IP address changes, the device will be found again.



K Modbus TCP/UD	P devices 🛛 🛜 08:19
Automatic scanning	
Scan for devices	Press to scan
Saved devices	>
Discovered devices	>
ᆈ Pages	≡ Menu

<	Modbus TCP/UDP devices		(02:03
Device 1	TCP 192.168.8.56		502	1
Add		Re	move	



6. Internet connectivity

Connect the Ekrano GX to the internet to get all the advantages of the VRM Portal. The EGX sends data from all connected products to the VRM portal - from where you can monitor energy usage, view the current status of connected products, configure email alarms and download data in CSV and Excel formats.

To monitor this data from your smartphone or tablet download the iOS or Android VRM App.

In addition to remote monitoring, an active internet connection allows the EGX to regularly check for a new firmware versions - which (depending on the setting) will be automatically downloaded and installed.

There are several ways to connect a EGX to the internet:

- · Run a network cable between a router and the EGX Ethernet LAN port
- · Connect to the router wirelessly using WiFi
- · Via a mobile (cellular) network, using the GX LTE 4G a cellular USB modem or, with a 3G or 4G router
- · USB Tethering via a mobile phone

This video explains how to connect LAN, WiFi and a GX GSM (also applies to GX LTE 4G):



6.1. Ethernet LAN port

When you connect an ethernet cable between a router and EGX, the Settings \rightarrow Ethernet page of your EGX will confirm connection.



Before connecting the ethernet cable, be very careful not to confuse the GX device Ethernet port with the VE.Bus or VE.Can/BMS-Can ports!

<	Ethernet	≓ <u>∧</u> 23:39
State		Connected
MAC address		90:59:AF:6A:16:EB
IP configuration		Automatic
IP address		192.168.003.167
Netmask		255.255.255.000
Gateway		192.168.003.001
<u>الله</u> Pages	~	≣ Menu



6.2. WiFi

The Ekrano GX includes built-in WiFi. Using WiFi it is possible to connect to WEP, WPA and WPA2 secured networks. It is also possible to connect a supported external USB WiFi dongle (to increase wireless range outside of a cabinet for example).

There are several supported USB WiFi dongles. Two of them are also available from stock at Victron Energy:

- Partno. BPP900100200 CCGX WiFi module simple (Nano USB), small, low cost.
- Partno. BPP900200300 Asus USB-N14, slightly higher cost and also better reception than the Nano USB. Supported since software version 2.23.
- Partno. BPP900200400 WiFi module long range (Netgear AC1200) higher cost and also better reception than the Nano USB. Wireless AC, Wireless G and Wireless N; 2.4 Ghz and 5 Ghz.

WiFi modules that are no longer available but still supported are:

- Partno. BPP900200100 Startech USB300WN2X2D
- Partno. BPP900100100 Zyxel NWD2105
- · Partno. BPP900200200 Gembird WNP-UA-002, slightly higher cost and also better reception.
- Partno. BPP900200400 Netgear A6210-100PES.

Although other WiFi dongles may work, they have not been tested and we do not offer support for other dongles.

The WiFi menu shows the available networks. When a network is selected, it is possible to fill in the password (if the password is not already known) to connect to the network. Setting up via WPS (WiFi Protected Setup) is not supported.

When the EGX finds multiple WiFi networks of which the password is known, the strongest network is selected automatically. When the signal of the connected network becomes too weak, it will automatically switch to a stronger network - if it knows the password of that network.



WiFi is an inherently less reliable connection than a hardwired ethernet cable. It should always be a preference to connect via ethernet when possible. Signal strength should always be at least 50%.

<	internet	奈 16:11
State		Connected
Name		internet
Forget network?		
Signal strength		73 %
MAC address		00:0F:00:4F:05:96
IP configuration		Automatic
Pages الله	~	≡ Menu

6.3. GX LTE 4G

The GX LTE 4G is a cellular modem for our GX range of monitoring products and provides a mobile internet connection for the system and a connection to the VRM Portal. It works on 2G, 3G and 4G networks.

Please see the GX LTE 4G Manual

6.4. Mobile (cellular) network using a 3G or 4G router



The GX LTE 4G provides only an internet connection for the GX device. Sharing the internet with laptops, phones, or other devices is not possible.

For installations where more devices require internet, as is often the case on a yacht or RV, or where a reliable failover/backup solution is needed, consider installing a mobile router with this functionality instead.

A mobile router can share cellular data with multiple devices such as smartphones, tablets, laptops and other devices via its Ethernet port or WiFi and is able to switch to a previously configured WiFi connection in the event of an Ethernet connection failure or vice versa.

To connect the EGX to a mobile (cellular) network, such as a 3G or 4G network, use a cellular router. Connect the EGX to that router with either a LAN cable or the router's WiFi network.



Make sure you use a router that is designed for unattended setups. Do not use low-cost consumer-grade routers intended for business or leisure travel. A more expensive professional router will quickly pay for itself, and you won't have wasted journeys simply to perform a reset. Examples of such professional routers are the H685 4G LTE from Proroute and the Industrial 4G router range from Pepwave.

More information is in this blog post.

Note that the EGX does not support USB 3G/4G dongles, other than the GX GSM and GX LTE 4G accessories available from Victron.

6.5. USB tethering using a mobile phone

This is a useful facility when it works - but don't rely on it because it has not proved very dependable. Consult the internet for instructions about tethering for your phone and its particular operating system. We have heard of it working on:

- Samsung Galaxy S4
- ...but not on:
- iPhone 5s with iOS 8.1.1

6.6. Manual IP configuration

Almost no installations will need the IP address configuration to be inserted manually as most systems support automatic IP configuration (DHCP) - and that is also the EGX default setting. If you do need to configure the address manually, select the following template:

<	Ethernet	♀ ≓ 16:49
MAC address		84:7E:40:66:0E:6F
IP configuration		Manual
IP address		092.168.002.002
Select position	Select character	Apply changes
Netmask		255.255.255.000
(\mathbf{X})	^	\bigcirc

Complete details of IP requirements, as well as used port numbers will be found in the VRM FAQ - ports and connections used by the [133] EGX.

6.7. Multiple connections (failover)

It is possible to connect the EGX to multiple networks simultaneously, Ethernet, WiFi and LTE (via a GX LTE 4G). In this case, the GX device uses Ethernet or WiFi whenever available and falls back to LTE if the Ethernet connection is lost and WiFi access isn't available.

The priority of which connection the GX device uses is based on the following order:

- 1. Ethernet, regardless of whether there is a WiFi or LTE connection.
- 2. WiFi when there is no Ethernet connection and regardless of whether there is an LTE connection.
- 3. LTE when there is no Ethernet and WiFi connection.



Please note that the GX device does not check whether any network devices mentioned have an active internet connection. This mechanism only considers the active network connection.

6.8. Minimise internet traffic

In situations where internet traffic is expensive, for example a satellite uplink or with roaming GSM/cellular charges, you may want to minimise the internet traffic. The steps to take are:

- Disable auto firmware updates [64]
- Do not enable remote support [134]
- Reduce the Log interval (Settings → VRM online portal → Log interval) to a very low frequency. Note that state changes (charging → inverting, or bulk → float) and also alarms will cause extra messages to be sent



To find out how much data allowance you need to buy the best way is to let the system run for a couple of days and monitor the internet RX and TX counters in your 3G or 4G router. Or even better, some mobile companies will report the data used via a website.

The amount of data used is also very dependent on the system:

More products connected to the EGX will generate more data.

• A state change (from inverter to charger for example) will trigger a data transmission, so a system with very frequent state changes will also tend to generate more data. This is especially true in certain Hub-1 and Hub-2 systems.

We recommend setting-up your data plan in such a way as to avoid costly 'excess' charges. Make sure you put a cap on your data usage; or use a pre-paid plan.

One customer - burdened with global costs of between twenty cents and several euros per mb of data - invented a clever solution: Using a VPN he modified the IP to route ALL traffic to and from the GX device via his VPN. Using a firewall at the VPN server allows him to control traffic according to time, connection type, place and destinations. Although this is beyond the scope of this manual, it works, and - with the help of a Linux and networking expert - it can work for you.



6.9. More information about setting up an internet connection and VRM

- Setting up a VRM account
- VRM Portal alarms and monitoring
- VRM Portal Frequently asked questions



7. Accessing the GX device

It is possible to access the GX device via a smartphone, tablet or computer. This access is called Remote Console. The Remote Console is the central element for making or changing settings on the GX device.

In GX devices with a display this Remote Console feature may be disabled by default and need to be enabled. GX devices without a display have Remote Console enabled by default.

There are several ways to get access:

Access type	Color Control GX	Venus GX	Cerbo GX / Cerbo-S GX	Ekrano GX
VictronConnect via Bluetooth ^[4]	_ [1]	_ [1]	Yes	Yes
Built-in WiFi Access Point [46]	_ [2]	Yes	Yes	Yes
Local LAN/WiFi network [47]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
VRM Portal ^[3]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

^[1] Both CCGX and VGX do not have built-in Bluetooth. This feature can be easily added by connecting a USB Bluetooth dongle.

^[2] The CCGX does not have built-in WiFi. This feature can be easily added by attaching a USB WiFi dongle.

^[3] Requires the GX device connected to the internet.

^[4] GX device Bluetooth functionality is limited to assist with initial connection and networking configuration. You cannot use Bluetooth to connect to the Remote Console or other Victron products (e.g. SmartSolar charge controllers). For more information about how to connect other Victron products, please see Connecting Victron products [9].



7.1. Using VictronConnect via Bluetooth

If you are just getting started for the first time with VictronConnect, you may wish to begin with the VictronConnect manual.

- 1. Download the latest version of the VictronConnect app onto your Bluetooth compatible device (phone or laptop), and make sure that Bluetooth is enabled.
- 2. Make sure the Ekrano GX is powered on.
- 3. Open the VictronConnect app within 10 meters of the Ekrano GX and wait for nearby devices to be discovered.
- 4. Once discovered, click or tap on the Ekrano GX.
- 5. On first connection you will be asked to enter a Bluetooth PIN code.
 - The unique PIN code is printed on a sticker on the topside of the Ekrano GX.
- 6. For GX devices that use the default PIN code, you will then be asked to change this insecure default PIN code to a more secure unique code. Please set your unique code, and then put it in a safe place for passwords in case you forget.



From the main device screen it is possible to change the network and ethernet settings, enable or disable the built-in WiFi Access Point, view the system on VRM, or open the Remote Console (requires a WiFi connection to a local network or the access point of your GX device).

For the network settings, tap or click the cog wheel icon.

tti21 ● ← Ekrano GX HQ2245FTMX	 ♥ ED Y ♥ 	tt:22 → ← Network sett	• • •	t1:22 ← Connection s	ettings
_		Wireless network		MW_Sailing_Home	
The second second		MW_Saling_Home	₽ 👳	State	Connected
100 C 100 C 100 C		Network settings		MAC Address	5C-C5-63-GA-CA-23
		Disconnect from network		IP Configuration	Automatic ·
Product		Choose a network		IP Address	192.168.178.107
Ekrano GX HQ2245FTMXY Sarial number		Vodafone Hotspot	Ŷ	Netmask	255 255 255 0
HQ2245FTMXY		Vodafone Homespot ZVXEL-348		Gateway	
VRM ID			FOR NETWORKS	Nameserver	192.168.178.1
Pin code	CHANGE	Wireless Access Point		Nameserver	fd00:1eed 6/ff fe01.7c2c
Custom name Ekrano GX HQ2245FTMXY	EDIT	Enable Access Point			
Ferrivare v3.00~18		Access Point SSID	venus HQ2245FTMXY 68e		
Holt		Access Point Passphrase	9k57gdwu		
192.168.178.108	NOTE CONSOLE	Ethernet			
VEM ONLINE PORTAL		Ethernet settings			
		Link-local address			
		169.254.9.28			

Bluetooth can only be used for initial connection and networking configuration, and cannot connect to other Victron products such as SmartSolar charge controllers. If you need to connect other Victron products, please refer to the Connecting Victron products [9] chapter.

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7.2. Accessing via built-in WiFi Access Point

This method requires the VictronConnect app to be installed on your smartphone, tablet or laptop.

Steps to connect automatically via the QR Code:

- 1. Locate the QR code sticker on the side of the EGX
- 2. Scan the QR code using your phone's camera function, or a QR code scanning app
- 3. If supported by your phone, this will prompt you to connect you to the WiFi Access point
- 4. Once connected, open VictronConnect
- 5. Select the GX device from the list
- 6. Open the Remote Console

Steps to manually connect:

- 1. Stand as close as possible from the Ekrano GX, and no further than a few meters away.
- 2. Go to the WiFi settings on your phone, tablet or laptop.
- 3. After searching, the Ekrano GX will show up in the list, as Venus-HQ1940DEFR4-3b6. Where HQ... is the serial number as printed on the side of the box.
- 4. Connect to WiFi using the 'WiFi key' which you will find printed on the side of the box ...and also on a card in the plastic bag. Keep that in a safe place.
- 5. Open VictronConnect, it will start scanning the WiFi network automatically.
- 6. Once found, select the GX device from the list.
- 7. Open the Remote Console

Notes:

- If you cannot use VictronConnect, you can use a web browser and navigate to the IP address http://172.24.24.1 or http://venus.local
- For added security it is possible to disable the WiFi Access Point. See Settings → Wi-Fi → Create access point in the Remote Console.

Instruction video

Watch the step-by-step instruction video on how to connect to a GX device using the VictronConnect app:





7.3. Accessing the Remote Console via local LAN/WiFi Network

This section explains how to connect to Remote Console when the Ekrano GX is connected to the local computer network with either an Ethernet cable, or having it configured to connect to a local WiFi network.

This method does not require an internet connection. Just a local computer network is sufficient.

Once connected, connect to the GX device by running the VictronConnect app on a phone, tablet or laptop. Note that it will need to be connected to the same computer network as the Ekrano GX.

This video shows how it is done.



7.3.1. Alternative methods to find the IP address for Remote Console

In case VictronConnect can't be used, here are a few other methods to find the Ekrano GX, ie. its IP address.

Link Local Address - Venus.local

When the Remote Console on LAN setting is enabled, a direct connection (via network cable without a router or DHCP server) is possible. You can access the GX device by typing venus.local or http://venus.local into a web browser, or in VictronConnect when connected to the same network. Only enable this function on trusted networks or direct connections. Make sure you have disabled the password check, or set a password first.



IP Address on VRM

On the VRM Portal, you'll find the IP address on the Device list page of the installation. Note that this does require the Ekrano GX to be connected to the internet.

••• ED • < > [5	0	vm.victronenergy.com	9 9 2	≙ + ₹
Mon victron energy	Device list for My H	ouse ESS		
Q, Search an installation	Gateway	Last seen a few	seconds ago	Θ
Deshboard	Product	Cerbo	ax	
Advanced Device list	Firmware version	v3.00-		
Venus OS Large Settings +	Remote on LAN	-	8.178.64 151 (3b7 5377 4872 4ae7 datt fe87 al	
Remote Console	Firmware updates Last connection		atically checks for updates to release-candidat reconds ago	e
 Notes Photos 	Logging Interval VRM portal ID	1 minu	te	
< Share ∬ Alarm logs	Last power up or resta	rt 2023-4	01-16 21:21 (6 days, 18 hours, 5 minutes ago)	
Event logs Reporting	Remote Console on V Two way communicat		d and up	
- Metoring -	Remote support		d and online -	
🖒 Log out	Serial number	HQ254	I9GATJV	
			Dele	te device

Network (on Microsoft Windows)



In a local network, for example at home, you can also find the Ekrano GX in the Windows 'Network' overview (this uses Universal Plug-and-Play (UPnP) broadcast technology):

Metwork		- 0 X
⊙ New - → □ □ □ □ □ □ □ 14 Sort - S= View		
← → × ↑ 🐌 Network >	Y の ,の Search Network	
> ∲ Quick access > ▲ OneDrive Mac		
This PC Network Infrastructure (1)		
DVD Drive (D) esd2i		
> 🐌 Network Cerbo GX		

Double-clicking the icon will open up Remote Console on LAN.



Open the 'Properties' window by right-clicking the icon to see the IP address.



7.4. Accessing via VRM



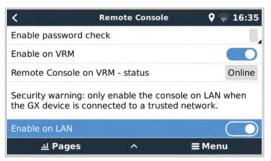
This method requires a working internet connection, both on your phone, tablet or laptop as well as for the Ekrano GX. For a new install, this means that it needs to be connected by Ethernet cable.

Step-by-step instructions:

- First, connect the Ekrano GX to the internet by plugging it into a working Ethernet network which has a DHCP server, as most networks do, and which is connected to the internet.
 The Ekrano GX will immediately connect to VRM.
- 2. Now go to the VRM Portal, https://vrm.victronenergy.com/, and follow the instructions to add the device.
- **3.** Then, once visible on VRM, click on the Remote Console link in the left-hand menu. The result looks similar to the image above.

More technical information in the related troubleshooting chapter: Remote Console on VRM - Troubleshooting [87].

7.5. The Remote Console menu



The Remote Console menu (Settings \rightarrow Remote Console) contains options for controlling access to the Remote Console via LAN/WiFi and VRM and shows the online status of the Remote Console on VRM.

The options in detail:

1. Disable password check:

If this option is disabled, there is no password check when accessing the Remote Console.

2. Enable password check:

To enable password check, a password must first be assigned. Use this password when accessing the Remote Console. Keep it in a safe place.

3. Enable on VRM:

If enabled, the Remote Console can be used via the VRM portal from anywhere in the world. The password check (recommended) also applies if it is activated.

4. Remote Console on VRM - status:

Displays the online status of the Remote Console on VRM.

5. Enable on LAN:

If enabled, the Remote Console can be used via local LAN/WiFi. Mind the security warning.

Note that you need to manually reboot (Settings -> General -> Reboot) the GX device after changing any of these settings.



8. Configuration

8.1. Menu structure and configurable parameters

After completing the installation and setting up the internet connection (if required), go through the menu from top to bottom to configure the EGX:

Item	Default	Description
General		
Access level	User and installer	Set this to 'User' to prevent accidental and unwanted changes to the configuration. Installer has additional privileges and once changed from default requires a password. Password is available from your dealer.
Remote support	No	No / Yes - Enable this to allow Victron engineers to access your system in case there is a problem.
Reboot?		Reboots the GX device
Audible alarm	Yes	When there is an alarm on the EGX or a connected product, the EGX will beep - unless this setting is set to 'Off'.
Demo mode	Disabled	Demonstrates product and installation features to a client or at an exhibition. This simulation mode will allow better understanding without (yet) changing any settings. Note that this will add simulated devices to a VRM installation. Demos for ESS, Boat and Motorhome are available.
Firmware - Read full feature of	description [64]	
Firmware Version	X.XX	Displays the currently installed firmware version.
Build date/time	ххх	Displays the build number.
Online updates: Auto	n and/or troubleshoot in ca Check only	If this is Enabled, the GX device will check with the server to see if
update	Спеск опіу	there is a new version available. It is possible to set to disable, or
Oplina undatas: Lindata	Latast release	update automatically
Online updates: Update feed	Latest release	Use the default setting unless you want to participate in test versions. End-user systems should certainly be set to 'Latest release'.
Online updates: Image type	Normal	Choice between Normal and Large image. The large image adds Node-RED and the Signal K-Server functionality to the image.
Online updates: Check for updates	Press to check	Click or press the spacebar to check if a new firmware update is available.
Install firmware from SD/USB		Use this menu to install a new version from a microSD card or USB stick. Insert the card or stick that holds the new firmware .swu file.
Stored backup firmware		With this feature you can go back to the previously installed firmware version.
Date & Time		
Date/Time UTC	Automatic from internet	-
Date/Time local	Automatic from internet	When connected to the internet, time will be automatically synchronised regardless of this setting. Toggle this setting to manually input the time where no internet connection is present.
Time zone	Select the correct local tin	me zone.
Remote Console - Read full f	eature description [44]	



Item	Default	Description
Enable password check	Choose password to allo	ow Remote Console access.
Enable on VRM	No	No / Yes - Enabling on VRM will allow connection to the EGX from anywhere via the VRM portal. See also Troubleshooting Remote Console on VRM [87]
Remote Console on VRM - status	-	Displays the connection state of the VRM Remote Console Feature: Online, Offline, Disabled.
Enable on LAN	No	No / Yes - Enabling will allow direct connection to the EGX by typing its IP address or Venus.local into a web browser, or in VictronConnect when connected to the same network. Only enable this function on trusted networks. Disable password check, or set password first.
System setup		
System name	Automatic	Select the system name - presets or user defined
AC input 1	Generator	Select Not available, Generator, Grid or Shore power. Note: additional configuration is required for complete setup of these options.
AC input 2	Grid	Same choices as above.
Monitor for grid failure	Disabled	Monitors for loss of AC-input and triggers an alarm if detected. Alarm is cleared when the AC-input is reconnected.
Battery monitor	Automatic	Select the SoC source. This function is useful where there is more than one BMV. Options: Automatic, No battery monitor and available battery monitor sources. For more details see Battery state of charge (SoC) [58].
Has DC system	Disabled	Enable this for boats, vehicles and installations with DC loads and chargers - in addition to Multi and MPPT chargers. This won't be applicable to most off-grid installations; and any discrepancy between the DC current measured by the Multi, and by the BMV, will be attributed to a 'DC system'. This may be power-in from an alternator, or power-out from a pump, for example.
		A positive value indicates consumption. A negative value indicates charging, for example by an alternator.
		Note that the value shown will always be an approximation, and is affected by the variation in sample rate between elements of the system.
Battery Measurements	Not set	Use this menu to define which battery measurement to see on the VRM portal and the MFD HTML5 app.
System status	On/Off	The following parameters are diagnostic flags only. See The System Status Menu [60] chapter for details
		Synchronise VE.Bus SoC with battery
		Use solar charger current to improve VE.Bus SoC
		Solar charger voltage control
		Solar charger current control
		BMS control
DVCC - Read full feature des	cription [73]	
DVCC	Disabled	Enabling DVCC changes a GX device from a passive monitor into an active controller. Default setting is No, unless a compatible BMS-Can managed battery is connected, then setting is set and locked to manufacturers specification.
Limit charge current	Disabled	User-configurable system wide maximum charge current setting in Amps.
Limit managed battery charge voltage	Disabled	Only use this option for 15s Pylontech batteries on initial balancing. Using it for other purposes may have undesirable side effects.
SVS - Shared voltage sense	Disabled	The GX device automatically selects the best available voltage measurement and shares it with other connected devices.



Item	Default	Description
STS - Shared temperature sense	Disabled	The GX device will send the measured battery temperature to the inverter/charger system as well as all connected solar chargers.
Temperature sensor	Automatic	Select the temperature sensor to use for shared temperature sense measurement.
SCS - Shared current sense	No	Forwards the battery current, as measured by a battery monitor connected to the GX device, to all connected solar chargers.
Controlling BMS	Automatic	Select the BMS that controls the battery.
SCS status	-	Describes if SCS is enabled, or why it is disabled
Display & language		
Display off time	-	Set time-to-off between 10s / 30s - 1m / 10m /30m - or never
Show boat & motorhome overview	Disabled	Enable this to show the mobile overview page which is designed for Marine and Remote Vehicle applications. This overview gives direct access to the AC Current limit as well as the <i>On/Off/</i> <i>Charger-only</i> settings and pump control. Also shows up to four tank levels.
Language	English	Choose between English, Dutch, Chinese, German, Spanish, French, Italian, Swedish, Turkish, Czech, Dansk, Polish, Russin and Arabic.
Units	°C	The available options are Celsius and Fahrenheit. Please note that this setting does not affect the temperature unit in the VRM portal.
VRM online portal - Read fu	Il feature description [81	1
Logging enabled	Enabled	Enable or disable logging
VRM Portal ID	-	Use this value when registering the GX device onto the VRM Portal
Log interval	15 minutes	Set to anything between 1 minute and 1 day. Choose longer time on systems with an unreliable connection. Note that this setting does not affect reporting problems and state changes (bulk \rightarrow absorption) to the VRM Portal. These events initiate an immediat transmission of all parameters.
Use secure connection (HTTPS)	Yes	This encrypts the communication between the GX device and the VRM server
Last contact	-	Time since the VRM server was last contacted
Connection error	No error	Displayed if there is an error in VRM communications. See here for more details on troubleshooting VRM errors. [83]
VRM two-way communication	Disabled	Enable for VRM: Remote VEConfigure and VRM: Remote firmware update
Reboot device when no contact	Disabled	The GX device will reset itself to attempt to correct a potential networking issue if the internet connection is lost for the set delay period
No contact reset delay (hh:mm)	01:00	How long the unit must be offline before restarting itself
Storage location	Internal storage	Displays if an external storage device (eg USB drive or microSD card) is mounted, or the internal storage is in use
Free disk space	-	Amount of bytes available on the storage device
microSD/USB	-	Select to safely eject an external microSD or USB storage (if one is connected) before physically removing it. Failure to do so can cause data loss.
Stored records	-	How many records are stored locally when no internet connectior is available. The GX device will store as many records as it can locally, then upload them when internet is available again.
Oldest record age	-	If internet/VRM is not available, then this will display the oldest record stored on the GX device.

ESS - An Energy Storage System (ESS) is a specific type of power system that integrates a power grid connection with a Victron Inverter/Charger, GX device and battery system. Read full feature description.

Item	Default	Description
Mode	Optimized (with BatteryLife)	Optimized (with BatteryLife) and Optimized (without BatteryLife), Keep batteries charged, External control
Grid metering	-	Leave at default when there is no external Victron grid meter installed.
Inverter AC output in use	Enabled	Setting this to 'No' hides the AC-out graphic in the overview pane
Self-consumption from battery	All system loads	This setting allows for ESS to only use battery power for essentia loads. Options are 'All system loads' or 'Only critical loads'. 'Inverter AC output in use' must be enabled for this option to appear.
Multiphase regulation	-	Use the Phase compensation setting in systems with a three- phase connection to the utility grid.
Minimum SOC (unless grid fails)	10%	Configurable minimum SoC limit. ESS will supply loads from the grid once the SoC has fallen to the configured setting - except when the utility grid has failed and the system is in Inverter mode
Active SOC limit	10%	Use this setting to see the current BatteryLife SoC level.
Peak shaving	Above minimum SoC	Above minimum SoC only, Always
BatteryLife state	only Self-Consumption	Self-consumption, Discharge disabled, Slow charge, Sustain, Recharge
Limit inverter power	Disabled	Limit the power drawn by the Multi: ie. limit the power being inverted from DC to AC.
Grid setpoint	50W	With a higher grid setpoint, you can give the system some "leeway" so as not to feed too much energy into the grid in the event of sudden load changes.
Grid feed-in	-	Set and limit grid feed-in: AC-coupled PV feed in excess, DC- coupled PV feed in excess, Limit system feed-in
Scheduled charge levels	Inactive	Allows you to set up to five scheduled periods, during which the system will take power from the grid to charge the battery.
Energy meters - Read full fe	ature description	
Role	Grid meter	Grid meter, PV inverter, Generator, AC meter
Phase type	Single phase	Either multi- or single-phase
PV inverters - Read full featu	ure description	
Inverters:	-	Shows connected AC PV inverters
Inv: Position	AC Input 1	AC input 1, AC input 2, AC Output
Inv: Phase	L1	
Inv: Show	Yes	
Find PV inverters	-	Scan for available PV inverters
Detected IP addresses	-	Shows the IP address of PV inverters that have been discovered
Add IP address manually	-	If an inverter has a manually assigned IP address, you can add it directly here.
Automatic scanning	Enabled	This setting will continue to look for PV inverters, this can be useful if using a DHCP assigned IP address that might change.
Wireless AC sensors		
Select the position for each A AC sensors.	C sensor (PV Inverter on A	AC-input 1, 2 or on AC-output). More information about the Wireless
Modbus TCP/UDP devices		
Automatic scanning	Enabled	Scans automatically for Modbus TCP/UDP devices
Scan for devices	-	Manually trigger a scan for Modbus TCP/UDP devices
Saved devices	-	Displays a list of found Modbus TCP/UDP devices and their IP address

Discovered devices



Item	Default	Description
Ethernet - read full feature	e description [39]	
State	Unplugged	The state is either unplugged, connecting or connected
MAC address	-	
IP configuration	Automatic	Options: Automatic (DHCP) and manual IP address allocation
IP address	-	
Netmask	-	
Gateway	-	
DNS server	-	
Link-local IP address	-	
WiFi - Read full feature de	escription [40]	
Create access point	Enabled	Disables the internal WiFi access point
Wi-Fi networks	-	Displays a list of available WiFi networks and/or the network to which the GX device is connected
Name	-	SSID of the Wifi network
State	Connected	
Forget network	-	Press to "forget" the network if you want to connect to a different network or troubleshoot
Signal strength	%	
MAC address	-	
IP configuration	Automatic	Options: Automatic (DHCP) and manual IP address allocation
IP address	-	
Netmask	-	
Gateway	-	
DNS server	-	
GSM modem - Read full f	eature description	
Bluetooth		
Enabled	Yes	
Pincode	000000 (or a unique PIN code supplied with the device or set manually)	
GPS - Read full feature de	escription [16]	
GPS information	-	Status, Latitude, Longitude, Speed, Course, Altitude, Number of satellites
Device	-	Displays device related information for diagnostic
Format	DDD.DDDDD°	Choose between decimal degrees, degrees and decimal minutes or degrees, minutes and seconds display
Speed unit	km/h	Choose between km/h, meters per second, miles per hour, or knots.
Generator start/stop - Re	ead full feature description [12	0]
State	Stopped	Shows the state of the generator.
		Possible state messages:
		Stopped, Warm-up, Manually started, Running by condition, Cool- down, Stopping
Error	No error	Displays if there is an error (e.g. generator is supposed to be running but no AC input is detected)
Run time	hh:mm	The time the generator has been running since start.
Total run time	hh:mm	Total time the generator has been running since reset.
Time to service	hh	Remaining hours until the next service.

