



DM-TFTR122-475

1.22" 240 x 240 Round All View CTP TFT - SPI

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# 1 General Specifications

	Feature	Specifications
	LCD type	1.22 inch
	Resolution (H*V)	240(RGB) × 204
	Technology Type	a-Si TFT
Display Spec.	Pixel Configuration	R.G.B. Vertical Stripe
Display opec.	Display Mode	Normally Black
	Surface Treatment	Glare
	Viewing Direction	ALL
	Gray Scale Inversion Direction	-
	OutlineDimensions (W x H x T) (mm)	38.2*38.2*3.03
	Active Area(mm)	26.316*30.958
Mechanical	With /Without Touch screen	With CTP
Characteristics	Match Connector Type	0.5pitch Connector
	Backlight Type	LED
	Weight (g)	TBD
Floatrical	Interface	4SPI
Electrical Characteristics	Number of color	16.7M
	Driver IC	ST7789V

Note 1: Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition. There is a 180 degree shift.

# 2 Pin Assignment

NO	PIN NAME	I/0	Description	
•	LEDIZA			
1	LEDK2	0	LED Cathode	
2	LEDK1	0	LED Cathode	
3	LEDA	О	LED Anode	
4	GND	I	Ground	
5	FMARK	1	Tearing effect output pin to synchronies MCU to frame writing, activated by S/W command.	
6	SDI	I	Display Data input signal	
7	SCLK	I	Display Data clock signal	
8	RS	I	Register select signal	
9	CS	I	Input pin for chip selection signal	
10	RESET	I	LCM Reset input signal	
11	IOVCC	I	Power Supply 2.8V/1.8V Voltage	
12	VCC	I	Power Supply 2.8V Voltage	
13	GND	I	Ground	
14	GND	I	Ground	
15	VCC	I	Power Supply 2.8V Voltage	
16	GND	I	Ground	
17	SCL_2.8V	I	I2C serial interface clock.	
18	SDA_2.8V	I	I2C Display Data input signal	
19	GND	I	Ground	
20	TP_RESET	I	CTP Reset input signal	
21	EINT_2.8V	I	CTP interrupt signal	
22	GND	I	Ground	
23	NC	NC	NC	
24	NC	NC	NC	

Note:

## 3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

GND=0V, Ta= 25°C

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage for logic	$V_{DD}$	0.3~3.6	V
Input voltage	Vin	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to 70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-30 to 80	°C

**Note**: Note1: Absolute maximum rating is the limit value beyond which the IC maybe broken.

#### 4 Electrical Characteristics

#### 4.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

GND=0V, Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	Min	Туре	Max	Unit	Test condition
Operating voltage	$V_{DD}$	2.6	2.8	3.3	V	-
Supply current	I <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	25	mA	V <sub>DD</sub> =2.8V,Ta=25°C
	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.8VDD	-	VDD	V	
Input voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	0.2VDD	V	-
Input leakage current	I <sub>IL</sub>	-1.0	-	1.0	μΑ	$V_{IN}$ = $V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$

Note: Voltage greater than above may damage the module.

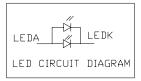
All voltages are specified relative to VSS=0V.

#### 4.2 Driving Backlight

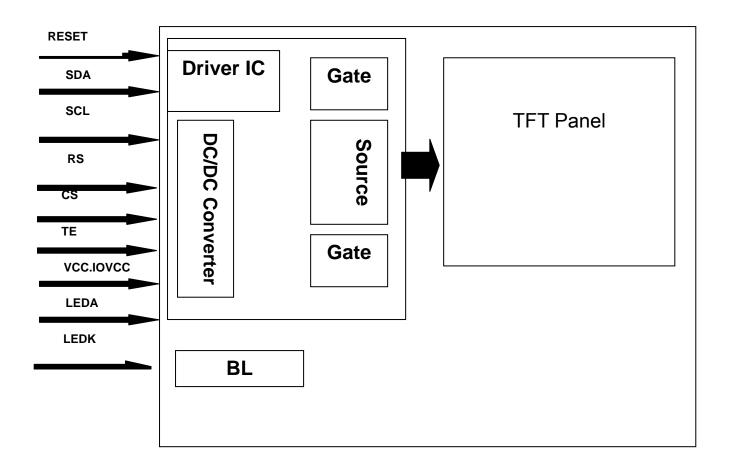
Ta=25℃

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>		40	46	mA	
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	-	3.2	1	V	
Connection mode		-	2P	ŀ		
LED number	1		2		pcs	

Note1: Optical performance should be evaluated at Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C only .If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.



