The Alternative Guide to the Big Island of Hawaii



A Cultural, Environmental, and Historical Magazine

PLUS:

Regional Sections, Calendar, Points of Interest, Spectacular Art & Photography

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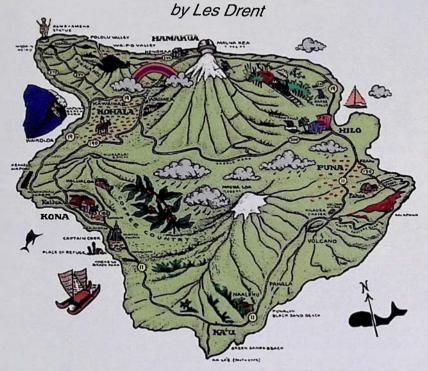
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Welcome to the Big Island!

a guide to our island



Well... you made it. Now don't you feel good? If you are looking for a little direction follow me and I'll guide you around our island paradise.

You most likely landed in either Hilo or Kona which host the two primary airports on the Island. Since we can't begin our tour of our Island at both places at the same time we'll start this guide in Kona. For you folks in Hilo... too bad you're out of luck. Just kidding. No worries really... just flip ahead in our magazine and start the guide from the Hilo region. Like all things Hawaiian it's really quite easy. And that's probably why you chose to visit us on your vacation, not to mention our weather, people, interesting culture and warm aloha spirit. Our magazine's coverage of these cultural and historical topics is what separates us from the rest of the advertorial and discount

magazines out there so we're glad you found us and we're ready to introduce you to the real Hawaii.

Before we begin the tour let's all remember the phrase, "when in Rome do as the Romans do." In Hawaii this means driving slowly, yielding for everyone, and showing aloha to everyone you meet.

Three other items that your past fellow visitors have informed me to remind you of are remembering to take off your rings (newlyweds) and any loose jewelry before going into the water; locking your cars even though 99.999 percent of the people in Hawaii aren't thieves; and the importance of using sun block even if you insist on not needing it. My own haole (white person) motto for sun block is, "you'll burn with it,

FRONT COVER ART: Breakfast at Tiffany's by Barb Finelli won first place at the 2002 Kona Coffee Cultural Festival art competition. To view more of Barb's works of art one can visit www.artsinparadise.com.



you'll burn worse without it!" With all that out of the way it's now time to have some fun so hang loose... you're in Hawai'i Nei now!

NORTH KONA

Located in the busiest and most widely known part of the Big Island is the district of North Kona and the seaside village of Kailua. Nestled in this busyness are a few significant historical and cultural landmarks. Beside the Kailua pier is 'Ahu'ena Heiau built in 1817. This ancient temple which was

Discover the Splendor of Kona's Majestic

UNDERWATER
WORLD

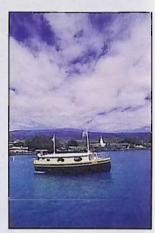
GLASS BOTTOM BOAT CRUISE
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Adults: \$25
Children under 12: \$10
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One Hour Tours, Kailua Pier

Kailua Bay Charter Co-

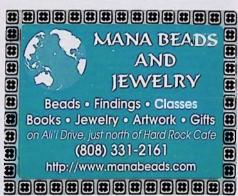
built on a rock platform was dedicated to patron spirits of learning, the arts, and healing. King Kamehameha also made his home here in a thatched but where he could maintain control over boats entering and leaving the bay. Kamehameha also monitored the farming pursuits of his village from Ahu'ena. Also on Alii Drive is Mokuaikaua Church. Built in the 1820's Mokuaikaua was the first Christian church to be built by western missionaries. Across the street is Hulihee Palace, a nineteenth century vacation home to some of Hawaii's monarchy. Hulihee was built in 1838 and today serves as a museum open daily to the public.

Occasionally, throughout the week. some of Hawaii's youngsters can be seen in the courtyard under the shade of giant banyan trees practicing hula under the direction of a kumu hula



Kona's Glassbottom Boat

(teacher of hula). Later in the nineteenth century Kailua was a village that was used primarily as a sea port for shipping cattle, coffee and sugar off island. Most of the population in Kona lived in the mountainside towns between Honaunau and Holualoa





Hulihee Palace with Mokuaikaua Church in the background.

along a stretch of road still called Mamalahoa Highway. The town of Kailua, for the most part, was always a sleepy kind of village. Up until the early 1970's the population was no more than 700 people, today the population of Kailua is around 40,000 and growing rapidly.