Item	Default	Description	
Time to next test run	hh:mm	If a periodic run is programmed, this counter will display in days, and hours how long before that will occur.	
Auto start functionality	Disabled	Enable or disable the Autostart functions, this can be further configured in the Generator \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Conditions menu	
Manual start	-	Start generator, Run for hh:mm	
Daily run time	-	Submenu shows the history of time the generator has been running (minutes) each day for the previous 30 days.	
Generator start/stop \rightarrow Set	tings		
Generator start/stop \rightarrow Set	tings $ ightarrow$ Conditions		
On loss of communication	Stop generator	Stop, Start, Keep generator running	
Stop generator when AC input is available	Disabled	This option is ideal for backup systems where a Quattro has mains power connected to one AC input and a generator connected to the other AC input. If this option is activated, the generator will stop as soon as mains is available again.	
Battery SOC	No	Use Battery SOC value to start/stop - No / Yes	
		Start when SOC is lower than - %	
		Start value during quiet hours - % (to override programmed quiet hours when absolutely necessary)	
		Stop when Battery SOC is higher than - %	
		Stop value during quiet hours - % (allows for less runtime during quiet hours, once system is recovered)	
Battery current	No	Use value to start/stop - No / Yess	
Battery voltage		Start when value is higher than - Amps / Voltage / Watts	
AC output		Start value during quiet hours - Amps / Voltage / Watts (to override programmed quiet hours when absolutely necessary)	
		Start after condition is reached for - seconds (to allow for momentary spikes to pass without triggering start)	
		Stop when value is lower than - Amps / Voltage / Watts	
		Stop value during quiet hours - Amps / Voltage / Watts (allows for less runtime during quiet hours, once system is recovered)	
		Stop after the condition is reached for - seconds (to allow for momentary dips without stopping the running generator)	
Inverter high temperature	No	Start on value warning - No / Yes	
Inverter overload		Start when warning is active for - seconds (to allow for momentary spikes to pass without triggering start)	
		When warning is cleared stop after - seconds (to allow for momentary dips without stopping the running generator)	
Generator start/stop \rightarrow Set	tings \rightarrow Conditions \rightarrow	Periodic run	
Periodic run	No	Enable - No / Yes	
		Run interval	
		Skip run if has been running for	
		Run interval start date	
		Start time	
		Run duration (hh:mm)	
		Run until battery is fully charged	
Generator start/stop \rightarrow Set	tings		
Minimum run time	0	The minimum number of minutes the generator will run for any time that it is started, even after stop conditions.	
Warm-up time	0	Allows a configurable time to be set for the generator to warm up	
Cool-down time	0	or cool down via relay control while the AC input relay is open and the inverter/charger is not connected to it.	

Item	Default	Description	
Detect generator at AC input	No	No / Yes - An alarm will be triggered when no power from the generator is detected at the inverter AC input. Make sure that the correct AC input is set to generator on the system setup page.	
Alarm when generator is not in autostart mode	Disabled	If enabled, an alarm will be triggered when the autostart function is left disabled for more than 10 minutes.	
Quiet hours	0	Quiet hours will prevent normal generator run conditions from starting the generator. It is possible for some settings to specify override values to the quiet hours (an extremely low battery voltage trigger to prevent a system shutdown for example)	
Run time and service	Submenu	This is the service menu where the daily run time counter and service timer can be reset and the service interval hours can be defined.	
Reset daily run time counters		An option to reset generator run time counters, for example if these are used for service, or if the generator is replaced or majorly repaired.	
Generator total run time (hours)		The total time the generator has been running since the counter was reset.	
Generator service interval (hours)		Enter the service interval in hours here.	
Reset service timer		Press to reset the service timer after the service is complete.	
Tank pump - Configure auto stop with Color Control GX	matic starting and stopp	ing of pump based on tank level(sender) information. Pump auto start/	
Pump state	-	Displays if the pump is running or not	
Mode	Auto	Options are Auto, On and Off. This is the manual override to the start and stop level triggers when a tank sensor is connected.	
Tank Sensor	Automatic	Select the tank sensor that is used for the tank pump trigger. ' tank sensor' will be displayed if no tank sensor is connected o detected,	
Start level	50%	The trigger point of the tank level to start the tank pump (close relay).	
Stop level	80%	The trigger point of the tank level to stop the tank pump (open relay).	
Relay			
Function	Alarm relay	Select the relay function. Possible functions are 'Alarm relay', 'Generator start/stop', 'Tank pump', 'Temperature', and 'Manual'.	
Polarity	Normally open	Select the polarity of the relay on the back of the EGX. 'Normally open' or 'Normally closed'. Note that setting it to Normally closed increases the EGX power draw. This option is only available when configured as an alarm relay.	
Services			
ModbusTCP	Off	This setting enables the ModbusTCP service. More information about ModbusTCP in this document and in the communications white paper https://www.victronenergy.com/upload/ documents/Whitepaper-Data-communication-with-Victron-Energy- products_EN.pdf	
MQTT on LAN (SSL)	On	Enables MQTT on LAN - More information on MQTT is available on Victron Community.	
MQTT on LAN (Plaintext)	Off	This setting is required to be enabled when connecting a Marine MFD	
VE.Can port	VE.Can	CAN-bus profile (Disabled, VE.Can & Lynx Ion BMS 250 kbit/s, VE.Can & Can-bus BMS 250 kbit/s, CAN-bus BMS 500 kbit/s, Oceanvolt 250 kbit/s, RV-C 250 kbit/s). Additional options: Devices, NMEA2000-out, Unique identity number selector, Check unique ID numbers, Network status	
CAN-bus		CAN-bus profile, Send data to VE.Can, Unique device number for VE.Can, Check unique numbers	



Item	Default	Description
I/O		



8.2. Battery state of charge (SoC)

8.2.1. Which device should I use for SoC calculation?

There are three products types that calculate state of charge (SoC). The EGX itself does not calculate SoC, it only retrieves it from the connected devices. The three products that calculate SoC are:

- 1. Battery Monitors, such as the BMVs, SmartShunt, Lynx Shunt VE.Can, Lynx Smart BMS or the Lynx Ion BMS
- 2. Multi and Quattro inverter/chargers
- 3. Batteries with built-in battery monitor and a (mostly BMS-Can) connection to the EGX.

When to use what?

If you have a battery with built-in battery monitor, such as a BYD or Freedomwon battery; its easy, use that. If not, then the options depend on the type of system:

- 1. If the MultiPlus or Quattro inverter/charger is the only source of charge to the batteries and the only draw, then it can function as a basic battery monitor because it counts what went in and counts what comes out. No need for a dedicated battery monitor such as the BMV.
- 2. If the systems consists of an inverter/charger, MPPTs and a GX device, then there is still no need to add a dedicated battery monitor.
- 3. For any other system types, such as a boat or RV with DC lights and other DC loads, a dedicated battery monitor will be required.

8.2.2. The different solutions explained in detail

1. Battery and Multi or Quattro (a typical backup system)

No battery monitor is required: the Multi or Quattro is the only product connected to the battery and has full control over all charge and discharge currents. Therefore it can calculate the correct SoC itself.

Configuration:

- 1. Enable and configure the battery monitor in VEConfigure.
- 2. In the EGX, in Settings → System setup, verify the selected battery monitor. It should be set to the Multi or Quattro.

2. Battery with Multi or Quattro and MPPT Solar Chargers or a EasySolar with GX device built-in

No battery monitor is required as long as all MPPT solar chargers are Victron products and are connected to the EGX. The EGX will continuously read the actual charge current from all solar chargers and send the total to the Multi (or Quattro), which then uses that information in its SoC calculations.

Configuration:

- 1. Enable and configure the battery monitor in VEConfigure.
- 2. On the EGX, in Settings → System setup, verify the selected battery monitor. It should be the Multi or Quattro.
- 3. In the System status menu, verify that the option 'Use solar charger current to improve VE.Bus SOC' is set to On. Note that this is not a setting it just an indicator of an automatic process.

Note that this feature requires recent firmware versions in both the Multis or Quattros (402 minimum), and the EGX (v2.06 minimum).

3. Battery with a built-in battery monitor

In cases where the system includes a battery which has a built-in battery monitor and SoC calculation - such as many of the batteries listed here - a dedicated battery monitor is not required.

Configuration:

- 1. Connect the battery communications cable to the EGX according to the instructions.
- 2. In the EGX, in Settings \rightarrow System setup, verify that the selected battery monitor is the battery.



Note that the battery monitor setting in VEConfigure is irrelevant. For systems like this, changing this setting will have no effect on the charge or any other parameters in this type of system.

4. Other system types

When there are more chargers or loads than just the Multi or MPPT solar chargers connected to the battery, a dedicated battery monitor is required. Examples are:



- House loads in Marine or Vehicle system.
- · PWM solar chargers
- · AC chargers, such as Skylla-is, Phoenix Smart IP43 chargers, non Victron chargers, etc.
- · Alternators
- · DC-DC chargers
- · Wind turbines
- · Hydro turbines

In case a battery with built-in monitor is used, such as explained in (3), then that is the dedicated battery monitor. Refer to section (3). Otherwise install a BMV, SmartShunt or Lynx Shunt VE.Can.

Configuration:

- 1. Configure the battery monitor as per its documentation.
- 2. In the EGX, in Settings \rightarrow System setup, verify the selected battery monitor.
- 3. It should be the BMV, SmartShunt, Lynx Smart BMS or Lynx Shunt battery monitor.
- 4. Finished.



Note that the battery monitor setting in VEConfigure is irrelevant. For systems like this, changing this setting will have no effect on the charge or any other parameters in this type of system.

8.2.3. Notes on SoC

 Note that this is all about showing an accurate state of charge to the user, rather than being required for an efficient system. The SoC percentage is not used for battery charging. It is, however, required when a generator needs to be started and stopped automatically based on battery SoC.

More information:

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VRM Portal FAQ - difference between BMV SOC and VE.Bus SOC

See Configurable Parameters Section [50] on Battery monitor selection and Has DC system.

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8.2.4. Selecting SoC source



(Settings → System Setup → Battery monitor)

In the image above you can see a range of selectable choices for the SoC values which are shown in the main Overview screen. Choose the source you want to see on the main Overview screen of your EGX.

In the same image we have chosen the Automatic setting. When automatic is selected, the System setup screen will be as shown in the image below.

<	System setup	09:22
AC input 1		Grid
AC input 2		Generator
Battery monitor		Automatic
Auto selected: BMV-	702 on VE.Direct	
Has DC system		OFF
Pages الد		⊒ Menu



The 'Automatic' function uses the following logic:

- 1. When available, it will use a dedicated battery monitor, such as the BMV, SmartShunt, Lynx Smart BMS or a Lynx Shunt VE.Can, or a battery with built-in battery monitor.
- 2. When there is more than one of those connected, it will use a random one although you can select one manually.
- 3. When there is no dedicated battery monitor, it will use the VE.Bus SoC.

When should I use the 'No battery monitor' option?:

Use that in systems where:

- 1. there is a Multi or Quattro installed
- 2. no BMV or other battery monitor is installed
- 3. the system has other DC loads or other chargers connected to the same battery, which are not connected to the EGX.

A short explanation: The VE.Bus SoC determined by the Multi or Quattro is incorrect in the above situation as it does not take into account the discharge and charge currents by those other DC loads and also unmonitored chargers.

8.2.5. Details on VE.Bus SOC

 While the Inverter/Charger is in bulk, the SoC will not rise above the value as set in VEConfigure for the 'State of charge when Bulk finished' parameter on the General tab; default 85%. In a system with solar chargers, make sure that the absorption voltage as configured in the MPPT is slightly above the same setting in the inverter/charger. The latter needs to recognise that the battery voltage has reached the absorption level. If it doesn't, the SoC will be stuck at the earlier mentioned End-of-bulk percentage, default 85%.

8.2.6. The System Status menu

< • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14:50
Synchronize VE.Bus SOC with battery	On
Use solar charger current to improve VE.Bus SOC	On
Solar charger voltage control	On
Solar charger current control	On
BMS control	On
ᆈ Pages	

The System Status menu (Settings \rightarrow System setup \rightarrow System Status) contains diagnostic flags that can be useful in diagnosing problems with the system. Note that nothing can be configured here. The on/off flag depends on how a system is set up and what devices it contains.

Their meaning in detail are:

1. Synchronise VE.Bus SoC with battery:

• If On, it indicates that the activated battery monitor in the Multi/Quattro is synchronising its SoC with that of a better source (a BMV or BMS in the system). The system does that automatically.

2. Use solar charger current to improve VE.Bus SoC:

 In a VE.Bus system with no other battery monitor (no BMS, no SmartShunt, no managed battery) but with solar chargers, the solar charge current is taken into account and helps improve the SoC calculation of the internal Multi/Quattro battery monitor. The system does this automatically and indicates that it is active by displaying On.

3. Solar charger voltage control:

- If on, this indicates that the solar chargers are not following their own internal charge algorithm. They're getting a voltage setpoint from somewhere else. Either
 - · a managed battery or
 - · in an ESS system, they get it from the Multi/Quattro.

4. Solar charger current control:

• This indicates that the solar chargers are current limited by the system. In most cases the limiting device is a managed battery or a user-defined Maximum charge current in the DVCC menu.

5. BMS control:

• It indicates that the BMS is controlling the charge voltage setpoint (and not using the value set for absorption and float in the Multi/Quattro or solar charger).

8.3. Customise the logo on the Boat & Motorhome page

It is possible to use a custom logo on the Boat & Motorhome page.

Type the following address into the web browser of a device connected to the same network, using this address as a template: http://venus.local/logo.php or http://[ip-here]/logo.php (inserting your device's IP address between the square brackets).

The IP address can be found by going to Settings \rightarrow Ethernet or WiFi. Once the page is loaded, choose an image file from your device. Reboot the GX device.

8.4. Temperature relay configuration

It is possible to configure the built in Relay 1, and Relay 2 (if applicable), to activate and deactivate based on temperature.

See Connecting Temperature Sensors section [14] for compatibility and connection instructions. Confirm the temperature sensors are correctly connected and reporting temperature in the Device List.

	Device List	0 3	13:27
xAC load			55W >
xFreezer		-21°C	61% >
xFridge		2°C	70% >
xLiving		23°C	45% >
Notifications			>
Settings			>
<u></u> Hages	^	≡ Men	u

The temperature relay is controlled from Settings Menu \rightarrow Relay \rightarrow Function (Relay 1/2) \rightarrow Temperature. Once enabled, the Temperature control rules menu will appear in the Relay menu, and inside the temperature sensors that have been detected.

<	Relay	9 🛜 13:22
Function (Relay 1)		Generator start/stop
Function (Relay 2)		Temperature
Temperature control rule	s	>
此 Pages		≡ Menu

Each temperature sensor can be used to control the relay. Select the temperature sensor you wish to use to control the relay. The temperature sensors that aren't used will display "No actions". It is possible to enable or disable the temperature relay control for each temperature sensor within this menu.

<	Temperature control rul	les	9 🛜 13:2	28
xFridge			No actions	>
xLiving		C1:	19°C, 18°C	>
xFreezer			No actions	>
<u>네</u> Page	s		Menu	

In GX products where two relays are available (Cerbo GX & Cerbo-S GX, Ekrano GX), it is possible to have a single temperature sensor control both relays. It is also possible to have a single relay controlled by multiple different temperature sensors. For example, a Cerbo GX with 2 lithium battery heat pads, and only using both simultaneously when necessary.

- 1. In the Relay \rightarrow Temperature control rules \rightarrow Temperature sensor menu
- 2. Enable Relay activation on temperature
- 3. Assign the relay control to Relay 1
- 4. Set the Activation value to 5 degrees
- 5. Set the Deactivation value to 10 degrees



<	xLiving	9 奈 13:40
Condition 1		Inactive
Relay		Relay 1
Activation value		5°C
Deactivation value		10°C
Condition 2		Inactive
Relay		None (Disable)
<u>네</u> Pages	\$	≡ Menu

If that is insufficient to maintain the battery temperature above 5 degrees, you may wish to connect a second heat pad contactor to Relay 2 as well.

- 1. Move down menu to Condition 2
- 2. Assign the relay control to Relay 2
- 3. Set the Activation value to 4 degrees
- 4. Set the Deactivation value to 6 degrees

<	xLiving	Q 🛜 13:42
Activation value		5°C
Deactivation value		10°C
Condition 2		Inactive
Relay		Relay 2
Activation value		4°C
Deactivation value		6°C
<u> 세</u> Pages	^	≡ Menu

This will mean that Relay 1 will be active if the battery temperature falls to 5 degrees. If the temperature continues to fall below 5 degrees to 4 degrees, then the second heat pad will be engaged via Relay 2. If that is sufficient to raise the temperature back to 6 degrees, Relay 2 will deactivate, and then Relay 1 will remain active until battery temperature returns to 10 degrees.



Note specifications for the power limits of the relays. It may be necessary to connect appliances via an additional contactor if power requirements exceed the relay power limit specification.



9. Firmware updates

The Ekrano GX requires at least VenusOS firmware version 3.00.

9.1. Changelog

The changelog is available on Victron Professional in the Firmware \rightarrow Venus OS directory. To access Victron Professional, you need to sign up (free).

9.2. Via internet or with microSD-card/USB-stick

There are two ways to update the firmware:

- 1. Update it via the internet, either manually or let it check for new updates every day.
- 2. Update it from a microSD-card or USB-stick.

9.2.1. Direct download from the internet

On GX devices without a display (ie. a Venus GX or Cerbo GX without GX Touch), use Remote Console to get to below menus.

- 1. To update from the internet, navigate to: Settings \rightarrow Firmware \rightarrow Online updates.
- 2. Press 'Check for updates'.

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- 3. If there is a newer firmware version, it will be shown under 'Update available'. Press to update to the new firmware version.
- 4. After the GX device has been updated to the new firmware version, make sure to check the settings of your installation.

Note that for most system applications our advise is to keep automatic updates disabled; as is also the default factory setting. Instead, update the system at a convenient moment; when people are on location and ready to revert to a previous system and/or troubleshoot in case of issues.

<	Firmware	15:41	< 0	Online updates 15:42
Firmware version	on	v2.53	Auto update	Check only
Build date/time		20200405130525	Update to	Latest release
Online updates		>	Check for updates	Press to check
Install firmware	from SD/USB	>	Update available	Press to update to v2.87
Stored backup	firmware	>	Update build date/time	20220531124511
<u> 네</u> Page	s	≡ Menu	<u></u>	≡ Menu



9.2.2. MicroSD-card or USB-stick

Updating with a microSD-card or USB-stick is called 'Offline updating'. Use it when updating a device that is not connected to the internet.

1. Download the latest swu file:

• Ekrano GX - venus-swu-ekrano.swu

Note that the same files and the changelog is available on Victron Professional. There is also a Dropbox connection to connect your Dropbox to our shared folder, so you always have the latest firmware files available on your laptop.

2. Install on a microSD-card or USB-stick

• Store the file in the root folder of a USB-stick or microSD-card.

3. Insert the device

<	Settings	08:57			
General		>			
Firmware		>			
Date & Time		>			
Attached storage contains a firmware image, not using for data logging.					
Display & lang	uage	>			
Pag <u>اند</u>	es 🗸	≡ Menu			

Note that you will see a warning "Attached storage contains a firmware image, not using for data logging.". That warning can safely be ignored.

4. Initiate the update

Install firmware from	SD/USB	
Check for firmware on SD/USB	Press to check	
Firmware found	Press to install v2.85	
Firmware build date/time	20220418130036	
microSD / USB	Press to eject	
<u> 배</u> Pages	≣ Menu	

- Navigate to Settings → Firmware → Install firmware from SD/USB.
- · Press 'Check for firmware on SD/USB'.
- If the firmware in the microSD-card or USB-stick is newer than the running one, 'Firmware found' item will appear, press it to start the update process.

9.3. Revert to a previous firmware version

There are two ways to revert to a previous firmware version:

- 1. Using the Stored firmware backup feature or
- 2. by downloading a specific firmware file, saving it onto a microSD-card or USB-stick and install from SD/USB.



9.3.1. Stored firmware backup feature

Install firmware from the second s	om SD/USB 奈 15:00	
Check for firmware on SD/USB	Press to check	
Firmware found	Press to install v2.53	
Firmware build date/time	20200405130525	
microSD / USB	Press to eject	
<u> 네</u> Pages	≡ Menu	

This option allows you to switch between the current and the previous firmware version. No internet or SD-card needed.

- 1. Go to Settings \rightarrow Firmware \rightarrow Stored backup firmware.
- 2. The following screen shows the firmware version currently running and the firmware version that can be booted.
- 3. Click on 'Press to boot' to boot into the stored firmware version.
- 4. The stored firmware version is now booted and the previous firmware version will be saved instead.



<	Install firmware from SD/USB 🛛 🛜 15:0				
Check fo	r firmware on SD/USB	Pre	ss to check		
Firmware	e found	Press to i	nstall v2.53		
Firmware	e build date/time	20200405130525			
microSD	/ USB	Pr	ess to eject		
<u></u>	Pages		lenu		

9.3.2. Install a specific firmware version from SD/USB

There may be reasons why it is necessary to manually download and install a specific firmware version (e.g. an older firmware version that is not stored under "Stored backup firmware" on the GX device). This chapter explains how to do that.

- 1. Old Venus OS firmware versions are available for download here: https://updates.victronenergy.com/feeds/venus/release/ images/
- 2. Download the .swu file of the version required.
- 3. Store the .swu file in the root folder of a USB-stick or MicroSD-card.
- 4. Insert the USB-stick or MicroSD-card into your GX device.
- 5. Note that you will see a warning "Attached storage contains a firmware image, not using for data logging.". The warning can safely be ignored.
- 6. Navigate to Settings \rightarrow Firmware \rightarrow Install firmware from SD/USB.
- 7. It should show the specific firmware version under 'Firmware found'. Click on it to install.



Note that while backporting is no problem in general, it may be that some settings are reset to their default values. Be sure to check this.



10. VE.Bus Inverter/charger monitoring

10.1. Input current-limiter setting

K MultiPlus 12/16	00/70-16 9 🛜 08:33
Switch	On
State	Bulk
Input current limit	16.0
DC Voltage	13.10V
DC Current	0.0A
State of charge	69.5%
<u> 세</u> Pages	≡ Menu

This chapter explains the implications of enabling or disabling user control of the input current-limiter setting, as seen in the above menu (Device List \rightarrow [your inverter/charger].

The limit as set by the user in the Ekrano GX will be applied to all inputs where the '**Overruled by remote**' setting in VEConfigure is enabled:

Internal transfer switch							
Accept wide input frequency range (45-65 Hz) 🔽 Ground relay							
AC low disconnect	180	V A	AC high connect	265	V		
AC low connect	187	V A	AC high disconnect	270	V		
UPS function							
Dynamic current limiter							
AC1 input current limit 50.0 A Overruled by remote (priority)							
AC2 input current lin	nit 30.0	A	Overruled by r	emote			

Using the example of a boat with two AC inputs and a Quattro where:

- 1. A Genset capable of delivering 50A is connected to input 1;
- 2. Shore power is connected to input 2 (available power depends on the rating of the harbour power-supply).

Configure the system exactly as in above VEConfigure screenshot. Input 1 has priority over input 2, therefore the system will automatically connect to the genset whenever it is running. The fixed input current limit of 50A will be applied. And when the genset is not available, and mains is available on input 2, the Quattro will use the input current limit as configured in the EGX.

Two more examples: (In both cases, if you disable 'Overruled by remote', setting a current limit in the EGX will have no effect. And if you enable 'Overrule by remote' for both inputs, the current limit set in the EGX will be applied to both inputs.)

Minimum input current limit values

When PowerAssist is enabled in VEConfigure, there is a minimum input current limit. The actual limit differs for each model. After setting the input current to a value below the limit, it will automatically be increased again to the limit.

Note that it is still possible to set the input current limit to 0. When set to 0, the system will be in passthrough (charger disabled).

Parallel and three-phase systems

The configured AC input current limit is the total limit per phase.

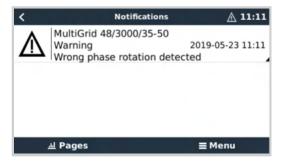


10.2. Phase rotation warning

The AC supply, either Generator or Grid, to a three phase inverter/charger system needs to be in the correct rotation, also known as sequence. If not, then the inverter/chargers will not accept the AC supply and remain in Inverter mode.

The Phase rotation warning will be raised in such case. To resolve the issue, change the wiring on the AC input: swap either one of the phases, effectively changing the rotation from $L3 \rightarrow L2 \rightarrow L1$ to $L1 \rightarrow L2 \rightarrow L3$. Or reprogram the Multis and modify the phase assigned to match the wiring.

On the GX device itself, the warning will popup as a notification on the GUI:



Also, it is visible in the menus:

<	Alarm stat	tus		▲ 11:13
Overload		L1: Ok	L2: Ok	L3: Ok
DC ripple		L1: Ok	L2: Ok	L3: Ok
Voltage Sensor				Ok
Temperature Sensor				Ok
Phase rotation				Warning
VE.Bus Error 11 report	t			>
<u> 네</u> Pages	^		≣Mer	าน

On the VRM Portal, it is visible in the VE.Bus Alarms & warnings widget on the Advanced page and will be listed in the Alarm Log on VRM. Furthermore, an email is sent; using the VRM Alarm Monitoring system.

emperature L1					
emperature L2					
emperature L3					
Low battery L1				1.1	110 10000
ow battery L2				1.1	
low battery L3				1.	
Overload L1					
Overload L2					
Overload L3					

10.3. BMS connection lost alarm



This alarm is triggered once the inverter/charger has received CVL/CCL or DCL data from a managed battery and will shut down if the battery is disconnected or communication with the battery get lost. The alarm is also raised when the inverter/charger has lost connection to a VE.Bus BMS.

Note that the system will also display a Low battery voltage alarm. However, the cause of this alarm is not a low battery voltage, but the lack of information from the battery due to lost communication.



To resolve the alarm, restore the connection with the BMS or restart/power cycle the inverter/charger. A restart can be performed from the Advanced menu [70] of the VE.Bus device.

10.4. Grid failure monitoring

<	System setup	20:41
System name		Automatic
AC input 1		Grid
AC input 2		Generator
Monitor for grid fa	ilure	Disabled
Battery monitor	MultiPlus-II 48/3000	/35-32 on VE.Bus
Has DC system		
<u> 네</u> Pages	~	≣ Menu

When this feature is enabled, an alarm is raised when the system hasn't been connected to the AC input configured to be Grid or Shore for more than 5 seconds.

- The alarm shows as a Notification in the GUI and as an alarm on the VRM Portal. It is also available on ModbusTCP / MQTT.
- · Recommend to use for backup systems. But also for yachts or vehicles on shore power.

Note that this settings monitors that the system is connected to grid/shore. Generator monitoring is already available as part of the Generator start/stop function and not part of this.



Do not use this feature in systems that use the Ignore AC Input settings in our inverter/chargers: when the system ignores the AC input, ie. runs in island mode, as intended, even though grid is available, it will report a grid failure.

10.5. Advanced menu

<	Advanced	9 🛜 11:23
Equalization		Press to start
Redetect VE.Bus syste	m	Press to redetect
Restart VE.Bus system		Press to restart
AC input 1 ignored		No
ESS Relay test		Completed
Pages الله		≡ Menu

The Advanced menu can be accessed from Device List \rightarrow [Multi or Quattro] \rightarrow Advanced and contains options for equalisation, redetect and restart VE.Bus system and shows the ESS relay test status.

- Equalisation: Starts equalisation. See Multi or Quattro documentation for details.
- Redetect VE.Bus system: Clears the cache on the Ekrano GX that has certain data of the VE.Bus system stored to keep the boot time as short as possible. Use this feature if, for example, a VE.Bus BMS used to be part of a system and is no longer used or replaced by a Lynx Smart BMS. When using Redetect VE.Bus system, the inverter/charger does not switch off for a couple of seconds like it would do when using Restart VE.Bus system.
- Restart VE.Bus system: Restarts the inverter/charger (just like switching it off and on again from the main rocker switch at the front) if it failed to restart automatically (after 3 attempts), for example, after a (very) heavy overload; or three overloads in a row. Any persistent errors such as a repeated and unrecoverable overload error, are deleted.
- AC Input 1 ignored: Status of the AC Input 1 flag
- ESS Relay test: Shows the status of the ESS Relay test. Only relevant when its an ESS system. See Q9 in the ESS Manual FAQ for details.