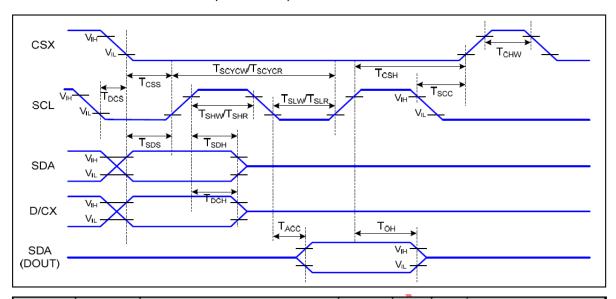
## 4.3 Block Diagram



## 5 INTERFACE TIMING

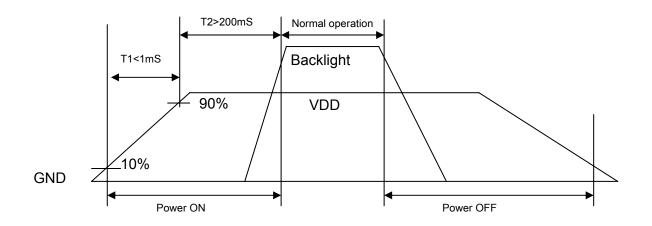
## **5.1 System Bus Read/Write Characteristics.**

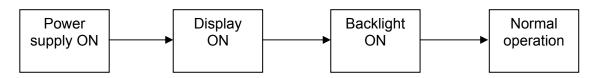
### 8.4 Serial Interface Characteristics (4-line Serial)



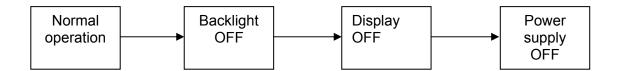
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
	TCSS	Chip Select Setup Time (Write)	45		ns	
	TCSH	Chip Select Hold Time (Write)	45		ns	
CSX	TCSS	Chip Select Setup Time (Read)	60		ns	
	TSCC	Chip Select Hold Time (Read)	65		ns	
	TCHW	Chip Select "H" Pulse Width	40		ns	
	TSCYCW	Serial Clock Cycle (Write)	66		ns	-Write Command &
	TSHW	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Write)	15		ns	Data Ram
SCL	TSLW	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Write)	15		ns	Data Nam
JOL	TSCYCR	Serial Clock Cycle (Read)	150		ns	-Read Command &
	TSHR	SCL "H" Pulse Width (Read)	60		ns	Data Ram
	TSLR	SCL "L" Pulse Width (Read)	60		ns	Data Nam
D/CX	TDCS	D/CX Setup Time	10		ns	
DICX	TDCH	D/CX Hold Time	10		ns	
SDA	TSDS	Data Setup Time	10		ns	
(DIN)	TSDH	Data Hold Time	10		ns	For Maximum CL=30pF
(DOUT)	TACC	Access Time	10	50	ns	For Minimum CL=8pF
(DOOT)	тон	Output Disable Time	15	50	ns	

## 5.2 Power ON/OFF Timing





Power ON sequence



Power OFF sequence

# 6 Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

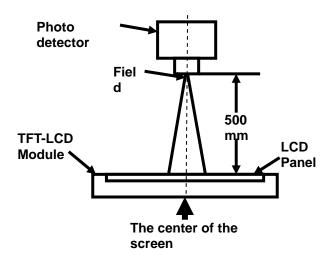
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
	θТ		-	80	-	- Degree	Note 2
View Angles	θВ	CR≧10	-	80	-		
view Aligies	θL		-	80	-		NOIG Z
	θR		-	80	-		
Contrast Ratio	CR	θ=0°	600	700	-	-	Note1 Note3
Response Time	T <sub>ON</sub>	25℃	_	30	40	ms	Note1
Response fille	$T_{OFF}$		_	30	70		Note4
Uniformity	U	-	70	80	-	%	Note1 Note6
NTSC	-	1	-	70	1	%	Note 5
Luminance	L		280	300	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note1 Note7

### **Test Conditions:**

- 1.  $V_F$ =19.2V,  $I_F$ =40mA, the ambient temperature is 25  $^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. The test systems refer to Note 1 and Note 2.

### Note 1: Definition of optical measurement system.

The optical characteristics should be measured in dark room. After 5 minutes operation, the optical properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Item	Photo detector	Field	
Contrast Ratio			
Luminance	SR-3A	1°	
Chromaticity	SK-SA	'	
Lum Uniformity			
Response Time	BM-7A	2°	

Note 2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system. viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE(ergo-80).