Looking beyond the hustle and bustle of Kailua there are many wonderful opportunities for personal dining, shopping and tour experiences around the town. This district of North Kona also hosts some of the Big Islands most beautiful white sand beaches. A short drive north of Honokohau Harbor on Queen Ka'ahumanu Highway are the beaches of Makalawena, and Mahai'ula. These beaches require a short hike to access them. Easier to reach and located on Alii Drive to the south are Kahalu'u Beach Park and Magic Sand's. Both these popular beaches provide ample parking and do not require a hike.

Around these historical sights are a whole host of restaurants and shopping opportunities and hundreds of visitor and local businesses keep the streets and sidewalks around Kailua busy with activity throughout the year. Cruise ships lay at anchor off the shores of Kailua-Bay and many tour and activity companies provide visitors with ample opportunity for hiking, sailing cruises, snorkeling and scuba adventures.

HOLUALOA

Days pass slowly in the artist's retreat town of Holualoa, almost like the gentle mountain breezes which weave their way through the groves of coffee trees lining the slopes of **Mt. Hualalai**. Steeped in natural beauty and tradition, this little mountainside coffee town blends a touch of today's art with a passion for the simpler life of the past. The village's many private galleries showcase the works of many local artists in a wide array of mediums.

Make it a point to wander up for a visit to Holualoa, its only a fifteen minute drive up the mountain. You'll love this little country town, it's everything Hawaii is about.

SOUTH KONA

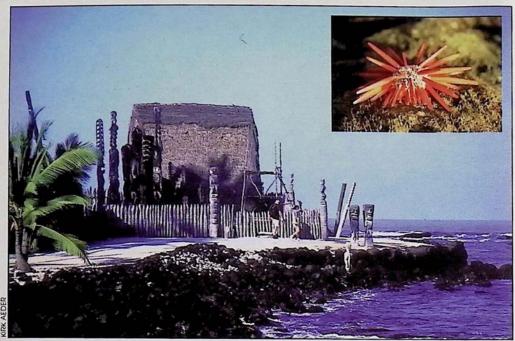
There is, perhaps, no other region on the Big Island shrouded in more history than the district of South Kona. Whether it be the origins of **Kona coffee**, the ancient Hawaiian



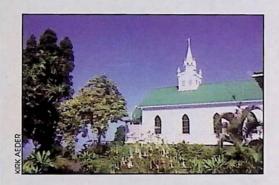
village setting of Pu`uhonua O Honaunau (Place of Refuge) National Park, or the Painted Church nestled along the hillside overlooking Kealakekua Bay, the spot where the famous English explorer Captain Cook met his fate in 1779, South Kona will keep the historically minded visitor busy weaving their way through its network of mountain roads.

Coffee first came to Kona in 1828 when the Reverend Samuel Ruggles brought plant cuttings to Kealakekua. The early Japanese farmers cultivated many of Kona's first farms and engineered the system of milling and processing this prized coffee.

On highway 160 amidst coffee



Above: The Place of Refuge National Park in Honaunau is a great place to learn more about the culture of ancient Hawaii. Inset: Abundant sea life and colorful reefs are also enjoyed in the area by snorkelers. Below: South Kona's Painted Church, its interior walls, painted by Father John Velge, a Catholic missionary from Belgium, depict the biblical scenes of heaven and hell.



farms and high on the slopes of Kealakekua Bay is **The Painted Church**, where sometime between 1899 and 1904, Father John Velge, a Catholic missionary from Belgium painted images on the interior walls of the church depicting the biblical scenes of heaven and hell.

At the bottom of Napoopoo Road is **Hikiau Heiau** at Kealakekua Bay, and a white stone monument across the bay that marks the spot where Captain Cook was killed in 1779. The story behind Cook's

death was that it was the result of a failed attempt by Cook and his soldiers to exchange the high chief Kalaniopuu hostage in return for a cutter that was stolen the night before. Cook, who had come south to the Hawaiian Islands seeking shelter for the winter months, was in search of a northwest passage to England.