10.6. Alarm status monitoring

<	Alarm status	9 👳 10:13
		0
Low battery vol	tage	Ok
Temperature		Ok
Overload		Ok
DC ripple		Ok
Voltage Sensor		Ok
Temperature Se	ensor	Ok
Phase rotation		Ok
VE.Bus Error 8	11 report	;
과 Page	s ^	≣ Menu

The Alarm status monitoring page can be accessed from Device List \rightarrow [Multi or Quattro] \rightarrow Alarm status. It displays diagnostic information on specific parameters to help with troubleshooting and provides additional information on the VE.Bus error 8/11.

10.7. VE.Bus alarm setup menu

<	Alarm setup	9 🛜 10:50
Low battery voltage		Alarm only
High temperature		Alarm only
Inverter Overload		Alarm only
High DC ripple		Alarm only
High DC voltage		Alarm only
High DC current		Alarm only
Temperature sense	error	Alarm only
Voltage sense error	•	Alarm only
VE.Bus error		Enabled
<u> 배</u> Pages	^	≣ Menu

When using a VE.Bus system, it is possible to configure the severity of problems on the VE.Bus system that should cause a notification to show up on the Ekrano GX (and make it beep).

To change the VE.Bus alarm & warning notifications, proceed as follows:

- 1. On the Remote Console, go to Device List \rightarrow [your VE.Bus product] \rightarrow Alarm setup
- 2. Choose between the following notification settings for each alarm:
 - **Disabled**: The EGX will never beep or show a notification. Not recommended.
 - Alarm only (default): The EGX will only beep and show a notification when the VE.Bus system switched off in an alarm condition. Warnings are ignored.
 - · Alarm & warnings: The EGX will beep and show a notification on all selected alarms and warnings.
- 3. Scroll to the bottom of the list and enable or disable VE.Bus error notification.

When all done, don't forget to change the access level to user when required.

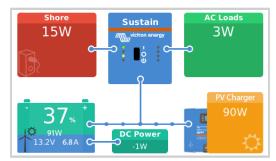
10.8. Device menu

<	Device	Q 👳 11:10
		Yes
Connection		VE.Bus
Product	Mi	ultiPlus 12/1600/70-16
Name		
Product ID		2663
Firmware version		500
VRM instance		276
VE.Bus version		2663500
MK2 device		MK3
MK2 version		1170215
Multi Control version		-
VE.Bus BMS version		
Serial numbers		>
실 Pages	^	≣ Menu

The Device menu (Device List \rightarrow [Multi or Quattro] \rightarrow Device) offers device-related parameters such as custom name setting, firmware version, serial numbers (in the sub-menu) and more that can be used for diagnostic.



10.9. Solar & Wind Priority



The solar and wind priority function ensures that solar and wind energy are used to charge the battery. At the same time, shore power is only used to prevent the battery from becoming too deeply discharged.

When activated, the system remains in this mode, called Sustain, for seven days; if there is not enough sun or wind, a full charge cycle will take place, charging the batteries to 100%. This ensures they remain in optimal condition and are ready for later use.

After these seven days, the system will not return to sustain mode. Instead, it will keep the batteries fully charged and prioritise solar power over shore power wherever possible during the day to run DC loads such as pumps and alarm systems.

For details and configuration, please see the Solar & Wind Priority manual.

11. DVCC - Distributed Voltage and Current Control

11.1. Introduction and features

Enabling DVCC changes a GX device from a passive monitor into an active controller. The available features and effects of enabling DVCC depend on the type of battery used. The effect also depends on the installed Victron components and their configuration. Two examples:

Managed CAN-bus batteries: In systems with a managed CAN-bus BMS battery connected, the GX device receives a Charge Voltage Limit (CVL), Charge Current Limit (CCL) and Discharge Current Limit (DCL) from that battery and relays that to the connected inverter/chargers and solar chargers. These then disable their internal charging algorithms and simply do what they're told by the battery.

Lead-acid batteries: For systems with lead-acid batteries, DVCC offers features such as a configurable system-wide charge current limit, where the GX device actively limits the inverter/charger if the solar chargers are already charging at full power, as well as Shared Temperature Sense (STS) and Shared Current Sense (SCS).

This table shows the recommend settings for different battery types:

	Lead-acid	VE.Bus BMS V1 Lithium	VE.Bus BMS V2 ¹⁾ Lithium	Supported 3rd party managed batteries ²⁾
Auto-config	No	No	No	2)
System charge current	Yes	Yes	Yes	2)
Should you enable SVS?	Yes	3), 4)	3), 4)	2)
Should you enable STS?	Yes	No	No	2)
Should you enable SCS	Yes	3), 4)	3), 4)	2)
Charge control method	N/A	N/A	N/A	2)
Wire ATC & ATD	N/A	Yes	5)	2)

¹⁾ DVCC must be enabled for the GX device to control the solar chargers, Inverter RS or Multi RS in a system with a VE.Bus BMS V2.

²⁾ Use the Battery Compatibility manual to see which parameters need to be set and which are set automatically.

³⁾ In an ESS system the VE.Bus device is already synced with the solar chargers, so we recommend leaving SVS and SCS off.

⁴⁾ For all other systems: If a BMV or SmartShunt is installed, we recommend enabling SVS and SCS. In all other cases, leave SVS and SCS disabled.

⁵⁾ Solar Chargers, Inverter/Chargers, Multi RS and Inverter RS do not require wiring. All other loads and chargers must be wired and controlled via ATC/ATD.

To enable or disable DVCC, go to Settings \rightarrow DVCC on the GX device:

<	Settings	হু 12:01
General		>
Firmware		>
Date & Time		>
Remote Console		>
System setup		>
DVCC		>
Pages <u>ا</u> ا	~	≡ Menu



11.2. DVCC Requirements

1. Battery compatilibity

- For CAN-bus connected batteries, check the relevant page on the Battery Compatibility manual to see if enabling DVCC has been tested with your battery type and is supported. If DVCC is not mentioned in notes relating to your battery, do not enable DVCC.
- For Gel, AGM, OPzS and other lead-acid batteries, DVCC can be used without any problem. The same is true for Victron Energy Lithium Battery Smart with the VE.Bus BMS, the Lynx Ion + Shunt BMS or the Lynx Ion BMS. DVCC is forced-enabled for the Lynx Smart BMS.

2. Firmware versions

Do not use DVCC in cases where these requirements are not met. In all cases we recommend to install the latest available firmware during commissioning. Once running well, there is no need to proactively update firmware without reason. In case of difficulty, the first action is to update firmware.

Required minimum firmware versions:

Victron product	Minimum firmware version
Multi/Quattro	422
MultiGrid	424
Multi RS, Inverter RS, MPPT RS	v1.08
GX device	v2.12
VE.Direct MPPTs	v1.46
VE.Can MPPTs with VE.Direct	v1.04
Older style VE.Can MPPT Solar Chargers (with the screen)	Cannot be used
Lynx Ion + Shunt	v2.04
Lynx Ion BMS	v1.09
Lynx Smart BMS	v1.02

From Venus firmware v2.40, there will be a warning message 'Error #48 - DVCC with incompatible firmware' when one of the devices has an incompatible firmware while using DVCC. For more information about Error #48, see the Error codes chapter [129].

In case of an ESS System, the ESS Assistant needs to be version 164 or later (released in November 2017).



11.3. DVCC effects on the charge algorithm

In standalone mode, our inverter/chargers and MPPT solar chargers use their own internal charging algorithm. This means that they determine how long to remain in Absorption, when to switch to Float, when to switch back to Bulk, or Storage. And in those various phases they use the configured parameters in VictronConnect and VEConfigure.

In ESS systems and systems with managed battery (see the Battery Compatibility manual), the internal charge algorithm is deactivated and the charger then works with an externally controlled charge voltage setpoint. This table explains the different possibilities:

Selection guide		Resulting charge algorithm		
System type	Battery type	DVCC	Inverter/charger	Solar charger
	Intelligent better	On	Battery	Battery
ESS Assistant ¹⁾	Intelligent battery	Off	Don't do this; better enable DVCC	
ESS Assistant"	Norma al la attaina a	On	Internal	Inverter/charge
Normal battery	Normai Dattery	Off	Internal	Inverter/charge
	Intelligent better	On	Battery	Battery
Standard	Intelligent battery	Off	Don't do this; bet	ter enable DVCC
Stanuaru	Newsel better	On	Internal	Internal
	Normal battery	Off	Internal	Internal

¹⁾ The ESS Assistant is only installed in a specific type of power system that integrates a grid connection with a Victron inverter/charger, GX device and battery system, not to be confused with an off-grid system such as is used in boats or RVs.

Details

Internal

- The internal charge algorithm (bulk \rightarrow absorption \rightarrow float \rightarrow re-bulk), and the configured charge voltages are active.
- Inverter/charger indicated charge state: bulk, absorption, float, and-so-forth.
- MPPT solar charger indicated charge state: bulk, absorption, float and-so-forth (firmware version v1.42 onwards. Earlier versions have a bug that make the MPPT solar charger say "Ext. Control" when it is only being current limited; its internal charge algorithm is still active.).
- Inverter/charger (applies to MPPTs only)
 - The MPPTs internal charge algorithm is disabled; instead it's being controlled by a charge voltage setpoint coming from the inverter/charger.
 - MPPT solar charger indicated charge state: Ext. control.

Battery

- The internal charge algorithm is disabled and instead, the device is being controlled by the battery.
- · Inverter/charger indicated charge state: Ext. control.
- MPPT solar charger indicated charge state: Ext. control (the LEDs continue to show bulk and absorption, never float).

11.3.1. DVCC effects when there is more than one Multi/Quattro connected

Only the Multi/Quattro (which can be a single device, or multiple together configured for three-/split-phase as well as parallel) connected to the VE.Bus port will be controlled via DVCC. Additional systems, connected to the GX device using an MK3-USB, are not controlled by DVCC and will charge and discharge according to the configuration made in those units.

This applies to all types of systems with DVCC enabled. For example a system that does not include a managed (CAN-Bus) battery, and uses only the DVCC charge current limit: that charge current limit is only applied to the Multi or Quattro connected to the VE.Bus port.



11.4. DVCC features for all systems

These features apply to all types of systems when DVCC is enabled; with or without ESS Assistant, with lead-acid or other normal batteries as well as when an intelligent CAN-bus BMS connected battery is installed:

11.4.1. Limit charge current

<	DVCC	হ্ন 12:27
DVCC		Forced on
Limit charge current		
Maximum charge current	:	50A
	- +	
Limit managed battery cl	narge voltage	
SVS Shared voltage con	\$	

Limit charge current is a user-configurable maximum charge current setting. It works across the whole system. MPPT solar chargers are automatically prioritised over the mains/generator.

This setting is available in the Settings \rightarrow DVCC menu on the GX device.

Particulars:

- 1. If a CAN-bus BMS is connected and the BMS requests a maximum charge current that is different from the user-configurable setting, the lower of the two will be used.
- 2. This mechanism only works for Victron inverter/chargers including Inverter RS, Multi RS and Solar chargers incl. MPPT RS. Other chargers, such as Skylla-i's are not controlled and also their charge current is not taken into account. The same applies for devices that are not connected to the GX device, such as an alternator. Worded differently: the total charge current of the inverter/chargers and all MPPT solar chargers will be controlled, nothing else. Any other sources will be extra charge current, unaccounted for. Even when installing a BMV or other battery monitor.
- 3. DC Loads may not be accounted for, unless a SmartShunt or BMV-712 is installed and correctly configured as a DC meter. For example, without the DC load monitor a configured maximum charge current of 50A and DC Loads drawing 20A, the battery will be charged with 30A, not with the full allowed 50A. With the SmartShunt configured as a DC meter, maximum charge current configured at 50A and DC system shunt reports a draw of 25A, then the chargers are set to charge with 50 + 25 = 75A.

If you have one or more shunts configured for "DC system" (when more than one, they are added together), then the DVCC charge current limit compensates for both loads and chargers. It will add extra charge current if there is a load, and subtract it if there is another charger in the DC system. DC "loads" and "sources" are not compensated for in either direction.

- 4. Current drawn from the system by the inverter/charger is compensated for. For example, if 10A is drawn to power AC loads and the limit is set to 50A, the system will allow the MPPT solar chargers to charge with a maximum of 60A.
- 5. In all situations, the maximum charge limit configured in a device itself, i. e. the Charge current limit set with VictronConnect or VEConfigure for MPPT solar chargers or inverter/chargers will still be in effect. An example to illustrate this: in case there is only an inverter/charger in the system and in VEConfigure or VictronConnect the charge current is configured to 50A. And on the GX device, a limit of 100A is configured, then the working limit will be 50A.
- 6. DVCC charge current limits are not applied to DC MPPTs when ESS is enabled with Allow DC MPPT to export. This is to get maximum output from the solar panels for export.

11.4.2. Limit managed battery charge voltage

<	DVCC	🛛 🛜 14:14
CAUTION: Read	d the manual before adju	usting
DVCC		Forced on
Limit charge cu	rrent	
Limit managed	battery charge voltage	\bigcirc
Maximum charg	ge voltage	55.0V
SVS - Shared vo	oltage sense	Forced on
<u> 배</u> Pages	5 ~	≣ Menu

Some batteries (like BYD and Pylontech) that come from the factory will take some time to settle in, and you may need to run them at a **lower voltage** for the first two weeks or so to help them balance.

This is what Limit managed battery charge voltage is designed for. Enabling this makes it possible to lower the maximum charge voltage until cells have balanced.

Do not use it for any other purpose as it may have unwanted side effects, for example, balancing can fail or not start at all if the charge voltage is set too low, causing the battery cells to become severely imbalanced over time. It is also not possible to set the value above the charge voltage limit (CVL) sent by the battery.

11.4.3. Shared Voltage Sense (SVS)

<	DVCC	🎗 🤿 15:13
DVCC		Forced on
Limit charge current		
Limit managed batter	y charge voltage	
SVS - Shared voltage sense		(Forced on
STS - Shared tempera	ature sense	Forced off
SCS - Shared current		
<u>ᆈ</u> Pages	^	≡ Menu

Works with VE.Bus devices, VE.Direct and VE.Can MPPT solar chargers as well as Inverter RS and Multi RS.

The system automatically selects the best available voltage measurement. It will use the voltage from the BMS or a BMV battery monitor, if possible, otherwise it will use the battery voltage reported by the VE.Bus system.

The voltage displayed on the GUI reflects the same voltage measurement.

Shared Voltage Sense (SVS) is by default enabled when DVCC is enabled. It can be disabled with a switch in Settings \rightarrow DVCC.

SVS (and DVCC) is force enabled for the Lynx Smart BMS and cannot be changed.

Note that SVS is force-disabled for some batteries. Please see the compatibility page for your battery.

11.4.4. Shared Temperature Sense (STS)



Select the temperature sensor to use; and the GX device will send the measured battery temperature to the inverter/charger system as well as all connected solar chargers.

Selectable sources for the battery temperature are:

- · BMV-702 battery monitor
- · BMV-712 battery monitor
- · SmartShunt
- · Lynx Shunt VE.Can battery monitors
- Multi/Quattro inverter/charger
- · Solar chargers (if fitted with a temperature sensor)

Note that STS is forced disabled for the Lynx Smart BMS and some batteries. Please see the compatibility page for your battery.



11.4.5. Shared Current Sense (SCS)

<	DVCC		
Limit managed batter	ry charge voltage		
SVS - Shared voltage	sense	Forced on	
STS - Shared temperature sense		Forced off	
SCS - Shared current	sense	\bigcirc	
SCS status	Disable	d (External control)	
Controlling BMS		Automatic selection	
<u></u> Hages	٥	≡ Menu	

This feature forwards the battery current, as measured by a battery monitor connected to the GX device, to all connected solar chargers.

The solar chargers can be configured to use the battery current for its tail current mechanism that ends absorption when the current is below the configured threshold. For more information about that, refer to solar charger documentation.

This feature only applies to systems that are not ESS and/or don't have a managed battery, since in both of those cases the MPPT is already externally controlled.

Requires MPPT solar charger firmware v1.47 or newer.

11.4.6. Controlling BMS

<	DVCC	9 🛜 14:16	Controlling BMS	9 🛜 14:16
SVS - Shared voltage sense	e	Forced on	Automatic selection	•
STS - Shared temperature	sense	Forced off	No BMS control	0
SCS - Shared current sense	e		Lynx Smart BMS 500	0
SCS status	Disabled	(External control)		
Controlling BMS	Au	utomatic selection		
Auto selected: Lynx Smart	BMS 500			
<u> 네</u> Pages	^	≣ Menu	\otimes	\bigotimes

For systems with multiple BMSs connected, this allows selection of which BMS to use for DVCC. This also allows the use of a BMV or SmartShunt for SoC tracking by selecting a BMV as battery monitor (Settings \rightarrow System setup) while the BMS is still used for DVCC.

This setting is available in the Settings \rightarrow DVCC menu on the GX device.





11.5. DVCC features when using CAN-bus BMS battery

<	Parameters	9 🛜 12:32
Charge Voltage I	Limit (CVL)	14.20V
Charge Current	Limit (CCL)	330.0A
Discharge Curre	nt Limit (DCL)	600.0A
<u> 세</u> Pages		≡ Menu

This chapter applies to all systems where an intelligent battery BMS is installed and connected via CAN-bus. Note that this does not include the Victron VE.Bus BMS.

Such intelligent BMS sends the following parameters to the GX device:

- 1. Charge voltage limit (CVL): the maximum charge voltage that the battery currently accepts.
- 2. Charge current limit (CCL): the maximum charge current requested by the battery.
- 3. Discharge current limit (DCL): the maximum discharge current as requested by the battery.

For all three parameters, some types of batteries transmit dynamic values. For example they determine the maximum charge voltage based on cell voltages, state of charge, or for example temperature. Other makes and brands use a fixed value.

For such batteries there is no need to wire allow to charge (ATC) and allow to discharge (ATD) connections to the AUX inputs of a Multi or Quattro.

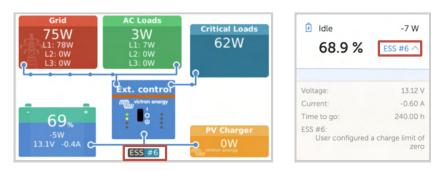
When inverting, i. e. in island mode, Multis and Quattros will shut down when the max discharge current is zero. They will automatically start again as soon as either AC mains returns or when the BMS increases the max discharge current again.

See previous section Limit charge current [76], the user-configurable maximum charge current setting, for details about how the Maximum charge current is used, how it prioritises solar and more.

All above means that setting up charge voltages or charge profiles in VEConfigure or VictronConnect is not necessary and will also have no effect. The Multis, Quattros, Multi and Inverter RS and MPPT Solar Chargers will charge with the voltage as received via CAN-bus from the battery. This also applies to systems with a Lynx Smart BMS connected to a GX device.



11.6. DVCC for systems with the ESS Assistant



- The ESS Keep batteries charged mode will only work properly with DVCC enabled.
- A fixed solar offset of 0.4V (value for 48V system, divide by 4 for 12V) is applied when ESS-mode is set to Optimised in combination with the Feed-in excess solar charger power-setting enabled, or when ESS-mode is set to Keep batteries charged.
- For system with ESS mode Optimised and Optimised (with BatteryLife): The system will automatically recharge the battery (from the grid) when the SoC drops 5% or more below the value of 'Minimum SoC' in the ESS menu. Recharge stops when it reaches the Minimum SoC.
- ESS status display in the graphic overview of the GX device and on VRM: In addition to the charge status (External Control or Bulk/Absorption/Float), the following status can be displayed:

ESS status	Meaning
#1	Low SoC: discharge disabled
#2	BatteryLife is active
#3	Charging disabled by BMS
#4	Discharging disabled by BMS
#5	Slow charge in progress (part of BatteryLife, see above)
#6	User configured a charge limit of zero
#7	User configured a discharge limit of zero

• Note: When DC-coupled PV feed-in excess is enabled with ESS, the DVCC system will not apply the DVCC charge current limit from PV to battery. This behaviour is necessary to allow the export. Charge voltage limits will still apply.

Charge current limits set at the individual solar charger device settings level will also still apply.

 When the BMS is disconnected in an ESS system, solar chargers will stop and show error #67 – No BMS (see the MPPT Solar Charger Error Codes for additional info).



12. VRM Portal

12.1. VRM Portal introduction



When connected to the internet, a GX device can be used in combination with the Victron Remote Management (VRM) portal, which enables:

- · Easy remote access to all statistics and systems status online
- · Remote Console on VRM [86]: access and configure your system as if you were standing besides it
- · Remote Firmware update: Update the firmware of connected Solar Chargers and other Victron products
- Remote VEConfigure: Download and upload Remote VEConfigure files from and to the Multi/Quattro connected to your GX device
- Remote Controls: Control devices such as the EV Charging Station, Inverter/charger, GX relay, Genset and ESS system
 remotely via VRM
- · Use of the VRM App for iOS and Android including VRM APP Widgets on your mobile device's homescreen

See the Internet Connectivity chapter [39] for how to connect the device to the internet.

For a complete overview of all features and functions of the VRM Portal, see the VRM Portal documentation.

12.2. Registering on VRM

Detailed instructions are in the VRM Portal Getting Started document.

Note that any system will need to first have been able to successfully send data to the VRM Portal. As long as there has been no successful connection, it will not be possible to register the system to your VRM user account. In such case, refer to below Troubleshooting data logging [83] and Remote Console on VRM - Troubleshooting [87] section.

12.3. Datalogging to VRM

< v	RM online portal	21:29
		Enabled
VRM Portal ID		an constant
Log interval		1 min
Use secure connectio	n (HTTPS)	
Last contact		59s
Connection error		No error
Reboot device when a	no contact	
Storage location		Internal storage
Free disk space		18.35M bytes
microSD / USB		No storage found
Stored records		0 records
Oldest record age		
과 Pages	^	≣ Menu

Datalogs are transmitted to the VRM Portal over the Internet, if available. All related settings are available in the VRM Online Portal menu (Device List \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow VRM online portal).

The transmission of the datalogs has been designed to work also on bad internet connections. Connections with up to 70% permanent packet loss are still enough to get the data out, albeit partially delayed.

Adding an external storage device

When unable to transmit the logs, then the GX device will store them to non-volatile storage (ie. data is not lost on a power loss or reboot).



The GX device has a buffer to store a couple of days worth of logs internally. To extend this period, insert a microSD card or USB stick. You can see the internal storage status in the settings.

Note that, when inserting such storage device, any internally stored logs will automatically be transferred to the inserted stick: no data is lost.

With or without an external storage device inserted, the GX device will always keep trying to connect to the portal and transmit all backlogged logs. That means that even with months worth of backlog, once it re-acquires an Internet connection, all of the backlog is sent out. The data is sent in a compressed manner: sending a lot of backlogged data will use considerably less bandwidth than than sending the data with a continuously available internet connection.

Storage device requirements

- Supported file systems for MicroSD cards or USB flash drives are FAT (12, 16, 32), ext3, ext4 and exFAT.
- SD and SDHC type microSD cards of 32 GB capacity and smaller are sold containing FAT12, FAT16 or FAT32. They can be
 used without a problem, unless they are subsequently re-formatted to an unsupported file system.

Manually transferring datalogs to VRM

For devices permanently without Internet, it is possible to take the data out, and then upload it manually from a laptop.

- 1. Go to Settings → VRM online portal, and click Eject the storage. Make sure to never just remove the SD-card/USB-stick, this can lead to corruption and data loss.
- 2. Remove the storage device and insert it into a computer or laptop that is connected to the internet.
- 3. Open a webbrowser, and navigate to the VRM Portal.
- 4. Login and then navigate to the Installations menu:



5. Click the 'Upload GX file' option and follow instructions:



6. Remove the file from the storage device and re-insert it into the GX device. Note that uploading the same data twice does not cause any problems; but still it is better not to do that.

With a log interval of once per minute, the required storage space roughly amounts to about 25 MB per month, depending on the number of connected products. So with a 1 GB microSD card, you can store about 3 years of backlog. In other words, any microSD card or USB stick should be sufficient to store the 6 months of data which VRM retains. When the storage device is full, no more data will be logged.

If multiple storage devices are inserted, the GX device will store the data on the one inserted first. When that is removed, it will not use the other one. Instead, it will create an internal backlog buffer. Only inserting a new one will make it switch to using external storage again.

Network watchdog: auto-reboot



<	VI	RM online poi	rtal	9 🛜 14:11
Last contac	t			24s
Connection	error			No error
VRM two-w	ay commu	nication		
Reboot dev	rice when n	o contact		
No contact	reset dela	y (hh:mm)		01:00
Storage loc	ation		In	ternal storage
<u> 바</u> P	ages	^		≣ Menu

This feature, disabled by default, makes the GX device automatically reboot itself in case it has not been able to connect to the VRM Portal.

12.4. Troubleshooting data logging

This chapter guides you through the troubleshooting that needs to be done when the GX device cannot transmit data to the VRM portal.

Initial check

First, check whether there is a connection between the GX device and the VRM portal and whether data is being sent or not.



Don't worry if the GX device has lost connection to the Internet for a short time. The data logs that were not transmitted during this time are temporarily stored in the GX device and will be transmitted once the Internet connection is restored.

- 1. Check the 'Last contact' entry in the menu of the VRM online portal (Settings \rightarrow VRM online portal \rightarrow Last contact).
 - If the displayed time is within the defined 'Log interval' setting in the same menu, this indicates that data is actively being sent to VRM, which means everything is working properly.
 - If it shows dashes, the GX device has been unable to contact the VRM Portal since it was powered up.
 - If it shows a time, but an error is shown, then the GX device has been able to send data, but has since lost contact.
 - If 'Logging enabled' is deactivated, then the GX device will not send any data to the VRM Portal.

<	VRM online portal	🛜 09:49
Logging enabled		Enabled
VRM Portal ID		c0619ab33b8e
Log interval		1 min
Use secure conne	ction (HTTPS)	
Last contact		20s
Connection error		No error
<u> 네</u> Pages		≡ Menu

- 2. Check the 'Stored records' entry in the same menu.
 - The 'Stored records' indicates the number of logs that it has stored to send later.
 - If this number is 0, it means that the Ekrano GX has sent all its data to the VRM Portal, which in turn means that the connection is actually working.
 - If this is larger than 0, it means that the Ekrano GX can not connect to the VRM Portal.
 This is usually accompanied by an error message, which is described later in the chapter.

<	VRM online portal	র্ল 14:07
Reboot device whe	en no contact	
Storage location		Internal storage
Free disk space		1202.98M bytes
microSD / USB		No storage found
Stored records		2 records
Oldest record age		1m 18s
<u> 배</u> Pages	^	≡ Menu

• If you continue to have issues with data logging, please read on.

The communication required to send data logs to the VRM Portal is:

- 1. A good working internet connection Preferably use a wired connection via Ethernet cable. Tethered or hotspot connections, e.g. with a cell phone, are unreliable and often interrupted or they do not automatically restore the connection after it was lost.
- 2. A proper IP address Normally the router takes care of this and assigns the IP address to connected devices/computers automatically via DHCP as soon as you connect to them. A manual configuration is not necessary.

<	Ethernet	র্ল 11:50
IP configuration		Automatic
IP address		192.168.178.108
Netmask		255.255.255.0
Gateway		192.168.178.1
DNS server		192.168.178.1
Link-local IP address		169.254.7.155
<u></u> Hages	^	≡ Menu

3. Outbound http(s) connection to http://ccgxlogging.victronenergy.com on port 80 and 443 - Note that should never be an issue, unless on very specialised company networks.

Note that the EGX does not support a proxy setup. For more details on the required networking, see the FAQ Q15: What type of networking is used by the Ekrano GX (TCP and UDP ports)? [133].

Troubleshooting steps

1. Update the GX device to the latest available firmware

See the Firmware updates [64] chapter for details

2. Verify the network and internet connection

- Check if the network router has automatically assigned an IP address to the GX device in the Ethernet or Wi-Fi menu (Settings → Ethernet → IP configuration → Automatic or Settings → Wi-Fi → Wi-Fi networks → [Your_connected_WiFi_network] → IP configuration → Automatic). This also applies to manually configured IP addresses. Make sure the following conditions are met:
 - · State must be 'Connected'
 - There must be an IP address that does not start with 169.
 - There must be a Netmask
 - There must be a Gateway
 - · There must be a DNS server

For a GX GSM or GX LTE 4G , see the Troubleshooting guide in the GX LTE 4G manual.

If the IP address starts with 169, check whether your network has a DHCP server running. 99% of all networks have a DHCP server running, and it is enabled by default on all well-known ADSL, cable and 3G/4G routers. If there is no DHCP server running, then configure the IP address manually as described in the Manual IP configuration [41] chapter.

