**INSTALL WALL BRACKETS**

1. Mount Back Wall Brackets
   (Available in 41” and 54” and 82” lengths)
   - 86”-88” high systems use 82” wall brackets.
   - 89”-95” high systems will use one 41” and one 54”
   - 96” high systems and up will have two 54” brackets.
   Brackets will need to be cut to correct length in field. Total length of brackets should be 4” less than overall height of pilasters.
   - Position wall bracket 2” above the finished floor.
   - Mark hole locations and pre-drill holes with 5/16” drill bit.
   - Insert plastic anchors.
   - Secure bracket to wall using 2-1/2” Torx screws.

2. Mount Side Wall Bracket(s) and Mark Floor Location for Stall Fronts
   - Using a chalk line, snap a line from wall bracket to indicate front location of pilasters.
   - Using the same technique as the previous step to mount side wall brackets.

3. Modular side panels
   - The side panels will consist of two modular pieces.
   - Modular side panels are mounted one on top of the other, with wooden dowels keeping the seam tight.
   - Install the bottom side panel into the wall bracket. Position the side panel so your overall dimension including brackets and pilaster will align with the front chalk line.
   - Pre-drill bottom panel with a 1/4” hole through the bracket and panel. Secure with the T27 sex bolts provided.
   - Moderately Sloped Floors (Rear to Front sloping): The side panel can be placed directly on the floor so there is no gap created from the slope. If this is done, the continuous brackets can be used to then conceal the angle of the edges of the side panels by making them plumb and level.
   - SEVERELY Sloped Floors (Rear to Front Sloping): If the above method does not allow for enough adjustment due to extreme slope, then the panel can be leveled leaving a gap below the panel and floor. The gap can then be covered with optional floor trim.

4. Connect Side Panels using Dowel System
   - Mark the TOP EDGE of the bottom modular side panel 24”, 36” and 48” from the FRONT EDGE. At the marks, measure the panel thickness and mark the center of the panel. Using a 3/8” drill bit, drill a hole on the marks approximately 7/8” deep. Be sure to hold the drill as straight as possible.
   - Insert the 3/8” x 1-1/2” wooden dowels in the holes.
   - Mark the BOTTOM EDGE of the top modular side panel 24”, 36” and 48” from the FRONT EDGE. At the marks, measure the panel thickness and mark the center of the panel. Using 3/8” drill bit, drill a hole on the marks approximately 7/8” deep. Be sure to hold the drill as straight as possible.
   - Align the holes in the bottom edge of the top modular side panels with the wooden dowels. Use a rubber mallet on the top and front edge of the panel until the seam between the panels is tightly closed and the front edge of the panels are aligned.

5. Top Modular Side Panels
   - Pre-drill top panel with a 1/4” hole through the bracket and panel. Secure with the T27 sex bolts provided.

6. Install Front Pilaster Bracket
   - Install front pilaster bracket to side panel. Make sure this bracket is plumb and located so the overall dimension after adding the pilaster will reach the chalk line.
   - Once the bracket is located correctly and plumb, attach with the provided T27 sex bolts after pre-drilling the 1/4” hole through both the bracket and panel.

7. Install Pilaster Nearest To wall
   - Place pilaster into wall bracket positioning the pilaster in desired location based on shop drawings. Ensure pilaster is vertically plumb.
   - Pre-drill pilaster with a 1/4” hole through the bracket and pilaster. Secure with the T27 sex bolts provided.
INSTALL HINGES, DOORS, TRANSOM PANEL

8 Install Edge Mounted Stainless Steel Hinge
The same hinge is used on both inswing and outswing doors. Inswing doors will have the knuckles on the inside. Outswing doors will have the knuckles on the outside.
The hinge is set to -5 degrees to keep all doors closed and is not adjustable.
Align the edge of the hinge along the edge of the pilaster 1 1/2" above the finished floor. Predrill 1/8" pilot holes 3/4" deep. Install 1" Phillips head countersink screws into each hole on the hinge.
Set door to 1" above the finished floor and secure the same way. Ensure that door operates correctly.

9 Install Mending Plates
2 mending plates will be used on transom panels <10". The mending plate should be centered on the transom panel in this case.
4 mending plates will be used on transom panels >10". In this case they should be placed approximately 4" from the top and bottom of the transom panel.
Install mending plates on pilasters at appropriate location. Predrill 1/8" pilot holes 1/2" deep and insert 3/4" Torx screws.

10 Install Transom Panels
Place the transom panel with a 1/8" gap above the door. The edge above the door hinge should be tightly placed against the pilaster to ensure there is no gap. Once the transom panel is placed correctly. Predrill 1/8" pilot holes 1/2" deep and insert 3/4" Torx screws into all holes on mending plate.

Headrail Installation
Place headrail over the tops of pilaster and transom panels. Make sure the headrail is fully seated over the highest point in the system. On the inside of the stall, predrill 3/16" pilot holes 1/2" deep into the center of the pilaster and insert 3/4" Torx screws into hole but do not fully tighten screw.
Now go to the low point of the system and lift the headrail attempting to level it. At that point predrill 3/16" pilot hole 1/2" deep into the center of the pilaster and insert 3/4" Torx screws into hole.
Continue to predrill 3/16" pilot holes 1/2" deep into the center of each pilaster and insert 3/4" Torx screws into the hole.
Headrail Leveling Note
The headrail will be used to compensate for slope in the floor. As the system is built, the tops of the pilasters may stair step as a result of uneven floors. Placing the headrail across the front will conceal and compensate for the slope. You should attempt to level the headrail before attaching it.
In severe cases of sloping, optional trim can be used if the headrail cannot be leveled due to extreme slope. In that case, install the headrail as level as possible, and then install the optional trim over the headrail with 1" brad nails ensuring it is level.
The nails will go through the front of the trim into the plastic fronts just below the hidden headrail.

INSTALL DOOR HARDWARE
Installing Indicator Latch
1. Place Template sticker on door with the center of the largest hole being approximately 2" from the edge of the door. With template in place drill holes completely through the door with the correct sized bits (1/2" & 5/32"). On fire rated material it is strongly recommended to use a smaller bit for starter holes which will make process easier.
2. While holding the handle behind the round, black, plastic attachment piece, use the longer countersunk screws provided to secure them through the door and into the black plastic holes in the slide latch on the other side.
3. Drill a small hole into the top screw hole in the front facing round black piece and secure with the small countersunk screw.
4. Place the square pin into the back of the indicator circle and be sure the Red indication color is in the proper position to appear when the latch is in the closed position.
5. Slide the square pin through the large center hole and into the slide latch on the other side.
6. Make sure the indicator circle is secured with the small tabs over the black plastic piece.
7. With the remaining two screws, place the keeper on the adjacent surface and position so that the slide latch can engage once it has rotated the indication into the red position on the front of the door.

Install ADA Door Pull
Step 1: Place door pull at desired location above the finished floor according to state and local codes.
Step 2: Pre-drill holes with 1/8" bit.
Step 3: Secure to door with 1-1/2" #8 countersunk screws with a T15 bit.
Door Pull is NOT through bolted.