A lower coastal road connects
Kealakekua Bay to **Pu'uhonua O Honaunau**(Place of Refuge) National Park. In the early
years of Hawaiian civilization it was to the
Place of Refuge that people who broke kapu
(sacred laws) would attempt to flee. If the
kapu breaker could reach this sanctuary his
life would be spared. Some of these kapu
that governed the common people included
not being allowed to walk in the footsteps of
the chiefs or to touch their possessions.
Other rules forbade commoners from eating
foods reserved for offering to the gods, and
women were not allowed to eat with the
men. The gathering of wood, seasons for

Spring/Summer 2003

fishing and the taking of animals as well as the hula were also controlled under the kapu system. Other features at the park are lokos (ancient fish ponds), hales (thatched roof structures that served as homes), heiaus and ancient rock walls. Visitors are usually provided with live demonstrations of ancient Hawaiian crafts such as the building of canoes and tikis at the park. Check at the Park's visitor center to find out about any special programs that may be happening at the park during your stay.



Punaluu Black Sand Beach



If you are actually travelling in the direction this guide has led you then you should be heading south towards the Ka'u region. If not than you obviously chose a different direction which is fine because there are not too many wrong turns in paradise unless it's late and you're hours from your hotel, with no radio stations coming in and you're about to be cut off by a river of molten lava. Don't laugh, its happened, those footprints in the lava rock didn't get placed their by someone on their way to the beach. Wherever you are on the Big Island right now that's fine you've probably learned to improvise in the use of this guide. Congratulations you're brain is still functioning even though you're on vacation in Hawaii.

The actual place where Polynesians first stepped foot in Hawaii will always remain a mystery, but it was probably somewhere near the southern tip of the Big Island. This area seems like a probable place because their approach would have been from the south, where all of Polynesia lay. When sailing north, the Big Island would be the first island they would have seen, and South Point would have been the nearest landfall. Aside from the logic of such a choice, there is archaeological evidence supporting the supposition of a landing near Ka Lae, as the Hawaiians call the most southern tip of the island of Hawaii. Excavation of lava tubes, that were used as shelters, near Kailikii and Waiahukuni, villages four miles northwest of the Ka Lae. indicate people were using them by A.D.750. There is other evidence that indicates people first were in the area as early as A.D. 200.

The cliff near South Point Park is a common mooring place for modern day fishermen who find these waters a rich resource. From the precipice the drop is about forty feet to the ocean's surface, but the cliff base goes down another thirty feet below the surface of the water. Ladders. hung to make access to the boats easier. swing freely in the air just above the sea. The cliff is deeply undercut. In the heat of the day the water looks inviting. It is so clear the bottom can be seen plainly. For some there might be a temptation to leap into the cool water, and climb back up the ladder. It looks inviting, but don't do it. A swift current runs along the shore. The flow will carry anyone in the water straight out to sea. It is called the Halaea Current, named for a chief who was carried off to his death.

One of South Point's most famous scenic spots is Mahana Beach, also called Green Sands Beach because it has a distinctive golden green color. "The grains of green sand are olivine (or call it peridot if you wish although not much of the sand is truly of gem quality), a common mineral in much of the Hawaiian basalt, and as the basalt undergoes weathering the olivine becomes concentrated on this beach due partly to its high specific gravity." (They are apparent as green flecks in the raw lava stones used to build the columns and walls of the Jagger



Fireside at Kilauea Lodge, a very memorable Volcano dining spot.

Museum at Kilauea's Volcano National Park.) As lava reached the coast, erosional forces, and the specific gravity of the stones, perhaps are responsible for the accumulation of such a large quantity of the granules that produced the green sand beach.

Up the coast from South Point's main hub of activity, Naalehu town, and heading towards Volcanoes National Park you will pass by Punalu'u black sand beach and later a sign marking a road to Pahala. The short drive to Pahala is worth the excursion. In it are the not so active remains of the old Pahala Theater as well as a community that is now supported by macadamia nut farming as well as scores of small family owned coffee farms now springing up in the plush hillsides. Although the sugar industry is no longer operating there many of the homes in the village date back to the early 20th century including the two story plantation manager's home which is now a museum and is open to the public for viewing. Pahala is a great place to gain

Romantic Rooms and Cottages
Fabulous Fireside Dining Nightly
5:30 - 9:00 p.m.

KILAUEA LODGE

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National Park

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HAWAH ISLAND ~ (808) 967-7366

perspective into what life was like on a sugar plantation a hundred years ago. Take time to also drive into the lush tropical **Wood Valley** and past a **Buddhist temple** also located near Pahala. Ask for specific directions to those sights at the local general supermarket, there is only one.