- Ethernet
 - When using Ethernet and 'State' shows 'Unplugged', verify that the Ethernet network cable is not faulty: try another one. The two lights at the back of the EGX, where the Ethernet RJ45 cable plugs in, should be lit or blinking. Two dead lights indicate a connection problem.

<	Ethernet	9 09:54
State		Connected
MAC address		84 10.40103-41140
IP configuration		Automatic
IP address		192.168.004.148
Netmask		255.255.255.000
Gateway		192.168.004.001
Pages ا <u>ا</u>	~	≣ Menu

• WiFi

- When using WiFi and the menu shows 'No WiFi adapter connected', check the USB connection to the WiFi dongle. Try to remove the dongle and insert it again.
- When using WiFi and the 'State' shows 'Failure', it might be that the WiFi password is incorrect. Press 'Forget network' and try to connect again with the correct password.

<	TP-LINK_9A338A	♀ 10:27
State		Connected
Name		TP-LINK_9A338A
Forget network?		
Signal strength		87 %
MAC address		10 Jan 10
IP configuration		Automatic
Pages اط	~	≣ Menu

3. Check the Connection error status

• Navigate to Settings \rightarrow VRM online portal and check the 'Connection error' status:

<	VRM online portal	21:19
Logging enabled	t	Enabled
VRM Portal ID		
Log interval		1 min
Use secure con	nection (HTTPS)	
Last contact		59s
Connection erro	or	No error
Pages اط	s v	≣ Menu

- If a Connection error is shown, the EGX is not able to contact the VRM database. The connection error will show an error code that indicates the nature of the connectivity problem. Also, details of the error message are shown, to facilitate on-site IT experts to diagnose the problem.
 - Error #150 Unexpected response text: The http/https call succeeded, but the response was incorrect. This indicates that there is a WiFi or network login page, sometimes called a "captive portal", occasionally seen in Airports, Hotels, Marinas or RV campgrounds. There is no solution to make the GX device work with a WiFi network that requires such a login page and/or accepting of terms of use.
 - Error #151 Unexpected HTTP Response: A connection succeeded, but the response did not indicate a successful HTTP result code (normally 200). This might indicate that a transparent proxy is hijacking the connection. See #150 above for examples.
 - Error #152 Connection time-out: this could indicate a poor-quality internet connection or a restrictive firewall.
 - Error #153 Connection error: this could indicate a routing problem. For details, check the shown error message:

<	VRM online portal 11:30				
Connection error		#153 Connection error			
Error message: <urllib3.connection.httpconnection object at >: Failed to establish a new connection: [Errno 113] No route to host</urllib3.connection.httpconnection 					
Reboot device whe	n no contact				
Storage location	Internal storage				
Free disk space	10.47M bytes				
业 Pages 🗘 ☰ Menu					

• Error #153 Connection problem, and then specifically an SSL related issue, such as in below screenshot: check the date and time setting of the Gx Device, and also the time zone. And check that your router is not showing a special disclaimer, login or acceptance page, like often seen in airports, hotels and other public wifi.

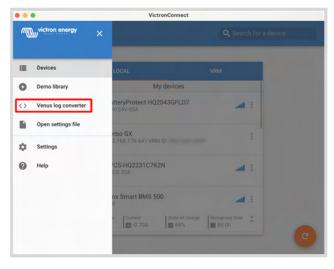




- Error #154 DNS Failure: Make sure that a valid DNS server is configured in the Ethernet or WiFi menu. Typically this is assigned automatically by a DHCP server in a network.
- Error #155 Routing error: VRM is unreachable. This error occurs if an ICMP error is received, indicating that no route exists to the VRM server. Make sure your DHCP server assigns a working default route, or that the gateway is correctly configured for static configurations.
- Error #159 Unknown error: This is a catch-all error for errors that cannot be directly categorised. In such cases the error message will provide information about the problem.



12.5. Analysing data offline, without VRM



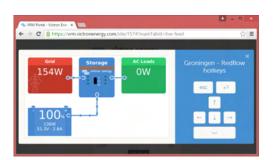
In certain cases, for example for very remote sites where there is no internet available, it can be useful to be able to analyse the data without first having to upload it to the VRM Portal.

- 1. Install VictronConnect on a Windows or Apple laptop
- 2. Insert the storage device containing the log file(s)
- Open VictronConnect and use the Venus Log Converter feature to convert them to Excel sheets. Note that the Venus Log Converter is not available in the iOS and Android version of VictronConnect. See Importing and converting a GX Product Family database File for more details in the VictronConnect manual.

12.6. Remote Console on VRM - Setup

This feature allows full remote control of a GX device over the internet:





The Remote Console on VRM is disabled by default. Activate it by following these steps:

- Enable the feature in the Settings → Remote Console menu.
 For details, see the The Remote Console menu [49] chapter.
- 2. Either set a password or disable the password.
- 3. Restart the GX device.

Now the Remote Console option will appear in the menu on the VRM Portal. Click it to open the Remote Console:

m	\mathcal{D}_{u} victron energy \times	GS Victore Langtern ESS Test Installation
	Search an installation	rview System convinue
	Dushboard	
		The Ellipsi
		1211122212222222222121212122
		2029-04-17

12.7. Remote Console on VRM - Troubleshooting

Follow these steps to troubleshoot Remote Console on VRM:

- 1. Make sure that logging to the VRM portal works, see chapter Datalogging to VRM [81] and Troubleshooting data logging [83]. Without this; Remote Console on VRM will not work.
- 2. After enabling the Remote Console feature, make sure to set (or disable) the password.
- 3. Also make sure to restart the EGX after setting (or disabling) the password.
- 4. Make sure to update the EGX to the latest firmware version. The last stability improvement for Remote Console was made in version v2.30.
- 5. After the restart, check the Remote Console on VRM status shows online or a port number. In case it says offline, or port number 0, the EGX was unable to connect to the Remote Console server. This is normally caused by a (company) firewall, blocking the connection. The solution is then to configure an exception rule in the firewall.
- 6. Verify that your web browser, on which you're using VRM, can access both of below URLs. Click both of the links to check them. Note that seeing an Error means that all is OK. The good error is 'Error response, Error code 405, Method Not Allowed'. If you get a timeout or another (browser) error, there may be a firewall blocking the connection. https://vncrelay.victronenergy.com/

Technical background

To have Remote Console on VRM working, your web browser and the GX device need to have a connection between them. This connection is designed such that it doesn't need any special configuration or opening up of firewalls in almost all situations. The 0.1% of situations where it doesn't work out of the box are, for example, large corporate networks with special security, or long range expensive satellite or radio supported networks, such as seen in rural areas of Africa and other remote areas.

When Remote Console on VRM is enabled, the GX device will open and maintain a connection to any of the servers pointed to by supporthosts.victronenergy.com. Which currently resolves to multiple IP addresses (84.22.108.49, 84.22.107.120, 3.25.10.245, 13.244.154.199 or 35.165.124.40, depending on where you are), and likely more in the future. The technology used is SSH, and it will try to connect using port 22, 80 and 443, only one of them needs to work. The reason for it to try all three is that on most networks at least one of them will be allowed by the local firewall.

Once connected to one of the supporthost servers, that reverse SSH tunnel is waiting to be connected from someone needing the connection. Which can be your browser, or a Victron engineer since this same technology is used for the Remote Support functionality; for more information see above.



When using Remote Console on VRM, the browser will connect to either vncrelay.victronenergy.com, or vncrelay2.victronenergy.com, using websockets on port 443. For more details of used connections by the GX device, see Q15 of the FAQ [133].



13. Marine MFD integration by App

13.1. Introduction & requirements



A Glass Bridge is a MFD (Multi-Function Display) that integrates a boat's systems and navigation status into a large screen or screens at the helm of the vessel, so doing away with multiple gauges, brackets and wiring complications.

A Victron system can be easily integrated into a MFD as can be seen in this video:



Functionalities:

- · Monitor shore power and generator status.
- Monitor battery status for one or more batteries. By using the voltage of for example battery chargers, it can also visualise secondary batteries such as Generator starter batteries.
- · Monitor the power conversion equipment: chargers, inverters, inverter/chargers.
- · Monitor solar production from an MPPT Solar Charger.
- · Monitor AC loads, and DC loads.
- · Control shore power input current limit.
- · Control the inverter/charger: switch it off, on, or set it to charger-only.
- · Optionally open the Victron Remote Console panel; allowing access to further parameters.

Please note that monitoring and control of AC chargers connected via VE.Direct or VE.Can (this applies to Phoenix IP43 Smart Chargers and the Skylla series) only works when shore power is connected.

Victron equipment compatibility:

- All Victron inverter/chargers: From a 500VA single-phase device up to a large 180kVA three-phase-system, including Multis, Quattros, 230VAC and 120VAC models.
- Battery Monitors: BMV-700, BMV-702, BMV-712, SmartShunt, and newer, Lynx Shunt VE.Can, Lynx Ion BMS, Lynx Smart BMS
- · All Victron MPPT Solar Charge Controllers

Required components:

- · Battery system
- · Victron GX device (all models are compatible)
- · Victron Inverter/charger



- · Victron Battery monitor
- · Ethernet network cable connected between MFD and the GX device
- MFD specific ethernet adapter cable (only for some brands, see detailed information in below links)

Using the App for other purposes

The app as visible on the MFDs is a HTML5 app hosted on the GX device. It can also be accessed from a regular PC (or mobile device) by navigating a browser to: http://venus.local/app/, or replace venus.local with the GX IP address.

13.2. Raymarine MFD Integration

13.2.1. Introduction

This chapter explains how to connect to Raymarine MFDs using an Ethernet connection. Also, the last chapter explains the Raymarine specifics when connecting on NMEA 2000.

The integration technology used is called LightHouse Apps by Raymarine.

Note that there is an alternative method to connect, which is NMEA 2000. For details see the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

13.2.2. Compatibility

The MFD integration is compatible with the Axiom, Axiom Pro and Axiom XL MFDs running on LightHouse 3 and Lighthouse 4. The multifunction displays of the eS and gS series that have been upgraded to LightHouse 3 are not compatible.

Raymarine MFDs need at least LightHouse v3.11 for compatibility, which was released in November 2019.

From Victron side, all GX devices (Cerbo GX, Color Control GX, Venus GX, and so forth) can be used and are compatible. For details on detailed product compatibility with regarding to inverter/chargers and other components, see the main Marine MFD Integration by App [89] chapter.

13.2.3. Wiring

The MFD needs to be connected to the GX device using ethernet. It is not possible to connect over WiFi. For the ethernet connection, a RayNet adapter is required.

The RayNet adapters can be purchased from Raymarine:

Raymarine part number	Description
A62360	RayNet (F) to RJ45 (M) - 1m
A80151	RayNet (F) to RJ45 (M) - 3m
A80159	RayNet (F) to RJ45 (M) - 10m
A80247	RayNet (F) to RJ45 (F) Adapter
A80513	RayNet male to RJ45 adaptor cable

To connect the GX device to the internet as well, use WiFi. If the Axiom MFD is connected to internet (using WiFi), it will automatically share its connection with the GX device over ethernet.



Connecting a Axiom MFD to a network router over Ethernet leads to IP address conflicts, due to the integrated DHCP server in the Axiom MFD.

It is not possible to use a GX GSM or GX LTE 4G, due to the integrated DHCP server in the Axiom MFD.



As of Raymarine LightHouse v3.15, there is an option to toggle DHCP. Disabling this option does not mean that the Axiom MFD will work with third party network routers. See this post on Victron Community for more information.

13.2.4. GX device configuration

 On the Victron GX device, go to Settings → Services, and there enable both MQTT on LAN (SSL) and MQTT on LAN (Plaintext).

<	Services	奈 09:16
Modbus TCP		Enabled >
MQTT on LAN (S	5L)	
MQTT on LAN (PI	aintext)	
VE.Can port 1		>
VE.Can port 2		>
<u></u> Hages		≡ Menu

 Next, go to Menu → Settings → System Setup → Battery Measurements, and there set up what batteries you want to see on the MFD; and by what name.

<	Marine MFD App configuration	10:49	<	Hydraulic battery	10:51
Hydrauli	ic battery	Visible >	Visible	Active battery	monitor
Hydrauli	ic battery (Auxiliary measurement)	Hidden >	Name	Hydrauli	c battery
House b	attery	Hidden >			
MultiPlu	s 48/3000/35-50	Hidden >			
<u>6</u>	d Pages ≣ا	Menu	الله Pages	≡ Me	nu

3. For boats, RVs and other applications with DC loads such as lighting and a Battery Monitor installed, make sure to enable the "Has DC system setting". For more information about it, see the Menu structure and configurable parameters [50] chapter.

No other settings such as IP addresses or similar are required, since the Axiom MFDs have an integrated DHCP server.

13.2.5. Configuring multiple battery measurements

This video explains how to set up multiple battery measurements and how to name them.



13.2.6. Installation step-by-step

- 1. Connect the RayNet adapter cable to the MFD
- 2. Connect the RJ45 end of the RayNet adapter cable to the Ethernet port of the GX device
- 3. On the MFD go to Apps and then select the Victron logo
- 4. And...you're done. All information can now be viewed on one screen, which is:

DC loads, Battery information, Shore power connection, Solar production, AC loads, Inverter and Generator control and the option to open the Remote Console

This video shows the exact steps:





[

After connecting the Ethernet cable the GX device, it receives an IP number from the Axiom DHCP. If you start the Victron App on the Axiom and it shows "hardware devices not found", just restart the Axiom and see... it works!

13.2.7. NMEA 2000

Besides connecting over ethernet, a Raymarine MFD can also be connected to the Victron system using NMEA 2000. If you're new to NMEA 2000 & Victron, start with reading the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

The below sections explain the specifics of NMEA 2000 when connecting Victron to a Raymarine MFD.

13.2.8. Generic and supported PGNs

To setup the data sources on the Raymarine, go to Settings > Network > Sources > Advanced.

If you have more than 1 battery be sure to adjust the settings of the Axiom to the correct amount of battery(banks).

The following Victron related PGNs are supported by Raymarine:

PGN	Description
127505	Fluid level (tank levels)
127506	DC Detailed Status (State-of-charge, Time-to-go)
127507	Charger status
127508	Battery Status (Battery Voltage, Battery Current)
127509	Inverter status

Note that J1939 - AC data is not supported by Raymarine.

When the NMEA 2000/STNG network has GPS data, the GX device sees this as a GPS source and is able to use the GPS position in VRM.

13.2.9. Instancing requirements when using Raymarine

Fluid instancing details:

- · Raymarine i70: max number of tank levels is 5; fluid instance 0-4 and type must be fuel
- Raymarine i70s: max number of tank levels is 5; fluid instance 0-4 and type must be fuel
- Axiom MFDs: per Lighthouse version 4.1.75, a maximum of 16 tanks can be connected; fluid instance 0-15

13.2.10. Before LightHouse 4.1.75

If there is more than one ie. SmartShunt in the NMEA 2000 network, or a solar charger and a SmartShunt, or any other device transmitting the same type of PGNs, then the Data instances of these PGNs must be changed to make each Data instance unique.

Typically this concerns the Battery instance, used in the Battery Status and DC Detailed PGNs.

See here for how to do that: Changing NMEA 2000 Instances, section Data instances. This requires an Actisense NGT-1 NMEA 2000 to PC (USB) Interface.





This requirement of Data instances being globally unique for a PGN is specific to Raymarine. Other brands do not require this. And, although perhaps besides the point, also the NMEA 2000 standard does not require it. More specifically, it says: "Data instances shall be unique in the same PGNs transmitted by a device. Data instances shall not be globally unique on the network."

13.2.11. LightHouse 4.1.75 and newer

As of LightHouse version 4.1.75, the battery instances no longer need to be unique. This means that you can leave the battery instance to its default value, which is typically set to 0. The batteries are automatically detected by the Axiom display.

13.3. Navico MFD Integration

13.3.1. Introduction

Navico is the overall brand behind the B&G, Simrad and Lowrance MFDs.

This chapter explains how to connect to Navico MFDs using an Ethernet connection.

Make sure to also study the Marine MFD Integration by App [89] chapter.

Note that there is an alternative method to connect, which is NMEA 2000. For details see the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

13.3.2. Compatibility

Navico compatible hardware:

	Product			Displa	ay Size			Remarks
Simrad	NSO EVO3				16	19	24	
	NSO EVO2				16	19	24	
	NSS EVO3	7	9	12	16			
	Go	7*	9	12				5 is not compatible to Ethernet port *Go7 YSE not compatible = only Go7 XSR
B&G	Zeus ³ Glass Helm				16	19	24	
	Zeus ³	7	9	12	16			
	Zeus S	7	9	12				
	Zeus 3S		9	12	16			
	Zeus 3S Glass Helm				16	19	24	
	Vulcan	7	9	12				
Lowran	HDS Live	7	9	12	16			
се	HDS Carbon	7	9	12	16			
Inform ation Display	IDS		9	12				

Note that this feature also works on the Simrad NSS evo2 and B&G Zeus², but only limited. Furthermore, it is not officially supported by Victron or Navico, and there will be no new software versions to fix any problems that may arise.. In other words, it is not a supported configuration by Navico but the consumer can feel free to use it (if they contact Navico or Victron service, our team will tell them it is not a supported configuration). More testing and user feedback will have to show what does and what does not work on the evo2/Zeus².

At the moment it is not possible to control the Victron MFD App other than via the touch screen. This means that you cannot use:

- · Local controls, i.e. WheelKey and arrow keys
- Simrad OP50
- B&G ZC2

13.3.3. Wiring

The Navico device needs to be connected to the GX device using Ethernet. Its not possible to connect over WiFi. For the Ethernet connection, a Navico adapter is required as the Navico MFDs feature a round water proof connector on the back. The adapters can be purchased from Navico:

- ETHADAPT-2M 127-56
- CABLE RJ45M-5F ETH ADPTR NONWATERPRF

13.3.4. GX device configuration

1. On the Victron GX device, go to Settings → Services, and there enable both MQTT on LAN (SSL) and MQTT on LAN (Plaintext).

<	Services	🔶 09:16
Modbus TCP		Enabled >
MQTT on LAN (SS	L)	
MQTT on LAN (Pla	aintext)	
VE.Can port 1		>
VE.Can port 2		>
I Dever		
Pages الله		≡ Menu

 Next, go to Menu → Settings → System Setup → Battery Measurements, and there set up what batteries you want to see on the MFD; and by what name.

<	Marine MFD App configuration	10:49	<	Hydraulic battery 10:
Hydrauli	ic battery	Visible >	Visible	Active battery monito
Hydrauli	ic battery (Auxiliary measurement)	Hidden >	Name	Hydraulic batter
House b	attery	Hidden >		
MultiPlu	s 48/3000/35-50	Hidden >		
٩	🗉 Pages 🛛 🚍	Menu	<u> 네</u> Pages	≡ Menu

3. For boats, RVs and other applications with DC loads such as lighting and a Battery Monitor installed, make sure to enable the "Has DC system setting". For more information about it, see the Menu structure and configurable parameters [50] chapter.

No other settings such as IP addresses or similar are required. The GX device and the Navico devices connect to each other using a technology called linklocal addressing.

It is possible to connect the router to the same LAN; and that way connect the GX device to the internet. The GX device can also be connected to the internet via WiFi or with a GX LTE 4G.

Note that the GX LTE 4G can only be used if the MFD and GX device are directly connected to each other, without a router.

13.3.5. Configuring multiple battery measurements

This video explains how to set up multiple battery measurements and how to name them.





13.3.6. Installation step-by-step

- 1. Connect the UTP cable to the MFD
- 2. Connect the other end of the UTP cable to the Ethernet port of the GX device
- 3. Go to Apps on the MFD and then select the Victron Energy logo, which will appear after a few seconds
- 4. And...you're done. All information can now be viewed on one screen, which is:

DC loads, Battery information, Shore power connection, Solar production, AC loads, Inverter and Generator control and the option to open the Remote Console

This video shows the exact steps:



13.3.7. NMEA 2000

Besides connecting over ethernet, a Navico MFD can also be connected to the Victron system using NMEA 2000. If you're new to NMEA 2000 & Victron, start with reading the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

The MFD can be configured easily to display the data from the GX device. There is no need to change any instance.

To setup the data sources on the MFD, go to Settings > Network > Sources > Advanced.

13.3.8. Generic and supported PGNs

To setup the data sources on the Navico MFD, go to Settings > Network > Sources > Advanced.

The following Victron related PGNs are supported:

PGN	Description
127505	Fluid level (tanks)
127506	DC Detailed Status (State-of-charge, Time-to-go)
127507	Charger status
127508	Battery Status (Battery Voltage, Battery Current)
127509	Inverter status
J1939	AC PGNs

13.3.9. Troubleshooting

Q1: The MFD page shows outdated information or shows the connection issue page, but the GX device is running and connected and the Victron icon is present on the home page.

A1: Try reloading the page by pressing the menu on the top right corner and select HOME.



13.4. Garmin MFD Integration

13.4.1. Introduction

This chapter explains how to connect to Garmin MFDs using an Ethernet connection. The integration technology used is called Garmin OneHelm.

Make sure to also study the Marine MFD Integration by App [89] chapter.

Note that there is an alternative method to connect, which is NMEA 2000. For details see the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

13.4.2. Compatibility

OneHelm is currently available for the following models:

- GPSMAP® 8400/8600 MFD series
- GPSMAP® 722/922/1222 Plus MFD series

ActiveCaptain is also supported. The screenshot below shows ActiveCaptain with the Victron App.

From Victron side, all GX devices (Cerbo GX, Color Control GX, Venus GX, and so forth) can be used and are compatible. For details on detailed product compatibility with regarding to inverter/chargers and other components, see the main Marine MFD Integration by App [89] chapter.

3:17 PM Fri Apr 19			🗢 🕈 100% 🛄
Back		Victron	-
((Q)) vie	tron energy		Remote Console
¢¢	DC Loads 4.0A 53W	AC Loads OV 0.0A	ow
0	Battery: FIREFLY_bank 13.1V 4.9A 64W Charging 94%	Inverter / Charger: Mult On On Of	tiPlus Chargar only
ø	Shore Power Unplugged	Solar 8.8A 117W	
	n Boat Apps	📋 chart 🔅	Settings

13.4.3. Wiring

The Garmin MFD needs to be connected to the GX device using Ethernet. Its not possible to connect over WiFi. For the Ethernet connection, a Garmin adapter is required:

Garmin part name	Length	Garmin part number
Marine Network Cables	6ft	010-10550-00
Marine Network Cables	20ft	010-10551-00
Marine Network Cables	40ft	010-10552-00
Marine Network Cables	500ft	010-10647-01

13.4.4. GX device configuration

 On the Victron GX device, go to Settings → Services, and there enable both MQTT on LAN (SSL) and MQTT on LAN (Plaintext).



<	Services	🛜 09:16
Modbus TCP		Enabled >
MQTT on LAN (S	SL)	
MQTT on LAN (P	laintext)	
VE.Can port 1		>
VE.Can port 2		>
<u>ᆈ</u> Pages	i i	≡ Menu

 Next, go to Menu → Settings → System Setup → Battery Measurements, and there set up what batteries you want to see on the MFD; and by what name.

<	Marine MFD App configuration	10:49	<	Hydraulic battery 10:
Hydraul	lic battery	Visible >	Visible	Active battery monito
Hydraul	lic battery (Auxiliary measurement)	Hidden >	Name	Hydraulic batter
House b	pattery	Hidden >		
MultiPlu	is 48/3000/35-50	Hidden >		
4	닖 Pages	lenu	Pages الله	≡ Menu

3. For boats, RVs and other applications with DC loads such as lighting and a Battery Monitor installed, make sure to enable the "Has DC system setting". For more information about it, see the Menu structure and configurable parameters [50] chapter.

No special networking settings are necessary. Not on the Garmin; and not on the Victron GX device.

The Garmin MFDs run a DHCP server; and the GX device are by default configured to use DHCP. After plugging in the cable, the Victron Energy icon will show up after 10 to 30 seconds.

To connect the GX device to the internet and the VRM Portal while its Ethernet port is already in use to connect to the Garmin, use WiFi. For more information about it, see the Internet connectivity [39] chapter.



Connecting a Garmin MFD to a network router over Ethernet leads to IP address conflicts, due to the integrated DHCP server.

It is not possible to use a GX GSM or a GX LTE 4G due to the integrated DHCP server of the Garmin MFD.

13.4.5. Configuring multiple battery measurements

This video explains how to set up multiple battery measurements and how to name them.



13.4.6. Installation step-by-step

1. Connect the UTP cable to the MFD



- 2. Connect the other end of the UTP cable to the Ethernet port of the GX device
- 3. Go to Apps on the MFD and then select the Victron Energy logo, which will appear after a few seconds
- 4. And...you're done. All information can now be viewed on one screen, which is:

DC loads, Battery information, Shore power connection, Solar production, AC loads, Inverter and Generator control and the option to open the Remote Console

This video shows the exact steps:



13.4.7. NMEA 2000

Besides connecting over ethernet, a Garmin MFD can also be connected to the Victron system using NMEA 2000. If you're new to NMEA 2000 & Victron, start with reading the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

The MFD can be configured easily to display the data from the GX device. There is no need to change any instance.

To setup NMEA 2000 on the MFD, go to Settings > Communications > NMEA 2000 Setup > Device List. Here you can view information about the connected products and change their names. Note that the names are stored on the MFD and not on the NMEA 2000 device.

13.4.8. Generic and supported PGNs

The following Victron related PGNs are supported:

PGN	Description
127505	Fluid level (tanks)
127506	DC Detailed Status (State-of-charge, Time-to-go)
127508	Battery Status (Battery Voltage, Battery Current)

The supported PGNs may vary per model. Please consult the manual of the MFD for a list of supported PGNs.

13.5. Furuno MFD Integration

13.5.1. Introduction

This chapter explains how to connect to Furuno MFDs using an Ethernet connection.

Make sure to also study the Marine MFD Integration by App [89] chapter.

Note that there is an alternative method to connect, which is NMEA 2000. For details see the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter. Currently, Furuno MFDs only have support for fluid level PGNs sent out by Victron equipment.

13.5.2. Compatibility

The MFD integration is compatible with the following Furuno MFDs:

- NavNet TZtouch3 TZT12F
- NavNet TZtouch3 TZT16F
- NavNet TZtouch3 TZT19F



Navnet TZtouch2 TZT2BB Black box

Note that NavNet TZtouch3 MFDs need at least software version v1.08. The Navnet TZtouch2 TZT2BB needs at least software version v7.01.

Also note that the Navnet TZtouch2 TZTL models are not supported.

From Victron side, all GX devices (Cerbo GX, Color Control GX, Venus GX, and so forth) can be used and are compatible. For details on detailed product compatibility with regarding to inverter/chargers and other components, see the main Marine MFD Integration by App [89] chapter.

13.5.3. Wiring

The Furuno device needs to be connected to the GX device using Ethernet. Its not possible to connect over WiFi. For the Ethernet connection, a standard Ethernet cable can be used. The GX device can either be connected directly to the MFD or through a network router/switch.

13.5.4. Configuration

Ethernet configuration

<	Ethernet	奈 11:10
IP configuration		Manual
IP address		172.31.201.12
Netmask		255.255.0.0
Gateway		
DNS server		
Link-local IP address		169.254.9.175
<u>네</u> Pages	~	≡ Menu

On the Victron GX device, make sure that the Ethernet cable is connected and then go to Settings \rightarrow Ethernet and set the following configuration:

Setting	Value
IP configuration	Manual
IP address	172.31.201.12
Netmask	255.255.0.0
Gateway	$0.0.0.0 \mbox{ or the IP}$ address of the router in your network
DNS Server	0.0.0.0 or the IP address of the router in your network

It is possible to connect a router to the same LAN; and that way connect the GX device to the internet. Make sure the Gateway and DNS Server settings of the GX are set to the IP address of the router, and that the router has its LAN IP addressing configured in the same subnet.



It is not possible to use a GX GSM or a GX LTE 4G.

GX device configuration

1. On the Victron GX device, go to Settings → Services, and there enable both MQTT on LAN (SSL) and MQTT on LAN (Plaintext).

<	Services	🔶 09:16
Modbus TCP		Enabled >
MQTT on LAN (SS	L)	
MQTT on LAN (Pla	aintext)	
VE.Can port 1		>
VE.Can port 2		>
<u></u> Hages		≡ Menu

 Next, go to Menu → Settings → System Setup → Battery Measurements, and there set up what batteries you want to see on the MFD; and by what name.

<	Marine MFD App configuration	10:49	<	Hydraulic battery 10:5
Hydrauli	ic battery	Visible >	Visible	Active battery monito
Hydrauli	ic battery (Auxiliary measurement)	Hidden >	Name	Hydraulic batter
House b	attery	Hidden >		
MultiPlus	s 48/3000/35-50	Hidden >		
<u>.</u>	l Pages	1enu	Pages الله	≡ Menu

3. For boats, RVs and other applications with DC loads such as lighting and a Battery Monitor installed, make sure to enable the "Has DC system setting". For more information about it, see the Menu structure and configurable parameters [50] chapter.