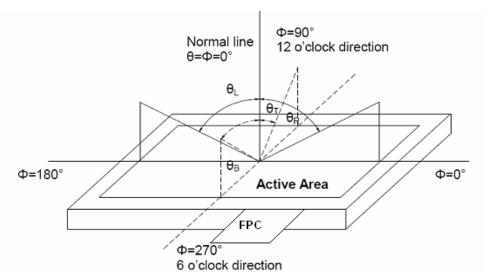


Fig. 1 Definition of viewing angle

#### Note 3: Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state

Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state

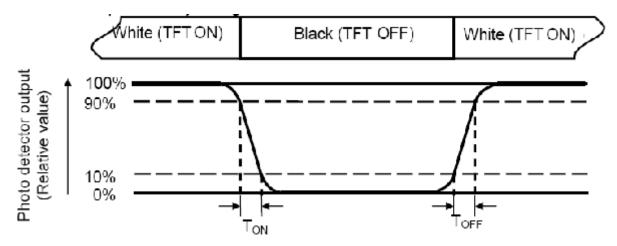
"White state ": The state is that the LCD should be driven by Vwhite.

"Black state": The state is that the LCD should be driven by Vblack.

Vwhite: To be determined Vblack: To be determined.

### Note 4: Definition of Response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (TON) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (TOFF) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

### Note 6: Definition of Luminance Uniformity

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer Fig. 2). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity (U) = Lmin/Lmax

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width

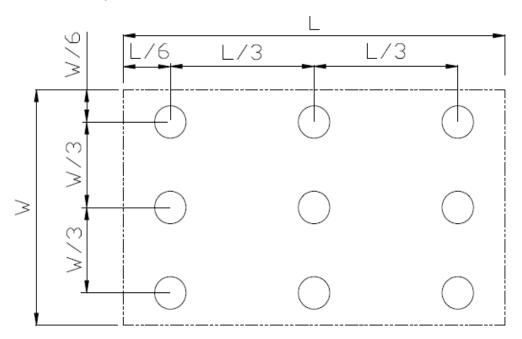


Fig. 2 Definition of uniformity

Lmax: The measured maximum luminance of all measurement position.

Lmin: The measured minimum luminance of all measurement position.

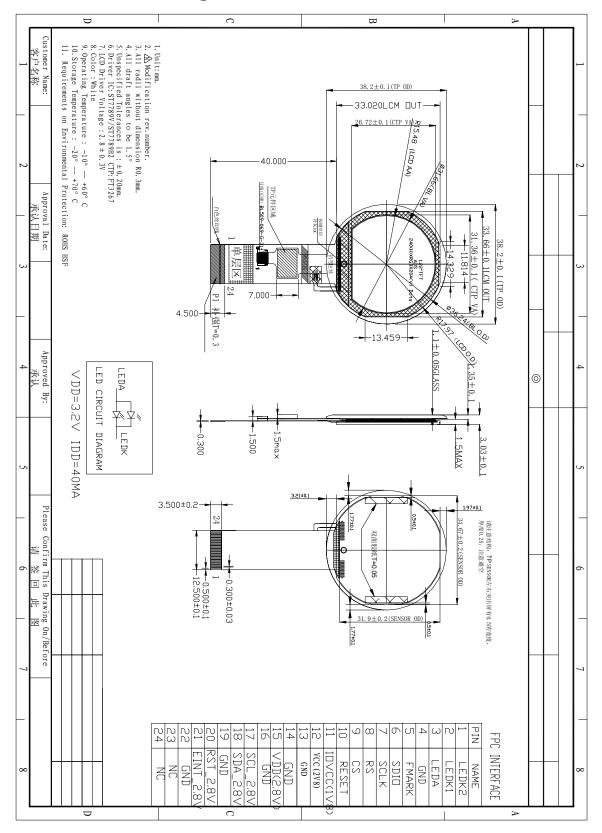
#### Note 7: Definition of Luminance:

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.

# 7 Environmental / Reliability Test

Item	Condition	Time (hrs)	Assessment
High temp. Storage	80°C	120	
High temp. Operating	70°C	120	
Low temp. Storage	-30°C	120	
Low temp. Operating	-20°C	120	No abnormalities in functions
Humidity	40°C/ 90%RH	120	and appearance
Thermal Shock(Non-operation)	-20°C ← $25$ °C → $70$ °C (0.5 hour ← 5 min → 0.5 hour)	10cycles	

# 8 Mechanical Drawing



#### 9 Precautions For Use of LCD Modules

- **9.1** Handling Precautions
- 9.1.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.
- 9.1.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.
- 9.1.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- 9.1.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- 9.1.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
  - Isopropyl alcohol
  - Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- 9.1.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.
- 9.1.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 9.1.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
- 9.1.1.9 Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.
- 9.1.1.10 Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.
- 9.1.1.11 To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.
- 9.1.1.12 The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- 9.1.1.13 Storage precautions
- 9.1.1.14 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.
- 9.1.1.15 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:
- 9.1.1.16 Temperature :  $0^{\circ}$ C  $\sim 40^{\circ}$ C Relatively humidity:  $\leq 80\%$
- 9.1.1.17 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.
- **9.2** Transportation Precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.