VOLCANO HAWAII

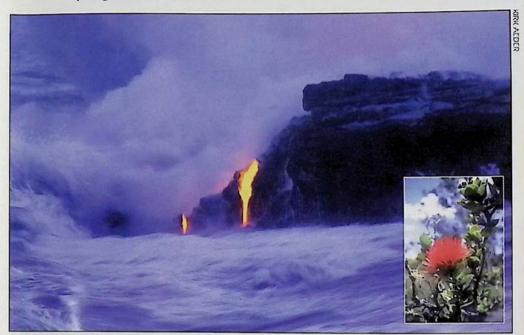
Welcome to Madame Pele's dwelling. She is goddess of the volcano.

Volcanoes National Park has one entrance,



The nene (Hawaiian goose) is a popular inhabitant at Volcanoes National Park

off Route 11, 30 miles south from Hilo or 95 miles east from Kona. The park is open 24 hours a day all year round and requires a \$10.00 entrance fee per vehicle which is valid for 7 consecutive days. The hiker/ bicyclist/bus passenger fee for people over 16 and under 62 is \$5.00. When you enter the park during daytime hours you will receive a park brochure at the entrance station. If you enter the park after hours you may pick up the brochure at the Kilauea Visitor Center which is located a quarter mile from the entrance on Crater Rim Drive. The visitor center is open from 7:45 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. daily. Visitors are encouraged to take the time to carefully read the park regulations and guidelines. The volcano fumes that exist in the park may create a health hazard for pregnant women, infants and people with heart or respiratory problems. People at risk should avoid stopping at the Sulphur Banks,



As if matching the fiery color of a lava entry at sunset the ohia blossom spakles in the mid-day sun making the landscape at Volcanoes National Park a very diverse environment.

Halema'uma'u Crater and other areas where volcanic fumes are present.

Overnight trips in the park require a backcountry permit that can be obtained at no charge at the Kilauea Visitor Center.

Once inside the park enjoy the 25-minute movie on eruptions shown hourly at the visitor's center. Other attractions are the

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Historic mountain lodge with popular restaurant rated TOP TABLES HAWAII. Romantic rooms and cottages. Fireplaces, colorful comforters, original local art. Common Room with VCR,

games, library, fireplaces. Ohia forest with native birds. Full breakfast included. Rates \$115-155.



Thomas A. Jaggar Museum three miles inside the park along Crater Rim Drive, The Volcano House, Thurston Lava Tube and scenic vistas. Depending on the timing of your visit you might have a chance to see the volcano erupting. A 45 minute drive to the end of Chain of Craters Road and a short hike will get you to the most recent lava flow area. The new coastline is unstable and can collapse into the sea at anytime without warning. Obey all park signs. Do not enter any closed areas! The park also offers many other hiking opportunities which are mapped out in the park brochure.

A reminder to drive slowly and carefully while touring the park as it will help to protect Hawaii's endangered state bird, the **nene**.

PUNA and PAHOA

For visitors who want to experience the true feeling of old Hawaii, Pahoa village holds the key to this untouched past. First a

continued on page 18

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

March 1- April 13

Exhibit of Artist Michael & Misato Mortara

Gallery for the exhibit of blown glass at Volcano Art Center 9am-5pm daily 808-967-7565

March 14-16

4th Annual Tahiti Fete of Hilo

Dazzling performances of Tahitian and Polynesian dance and music companies from all over Hawaii, the mainland USA, Japan, Tahiti and Mexico. Polynesian craft vendors and local foods as well. near the airport, Hilo www.tahitifete.com 808-935-3002

March 16

Music Present Perfect

Concert of melodic music of our time features the Kona Symphony Orchestra conducted by Maestro Ken Staton. Aloha Theatre, Kainaliu, 3pm 808-322-2323

March 18

Reeftalk: Are Taape and Roi to Blame?

Dr. Bill Walsh of the Division of Aquatic Resources (DAR) will present the latest scientific information on the impacts of taape and roi on our reef communities. 6:30pm to 8:30pm at the Thelma Parker Memorial Library at Waimea School in Kamuela 808-329-2861

March 20-23

Hilo Orchid Society 51st Annual Show and Sale

400 registrants from around the world are expected! Edith Kanaka`ole Stadium, Hilo 808-966-6936

March 21

La Guitar Quartet

Recognized as one of America's premier instrumental ensembles! 8pm, Kahilu Theatre, Waimea 808-885-6868

March 29

11th Annual Dance Concert

Featuring Big Island choreographers and dancers. 7:30pm, Kilauea Theater in Hawaii Volcano National Park 808-967-8222