13.5.5. Configuring multiple battery measurements

This video explains how to set up multiple battery measurements and how to name them.



13.5.6. NMEA 2000

Besides connecting over ethernet, a Furuno MFD can also be connected to the Victron system using NMEA 2000. If you're new to NMEA 2000 & Victron, start with reading the Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000 [101] chapter.

This chapter documents the specifics when displaying Victron NMEA 2000 information on Furuno MFDs. Note that this is not meant to be an extensive guide. It's the simple result of our R&D checking everything on a Furuno MFD. The functionality is (mostly) dictated by Furuno software and may therefore also change and improve when Furuno company changes their software.

The MFD can be configured easily to display the data from the GX device. To display tank data, there is no need to change any instance. In order to properly display Battery/DC data from Victron equipment, you need to change the Data instances of the PGNs that are sent out. See here for how to do that: Changing NMEA 2000 Instances, section Data instances.

To view NMEA 2000 devices on the MFD, go to Settings > Initial Setup > Data Aquisition > Sensor List. Here you can view basic information and change Device instances and custom names.

13.5.7. Generic and supported PGNs

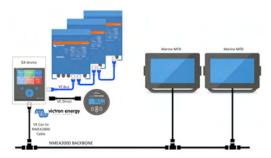
The following Victron related PGNs are supported:

PGN	Description
127505	Fluid level (tanks)
127506	DC Detailed Status (State-of-charge, Time-to-go) ¹⁾
127508	Battery Status (limited support); Voltage, Current ^(1, 2)
¹⁾ The tested Furuno MFD firmware supports a maximum of 4 batteries, no more	
²⁾ Due to a bug in the MFD firmware, a negative battery current (ie. when discharging) is shown as (three dashes)	



14. Marine MFD integration by NMEA 2000

14.1. NMEA 2000 Introduction



Victron Energy GX devices feature an NMEA 2000-out function: when enabled, the GX device acts as a bridge: it makes all Battery monitors, Inverter/chargers and other products connected to the GX device available on the NMEA 2000 network.

Using that feature, and having the GX device connected a NMEA 2000 network, Marine MFDs can read this data and visualise it to the user. Often in a highly configurable manner.

Use our VE.Can to NMEA2000 micro-C male cable to connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network.

Comparison to the App integration

Compared to MFD integration using the App, as explained in the previous chapter, integration via N2K offers a more customisable configuration. The downside of integration via N2K is that there is more work in making such configuration, as well as making sure all PGNs and fields therein are supported and compatible between the Victron system and the MFD.

More information

Besides this chapter, make sure to also read:

- 1. The introduction blogpost
- 2. Our main Marine NMEA 2000 & MFD integration guide
- 3. The NMEA 2000 chapter in this manual for the MFD you are using:
 - For Raymarine: NMEA 2000 [92]
 - For Navico: NMEA 2000 [95]
 - For Garmin: NMEA 2000 [98]
 - For Furuno: NMEA 2000 [100]

Yes, that is a lot of reading, but that is basically inherent to NMEA 2000: for example, some of those MFDs support displaying AC data received over the NMEA 2000 wiring, others do not. Some require changing Data instances, others do not, and so forth.

14.2. Supported Devices / PGNs

NMEA 2000 defines several messages.

- · Messages are identified by their parameter group number (PGN).
- A textual description of the message is publicly available on the NMEA 2000 website (http://www.nmea.org/).
- · Detailed specification of the protocol and message definition or part thereof can be ordered online on the NMEA 2000 website.
- NMEA 2000 is based on and compatible with SAE J1939. All AC information messages are in the AC status message format as defined in J1939-75. The specification of these messages can be bought on the SAE website (http://www.sae.org/).
- · For a detailed list of PGNs, please refer to our Data communication with Victron Energy products whitepaper.

Inverter/chargers

 All inverter/chargers that connect using a VE.Bus port are supported. This includes Multis, Quattros, MultiPlus-IIs, and other (similar) Victron inverter/chargers. • Data is transmitted out; and its possible to set shore current as well as switch the inverter/charger on and off as well as activate the Inverter only and Charger only modes.

The interface has two functions:

- The function, "153 Inverter", represents the AC-output
- The function "154 AC Input" monitor represents the AC-input

Charger status messages will be sent by the Inverter function. Both functions have their own network address. Since both functions transmit the same PGNs, for example an AC Status PGN containing voltage, current and more information, NMEA 2000 data consumers like generic displays will need to be able to make a distinction based on the network address. Depending on the function belonging to that network address, the need to interpret it as either Inverter Input or Inverter Output.

- Displays not being capable of doing so will regard the data as belonging to the mains (utility). The Inverter Output is then interpreted as utility #0 and Inverter Input as utility #1. These default instance numbers can be changed by a network configuration tool if necessary.
- · Battery temperature, as measured by the inverter(/charger), is transmitted as well.
- All VREG communications need to be sent to the address representing the Inverter function. The other one, AC input, does not support VREG requests: that address only transmits AC information related to the AC input.

Inverters

 Both, the range of inverters connected via VE.Bus as well as our range of inverters connected using a VE.Direct cable, is supported and its information made available on the NMEA 2000 network.

Battery monitors

- · Supported. This includes any battery monitor as supported by the GX device.
- The battery selected as the system battery in the GX device (Settings → System Setup → Battery Monitor) are transmitted with a fixed Device and Battery instance of 239, this to ensure there is always the same instance for the main (system) battery instead of a system using instance 0 for i.e the Lynx Smart BMS (with built-in battery monitor) and a system with ie. a SmartShunt using different instances.

Solar chargers

· Supported. Battery related values as well as the PV Array Voltage & Current is made available on the NMEA 2000 network.

AC chargers

• Phoenix Smart IP43 Charger 120-240V and 230V models are supported. Only the 120-240V model allows to be remotely controlled (on/off and input current limit) from a compatible MFD.

Tank level data

 All tank levels visible on the GX device, including GX Tank 140 and Mopeka sensors, are transmitted onto the NMEA 2000 network. The used PGN is 127505 Fluid Level, which includes Fluid instance (aka Data instance), Fluid type (Fuel, Fresh Water, Waste Water, Live Well, Oil, Black Water, Gadoline, Diesel, LPG, LNG, Hydraulic oil and Raw Water) and Fluid level as percentage of tank capacity and tank capacity.

Be careful when using the fluid types LNG, LPG, Diesel and Hydraulic oil: these are relatively new types in the NMEA 2000 standard and not all MFDs and chartplotters support them yet.

- Labelling of the tanks on the MFDs needs to be done on each MFD itself. The custom name as configured in the Victron system is transmitted in the field Installation description #1 in the PGN 126996 - Product Information, but not used by the MFDs.
- The GX device automatically numbers each tank with a unique Device instance and Tank instance. They are made the same. This automatic numbering is done specifically and only for tank levels to make the process of showing them properly on all different brands and types of MFDs as simply as possible.

Other data and product types

• Not supported. Above explicitly mentioned types are the only ones now supported.

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14.3. NMEA 2000 Configuration

<	VE.Can port	9 🛜 08:25			
CAN-bus profile	VE.Can & Lynx lor	n BMS (250 kbit/s)			
Devices		>			
NMEA2000-out					
Unique identity nun	nber selector	1			
numbers to use for the PGN 60928 I	sets which block of u r the NAME Unique Id NAME field. Change o Devices in one VE.Ca	entity Numbers in only when using			
Check Unique id numbers Press to check					
Network status		>			
<u> 세</u> Pages	^	≡ Menu			

Setting	Default	Description
CAN-bus Profile	VE.Can	Defines the type & baudrate of the CAN-bus network. To use in combination with NMEA 2000, make sure to choose one of the profiles that include VE.Can and is at 250kbit/s
NMEA2000-out	Off	Enables and disables the NMEA2000-out function
Unique identity number selector	1	Selects the block of numbers to use for the NAME Unique Identity Numbers in the PGN 60928 NAME field. For the GX device itself, and when NMEA2000-out is enabled, also for the virtual-devices. Change it only when installing multiple GX devices in the same VE.Can network. There are no other reasons to change this number. For more details regarding the Unique Identity Number, read the last section in this chapter.
Check unique id numbers		Searches for other devices that use the same unique number. When the search is completed, it will respond with either an OK, or the text :
		There is another device connected with this unique number, please select another one.
		Note that there is normally no reason to use this function: the GX device automatically and continuously checks uniqueness of the numbers in use and will warn in case there is a conflict. This setting is made available to quickly confirm that everything is OK after changing the setting.

14.4. Configuring Multiple Tank Level Measurements (Raymarine)

Modern Raymarine Axiom MFDs are capable of displaying up to 16 tank levels and smaller MFDs such as the i70 or i70s can display up to 5 tanks.

The following restrictions apply:

1. Currently, the Axiom can only display Fuel (default), Fresh Water, Waste Water aka Grey Water, Live Well, Black Water and Gasoline fluid types. The other fluid types such as LNG, LPG, Hydraulic oil and Diesel are not displayed. This is a Raymarine limitation, which may change with a future firmware update.

However, it is possible to configure a specific tank sender's fluid type in the GX device menu to one of the supported ones, and then rename the tank in the Axiom tank settings (Boat Details > Configure Tanks > Tank Settings) to whatever you like, e.g. LPG, which is then displayed as LPG tank on the dashboard.

- 2. The i70 and i70s will display up to 5 tanks where the fluid type must be Fuel. All other fluid types are not displayed.
- 3. For instancing requirements, see the Instancing requirements when using Raymarine [92] section further below.
- 4. All tank senders as mentioned in the chapter Connecting Victron products [9] and Connecting supported non-Victron products [16] are supported.

Configuration step-by-step

Before proceeding with the following steps, you must connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network to which the MFD is connected. Use our VE.Can to NMEA 2000 micro-C male cable to connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network and ensure NMEA2000-out of the VE.Can port is enabled in the GX device.

The procedure below does not replace the Raymarine manual; Be sure to read the Raymarine documentation that accompanies your Raymarine MFD. Visit the Raymarine Manuals and Documents website for the latest version



- 1. Connect the tank sensors to your GX device.
- 2. Make sure the tank sensors are set to a fluid type supported by your MFD.

<	Setup	Ç 🛜 09:46
Capacity		200L
Standard	Europea	an (0 to 180 Ohm)
Fluid type		Fuel
Volume unit		Litre
Custom shape		>
Averaging time		10s
<u></u>		≣ Menu

<	Fluid type	9 🛜 09:18
Fuel		0
Fresh water		0
Waste water		0
Live well		0
Oil		0
Black water (sewage)		0
\otimes	~	\bigotimes

This is done in the setup menu of the tank sensor in the Remote Console - Device List \rightarrow [your_tank_sensor] \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Fluid type

3. On your Axiom MFD, go to Settings > Boat Details > Tanks > Configure Tanks and verify that all tank sensors are listed.

<	Settings	<			Tank s	rttings		<	VE.CAN devices	Q 🛜 09:56
Getting started	Boat details Units This display Network	Tank instance					Calibrated	Mopeka Gaso	line [501]	Device# 10
1000		0	Diesel	Fuel	Victron	200	•	hopeka Gaso	inte [501]	Devicen 10
	Num of generators: 2	10	LPG	Gasoline	Victron	200	•	Mopeka Black	Water [502]	Device# 13
	TANKS	2	Fre 1	iter	Victron	200	•	Tank 3 Waste	Water [505]	Device# 1
-	Fuel tanks: 1 Fuel (gasoline) tanks: 1	6	Liv Grey V	Nater >	Victron	200	-	MultiPlue 12/1	600/70-16 [507]	Device# 1
Cine of	Fresh water tanks: 1	1	Gr Type:		Victron	200		Multirius 12/1		Device# 1
	Live well tanks: 1 Grey water tanks: 1 Black water tanks: 1	13	Grey v Bla Capacity	r iter	Victron	220	•	E70636 [5002	246]	Device# 159
			200					Tank 2 Fresh	Water [509]	Device# 2
	Num of interior environment sensors:		Calib	irate >				() He	lp 🗘	🖊 Edit



By briefly tapping on the respective tank, you can change the tank to a meaningful name, which then will be displayed on the dashboard.

4. Open the TANKS dashboard or set up a new page to view the tanks.

r 🖂		TANKS		=	< Select data	×
DIESEL (VOL)		FRESH WATER (%)		BLACK WATER (%)	> Fuel	
132.0 Lar	50 x	26 x	40 ×	5 x	> Fuel (Gesoline)	
					> Fresh water	
					> Live well	
LIVE WELL (N)					> Grey water	
24 ×					> Black water	
<				>		

By long tapping on one of the tanks you can make further configurations, e.g. select the tank to be displayed or, if available, change the unit from percent to volume.

14.5. Configuring Multiple Tank Level Measurements (Garmin)

Modern Garmin MFDs such as the GPSMAP 84xx series are capable of displaying different types of tank levels.

The following restrictions apply:

1. Currently, the GPSMAP can only display Fuel (default), Fresh Water, Waste Water aka Grey Water, Live Well, Oil, Black Water and Generator fluid types. The other fluid types such as LNG, LPG and Diesel are not displayed. This is a Garmin limitation, which may change with a future firmware updates of your MFD.

However, it is possible to configure a specific tank sender's fluid type in the GX device menu to one of the supported ones, and then rename the tank in the GPSMAP tank settings to whatever you like, e.g. LPG, which is then displayed as LPG tank on the dashboard.

2. All tank senders as mentioned in the chapter Connecting Victron products [9] and Connecting supported non-Victron products [16] are supported.

Configuration step-by-step

Before proceeding with the following steps, you must connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network to which the MFD is connected. Use our VE.Can to NMEA 2000 micro-C male cable to connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network and ensure NMEA2000-out of the VE.Can port is enabled in the GX device.

The procedure below does not replace the Garmin manual; Be sure to read the Garmin documentation that accompanies your MFD; There are some differences in the menu navigation of the various MFDs.

- 1. Connect the tank sensors to your GX device.
- 2. Make sure the tank sensors are set to a fluid type supported by your MFD.

<	Setup	Q 🛜 09:46	<	Fluid type	Q 🛜 09:18
Capacity		200L	Fuel		۲
Standard	Europe	an (0 to 180 Ohm)	Fresh water		0
Fluid type		Fuel	Waste water		0
Volume unit		Litre	Live well		0
Custom shape		>	Oil		0
Averaging time		10s	Black water (se	wage)	0
<u></u> Hages		≡ Menu	\otimes	~	\bigotimes

This is done in the setup menu of the tank sensor in the Remote Console - Device List \rightarrow [your_tank_sensor] \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Fluid type

 On your Garmin MFD, go to Settings > Communications > NMEA 2000 Setup > Device List and verify that all tank sensors are listed.



4. Configure the tank level sensors by opening a gauges screen and then select Menu > Tank Preset where you can select a tank level sensor to configure, change the name, type, style, capacity and position of the tank.



14.6. Configuring Multiple Tank Level Measurements (Navico)

Modern Navico MFDs such as the Simrad NSO EVO3 series are capable of displaying different types of tank levels.

The following restrictions apply:

1. Currently, a compatible Simrad MFD can only display Fuel (default), Water, Waste Water aka Grey Water, Live Well, Oil and Black Water fluid types. The other fluid types such as LNG, LPG and Diesel are not displayed. This is a Simrad limitation, which may change with a future firmware updates of your MFD.

However, it is possible to configure a specific tank sender's fluid type in the GX device menu to one of the supported ones, and then rename the tank in the MFD tank settings to whatever you like, e.g. LPG, which is then displayed as LPG tank on the dashboard.

2. All tank senders as mentioned in the chapter Connecting Victron products [9] and Connecting supported non-Victron products [16] are supported.

Configuration step-by-step

Before proceeding with the following steps, you must connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network to which the MFD is connected. Use our VE.Can to NMEA 2000 micro-C male cable to connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network and ensure NMEA2000-out of the VE.Can port is enabled in the GX device.

The procedure below does not replace the Simrad manual; Be sure to read the Simrad documentation that accompanies your MFD; There are some differences in the menu navigation of the various MFDs.

- 1. Connect the tank sensors to your GX device.
- 2. Make sure the tank sensors are set to a fluid type supported by your MFD.

<	Setup	Q 🛜 09:46	<	Fluid type	9 🛜 09:18
Capacity		200L	Fuel		۹
Standard	Europea	n (0 to 180 Ohm)	Fresh water		0
Fluid type		Fuel	Waste water		0
Volume unit		Litre	Live well		0
Custom shape		>	Oil		0
Averaging time		10s	Black water (see	wage)	0
<u> 네</u> Pages		≡ Menu	\otimes	~	\bigotimes

This is done in the setup menu of the tank sensor in the Remote Console - Device List \rightarrow [your_tank_sensor] \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Fluid type

 On your Simrad MFD, go to Settings > Network > Sources > Advanced > Data source selection and verify that all tank sensors are listed. The tank sensors should automatically be identified by the system. If not, enable the feature from the advanced option in the System settings dialog.

Boat speed	•	08:12:32	08:12:39	>
Sea temp	÷.	Info	B GPS	
Distance log	•	Device Name	Fuel Tank	
Depth	•	Sources	Water Tank	-
Rudder feedback		Device list	> Live Well	
Baro pressure		Diagnostics	Dil Tank	
Air temp	•	Bridge configuration	Black Tank	
Attitude roll	•	SimNet Groups	Unconfigured	
Attitude pitch		Damping	Speed/Depth	
Autopilot	•	Calibration >		
Speed LOG		NMEA2000		
Advanced		NMEA0183		

4. Selecting a tank sensor from within the Data source selection menu will bring up additional details and configuration options such as fluid type, location or custom name. Finally, open a dashboard or create a custom dashboard and place the tank sensors as you wish.

08:14:35			08:15	:19
NATA SOURCE SELECTION	×			
GPS	D-			
Fuel Tank		-5		
Water Tank	Select			
Live Well	Configure device			
Oil Tank	Rename (Black Tank)			
Black Tank	New (Black Tank)			
- BLACK	Remove (Black Tank)	0.0	505	
Black Water Level (Global)	Group Global -	82	525	0
TLA100 [1262231.6]	Auto Select	STBD	BLACK	1
Unconfigured	Reset Global			
Black Water Level 100.0 %	Reset Local			

14.7. Configuring Multiple Tank Level Measurements (Furuno)

Modern Furuno MFDs such as the NavNet TZtouch3 series are capable of displaying different types of tank levels.

The following restrictions apply:

1. Currently, the NavNet TZtouch3 series can only display Fuel (default), Fresh Water and Black Water with up to 6 tanks for each of the three fluid types.

However, it is possible to change the "Nickname" for each individual tank in the Engine & Tank Manual Setup menu.

2. All tank senders as mentioned in the chapter Connecting Victron products [9] and Connecting supported non-Victron products [16] are supported.

Configuration step-by-step

Before proceeding with the following steps, you must connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network to which the MFD is connected. Use our VE.Can to NMEA 2000 micro-C male cable to connect the GX device to the NMEA 2000 network and ensure NMEA2000-out of the VE.Can port is enabled in the GX device.

The procedure below does not replace the Furuno manual; Be sure to read the Furuno documentation that accompanies your MFD; There are some differences in the menu navigation of the various MFDs.

- 1. Connect the tank sensors to your GX device.
- 2. Make sure the tank sensors are set to a fluid type supported by your MFD.

<	Setup	Q 🛜 09:46
Capacity		200L
Standard	Europea	an (0 to 180 Ohm)
Fluid type		Fuel
Volume unit		Litre
Custom shape		>
Averaging time		10s
<u></u> 세 Pages		≡ Menu

This is done in the setup menu of the tank sensor in the Remote Console - Device List \rightarrow [your_tank_sensor] \rightarrow Setup \rightarrow Fluid type

- 3. The Furuno MFD will automatically detect tanks connected to the same NMEA 2000 network. If this is not possible (check the Engine & Tank Automatic Setup menu), the tanks can be set manually using the Engine & Tank Manual Setup menu.
- 4. Set up an "Instrument Display" of your choice and add the respective tanks as an "Indication" (as outlined in the Operator's manual) to the instrument display.

14.8. NMEA2000-out technical details

14.8.1. NMEA 2000 Glossary

Here is a glossary to help with the interpretation of this text:

- Virtual-device: a Battery Monitor, Inverter, or other Victron device that does not have a CAN-bus port by itself, made available "virtually" on the CAN-bus by the NMEA2000-out function of the GX device.
- CAN-bus: the VE.Can port on the GX device, that, in the context of this chapter, is most likely connected to a NMEA 2000 network.
- NMEA2000-out: the software feature in the GX device, which is described in this chapter.
- NMEA 2000: Marine CAN-bus protocol, based on J1939.
- · Instance: there are many types of instances, and explained in detail below.
- J1939: A set of standards defining a CAN-bus protocol, defined by the SAE organisation.
- Address Claim procedure (ACL): a mechanism, specified by J1939 and used in NMEA 2000 by devices on the network to
 negotiate and assign each device on the network a unique network addresses. It is a number from 0 to 252. There are three
 special network addresses defined:
 - 1. 0xFD (253) Reserved

- 2. 0xFE (254) Unable to claim address for example when all others are in use
- 3. 0xFF (255) The broadcast address

14.8.2. NMEA 2000 Virtual-devices

When the NMEA2000-out feature is enabled, the GX device acts as a bridge: it will make each Battery monitor, Inverter/charger or other device that is connected available individually on the CAN-bus. Individually, as in each with its own network address, its own Device instance, function codes, and so forth.

For example, a GX device with two BMVs connected on a VE.Direct port and an inverter/charger connected using VE.Bus, will make the following data available on the CAN-bus:

Address	Class	Function	Description
0xE1	130 (Display)	120 (Display)	The GX device itself
0x03	35 (Electrical generation)	170 (Battery)	The 1st BMV
0xE4	35 (Electrical generation)	170 (Battery)	The 2nd BMV
0xD3	35 (Electrical generation)	153	The inverter/charger (AC-output)
0xD6	35 (Electrical generation)	154	The inverter/charger (AC-input)

14.8.3. NMEA 2000 Classes and Functions

As per NMEA 2000 specification, these define the types of senders and devices connected to the CAN-bus. Classes are the main categories and functions specify it to a further detail.

14.8.4. NMEA 2000 Instances

Instances are used in an NMEA 2000 network to identify multiple similar products connected to the same network.

As an example, take a system with two battery monitors (one for the main battery bank, and another for the hydraulic-thruster bank) and also a Quattro inverter/charger. All three of those devices will send their battery voltage measurements out on the N2K network. For the displays to show these values at the right place, they need to know which voltage belongs to what battery. That is what instances are for.

There are various types of instances, and for marine systems are two that matter: the Device instance and the Data instance. The Data instance goes by various different names, like Fluid instance, Battery instance and DC instance. NMEA 2000 defines three different instances:

- 1. Data instance
- 2. Device instance
- 3. System instance

For all battery monitors and other devices that the GX device makes available on the CAN-bus, each of the above types of instances is available and can be individually configured.

Per Virtual-device, there is one Device instance and one System instance. And depending on the type of Virtual-device, there are one or multiple Data instances.

For example, for a BMV-712 there are two Data instances, one DC Instance for the main battery and another one for the Starter battery voltage.

How to configure the instances depends on the equipment and software that is used to read them from the CAN-bus. Examples of equipment and software meant here are MFDs such as from Garmin, Raymarine, Furuno or Navico; as well as more software-oriented solutions from for example Actisense and Maretron.

Most of those solutions identify parameters and products by requiring unique Device instances, or using the PGN 60928 NAME Unique Identity Numbers and do not rely on the Data instances to be globally unique.

However, there is one exception:

 Raymarine MFDs may need to change the Data instance to display data properly, depending on the Lighthouse firmware version. For more information, please see the Raymarine-specific NMEA 2000 [92] chapter.

The NMEA 2000 specification specifies the following: "Data instances shall be unique in the same PGNs transmitted by a device. Data instances shall not be globally unique on the network. Field programmability shall be implemented through the use of PGN 126208, Write Fields Group Function.".

In other words, Data instances need to be unique only within a single device. There is no requirement for them to be globally unique – the only exception is "Engine Instance" which at least for now, to cope with legacy devices, needs to be globally unique



(e.g. Port = 0, Starboard = 1). For example, some of our BMV battery monitors can measure two voltages, one for the main battery and one for the starter battery, and that's where data instancing is used. Similar for multiple-output battery chargers. Note that there is no need for the installer to change those data instances, as those products are pre-configured to transmit the relevant PGNs with unique Data instances (Battery instance & DC Detailed instance, in this case).



Whilst it is possible to change the Data instances, changing them on a Victron device such as the Skylla-i battery charger will render that device impossible to read correctly by other Victron devices.

This is because the GX device expects the charger's output one to be on Battery & DC instance 0, output two on Battery & DC instance 1, and output three on Battery & DC instance 2. Changing the fluid instance, as well as other data instances for PGNs transmitted by a GX device on an NMEA 2000 network using its NMEA2000-out feature, is no problem.

A note about the Device instances: it is not necessary to assign a unique Device instance to each device on the CAN-bus. Its no problem for a battery monitor and a solar charger to both be configured with (their default) Device instance 0. Also when having multiple battery monitors or solar chargers, it is not always necessary to assign each of them a unique Device instance. If at all necessary, they only need to be unique between the devices that use the same Function.

And note that changing the Device instance on a Victron device can change its operation, see the warning above.

System instances

As per NMEA 2000 specification, this instance is a 4-bit field with a valid range from 0 to 15 that indicates the occurrence of devices in additional network segments, redundant or parallel networks, or sub networks.

The System Instance Field can be utilised to facilitate multiple NMEA 2000 networks on these larger marine platforms. NMEA 2000 devices behind a bridge, router, gateway, or as part of some network segment could all indicate this by use and application of the System Instance Field.

The ECU instance and Function instance

In some documentation and software tools, yet other terminology is used:

- ECU Instance
- Function Instance
- · Device Instance Lower
- Device Instance Upper

Here is how they all relate: the *ECU Instance* and *Function Instance* terminology originates from the SAE J1939 and ISO 11783-5 specification. And they do not exist in the NMEA 2000 definition. However, they all do define the same fields in the same CAN-bus messages which NMEA 2000 defines as *Device instance*.

In more detail: The field that J1939 defines as ECU Instance is in the NMEA 2000 specification renamed to *Device Instance lower*. The Function Instance is renamed to *Device Instance Upper*. And together they form the *Device Instance*, an NMEA 2000 definition.

While using different terms, those fields are the same fields in both standards. Device Instance Lower being 3 bits in length, and Device Instance Upper 5, together 8 bits. Which is the one byte being the NMEA 2000 Device Instance.

The Unique Instance

The *Unique Instance* is one more word used to describe almost the same information. It's used by Maretron and can be made visible in their software by enabling the column. The Maretron software itself chooses between Device Instance and Data Instance.

14.8.5. NMEA 2000 Changing Instances

As the NMEA 2000 protocol prescribes commands to change an instance by sending commands to a device, there are various ways of changing instances. The most commonly used methods are described below. In addition to the methods described here, there are others, for example, some MFDs also allow instances to be modified.

Commonly used methods to change instances:

- 1. Remote Console on a GX device: Device instances only
- 2. Actisense NMEA-Reader software + NGT-1 USB: Device and Data instances
- 3. Maretron software + USB adapter: Unknown (see Maretron documentation)
- 4. Commandline of a GX device: Device and Data instances. Note that this required advanced Linux skills; and is listed here only for the benefit of experienced software developers

Notes on changing Data and Device instances

Data instance:

Even though we recommend not changing Data instances (see the explanation and WARNING above), it is possible to change them.

Venus OS has no option to change them - a third-party tool is required and the only tool we know can do is the Actisense NMEA 2000 Reader.

· Device instance:

WARNING: these (Victron-)features depend on the Device instance:

- For an ESS system with Solar chargers connected to a VE.Can network, those Solar chargers must remain to be configured to their default Device instance (0) for proper operation. This does not apply to VE.Direct-connected Solar chargers made available on the CAN-Bus as a Virtual-device, using the NMEA 2000-out function. Unless the Device instance of the GX device is re-configured to another Device instance. Which is technically possible but not advised and also never required. But in that situation, the chargers must be configured to the same instance as the GX device.
- 2. For systems with managed batteries, the same.
- For both, Solar chargers, as well as AC-connected battery chargers, when connected in a VE.Can network, they will synchronise their operation, charge state and such. All chargers must be configured to the same Device instance for that function to work.

In summary, for most systems, we recommend leaving the Device instance to its default, 0.

Remote Console on a GX device: Changing the Device instance:

The VE.Can devices submenu gives access to a list showing all detected devices on the VE.Can / NMEA 2000 network:

<	VE.CAN devices	9 🛜 08:36
Cerbo GX [500]		Device# 0
Solar Charger MP	PPT 150/35 rev2 [501]	Device# 0
MultiPlus 12/1600)/70-16 [502]	Device# 0
Solar Charger MP	PPT 75/15 rev2 [507]	Device# 0
PSC IP43 12 50	HQ2007P5YSI [508]	Device# 0
x Flush Water GX	Generic Tank [511]	Device# 0
① Help	~	/ Edit

- Each entry first shows the name either the product name as in our database, or when configured, the custom name as configured during installation.
- Then, between the square brackets, the Unique Identity Number is shown.
- On the right you can see the VE.Can Device Instance, which is the same as the NMEA 2000 Device Instance.

Press Enter to edit the specific Device Instance or press the spacebar/right cursor key to go one step deeper in the menu structure to a page showing all the generic data available for that device:

< Solar Ct	harger MPPT 75/15 re	v2 [507 🖗 🛜 08:37
Model Name	SmartSolar Charg	ger MPPT 75/15 re
Custom Name	Solar Charger	MPPT 75/15 rev2
managed batte	S systems, as well as ry, the CAN-bus devic jured to 0. See GX ma information.	e instance must
Device Instance		0
Manufacturer		358
Network Address		37
Firmware Version		v1.61
Serial Number		0000507
Unique Identity Nu	umber	507
ط <u>اط</u> Pages	^	≡ Menu

Actisense: Changing Device instances:

Requires the Actisense NGT-1.

To change a Device instance:

- 1. Open Actisense NMEA Reader
- 2. Select the network view (tab selection is at the bottom left)
- 3. Select the product whose Device instance you want to change
- 4. Select the properties tab at the bottom right and change the Device instance

2	○ H COM	115: Actisense NGT	• 115200	MEA 2000 Bus Load (1%)
1	PC Receive Load (0%)			
RC	Manufacturer	Device Function	Property	Value
5	Victron	Battery (170)	Source Address	35
54	Actisense	Gateway (130)	Industry Group	4
			System Instance	0
			Device Class	Electrical Generation (35)
			Device Function	Benery (170)
			Device Instance	1
			Manufacturer ID	Victors (158)
			Unique ID	0
			N2K Database Version	1.301
			N2K Certification Leve	N 1
			Load Equiv. Number	50 mA (1)
			Manu. Product ID	1963
			Manu, Model ID	BMV
			Manu. Software ID	1.06
			Manu. Hardware ID	1.0
			Manu. Serial ID	0000000
			Installation Details 1	
			Installation Details 2	
			Manu, Information	

Actisense: Changing Data instances:

Requires the Actisense NGT-1.

To change a Data instance:

- 1. Open Actisense NMEA Reader
- 2. Select data view (tab selection is at the bottom left)
- 3. Right click on the PGN number

Note that this will only work on PGNs that allow changing their Data instance (first screenshot below)

4. And change the value (second screenshot below)

MI NMEA Reader - [COM15: Actisense NGT]		ME NMEA Reader - [COM15: Actisense NGT]
File Edit View Window Help	_ <i>8</i> ×	File Edit View Window Help
🥴 🥥 🛃 🛛 COM15: Actisense NGT 🔹 🔹 115200	(0%) (0%)	115200 • • NMEA 2000 Bus Load (1%)
PC Receive Load (1%)		PC Receive Load (0%)
Line PGM SRC DST Name 1 60928 35 255 ISO Address Claim 2 127508 35 255 Battery Status 3 127301 35 255 Battery Status 4 6184 35 255 Binary Switch Bank Status 5 127202 35 255 Binary Switch Bank Status 5 127202 35 255 Binary Switch Bank Status 6 12 Modify Data Instance Journation Journation 7 127508 35 255 Battery Status	IMMA 2000 PON-127306 OUX22) Name: DC Devisité Status Source « 33, Dectination « 253 Priedty -5, Length = 9 Number Of Fields « 7 Field 2 DC Untance « 2 Field 2 DC Untance » 2 Field 2 DC Untance « 2 Field 2 DC Untance » 2 Field 2 DC Untance « 2 Field 2 DC Untance » 2 Field 2 D	Line PCM SRC 05T Name 1 66978 35 255 150 Address Claim 2 12759 35 255 Bishary Status 3 127591 35 255 Binary Sorich Bank Status 4 6114 35 255 Minar, Proprietad Status 5 12756 35 255 DC Declaid Status 6 172097 35 255 DC Declaid Status 7 127508 35 255 Battery Model Analysis (2010) 7 127508 35 255 Battery Model Analysis (2010) 7 127508 35 255 Battery Model Analysis (2010) 8 100 Type 10 Distance 2 10 Charles 2010 Minutes 2 10 Charles 2010 Min
H C F H Data View / Network View / Hardware Confg /	H 4 P H Details Properties Log	H 4 > H \Data View (Network View (Hardware Config / H 4 > H \Details (Properties (Log /
COM 15 115200 Open Transfer Receive All		COM 15 115200 Open Transfer Receive All

Notes:

- The Battery instance and the DC instance are the same value within Victron products. Changing one of them, will also change the other one.
- Since the BMV sends out two voltages, the main voltage and the aux- or starter-voltage, it comes preconfigured with two battery instances: 0 and 1. When you want to change that to 1 and 2, change the 1 into 2 first, and then the 0 into 1, as they cannot be the same.
- Changing the fluid level instance using Actisense has a bug. Probably due Actisense seeing it as 8 bit number; while in the definition it is a 4 bit number. Work around: using the GX, set the fluid type to Fuel (0), then using Actisense change the fluid instance to the desired value, and then using your GX, set the type back to the desired type.

Maretron N2KAnalyzer:

Maretron uses a term called "Unique Instance" where the N2KAnalyzer software tool automatically determines if a particular device uses Device or Data instances.

WARNING: At Victron we do not understand what and how the Maretron software works with regards to this. We advise to use another tool, not Maretron, so that you know what you are doing, ie know what instance you are changing. So far, we have not been able to use Maretron software to change a Data instance. And changing the other instance, the Device instance can also be done straight from the Victron GX device its user interface. To change a Data instance, for example to fix instance conflicts as reported by the Maretron software, we recommend to use Actisense. Not Maretron.

Changing the instances from the GX command line:

Instead of using Actisense or Maretron software, it is also possible to change the VE.Can aka N2K Device instance from the GX Device shell. To get root access, follow these instructions: Venus OS: Root Access.

Once logged into the shell, follow below instructions. More back ground information of the used commands such as dbus and dbus-spy is found by reading about root access document.



WARNING: Better use an Actisense!

The procedure described in the following paragraphs is not normally recommended. Use an Actisense instead, see the Actisense method explained earlier.

New method - changing a Device instance:

All devices available on the canbus are enumerated under the *com.victronenergy.vecan* service. And for all devices that support the necessary can-bus commands, the Device instance can be changed. All Victron products support changing their Device instance; and most or all non-Victron products as well.

```
# dbus -y com.victronenergy.vecan.can0 / GetValue
value = {
 'Devices/00002CC001F4/DeviceInstance': 0,
 'Devices/00002CC001F4/FirmwareVersion': 'v2.73',
 'Devices/00002CC001F4/Manufacturer': 358,
 'Devices/00002CC001F4/ModelName': 'Cerbo GX',
 'Devices/00002CC001F4/N2kUniqueNumber': 500,
'Devices/00002CC001F4/Nad': 149,
 'Devices/00002CC001F4/Serial': '0000500',
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/CustomName': 'Hub-1',
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/DeviceInstance': 0,
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/FirmwareVersion': 'v2.60-beta-29',
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/Manufacturer': 358,
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/ModelName': 'Color Control GX',
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/N2kUniqueNumber': 1514,
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/Nad': 11,
 'Devices/00002CC005EA/Serial': '0001514',
 'Devices/00002CC005EB/CustomName': 'SmartBMV',
 [and so forth]
```

To change them, do a SetValue call to the DeviceInstance path like below. Or, perhaps easier, use the dbus-spy tool.

These lines read it, then changes it to 1, then reads it again:

```
root@ccgx:~# dbus -y com.victronenergy.vecan.can0 /Devices/00002CC005EB/DeviceInstance GetValue
value = 0
root@ccgx:~# dbus -y com.victronenergy.vecan.can0 /Devices/00002CC005EB/DeviceInstance SetValue %1
retval = 0
root@ccgx:~# dbus -y com.victronenergy.vecan.can0 /Devices/00002CC005EB/DeviceInstance GetValue
value = 1
```

[note that numbers, like can0, and 00002CC005EB can ofcourse be different on your system].

New method - changing Data instance:

This applies only to the NMEA2000-out feature.

The Data instances used for the NMEA2000-out feature are stored in local settings. Here is a snippet of the lines, taken by using the dbus-spy tool that also allows changing entries (the Data instances are the "Battery-", "DC Detailed-", and so forth instances):

Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/BatteryInstance0	0	<- Data instance for main voltage measur
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/BatteryInstance1	1	<- Data instance for starter or mid-volt
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/Description2		



Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/IdentityNumber	15	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/Instance	1	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/Nad	233	<- Source address - no need, also not go
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/SwitchInstance1	0	<- Data instance for switchbank
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/battery/256/SystemInstance	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/DcDataInstance0	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/DcDataInstance1	1	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/Description2		
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/IdentityNumber	25	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/Instance	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/Nad	36	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/0/SystemInsta	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/DcDataInstance0	0	<- Battery voltage & current
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/DcDataInstance1	1	<- PV voltage & current
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/Description2		
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/IdentityNumber	24	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/Instance	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/Nad	36	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/1/SystemInstance	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/DcDataInstance0	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/DcDataInstance1	1	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/Description2		
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/IdentityNumber	23	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/Instance	0	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/Nad	36	
Settings/Vecan/can0/Forward/solarcharger/258/SystemInstance	0	

Old method:

1. List the devices:

```
root@ccgx:~# dbus -y
com.victronenergy.bms.socketcan_can0_di0_uc10
com.victronenergy.charger.socketcan_can0_di1_uc12983
```

2. Change it, for example, to 4:

root@ccgx:~# dbus -y com.victronenergy.charger.socketcan_can0_di0_ucl2983 /DeviceInstance SetValue %4
retval = 0

3. Wait a few seconds, and double check:

root@ccgx:~# dbus -y
com.victronenergy.bms.socketcan_can0_di0_ucl0
com.victronenergy.charger.socketcan_can0_di4_ucl2983

Device instance changed successful!

14.8.6. PGN 60928 NAME Unique Identity Numbers

The GX device will assign an individual Unique Identity Number to each Virtual-device. The number assigned is a function of the *PGN 60928 NAME Unique Identity Number block* aka *Unique device number for VE.Can* as configured in the settings of the GX device.

This table shows how changing that setting translates into the virtual-devices as made available on the CAN-bus:

Configured Unique Identity block:	1	2	3	4
GX device	500	1000	1500	2000
1st virtual-device (for example a BMV)	501	1001	1501	2001
2nd virtual-device (for example another BMV)	502	1002	1502	2002
3rd virtual-device (for example a third BMV)	503	1003	1503	2003

15. RV-C Support

15.1. RV-C Introduction

Starting with Venus OS firmware v2.90, Victron supports the RV-C protocol.

What is the RV-C protocol?

The RV-C (Recreation Vehicle-CAN) protocol is to RVs what NMEA 2000 (also known as N2K) is to boats: a communication protocol based on CAN-bus (Controller Area Network bus) and used primarily in RVs in the US to enable RV devices and appliances to communicate and work together.

There are two basic functions, RV-C out and RV-C in.

- RV-C out allows control and monitoring of compatible Victron devices from a RV-C control panel.
- RV-C in allows receiving data from one or more compatible RV-C devices to be displayed on the GX device.

In summary, when this feature is enabled with the GX device connected to an RV-C network, an RV-C control panel can read Victron data, e.g. from a BMV or an inverter/charger and display it to the user or even control some of them. Compatible RV-C devices are displayed on the GX unit at the same time.

RV-C is built upon SAE J1939.

15.2. Limitations

VE.Can devices

The RV-C and VE.Can protocols are not compatible with each other: a VE.Can port on a GX device can be configured to the VE.Can profile or to the RV-C profile, not both at the same time.

Using a GX device with just one fully functional VE.Can port means that there is a limitation to what devices can be used in the system when connection to RV-C is a requirement.

Typical RV-related products, which therefore cannot be used in the situation described above:

- the Lynx Smart BMS cannot be used as it needs to be connected via VE.Can. Use a VE.Bus BMS instead (connects to the VE.Bus port).
- the Lynx Smart Shunt cannot be used, use a SmartShunt instead (connects via VE.Direct).
- · the Wakespeed alternator regulator cannot be connected to the monitoring by the GX device.
- · higher power MPPT charge controllers must be connected using their VE.Direct connection. Not on a VE.Can network.

Depending on the system, this currently also limits the selection of a suitable GX device:

- Color Control GX (CCGX), MultiPlus-II GX and EasySolar-II GX: has only one VE.Can port, thus it can be configured for either VE.Can or RV-C, not both. And because of this you can't for example make a system with a Lynx Smart BMS (which need to be connected on a VE.Can port) and have it connected to RV-C at the same time.
- Cerbo GX & Cerbo-S GX: current generation has only one (fully functional) VE.Can port. Same as above, it's either VE.Can or RV-C, not both.

In mid-2023 we expect the launch an improved Cerbo GX revision with two fully functional VE.Can ports instead of one fully functional and one limited to BMS-Can only.



Please note that the BMS-Can port on the Cerbo GX is limited and cannot be used as RV-C port.

- · Venus GX: has two VE.Can ports. So can be connected to both, VE.Can and RV-C networks at the same time.
- Ekrano GX: has two VE.Can ports. So can be connected to both, VE.Can and RV-C networks at the same time.

15.3. Supported Devices

Venus v2.90 adds RV-C out support for the following products:

Victron product	Remarks
VE.Bus Inverter/Charger	The inverter and charger part can be controlled separately (on/off) from RV-C. Also shore input current limit can be set.
Phoenix Smart IP43 Charger 120-240V	Can be activated/deactivated (on/off) via RV-C. Also shore input current limit can be set.
Phoenix Smart IP43 Charger 230V	The Phoenix Smart IP43 Charger 230V cannot be controlled and is read-only.
Skylla-i and Skylla-IP44/IP65	Note that this requires two fully functional CAN-bus interfaces. For the time being, only the Venus GX and the Ekrano GX has these two interfaces.
Phoenix VE.Direct Inverter	
Phoenix Inverter Smart and Inverter RS	
Solar chargers incl. MPPT RS	
Batteries:	
BMV, SmartShunt, Lynx Shunt, Lynx Ion BMS, Lynx Smart BMS	
Tanks; Tank level senders connected to:	
the tank level input of the GX device	
a GX Tank 140	
the VE.Can and/or NMEA 2000 port of the GX device	

VenusOS also support RV-C in data for:

• RV-C tank sensors

Please note that the Garnet SeeLeveL II 709 does not have absolute tank level and tank capacity. Therefore we only show relative level. Tanks from another GX device will have absolute level and capacity, but cannot be configured through RV-C.

· RV-C batteries: Lithionics is the only supported RV-C battery (including DVCC support)

See the Appendix [139] for advanced parameters and RV-C programming.

15.4. RV-C Configuration

The configuration for RV-C is done via the GX device:

- 1. Open the remote console and go to Settings \rightarrow Services \rightarrow VE.Can ports \rightarrow CAN-bus profile.
- 2. Open the CAN-bus profile and select the RV-C (250 kbit/s) profile.

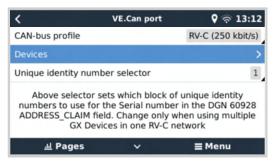
The RV-C profile will start working and the previously selected profile will shut down (associated equipment like VE.Can devices become unavailable in the GUI).

<	Services	হন 10:19	
Modbus TCP		Disabled >	
MQTT on LAN (SSL)		0	
VE.Can port		>	
BMS-Can port		>	
<u>ሖ</u> Pages		≡ Menu	

<	VE.Can port	@ 13:08
CAN-bus profile	VE.Can & Lynx I	on BMS (250 kbit/s)
Devices		>
NMEA2000-out		
Unique identity nur	nber selector	1
numbers to use for	sets which block of the NAME Unique I NAME field. Change	Identity Numbers in
과 Pages		≡ Menu

<	CAN-bus profile	© 13:08
Disabled		0
VE.Can & Ly	mx Ion BMS (250 kbit/s)	۲
VE.Can & C	AN-bus BMS (250 kbit/s)	0
CAN-bus BN	IS (500 kbit/s)	0
Oceanvolt (250 kbit/s)	0
RV-C (250 k	bit/s)	0
Q	\$	\bigotimes

15.4.1. Configuration of RV-C out devices



RV-C out devices can be configured from the Devices submenu in the VE.Can port menu.

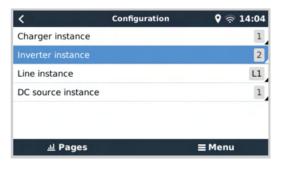
The Devices submenu contains all devices of the RV-C network including RV-C out devices. The latter are identified by their [VRM# instance], which can be used to identify the "real" devices from the root menu of the GX device. The hexadecimal on the right hand side is the Source Address.

K RV-C Devices	ন্ন 13:27
MultiPlus 12/1600/70-16 v500 [VRM# 276]	0xE1 >
BlueSolar Charger MPPT 150/35 r [VRM# 278]	0x24 >
SmartSolar Charger MPPT 75/15 r [VRM# 290]	0x25 >
SmartSolar Charger MPPT 75/15 v [VRM# 291]	0x26 >
Phoenix Smart IP43 Charger 12 5 [VRM# 279]	0x27 >
Lynx Smart BMS 500 v1.06 [VRM# 0]	0xA0 >
业 Pages ∨ ☰ Men	u

When you enter the submenu of an RV-C device, you will see general RV-C device information and more importantly the configuration menu if you scroll down to the bottom of the page. Viewing the configuration menu requires at least user and installer access level, see chapter Menu structure and configurable parameters [50].

<	MultiP	us 12/1600/	70-16	9 🛜 13:37
Source Ad	dress			0×E1
Firmware	Version			500
Serial Nun	nber			
Unique Ide	entity Numbe	er		506
VRM Insta	nce			276
Configurat	ion			>
<u>ا الله</u>	Pages	^	≡ N	1enu

The instance for the corresponding DGNs can be changed in the Configuration submenu.





15.5. Garnet SeeLevel II 709-RVC & Victron GX device support

With RV-C support in Venus OS it is also possible to use the Garnet SeeLevel 709-RVC and display its data on the GX device and VRM. All 709-RVC models and the SeeLevel Soul are compatible with the GX.

Note the limitations as described in the Limitations section [114]. This means that when using a CAN-bus port on the GX device for RV-C, it cannot be used for other purposes at the same time, such as the common VE.Can and NMEA 2000 features. It's either VE.Can/N2K or RV-C, unless it's a Venus GX which has two full VE.Can ports. If this limits further use of the GX device too much in terms of connectivity via VE.Can, it is recommended to use the Garnet SeeLevel 709-N2K instead.

Also note that tank levels displayed on the Victron GX will be in percentage, not actual volume in liters, gallons, or any other unit of volume.

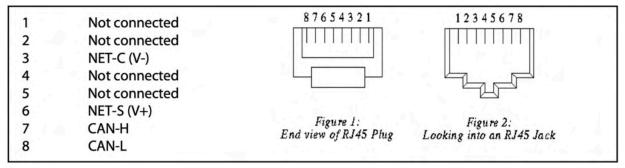
15.5.1. Wiring the Garnet SeeLevel II 709-RVC tank level sensor to a GX device

Before connecting to a GX device, ensure that the Garnet SeeLevel 709-RVC has been installed and configured correctly according to Garnet's installation instructions.

While the VE.Can port requires an RJ45 connector, the Garnet SeeLevel panel features either a multi-pin RV-C connector or wired connection with one black, one blue and one white wire each. In order to be able to connect both together, an adapter cable must be built according to the pin assignment in the table below.

A commercially available CAT5 Ethernet cable is best suited for this, whereby one of the two ends is first cut off and then connected to the Garnet panel.

Garnet panel wire colour code	RV-C connector	Victron VE.Can RJ45	CAT5 Ethernet wire colour code	Signal
Black	4	3	green/white	Ground
Blue	3	8	brown	CAN-L
White	2	7	brown/white	CAN-H



Victron VE.Can pinout

15.5.2. Installation and configuration

- 1. Route the cable from the Garnet panel to the GX device.
- 2. Make sure both the Garnet and the GX device are powered off.
- 3. Connect the RJ45 plug to the VE.Can port of the GX device and the other end of the adapter cable to the Garnet panel.
- 4. Make sure the bus termination is correct. For the GX device: Use the included blue VE.Can RJ45 terminator. Proper bus termination is mandatory for the Garnet SeeLevel if it is the only RV-C device.
- 5. Once everything is installed correctly, turn on both devices.
- 6. Proceed with the RV-C configuration as explained in the RV-C Configuration chapter [115] to properly configure the VE.Can port for the RV-C profile.

16. Digital Inputs

The Ekrano GX digital inputs are shown in the Overview of connections. [3]

The inputs are non-isolated. They operate at 3V3 levels, and can withstand up to 5V input. Each input has an internal 10k pull-up resistor to 3V3. We recommend wiring it to a potential free relay or otherwise open collector/optocoupler output.

16.1. Configuration

Each of the digital inputs can be configured as one of a number of predefined sensors that can also be configured as alarms.

Pulse Meter is supported in the Ekrano GX.

The possible configurable functions are:

Function	States
Pulse meter	N/A
Door alarm	Open/Closed
Bilge pump	On/Off
Bilge alarm	Ok/Alarm
Burglar alarm	Ok/Alarm
Smoke alarm	Ok/Alarm
Fire alarm	Ok/Alarm
CO2 alarm	Ok/Alarm
Generator	Running/Stopped

The function of each input can be configured in the Remote Console under Settings \rightarrow I/O \rightarrow Digital Inputs.

<	Digital inputs	11:37
Digital input 1		Disabled
Digital input 2		Disabled
Digital input 3		Pulse meter
Digital input 4		Door alarm
Digital input 5		Disabled
<u> 네</u> Pages		≡ Menu

Once the input is configured for its intended purpose, it will show up with other devices.

	Device List 08:45
Bilge alarm	Ok >
Bilge pump	On >
Pulse meter	145m ³ >
Notifications	>
Settings	>
<u></u> Hages	⊒ Menu

Other parameters related to that function can be configured by entering the device menu and selecting Setup.

For sensors and alarms, you can decide whether the input should be treated as an alarm condition, whether the labels should be inverted, and whether the logical levels should be inverted.

- To swap the labels attached to the alarm, set Inverted to on.
- If a logical low input (0V) should be considered a positive condition, set Inverted alarm logic to on.

<	Setup		09:40
Enable alarm		ON	
Inverted		O	OFF
Invert alarm logic		0	OFF
<u> 네</u> Pages		≣ Menu	

16.2. Read-out of digital inputs via Modbus TCP

The values/states of the digital inputs are available on Modbus TCP. For more details about this, please download a copy of the document "Modbus-TCP register list" from our website. And see our Modbus-TCP FAQ in the GX Modbus-TCP Manual.



17. GX - Generator auto start/stop

17.1. Generator auto start/stop introduction

An internal relay on a GX device (eg EGX) can be used to automatically start and stop a generator. This relay - or switch - can be 'tripped' by a number of user-defined conditions. This chapter will explain what conditions are available to you; and it will guide you through the steps required to set up this useful functionality.

More general information about using a generator in combination with Victron is available in the MultiPlus Generator FAQ.

17.2. Wiring

Firstly, wire the relay to a genset. The relay is located on the back of the EGX - marked Relay. If using a Ekrano GX, two relays will be seen at the bottom of the unit - only Relay 1 can be used for the generator automatic start/stop functionality.

Wiring between the EGX and the generator needs to be 'permanent' in order for the generator to keep running; and also to allow automatic 'Stop' when the parameters for auto-stop have been met.

Besides driving the internal relay, the auto start/stop functionality can be also enabled to directly control supported Fischer Panda generators. For more information on how to connect Fischer Panda generators, see GX - Fischer Panda generators documentation.

There are many variations on the generator side for wiring and you should also consult your generator manual or supplier regarding their remote wire start configuration.

17.3. Enabling the start/stop function

Go to: Settings \rightarrow Relay and set the function options to Generator start/stop

Relay



After activating this function, all the settings pertaining to the Automatic Generator start/stop function will be found in the main menu under: Settings \rightarrow Generator start/stop.

Fischer Panda Generators

- 1. Enable the "AutoStart" function in the Fischer Panda generator control panel.
- 2. Go to the Fischer Panda Genset page and set the Mode setting to Auto start/stop.

Once the Mode is set, all settings will become available under the Auto start/stop menu entry at the bottom of the page.

<	Fischer Panda	Genset	19:40
Mode			Auto start/stop
Status			Standby
Error Code			#0 No error
AC	0V	0A	0.00kW
Auto start/stop			>
Engine			>
Device			>
<u>쎄</u> Pages	^		≣ Menu



17.4. Generator start/stop menu

Go to Settings \rightarrow Generator start/stop:

<	Generator start/stop	Q 🤿 12:02
		Manually started
Error		No error
Run time		lm
Total run tin		12h 54m
Time to serv	vice	2765h
Auto start fo	unctionality	
Manual star	t	>
Daily run tin	ne	>
Settings		>
관 Pa	ages ^	≣ Menu

This is the general overview page of the generator start/stop function. This page can be used to monitor the generator's status, view the error status and history of the last 7 days, and make necessary settings.

To get to the overview page, go to Settings \rightarrow Generator start/stop.

The individual menu items have the following functions:

- State: Displays the current status of the generator.
 - Possible state messages:

Stopped, Warm-up, Manually started, Running by condition, Cool-down, Stopping

- · Error: Error description.
- Run time: Generator run time since last start.
- Total run time: Accumulated generator run time since the first start. This is also affected by the Total generator run time (hours) setting in the Run Time and service interval menu [122].
- Time to service: Displays the remaining time until the next service as defined in the Run time and service interval menu [122].
- Auto start functionality: Enables the generator auto start/stop function based on defined conditions set in the Conditions menu [123].
- Manual start: See the Manual Start Feature [125] section for details.
- · Daily run time: Run-time history for the last 7 days.
- · Settings: This is the gateway to all other features.

17.5. Settings menu

In the Generator start/stop menu, scroll down and press the spacebar on Settings to bring up the Settings menu.

Generator start/stop settings	🛜 08:17
Conditions	
Minimum run time	0m
Warm-up time	60s
Cool-down time	180s
Detect generator at AC input	
Alarm when generator is not in auto start mode	
Quiet hours	
Run time and service	>
业 Pages ^ ☰ Me	nu

Conditions: See the Conditions [123] chapter.

Minimum run time: It's good practice for a generator, once started, to be allowed to reach its operating temperature. When started manually, this setting is ignored.

Warm-up time and Cool-down time: Allows a configurable time to be set for the generator to warm up or cool down via relay control while the AC input relay is open and the inverter/charger is not connected to it. Note that this feature requires an update of the VE.Bus inverter/charger to firmware 502 or later.



Detect generator at AC input: Enabling this feature will raise an alarm on the GX device, as well as trigger an alarm email from the VRM portal:

- whenever power is not detected at the AC input terminal of the Inverter/Charger. This function will bring attention to a wide variety of problems; such as lack of fuel, or a mechanical or electrical fault at the generator. This functionality is not available for VE.Can connected Multi/Quattros.
- It requires automatic alarm monitoring on VRM to be enabled, which it is by default.

Alarm when generator is not in auto start mode: See the Alarm when generator is not in autostart mode section [122] for details.

Quiet hours: See the Quiet hours section [126] in the Conditions chapter [123].

Run time and service: See the Run time and service interval menu [122] for details.

17.5.1. Alarm when autostart function is disabled



If this option is enabled, an alarm will be triggered when the autostart function is left disabled for more than 10 minutes. This is particularly useful when the generator has just been serviced, and the service technician has forgotten to put the generator back into autostart mode.

17.5.2. Run time and service interval menu



Every generator has to be serviced after a certain period of time. The recommended maintenance frequency of a generator depends in particular on its use and run time. This time interval can be set via this menu, which then starts a counter that generates a warning to indicate the necessary service when it expires.

The menu items in detail:

Reset daily run time counters: Resets the 7-day run-time history.

Generator total run time (hours): Reset or change the total run time hours to match those in the generator. This also affects the 'Total run time' display in the generator start/stop overview.

Generator service interval (hours): Set the service interval (in hours) for the generator. Check the generator manual for specific instructions.

Reset service timer: Resets the service timer. Use this option after the generator has been serviced to allow the 'Time to service' counter to start again.

17.6. Conditions: User definable parameters that trigger an automatic generator start/stop

To get to Conditions from the main menu go to: Settings \rightarrow Generator start/stop \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Conditions

<	Conditions	9	ç 09:	22
On loss of communicat	tion	Stop g	enerato	or
Stop generator when A	AC-input is availabl	e	Disable	d
Battery SOC		Di	sabled	>
Battery current		Di	sabled	>
Battery voltage		Di	sabled	>
AC load		Di	sabled	>
Inverter high temperat	ture	Di	sabled	>
Inverter overload		Di	sabled	>
Periodic run		Di	sabled	>
실 Pages	^	≣Mer	nu	

On loss of communication: If ever there is a communication breakdown between the EGX and the VE. Bus inverter/charger; and parameters have been set which depend on this information - choose between the following actions:

- · Stop the generator: If the generator is running, it will be stopped (default).
- Start the generator: If the generator is not running, it will be started.
- Keep running: If the generator is running at the time of data loss, this setting will keep it running.

Stop generator when AC-input is available: This option is ideal for backup systems where a Quattro has mains/grid electricity connected to its AC-in 1 or AC-in 2 terminal and a Genset connected to the other AC-in terminal. If this option is activated, the Genset will not stop until mains voltage is restored after a mains failure. This functionality is not available for VE.Can connected Quattros.

The following parameters may be user-defined to trigger an automatic generator start/stop:

- Manual [125]
- · Stop generator when AC-input is available [123]
- · Battery SoC [124]
- AC load* [124]
- Battery current [124]
- Battery voltage [124]
- Inverter high temperature [125]
- Inverter overload [125]
- Periodic run [125]

(* The value measured here will be the total AC consumption of the system.)

Condition-parameters are prioritised in the order shown above. When a number of conditions are reached at the same time, only the highest-priority condition will be shown as active. All enabled conditions will be evaluated - even if the generator is already running. When the active condition has been satisfied, an un-met parameter in a lower-priority condition will keep the generator running.

17.6.1. Stop generator when AC-input is available

This option is ideal for backup systems where a Quattro has one AC input connected to mains power and the other AC input connected to a generator. If this option is activated and the AC input to which the grid is connected has been defined, the generator stops as soon as the grid is available again after a grid failure. In this case, the generator is first disconnected. The generator is then given the configured cool-down time before shutting it off. An additional 15 seconds is allowed for the generator to complete the process.

- · Disabled: Stop generator when AC-input is available is currently disabled
- AC input 1: Mains power is connected to AC input 1
- AC input 2: Mains power is connected to AC input 2

17.6.2. Relays triggered by Battery SoC

- · Use Battery SoC value to start/stop: Toggle this feature on or off.
- Start when Battery SoC is lower than: Set the depletion level for autostart.
- Start value during quiet hours: During Quite hours it may be desirable to delay an autostart until it really can't be avoided. If Quiet hours has been defined, set a lower, more critical autostart level.
- Stop when Battery SoC is higher than: Set the recharge level for autostop.
- Stop value during quiet hours: If Quiet hours has been defined, set a lower autostop level to achieve a shorter generator run-time.

17.6.3. Relays triggered by Battery Current

- Use battery voltage value to start/stop: Toggle the feature on or off.
- Start when battery voltage is lower than: When a high AC demand is experienced which will soon exhaust the battery, the generator can be auto-started to assist in meeting that demand. Set the current-level at which this will occur.
- Start value during quiet hours: If Quiet hours has been defined, set a higher, more critical current value.
- Start after condition is reached for: Set a delay before autostart. Some AC device will draw a short-term, high-peak current on startup. Instigating a delay before autostart will avoid starting the generator unnecessarily.
- · Stop when battery current is lower than: Set the current for autostop.
- Stop value during quiet hours: If Quiet hours has been defined, set a higher current level to achieve shorter generator run-times.
- Stop after the condition is reached for: Set a delay to ensure that the current-reduction condition is stable.

17.6.4. Relays triggered by Battery Voltage

<	I	lattery voltage		13:00
Use battery	voltage v	alue to start/stop	ON	
Start when	battery vo	ltage is lower tha	n	12.0V
Start value	during qui	et hours		11.8V
Start after t	he conditi	on is reached for		120s
Stop when I	battery vol	tage is higher tha	in	14.4V
Stop value o	during quie	t hours		14.0V
Stop after t	he conditio	on is reached for		120s
과 Pi	ages	^	≣ Menu	i.

- Use battery voltage value to start/stop: Toggle the feature on or off.
- Start when battery voltage is lower than: When battery voltage falls below the value entered, the relay will start the generator.
- Start value during quiet hours: If Quiet hours has been defined, enter a lower (more critical) value to ensure the generator will only autostart when absolutely necessary.
- Stop after the condition is reached for: This feature builds in a delay before stopping the generator after the 'stop' value has been reached. This is to make sure that the voltage rise is stable.

17.6.5. Relays triggered by AC load

AC load triggers work similarly to other triggers but the feature is refined by a Measurement setting. The Measurement setting is available on firmware v2.0 and later and has three possible values:

- 1. Total consumption (Default option)
- 2. Inverter total AC out
- 3. Inverter AC out highest phase

<	AC output	12:28
Use AC Load to s	tart/stop	ON O
Measurement	Inverter AC or	ut highest phase
Start when power	r is higher than	5W
Start value during	g quiet hours	1900W
Start after the condition is reached for		55
Stop when power	is lower than	ow
Pages ا	٥	≣ Menu

<	Measurement	12:28
Total consur	nption	0
Inverter tota	al AC out	0
Inverter AC	out highest phase	0
6	6	0

17.6.6. Relays triggered by Inverter High temperature

- Start on high temperature warning: Toggle this feature on or off.
- Start when warning is active for: Set a delay to avoid temperature rises which are temporary, caused by brief high AC demands.
- When warning is cleared stop after: Set a delay to ensure that a reduction in inverter temperature usually caused by lower power demand is stable.

17.6.7. Relays triggered by Inverter overload

- · Start on overload warning: Toggle this feature on or off.
- Start when warning is active for: Set a delay to ensure that the inverter overload warning has not been triggered by a high-demand of AC power of only short duration.
- When warning is cleared stop after: Set a delay to ensure that the reduction in AC power demand is stable.

17.6.8. Automatic periodic 'Test run'

This feature allows automatic generator starts, periodically, as a 'test run'.

<	Enabl	e periodic test r	run	12:23	
			ON		
Test run inter	val			1 days	
Skip test run	Start	always			
Test interval	2015	-10-07			
Start time				11:44	
Test duration	(hh:mm)			00:01	
Run until batt	ery is full	y charged	0	OFF	
<u>쎄</u> Pag	jes	^	≣ Menu		

- · Test run interval: Set the interval between test runs.
- Skip test run if has been running for: The test will be skipped if during the test run interval the generator ran for at least as long as it would on a 'test run'.
- Test interval start date: The 'test run' interval counter will start from the date entered here. No test runs will be carried out until the date set here has been reached.
- Start time: Time of day at which the generator 'test run' will commence.
- Test duration: Duration of the test.
- Run until battery is fully charged: Enabling this feature will cause the 'test run' to continue until the battery is fully charged instead of for a fixed amount of time.

17.6.9. Manual Start Feature

Use the Manual start feature to remotely start the generator. You can also press Start when the generator is already running doing so will ensure that the generator won't automatically stop when the condition which caused it to start has been satisfied. In other words, the Manual start feature will override the autostop parameters.

There are two ways to start the generator manually:

1. Using the Manual start menu: Go to Generator start/stop \rightarrow Manual start; and then toggle the graphic to start the generator.



2. Using the GX 'Home page' Generator graphic: Press the top-left button on the EGX, or Ekrano GX Remote Console and engage the Generator page. Then press the center button. You must first choose how you wish to stop the generator - manually, or by entering a run-time. Once you've made your selection a five-second countdown will begin during which you can abort the manual start by pressing the center button.



WARNING: If the generator is started manually (remotely) without using the stop timer, it will run until the 'Off' button has also been manually toggled.

The stop timer is available to both methods of manually remote-starting the generator, and using it will ensure that the generator will autostop ...and will not be inadvertently forgotten.

Note that stopping the generator manually can only be achieved when no un-met 'run' condition is active. If you wish to force a generator-stop you must first disable the function which is keeping it running - or disable the Generator start/stop function.

17.6.10. Quiet hours

Quiet hours allows you to define a period during which the noise from a running generator would be a nuisance; and to set different values to the conditions which would cause an autostart during this period - thus ensuring that the generator will only start during a quiet period when it is absolutely necessary.

From the main menu go to Settings \rightarrow Generator start/stop \rightarrow Settings; and then toggle-on the *Quiet hours* feature. Define the *Quiet hours* start- and end- times in the boxes which appear below.

<	Generator start/stop settings			09:35
Conditio	ns			>
Minimur	n run time			0m
Quiet ho	ours		0	N O
Quiet ho	ours start time			21:00
Quiet ho	ours end time			07:00
Reset da	aily run time c	ounters	Press	to reset
- 2	l Pages	~	≣ Men	u

Quiet hours will become the permanent condition (when enabled) if the defined 'start' and 'stop' times are the same.

Using Quiet hours as a tool to define two sets of user-preferences

Alternatively, the *Quiet hours* feature can be used to define how you wish your system to respond to different circumstances - for example:

- Early morning/low SoC: Battery SoC is often lowest in the morning. Couple this with cloudy weather first thing or panels which have a westerly bias, and which tend to do better in the afternoon; and you have a circumstance where the generator may autostart in the morning triggered by a low battery SoC condition yet later on when the day brightens, the solar energy is wasted because the work has already been done by the generator. Setting the *Quiet hours* feature to cover this period, together with lower autostart conditions, will help to avoid unnecessary generator autostarts.
- Holiday home: Holiday homes which are only inhabited part-time experience much deeper power-draws when they are in use. The *Quiet hours* feature can be used to set much lower autostart parameters when the house is in use than when it is empty. *Quiet hours* should be set to be the permanent condition (see above) during occupation; and the *Quiet hours* feature can be toggled 'off' whenever the house is empty.



17.7. Troubleshooting

Fischer Panda: Generator does not start and "Remote switch control disabled" error is shown

Enable the "AutoStart" function in the Fischer Panda control panel.

Fischer Panda: Auto start/stop function has stopped working after an error

Make sure that the issue is solved, then clear the error, and the auto start/stop function will work again.



18. Reset to factory defaults procedure

A GX device factory reset is performed by inserting a USB stick or SD card with the specific reset file on it.

Factory reset requires Venus firmware version 2.12 or higher. It does not require any buttons or a screen to perform.

How to reset a GX device to factory default settings:

- 1. Download the venus-data.tgz file.
- 2. Copy the venus-data.tgz file onto a blank, freshly formatted FAT32 USB-drive/SD card (don't unpack or unzip that file, don't rename it).
- 3. Boot with the USB-drive/SD card inserted and wait until the GX device has fully started up.
- 4. Remove the USB-drive/SD card from the GX device.
- 5. Power cycle the device, or as an alternative and when available, use the Reboot function in the Settings \rightarrow General menu.

This will reset the settings on the GX device to their factory defaults.

There are several technical reasons to do this, such as:

- If the device has been locked out by setting and then forgetting the Remote Console password on a model which doesn't have a screen.
- · Customer has no issue but wants to have a clean start.
- A GX device has been used in a testing environment, and the service technician wants to remove the residual memory of that (such as discovered AC PV inverters).
- The GX device is performing strangely, and a reset to default may eliminate the possibility of a misconfigured setting.
- · Data partition is full; this should only occur when someone has modified their device.
- · Some unexpected bug, most likely only occurring in beta testing versions.

Previously saved Wifi access credentials will be reset - for devices without a physical interface and using WiFi to connect, consider how you will get access again to reconfigure.

You may also need to reset the VRM authorisation token after performing a factory reset. After the reset, open the site in VRM - if a token reset is required, there will be a notification in VRM and you can follow the instructions provided in there.

The factory reset does NOT modify the VRM site ID, or data that is stored on the VRM. If you wish to sell your GX device to someone else, or install it into another system and want to clear the history, you can do this in the VRM Portal by selecting the Site settings -> General -> Delete this installation.



19. Troubleshooting

19.1. Error Codes

Different origins of errors

On your GX device, some error codes shown will be from the GX device itself; in that case, see list below. As the system control panel, it also shows error codes from the connected devices, such as:

- Multi and Quattro inverter/chargers: VE.Bus Error Codes
- MPPT Solar Chargers: MPPT Solar Charger Error Codes

GX Error #42 - Storage corrupt

- · This error means that the flash memory inside the GX device is corrupt.
- The device must be sent in for repair/replacement. It is not possible to correct this issue in the field or with a firmware update.
- The affected flash memory is the partition that holds all user settings and factory data, such as serial numbers and WiFi codes.

GX Error #47 - Data partition issue

- The internal storage in the GX device is most likely broken: causing it to lose its configuration.
- Contact your dealer or installer; see our Victron Energy Support page.

GX Error #48 - DVCC with incompatible firmware

This error is raised when the DVCC feature is enabled, whilst not all devices in the system are updated to recent enough firmware. More information about DVCC and minimal required firmware versions in the DVCC chapter [73] of this manual.

· Note for systems with Pylontech and BMZ batteries:

In VenusOS v2.80, we enforced DVCC on for Pylontech and BMZ batteries. For very old and never updated systems, this can cause the same error.

Solution:

- Disable automatic updates; Settings → Firmware → Online updates.
- Revert to v2.73. To roll back to a previous firmware version, see Install a specific firmware version from SD/USB [67].
- · And after that, consider getting an installer that will update all the firmware.
- · Note for systems with BYD, MG Energy Systems and Victron Lynx Ion BMS batteries:

Since Venus OS v2.40, released in December 2019, the DVCC feature is automatically switched on when the system detects a supported battery/BMS type connected. In systems that require DVCC to be enabled by the battery manufacturers, it is no longer possible to switch DVCC off.

This creates an issue for systems installed and commissioned a long time ago before DVCC was available, and they may not have the other necessary components or firmware to work correctly with it enabled.

Solution:

- Disable automatic updates; Settings → Firmware → Online updates.
- Roll back to v2.33; to roll back to a previous firmware version, see Install a specific firmware version from SD/USB [67].
- · Make sure that DVCC is disabled again.

Please consult your installer to check if the battery system is managed with two wire control (an earlier alternative control method to DVCC) or not:

If there is no charge- and discharge-wiring between BMS, inverter/chargers and charge controllers, then DVCC is required for the above-mentioned battery brands, and this also has certain minimum firmware requirements for connected Inverter/chargers and Solar charge controllers.

GX Error #49 - Grid meter not found

This warning is raised in an ESS system when Grid metering is configured to use an External meter, but no meter is present. This alerts installers and end-users that the system is not correctly configured or cannot operate correctly because it cannot communicate with the grid meter.

GX Error #51 - mk3 firmware needs update





When this notification shows, it is recommended to update the MK3-controller that is embedded into the GX device. This update is required for recent new features, including Generator start/stop warmup and cooldown times.

To do that, go into the Device list, and then into the MultiPlus-Quattro or EasySolar listing. Here you will see this entry:

< MultiP	lus-II 48/3000/35	-32 00:56
Switch		On
State		Ext. control
A new Mi NOTE: The update m	K3 version is avai hight temporarily	
Update the MK3		Press to update
Input current limit		32.0
<u>씨</u> Pages	~	≡ Menu

There is a small chance; our statistics show approx. 5% that this update triggers a short system restart: your inverter/charger might turn off and on again.

If you don't see that message, the system is already up to date. Note that this manual update is only needed once. It was made to be manually initiated because of the small chance of the inverter/charger restart. Future updates can be installed without sometimes resulting in a short restart.

19.2. FAQ

19.2.1. Q1: I cannot switch my Multi/Quattro system on or off

To solve the problem, first find out how the system is connected, and then follow the right step by step instruction below. There are two ways to connect a Multi/Quattro system to a Ekrano GX. In most systems they will be connected directly to the VE.Bus port on the back of the EGX. And, option two, in some systems they are connected to the Ekrano GX using a VE.Bus to VE.Can interface.

Step by step instructions when connected to VE.Bus port on the EGX

- Update the Ekrano GX to the latest available version. See our blog posts in the https://www.victronenergy.com/blog/category/firmware-software/.
- 2. Do you have a Digital Multi Control or VE.Bus BMS in the system? In that case it is normal that on/off is disabled.

See also the VE.Bus related notes in the EGX manual [9].

3. In case you have had a Digital Multi Control or VE.Bus BMS connected to your system, the Ekrano GX remembers it and even when those accessories have been removed, the On/Off switch will still be disabled. To clear the memory, execute a Redetect system in the Remote Consolemenu for your Multi or Quattro.

For details see the Advanced menu [70] section.

4. For parallel/three-phase systems consisting of more than 5 units: depending on temperature and other circumstances, it might not be possible to switch a system back on after switching it off with the EGX. As a work around you'll need to unplug the VE.Bus cable from the back of the EGX. And plug it back in after starting the VE.Bus system. The real resolution is to install the "EGX dongle for large VE.Bus systems", partnumber BPP900300100. For details, read its connection instruction.

Step by step instructions when connected to EGX via VE.Can.

- 1. Update the Ekrano GX to the latest available version. See our blog posts in the firmware category.
- 2. Update the VE.Bus to VE.Can interface to the latest version. The easiest way to do that is by using Remote firmware update: having a special piece of hardware, the CANUSB, is then not necessary.



- 3. Do you have a Digital Multi Control or VE.Bus BMS in the system? In that case it is normal that on/off is disabled. See also the VE.Bus related notes in the EGX manual
- 4. In case you have had a Digital Multi Control or VE.Bus BMS connected to your system, and it is now no longer connected, the Canbus interface remembers it. Therefore, even after those accessories have been removed, the On/off switch will still be disabled. Clearing this memory is unfortunately not possible yourself, please contact us so we can help you.

19.2.2. Q2: Do I need a BMV to see proper battery state of charge?

It depends. For details see the Battery state of charge (SoC) [58] chapter.

19.2.3. Q3: I have no internet, where can I insert a SIM card?

There is no 3G or 4G modem in the GX device, and therefore also no slot for a SIM card. Go to a local store and buy a 3G/4G router with Ethernet ports. More information in the blog post link below and particularly in the comments section, as more users try differing equipment:

https://www.victronenergy.com/blog/2014/03/09/off-grid-color-control-gx-to-vrm-portal-connectivity/

19.2.4. Q4: Can I connect both a GX Device and a VGR2/VER to a Multi/Inverter/Quattro?

No. Also, instead of this combination, we recommend to use the Ekrano GX, and add a 3G/4G or similar mobile router. See Internet connectivity [39].

19.2.5. Q5: Can I connect multiple Ekrano GX to a Multi/Inverter/Quattro?

No.



19.2.6. Q6: I see incorrect current (amps) or power readings on my EGX

Examples are:

- I know that a load is drawing 40W from the Multi, but the EGX shows 10W or even 0W.
- I see that the Multi is supplying a load with 2000W, while in inverter mode, but from the battery only 1850W is being taken. Is those 150W coming out of nowhere?

The general answer is: the Multi and Quattros are not measurement instruments, they are inverter/chargers, and the measurements shown are a best effort delivery.

In more detail, there are several causes for measurement inaccuracies:

- 1. Part of the power taken from a battery by the inverter is being lost in the inverter, converted into heat: efficiency losses.
- 2. The Multi does not really measure the power being drawn from the battery. It measures the current at the output of the inverter, and then makes an assumption of the power being drawn from the battery.
- 3. Watts vs VA: depending on the Multi/Quattro firmware version and also the EGX firmware version, you are either looking at VAs (the result of calculating AC voltage * AC current) or looking at a Watts measurement. To see WATTS on the EGX, update your EGX to the latest version (v1.21 or newer). Also make sure the firmware version in your Multi supports Watts readout, minimum versions are xxxx154, xxxx205 and xxxx300.
- 4. Multis/Quattros connected to the EGX via a VE.Bus to VE.Can interface will always reports VAs, not (yet) Watts.
- 5. If a current sensor assistant is loaded in a Multi/Quattro and no sensor is connected it will return invalid power / kWh values.
- 6. If a current sensor assistant is loaded in a Multi/Quattro make sure the position is set correctly and the scale match with the dipswitches on the sensor itself.
- 7. A current sensor assistant measures and reports VAs, not Watts.

Notes for systems with multiple units in parallel:

- 1. EGX version prior to v1.20 use the power and current reported by the master of a phase and multiplied that by the number of devices in that phase. Since version v1.20 the values of all device is summed per phase and hence should be more accurate.
- This revealed a bug for in the firmware of the multi when running in parallel. Ccgx v1.21 workarounds this, by falling back to the original behavior when it sees an affected firmware version. For better readings the multi's should be updated. The bug has been fixed in VE.Bus firmware version xxxx159, xxxx209, xxxx306. That firmware was released on February 17th 2015.
- 3. Multi firmware versions since 26xx207 / xxxx300 can also freeze the Power values at a certain moment in time.

Tips to prevent measurement problems:

- 1. Do not connect VEConfigure while the EGX is connected
- VE.Bus is not a 100% plug and play system: if you disconnect the EGX from one Multi, and very quickly connect it to another, it can result it wrong values. To make sure that this is not the case, use the 'redetect system' option in the Multi/Quattro menu on the EGX.

19.2.7. Q7: There is a menu entry named "Multi" instead of the VE.Bus product name

A VE.Bus system can be completely turned off, including its communication. If you turn a VE.Bus system off, and thereafter reset the EGX, the EGX cannot obtain the detailed product name and shows "Multi" instead.

To get the proper name again, go into the Multi menu on the EGX and set the Switch menu entry to On or in case a Digital Multi Control is present, set the physical switch to On. Note that when there is a BMS, above procedure only works when within battery working voltages.

19.2.8. Q8: There is a menu entry named "Multi", while there is no Inverter, Multi or Quattro connected

If a EGX ever saw a VE.Bus BMS or Digital Multi Control (DMC), it will remember them, until 'Redetect system' is started from the EGX menu. After a minute, restart the EGX: Settings \rightarrow General \rightarrow Reboot.

19.2.9. Q9: When I type the IP address of the Ekrano GX into my browser, I see a web page mentioning Hiawatha?

Our plan is to at least run a website where you can change settings and see the current status. If all works out as we would like to, there might come be a fully functional version of the online VRM Portal running locally on the Ekrano GX. This allows people without an internet connection, or an intermittent internet connection to have the same features and functionality.



19.2.10. Q10: I have multiple Solar chargers MPPT 150/70 running in parallel. From which one will I see the relay status in the EGX menu?

From a random one.

19.2.11. Q11: How long should an automatic update take?

The size of the download typically is around 90MB. After download it will install the files which can take up to 5 minutes.

19.2.12. Q12: I have a VGR with IO Extender, how can I replace this with a Ekrano GX?

It is not yet possible to replace the IO Extender functionality.

19.2.13. Q13: Can I use Remote VEConfigure, as I was doing with the VGR2?

Yes, see VE Power Setup manual

19.2.14. Q14: The Blue Power Panel could be powered through the VE.Net network, can I also do that with a Ekrano GX?

No, a Ekrano GX always needs to be powered itself.

19.2.15. Q15: What type of networking is used by the Ekrano GX (TCP and UDP ports)? Basics:

- The Ekrano GX needs to have a valid IP address including a working DNS server and gateway. By default obtained from a DHCP server. Manual configuration is also possible.
- DNS port 53 UDP and TCP
- NTP (time sync) UDP port 123. NTP uses a pool of servers provided by ntp.org, so this will connect to a wide variety of servers.

VRM Portal:

 Data is transmitted to the VRM Portal via HTTPS POST and GET requests to http://ccgxlogging.victronenergy.com on port 443. There is an option in the menu to use HTTP instead, port 80. Note that in that case it will still send sensitive data such as Remote Console related access keys over HTTPS/443.

Firmware updates:

· The EGX connects to https://updates.victronenergy.com/ on port 443.

Remote support and Remote Console on VRM:

- An outbound reverse SSH connection is made to supporthosts.victronenergy.com when either one, or both, of those features
 are enabled. The supporthosts.victronenergy.com record resolves to multiple IP addresses, and the DNS uses Geo-Location to
 resolve it to the nearest server. This outbound SSH connection tries multiple ports: port 22, port 80 or port 443. The first that
 works is used, and in case it loses connection it will retry them all again.
- No port forwarding or other internet router configuration is necessary to use these features.
- More information about the Remote Support feature is in the next FAQ item.
- More information about troubleshooting Remote Console on VRM is in here: Remote Console on VRM Troubleshooting [87].

Two way communication (Remote VEConfig and Remote Firmware updates):

- · Pre-v2.20: Uses HTTPS (port 443) to the Pubnub servers
- v2.20 and later: connects to mqtt-rpc.victronenergy.com on port 443; and also connects to the mqtt{1 to 128}.victronenergy.com server farm. See this document for more information.

MQTT on LAN:

- When enabled, a local MQTT broker is started, which accepts TCP connections on port 8883 (SSL) and 1883 (Plain text).
- Depending on, the EGX will also (try to) connect to the Victron MQTT cloud servers. This connection always uses SSL and port 8883.

Remote Console on LAN:

• Remote Console on LAN requires port 80 (small website hosted the GX device). And also requires port 81, which is the listening port for the websocket tunnel to VNC.

Modbus TCP:

• When enabled, the ModbusTCP server listens on the common designated port for Modbus TCP, which is 502.

SSH Root Access:

- · Port 22 see the Venus OS root access documentation.
- · This is a software developers feature.

19.2.16. Q16: What is the functionality behind the menu item Remote support (SSH) in the Ethernet menu?

When enabled, the Ekrano GX will open a SSH connection to our secure server, with a reverse tunnel back to the Ekrano GX. Through this tunnel, Victron engineers can login to your Ekrano GX and perform remote support. This works when the Ekrano GX is installed on an internet connection. The connection will even work when installed behind a firewall.

The SSH connection will be outbound, to port 80, 22 or 443 to supporthosts.victronenergy.com, which resolves to multiple IP addresses and depends on your location. Remote support functionality is disabled by default.

19.2.17. Q17: I don't see support for VE.Net products in the list, is that still coming?

No.

19.2.18. Q18: What is the data usage of the Ekrano GX?

Data usage depends heavily on amount of connected products, and behavior and usage of those products. The measurements below are an indication only, and taken from a system with one EGX, one Multi, one BMV and one MPPT. Log interval set to 15 minutes. If you are on an expensive data-plan, do make some fail-safe.

Data consumption per month:

- · VRM logging: 15MB download, 45MB upload
- · Remote support: 22MB download, 40MB upload
- · Update checks: 8MB download, 0.3MB upload (This does not include the update itself)
- · 2 way communication: 26MB download, 48MB upload

Mentioned megabytes do not include the download of a Ekrano GX firmware update. Firmware updates of 60MB are not uncommon.

19.2.19. Q19: How many AC Current Sensors can I connect in one VE.Bus system?

The current maximum is 9 sensors (since Ekrano GX v1.31). Note that each need to be configured separately with an assistant in the Multi or Quattro to which it is wired.

19.2.20. Q20: Issues with Multi not starting when EGX is connected / Caution when powering the EGX from the AC-out terminal of a VE.Bus Inverter, Multi or Quattro

Make sure that the GX device and MultiPlus is running the latest firmware version.

If you power the EGX from an AC adaptor connected to the AC-out port of any VE.Bus product (Inverter, Multi or Quattro), then a deadlock can occur after the VE.Bus products are powered-down for any reason (after any operational fault or during a black start). The VE.Bus devices will not boot-up until the EGX has power ...but the EGX will not boot-up until it has power. See FAQ for more information about this.

This deadlock can be rectified by briefly unplugging the EGX VE.Bus cable at which point you will observe the VE.Bus products will immediately begin to boot-up.

This deadlock can be avoided in two ways:

- 1. Power the EGX from the battery; or
- 2. Cut pin 7 in the VE.Bus cable connected to the EGX

Cutting/Removing pin 7 of the VE.Bus cable to the EGX (brown/white according to standard RJ45 Ethernet cable colour coding) allows the VE.Bus products to start up without waiting for the EGX to boot up first.

Note that when using a Redflow ZBM2/ZCell battery, pin 7 should be cut even if the EGX is DC powered, to avoid the same deadlock at times when the Redflow battery cluster is at 0% SoC.



The disadvantage of cutting pin 7 is that switching the VE.Bus device off will be less effective: although it will stop charging and inverting, it will still be in standby mode and therefore drawing more current from the battery than if pin 7 had been left in place. Typically this is only relevant in Marine or Automotive systems where it's normal to regularly switch the VE.Bus device off. For those types of systems we recommend that you do not cut pin 7, but simply power the EGX from the battery.

19.2.21. Q21: I love Linux, programming, Victron and the EGX. Can I do more?

Yes you can! We intend to release almost all code as open source, but we are not that far yet. What we can offer today is that many parts of the software are in script or other non-precompiled languages, such as Python and QML, and therefore available on your Ekrano GX and easy to change. Root password and more information is available here.

19.2.22. Q22: How do I change the logo

Typic the following address into the web browser of a device connected to the same network. Using this address as a template: http://[ip-here]/logo.php (inserting your device's IP address between the square brackets). The IP address can be found by going to Settings \rightarrow Ethernet or Wifi. Once the page is loaded, choose an image file from your device. Re-boot the EGX.

19.2.23. Q23: Multi restarts all the time (after every 10sec)

Please check the remote switch connection on the Multi control PCB. There should be a wire bridge between the left and middle terminal. The EGX switches a line which enables the power of the Multi control board. After 10 seconds this line is released and the Multi should take over from there. When the remote switch connection is not wired, the Multi is unable to take over it's own supply. The EGX will retry, the Multi will boot and after 10 seconds stop, and so on.

19.2.24. Q24: What is Error #42?

If the GX device shows an Error #42 - Hardware fault, the flash storage on the device is corrupt. As a result, settings will not be saved (rebooting resets back to default) and other problems will rise.

This error is not recoverable in the field or by repair departments. Contact your dealer for a replacement.

Firmware versions until v2.30 did not report the error. Since v2.30; its visible on the device itself (in the GUI) and on the VRM Portal.

19.2.25. Q25: My GX device reboots itself. What is causing this behavior?

There are several reasons why a GX device may reboot itself.

One of the most common causes is loss of communication with the VRM online portal.

However, this is only true if the "Reboot device when no contact" option (disabled by default) has been enabled in the VRM online portal settings. If there is no contact with the VRM portal for the time period set in 'No contact reset delay', the GX device will automatically reboot. This process is repeated until communication with the VRM portal is restored. See also chapter Datalogging to VRM [81] - Network watchdog: auto-reboot.

1. Check the network connection between your GX device and the router. See Troubleshooting data logging [83].



- 2. Preferably use an ethernet connection between your GX device and the router.
- 3. Tethered or hotspot connections, e.g. with a cell phone, are not reliable and are often interrupted or do not automatically restore the connection once it has been lost. Therefore, this is not recommended.

Other common reasons that cause the GX device to automatically restart are:

· System overload (either CPU, memory, or both).

To reliably detect an overload of the system, there is the D-Bus round trip time (RTT) parameter, and this parameter is available on the VRM Portal. See image below how to set this up on VRM.

An RTT value between 1 and 100ms is fine, although 100ms is already quite high.

RTT peaks occurring now and then are not a problem. Permanently over 100ms is a problem and requires further investigation.

In case the cause is a system overload, then there are two solutions:

- 1. Disconnect devices to reduce the load, with associated disadvantages.
- 2. Or change the GX device for a more powerful one. In the current product offering see our Victron GX product range -, the Cerbo GX & Cerbo-S GX is (far) more powerful than the CCGX as well as the Venus GX.



An occasional reboot is not causing any harm to system longevity or performance. The main effect is (temporary) disturbance of the monitoring.

How to create a custom widget in the VRM portal to read out D-Bus round trip time:

- 1. Connect to the VRM Portal using a browser.
- 2. Click on the Advanced tab in the menu on the left side.
- 3. Click on the widget icon in the top right corner.
- 4. Scroll down to Custom Widget and click on it to create a new custom widget.
- 5. Give it a proper name, chose "Gateway" from the list in Select device and "D-Bus round trip time" in Select parameter.
- 6. After clicking on the Save button, the new widget will appear under the Advanced tab.

Tip: Keep the time period to be examined as small as possible to achieve a high resolution of the round trip time.

idget name: *				x-axis:
D-Bus round trip time				Time
y-axis: Select customisation method: ④		Param	neters: 1/5	D-Bus round trip time Cateway - D-Bus Round-trip time (ms)
Default y-axis scales			¥	72
Select device				8
Gateway		Ŷ		48
Select parameter		Label	Θ	40
D-Bus Round-trip time	v			22
Select device				24
		Ŷ		35
Select parameter		Label		· all the database for the second
	~			26. Jan 03:00 06:00 09:00 12:00

19.2.26. GPL Note

The software included in this product contains copyrighted software that is licensed under the GPL. You may obtain the Corresponding Source code from us for a period of three years after our last shipment of this product.



20. Technical specifications

20.1. Technical specifications

Ekrano GX ^[1]			
Supply voltage	8 - 70V DC		
Power draw display on (100% brightness)	6.2W @ 12V 6.6W @ 24V 7.4W @ 48V		
Power draw display off	2.6W 12V 3.0W @ 24V 3.7W @ 48V		
Relay	2 x NO/NC [2] DC up to 30VDC: 3A AC: 1A, 125VAC		
Communication ports			
VE.Direct ports (always isolated)	3 (max. possible VE.Direct devices: 25) [7]		
VE.Bus (always isolated)	1 bus with 2 paralleled RJ45 sockets		
VE.Can 1	Yes - isolated		
VE.Can 2	Yes – non-isolated		
Ethernet	Yes		
WiFi	Yes		
Wifi Frequencies and Power	2.4GHz Wifi Range: 2.412-2.462GHz 88.1mW		
Bluetooth Smart	Yes ^[3]		
Bluetooth Frequencies and Power	Range: 2.402-2.48GHz 5.2mW		
USB Host ports	Yes – 2 x USB-A (max. 1.5A@5V combined)		
MicroSD Card Slot	Yes – SDHC cards up to max. 32GB		
10			
Resistive tank level inputs	3 [4]		
Temperature sense inputs	2 [5]		
Digital inputs	2 [6]		
Display			
Display resolution	1024 x 600 pixels		
Display max. backlight brightness	1000cd/m ²		
Backlight dimming	Yes – dynamic via built-in ambient light sensor		
	or manually via Remote Console		
	With timer for auto on/off		
Touch toggle on/off button	Yes – recessed button on the back (prevents unauthorised use)		
Dimensions			
Outer dimensions (h x w x d)	124 x 187 x 29.8 mm 4.88 x 7.36 x 1.17 in (without connectors and mounting accessories		
Operating temperature range	-20 to +50°C		
Other			
Mounting	Panel integrated flush mount or blind hole mount with included mounting accessories		
Buzzer	Yes		
Protection category	Front: IP54 (when installed with steel bracket) - IP31 (when installed with springs) Back: IP21		



Ekrano GX ^[1]	
Standards	
Safety	IEC 62368-1
EMC	EN 301489-1, EN 301489-17
Automotive	ECE R10-6

^[1] For more detailed information about the Ekrano GX, please visit the Victron GX product range page.

^[2] Currently, Relay 1 can be used for programming as an alarm relay, generator start/stop, tank pump, temperature controlled relay or manual operation. Relay 2 is available for programming as a temperature controlled relay or manual operation in the Relay menu of the GX (requires firmware 2.80 or higher).

^[3] Bluetooth functionality is intended to be used to assist with initial connection and networking configuration. You cannot use Bluetooth to connect to other Victron products (e.g. SmartSolar charge controllers).

^[4] The tank level inputs are resistive and should be connected to a resistive tank sender. Victron does not supply tank senders. The tank level ports can each be configured to work with either European (0 - 180 Ohm); or US tank senders (240 - 30 Ohm).

^[5] The Ekrano GX has 2 temperature inputs. They can be used to measure & monitor all kinds of temperatures. Temperature senders are not included. The required sensor is ASS00001000 - Temperature Sensor QUA/PMP/Venus GX. (Note that this is not the same as the BMV temperature accessory.). Temperature range is -20C to +70C. Actually it can measure up to 100°C, but the sensor is not made to withstand temperatures above 70°C long term. Note that this is intended as a crude temperature sensor, and not calibrated. A deviation of +/- 2C is to be expected.

^[6] The digital inputs can be used for open/closed monitoring of alarms, for example doors, or fire- or bilge alarms and can also be used for pulse counting. See the product manual for electrical specifications of the digital inputs.

^[7] The listed maximum in above table is the total connected VE.Direct devices such as MPPT Solar Charge controllers. Total means all directly connected devices plus the devices connected over USB. The limit is mostly bound by CPU processing power. Note that there is also a limit to the other type of devices of which often multiple are connected: PV Inverters. Up to three or four three phase inverters can typically be monitored on a CCGX. Higher power CPU devices can monitor more.



21. Appendix

21.1. RV-C

21.1.1. Supported DGNs

This chapter describes which data of the supported devices are available and the corresponding DGNs (Data Group Numbers). RV-C defines several messages. A detailed specification of the protocol and message definition is publicly available on RV-C.com.

21.1.2. RV-C out

Generic

The GX main RV-C interface and all virtual devices report the minimum required DGNs:

DGN	DGN#	Description
PRODUCT_ID	0xFEEB	Manufacturer, product name, serial number
SOFTWARE_ID	0xFEDA	Software version
DM_RV	0x1FECA	Diagnostics
DM01*	0x0FECA	Diagnostics

^{*} In addition to DGN DM_RV 0x1FECA, also J1939 DGN DM01 0x0FECA is announced for all RV-C out devices to support older RV-C control panels that do not support the DM_RV DGN.

Main interface

The GX main interface identifies as "Control Panel" (DSA=68) on RV-C and is responsible for requesting and processing data from all RV-C nodes.

DC Source messages

All DC connected devices are capable of reporting DC_SOURCE_STATUS_1. This includes the inverter/charger, inverter, charger, battery and solar charger services. VE.Bus Inverter/charger and Battery/BMS reports DC current and voltage, all other devices report voltage only.

According to the RV-C spec, only one node is allowed to broadcast DC source messages from the same instance. Every device type has its own priority which is used to determine which node must send the DC source messages. Consider the following system:

- · Inverter/charger (DC source instance 1, prio 100)
- Solar charger (DC source instance 1, prio 90)
- AC charger with 3 outputs (DC source instance 1, 2 & 3, prio 80)
- Battery monitor (DC source instance 1, prio 119)

In this case the battery monitor broadcasts DC source data with instance 1, as this has the highest priority. Additionally the AC charger broadcasts DC source data with instance 2 and 3 (output 2 and 3), as there are no other devices with those instances. More information about DC source messages in the RV-C specification manual. Chapter 6.5.1 explains the priority mechanism.



VE.Bus Inverter/charger

Devices

Only VE.Bus MultiPlus/Quattro. Phoenix Inverter VE.Bus is also exported by this service, but then with number of AC inputs set to 0. The DSA is set to 66 (Inverter #1).

Instances

- Inverter: default instance 1, configurable from 1...13
- Charger: default instance 1, configurable from 1...13
- Line #1: default instance 0 (L1), configurable from 0...1
- Line #2: default instance 1 (L2), configurable from 0...1
- DC source: default instance 1, configurable from 1...250

Status

DGN	DGN#	Value
INVERTER_AC_STATUS_1	0x1FFD7	L1 AC out voltage, current, frequency
		L2 AC out voltage, current, frequency
		L2 data is not sent when not configured
INVERTER_STATUS	0x1FFD4	Inverter status
CHARGER_AC_STATUS_1	0x1FFCA	L1 AC input voltage, current, frequency
		L2 AC input voltage, current, frequency
		L2 data is not sent when not configured
CHARGER_AC_STATUS_2	0x1FFC9	Input current limit
CHARGER_STATUS	0x1FFC7	Charger state
CHARGER_STATUS_2	0x1FEA3	DC voltage, current
CHARGER_CONFIGURATION_STATUS	0x1FFC6	Maximum charge current
CHARGER_CONFIGURATION_STATUS_2	0x1FF96	Input current limit,
		Maximum charge current (%)
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_1	0x1FFFD	DC voltage, current
		Fixed priority of 100 (inverter/charger)

Commands

DGN	DGN#	Value
INVERTER_COMMAND 1)	0x1FFD3	Inverter enable/disable
CHARGER_COMMAND 1)	0x1FFC5	Charger enable/disable
CHARGER_CONFIGURATION_COMMAND	0x1FFC4	Maximum charge current Note: this is a volatile setting and resets to the value the unit was configured with after a restart of the inverter/charger.
CHARGER_CONFIGURATION_COMMAND_2	0x1FF95	Charger input current limit

¹⁾ From RV-C you can control the charger and inverter part separately. These two on/off values are then combined into a single switch value (as seen on the VE.Bus page in the GX user interface, see top most item in below screenshot). If the inverter/charger is On, switching the charger off will result in Inverter only. Switching the inverter off will result in Charger only (when shore power is connected).



<	MultiPlus 12/1600/70-16	9 🛜 08:27
Switch		On
State		Bulk
Input current li	imit	16.0
DC Voltage		13.25V
DC Current		0.0A
State of charge	e	77.5%
<u></u> Page	es	≣ Menu

Victron defines the following options to control a combined inverter/charger:

State	Remarks
Off	Both, inverter and charger are switched off
Inverter only	Only the inverter is switched on
Charger only	Only the charger is switched on
On	Both, inverter and charger are switched on

This is reflected by the Switch menu option:

<	Switch	9 🛜 08:28
Off		0
Charger Only		0
Inverter Only		0
On		Θ
\otimes		\bigotimes

Inverter

Devices

Phoenix inverter VE.Direct and Inverter RS. The DSA is set to 66 (Inverter #1).

Instances

- Inverter: default instance 2, configurable from 1...13
- Line: default instance 0 (L1), configurable from 0...1
- DC source: default instance 1, configurable from 1...250

Status

DGN	DGN#	Value
INVERTER_AC_STATUS_1	0x1FFD7	L1 AC out voltage, current, frequency
INVERTER_STATUS	0x1FFD4	Inverter status
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_1	0x1FFFD	DC voltage
		Fixed priority of 60 (inverter)

Commands

DGN	DGN#	Value
INVERTER_COMMAND	0x1FFD3	Inverter enable/disable/load sense



AC charger

Devices

Skylla-I, Skylla-IP44/IP65, Phoenix Smart IP43 Charger. The DSA is set to 74 (Converter #1).

Instances

- Charger: default instance 2, configurable from 1...13
- Line: default instance 0 (L1), configurable from 0...1
- DC source #1: default instance 1, configurable from 1...250
- DC source #2: default instance 2, configurable from 1...250
- DC source #3: default instance 3, configurable from 1...250

Status

DGN	DGN#	Value
CHARGER_AC_STATUS_1	0x1FFCA	AC current
CHARGER_AC_STATUS_2	0x1FFC9	Input current limit
CHARGER_STATUS	0x1FFC7	Charger state
CHARGER_STATUS_2	0x1FEA3	DC source #1: voltage, current output 1 DC source #2: voltage, current output 2 DC source #3: voltage, current output 3 Instance 2, 3 are not sent when not present
CHARGER_CONFIGURATION_STATUS_2	0x1FF96	Input current limit
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_1	0x1FFFD	DC source #1: voltage DC source #2: voltage DC source #3: voltage Instance 2, 3 are not sent when not present. Fixed priority of 80 (charger)

Commands

DGN	DGN#	Value
CHARGER_COMMAND	0x1FFC5	Charger enable/disable
CHARGER_CONFIGURATION_COMMAND_2	0x1FF95	Input current limit

Solar charger

Devices

BlueSolar, SmartSolar, MPPT RS. The DSA is set to 141 (Solar Charge Controller).

Instances

- Charger: default instance 1, configurable from 1...250
- DC source: default instance 1, configurable from 1...250

Status

DGN	DGN#	Value
SOLAR_CONTROLLER_STATUS	0x1FEB3	Operating state
SOLAR_CONTROLLER_STATUS_5	0x1FE82	Total yield
SOLAR_CONTROLLER_BATTERY_STATUS	0x1FE80	Battery voltage, current
SOLAR_CONTROLLER_ARRAY_STATUS	0x1FDFF	PV voltage, current



DGN	DGN#	Value
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_1	0x1FFFD	DC voltage
		Fixed priority of 90 (charger + 10)



Battery/BMS

Devices

BMV, SmartShunt, Lynx Shunt, Lynx Ion, Lynx Smart BMS, BMS-Can batteries. The DSA is set to 69 (Battery State of Charge Monitor).

Instances

- Main: default instance 1, configurable 1...250; default priority 119, configurable 0...120
- Starter: default instance 2, configurable 1...250; default priority 20, configurable 0...120

Status

DGN	DGN#	Value	
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_1	0x1FFFD	Voltage, current	
		Starter instance not sent if starter battery is not present	
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_2	0x1FFFC	Temperature, soc, time remaining	
DC_SOURCE_STATUS_4	0x1FEC9	Desired maximum voltage, current	

Tanks

Devices

Built-in tanks, GX tank, N2K tanks. The DSA is set to 73 (LPG) for LPG tanks and 72 (Water/Waste Tank System) for all other tank types.

Instances

• Tank: default instance 0, configurable from 0...15

Status

DGN	DGN#	Value
TANK_STATUS	0x1FFB7	Fluid type, relative level, absolute level, tank size
		Resolution fixed to 100

RV-C supports only 4 tank types (0..3), while Victron supports up to 11 tank types. The table with the additional tank types is Victron specific and is compatible with the tank types we use.

Supported tank types:

Venus / NMEA	RV-C		
Fluid type	Fluid code	Туре	
Fuel	0	4 (Vendor defined)	
Fresh water	1	0	
Waste (Grey) water	2	2	
Livewell	3	5 (Vendor defined)	
Oil	4	6 (Vendor defined)	
Black water	5	1	
Gasoline	6	7 (Vendor defined)	
Diesel	7	8 (Vendor defined)	
LPG	8	3	
LNG	9	9 (Vendor defined)	
Hydraulic oil	10	10 (Vendor defined)	
Raw water	11	11 (Vendor defined)	

Note that Vendor defined means that these types are not defined in RV-C, but only used for Victron RV-C devices.



21.1.3. DGN 60928 Unique Identity Numbers

The GX device will assign an individual Unique Identity Number to each virtual device. Change it only when using multiple GX devices in one RV-C network.

The Unique Identity Number is used for the GX internal CAN-bus device "database" to compare devices during address determination. To avoid clashes on CAN-Bus you must set the second GX device to the unique identity range of 1000-1499. This can be done by setting the unique identity selector to 2 (2 * 500). This works exactly the same as for VE.Can, see the PGN 60928 NAME Unique Identity Numbers [113] section.

<	VE.Can port	9 🤿 13:12
CAN-bus profile		RV-C (250 kbit/s)
Devices		>
Unique identity num	ber selector	1
numbers to use for ADDRESS_CLAIM fie		r in the DGN 60928 when using multiple
<u></u> Pages	~	≣ Menu

21.1.4. RV-C in

Tanks

Tested with Garnet SeeLeveL II 709 and tanks from the RV-C out function of another GX device.

Batteries

Lithionics is the only supported RV-C battery (including DVCC support).

21.1.5. Device Classes

This section provides a basic overview of how each device class will participate in the RV-C specification. In any case, "Level 1" integration is largely supported (basic operation), with case-by-case enhancements.

AC standalone Chargers

The AC-based charger class reports its operational status and configuration status using the CHARGER_xx group of RV-C
messages. User control must include basic on/off switching via RV-C as well as adjusting shore (AC) power limits.

AC standalone Inverters

 This class of AC inverters reports its operational status using the INVERTER_xx group of RV-C reports. Incoming command is limited to on/off (enable/disable) via RV-C.

AC Charger / Inverter

• Combined inverter/charger - reports both CHARGER_xx and INVERTER_xx messages.

Solar Controllers

· Solar chargers will report their operational status in real time.

SOC Meters

• SOC meters can be used to report current battery health via RV-C: voltage, current, temperature, SOC, etc. RV-C requires that only ONE device speaks for a given battery at a time, so if a proper BMS is installed, that will be the data source.

BMS (Victron, or Victron 3rd party supported)

In many cases, the battery(s) in the system will be directly attached to a Victron Cerbo GX or Cerbo-S GX, either via Victron
equipment or via supported 3rd party compatible BMSs. Such batteries should be represented into the RV-C environment via
the DC_SOURCE_STATUSxx messages.

Tank Level meters

• Tank meters will be translated into RV-C messages, carrying forward the existing tank ID/ VRM Instance numbers.



21.1.6. Instance Translation

RV-C utilises Instances in several ways:

- · DC Source Instance
- AC Line
- · Device Instance (context dependent)

Each usage of the Instance has a specific meaning, and a given device may at times utilise one or more of these instances.

DC Source Instance

In RV-C, a DC source is something that can generate and (optionally) store energy. Typically a battery but can also be a fuel cell or the output side of a DC contactor/disconnector.

A DC source can be thought of as a battery system and its associated physical bus, for example, the house battery, the DC bus bar and DC wiring. DC Source Instances are used to associate subsequent devices (e.g. a charger or an inverter) to the 'DC bus' it is connected to.

In this way it is possible to map out how all devices are connected with regards to their DC bus via their DC Source Instance value (starter battery and its alternator, house battery and its chargers etc.).

Note that in some cases (e. g. a DC-DC Converter or a Contactor), a device may be associated with two different DC Source instances. For example, a DC-DC converter could be associated with the two different batteries to which it is connected, while a contactor could be associated with the battery to which it is connected; the DC bus on the load side of the contactor then has its own DC Source instance

Though Victron is able to support more than one battery (a house and starter battery), the primary focus is on one battery. The dbus-rvc module will present the 'primary' battery to RV-C as 'DC Source Instance = 1' (house battery) information.

If present, additional Victron sensing devices will be presented using DC Source Instances of 2. An example is the optional starter battery voltage sensing on SmartShunts.

AC Line

AC line is much simpler, in that RV-C assumes a limited AC system, typically defined as Line 1 or Line 2. Victron supports 3-phase systems, which is not included in the RV-C specification. All installations with 3-phase systems are not supported by the dbus-RVC module and AC-related RV-C messages are suppressed.

Device Instance

Device Instance is a way to separate different physical devices of the same type. Example: if an installation contains two AC chargers attached to the same battery, each would be assigned a separate Device Instance while both would share the same DC Source Instance. Each charger would also be associated with an AC line, which may or may not be the same. In this way the AC charger is fully described in how it is wired on the AC and DC side while being able to be uniquely identified through its Device Instance.

Devices Instances are relevant within a given class of devices. An AC charger can define Device Instances 1 and 2, and these are unrelated to Device Instances 1 and 2 of a DC motor controller.



With the exception of tank monitoring, Device Instances are hard coded as 1 for each specific device class unless specified otherwise in the PGN table. Because the AC charger has a hardcoded instance of 2, to allow coexistance with a inverter/charger with charger instance 1.

21.1.7. RV-C Fault and Error Handling

RV-C fault reporting:

- Fault conditions are reported using the DM_RV (0x1FECA) and J1939 DM01 (0x1FECA) DGNs.
- · In release 1 the operational status bits, the yellow and the red light field are supported because they are stored in DSA.
- SPN is set to 0xFFFFFF during normal conditions, and 0x0 at any time a warning or fault condition exists in supported Victron equipment.
- FMI is set of 0x1F (Failure mode not available) at all times.

This simple mapping allows external user displays to indicate an alarm or fault condition in a given Victron device, at which time the user should utilise Victron diagnostic aids for additional insight.



21.1.8. RV-C Device Priority

A critical concept in RV-C is the application of Device Priorities.

When used, a given device's priority will impact if it is allowed to transmit DGNs (e.g. a BMS with a higher priority should transmit details of the battery's status, while a MPPT controller with a lower priority should back down).

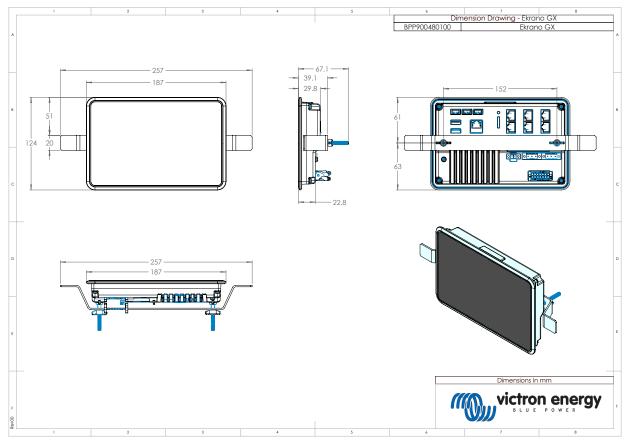
Device Priority is also at times used to allow for the favouring of one node vs. another, for example, it may be more desirable to use shore power AC vs. the inverter.

In the implementation of dbus-rvc, the following priorities will be hard coded into transmitted messages:

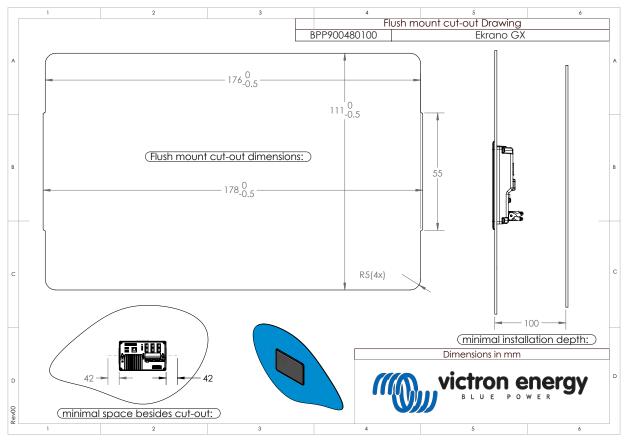
- DC_SOURCE_STATUS_xx messages: Priority = 119 (SOC/BMS) to allow native RV-C batteries have a higher priority.
- SOLAR_xx messages: Charger Priority = 110
- CHARGER_xx messages (Inverter/Chargers):: Charger Priority = 100
- CHARGER_xx messages (AC Chargers):: Charger Priority = 80



21.2. Ekrano GX Dimensions



21.3. Ekrano GX cut-out template







21.4. Modbus holding registers for the ComAp InteliLite 4 controller

The following table lists the required ComAp Modbus configuration. This is the default ComAp configuration; there is no need to change it. In addition to the listed holding registers, Coil 4700 is used to start and stop the genset.

Register(s)	Com. Obj.	Name	DIM	Туре	Dec	Group
01004	10153	EngineSpeed	rpm	int32	0	ECU
01006	10155	T-Coolant °C		int32	0	ECU
01008	10157	P-Oil bar		int32	2	ECU
01010	10159	Load	%	int32	0	ECU
01013 - 01014(2)	10173	EngineRunHours h		int32	1	ECU
01020	8202	Load P	kW	int32	0	Load
01021	8524	Load P L1	kW	int32	0	Load
01022	8525	Load P L2	kW	int32	0	Load
01023	8526	Load P L3	kW	int32	0	Load
01036	8210	Generator Frequency	Hz	uint32	1	Generator
01037	8192	Generator Voltage L1-N	V	uint32	0	Generator
01038	8193	Generator Voltage L2-N	V	uint32	0	Generator
01039	8194	Generator Voltage L3-N	V	uint32	0	Generator
01043	8198	Load Current L1	А	uint32	0	Load
01044	8199	Load Current L2 A		uint32	0	Load
01045	8200	Load Current L3	А	uint32	0	Load
01053	8213	Battery Volts	V	int32	1	Controller I/O
01055	9151	Fuel Level	%	int32	0	Controller I/O
01263 - 01264(2)	8205	Genset kWh	kWh	int64	0	Statistics
01298	9244	Engine State		enum	0	Info
01301	12944	Connection Type		enum	0	Info
01307 - 01322(16)	24501	ID String		String(32)	0	Info
01323 - 01330(8)	24339	FW Version		String(16)	0	Info
01382	9887	Controller Mode		enum	0	Info
03000 - 03007(8)	8637	Gen-Set Name		String(16)	0	Basic Settings Name

Table 1. Holding registers



21.5. Modbus holding registers for supported DSE genset controllers

The following table lists the Modbus holding registers the GX device reads. Note that this Modbus table reflects the DSE register list, not the GX device's. These definitions follow the Deep Sea Electronics GenComm standard (Version 2.236 MF). The Modbus register list for reading this data from the GX device can be found in the download section on the Victron website.

The registers marked *required* in the Remarks column are critical for identifying the DSE genset controllers in the GX device and for proper operation of the Victron ecosystem with the generator. Don't change them. All other registers are optional.

Note: Page and Register offset are terminology from the DSE GenComm standard.

Table 2. Holding registers

Register(s)	Page	Offset	Name	Units	Remarks	
768	3	0	Manufacturer code		Required for DSE controller	
769	3	1	Model number		identification	
770	3	2	Serial number			
772	3	4	Control mode			
1024	4	0	Oil pressure	kPa		
1025	4	1	Coolant temperature	°C		
1026	4	2	Oil temperature	°C		
1029	4	5	Engine battery voltage	V		
1030	4	6	Engine speed	RPM		
1031	4	7	Generator frequency	Hz		
1032	4	8	Generator L1-N voltage	V		
1034	4	10	Generator L2-N voltage	V		
1036	4	12	Generator L3-N voltage	V		
1044	4	20	Generator L1 current	А		
1046	4	22	Generator L2 current	А		
1048	4	24	Generator L3 current	А	Required for the Victron ecosystem to work properly	
1052	4	28	Generator L1 watts	W		
1054	4	30	Generator L2 watts	W		
1056	4	32	Generator L3 watts	W		
1536	6	0	Generator total watts	W		
1558	6	22	Generator % of full power	%	-	
1798	7	6	Engine run time	Seconds		
1800	7	8	Generator pos. kW hours	kWh		
1808	7	16	Number of starts			
From 2048	8		Alarm conditions			
4096 to 4103	16		Control registers			
From 39424	154		Alarm conditions			