March 30

Abstracting the Essence

Explore the potentials, memories and landscapes within your body as you learn to let go of your conscious mind and move your body within. 9:30am to 12:30pm, Volcano Art Center 808-967-8222

April 11-12

Pua Plantasia

Friday evening gala dinner with local-style entertainment, live and silent auctions. Saturday, free and open to the public plant sale, educational seminars and entertainment plus food. Ohana Keauhou Beach Resort 808-329-7286

April 11-19

UHH Musical "A Little Night Music"

One of Broadway's most neglected masterpieces! 7:30pm, University of Hawaii Hilo Theatre 808-974-7310

April 20-26

The Merrie Monarch Festival

A week-long festival of cultural events including Hawaii's most prestigious hula competition at Edith Kanaka`ole Stadium, Hilo 808-961-5797 or 808-935-9168

April 26-27

9th Annual Scholarship Rodeo

Held at the Panaewa Equestrian Center in Hilo. Proceeds benefit Hawaii Island students of Portuguese ancestry. 808-974-4250

May 3

American Folksongs and Spirituals

A choral concert with Volcano Festival Chorus, Kilauea Theater, Volcano 808-967-8222

March 17

Pu`ukohala Heiau National Historic Site Cultural Day

Features workshops and craft demonstrations such as lei making, traditional pohaku (stone) work, coconut frond plaiting, woodcarving, lauhala weaving and more.

Free event 808-882-7218 ext. 23

March 25

Keauhou-Kona Triathlon

20th annual! The event attracts athletes from over 21 countries competing to qualify for the ironman World Championship. 808-329-0601

May 31

The 2003 Na Mea Hawaii Hula Kahiko Performance

See traditional hula performed outdoors in a natural setting overlooking Kilauea Crater in Hawai'i Volcanoes Natl. Park. Hawaiian arts and crafts demonstrations. 808-967-8222

June 7

The Brothers Cazimero in Concert

Roland and Robert Cazimero have played a major role in defining what makes up the genre of contemporary Hawaiian music. 7pm, Kahilu Theatre, Waimea 808-885-6868

June 14-15 Waikii Music Festival

Featuring the best in Hawaiian entertainment. All day event including live music, crafters, food booths and children games. Held at the polo grounds of Waikii Ranch on the slopes of Mauna Kea. 808-883-2077

June 26-28 Dolphin Days 2003

Three days of food, music and fun capped off by the Great Waikoloa Food, Wine and Music Festival. 808-886-1234

July 14-18

Cities on Volcanoes III, International Volcanology Meeting

International volcanology meeting of the IAVCEI (International Association of Volcanology and Chemistry of the Earth's Interior) Hilo 808-956-2561

July 26

Kilauea Volcano Wilderness Runs

21st Annual! Marathon, 10 mile, 5 mile walk and run, Volcanoes National Park 808-985-8725

July 31

Hawaiian Flag Day

15th anniversary observance of "La Hae Hawaii" or Hawaiian Flag Day to be observed at Puukohola Heiau National Historic Site. Cultural event to be held from 9am to 1pm 808-882-7218

"DISCOVER COFFEES FROM HAWAII"

Hawaii Coffee Association 8th Annual Conference & Trade Show Sheraton Molokai July 25th - 27th

A unique experience is in store for the participants in the 2003 Hawaii Coffee Association Annual Conference.

For the 1st time the "friendly isle" of Molokai will host the 8th Annual HCA Conference in a unique beachfront setting at the Sheraton's Kaupoa Beach village.

Accommodations will range from the tentalow bungalows at the beach for the relaxed beachside experience - To the deluxe Hawaiian ranch style accommodations at the Sheraton Lodge.

The Kaupoa Beach Village consists of 40 tentalow platforms each supporting 2 canvas bungalows. Each bungalow features ceiling fans, solar powered lights, hot water shower, wooden footlockers, ice chest, and spacious wooden lanai.

The Lodge has all the amenities, including cable TV, phone, coffee makers, sauna, exercise room and a wonderful fine dining restaurant.

Explore Molokai's untouched beauty. Take a bike ride and enjoy the spectacular views, stroll the untouched beaches, take a mule ride down the cliffs to Kalapapa, or just sit back and enjoy an incredible sunset and a great cup of coffee!

Molokai coffee will feature its fine coffees and conduct farm tours and mill tours, as well as hosting a Saturday night reception. The conference will feature workshops, speaker sessions, tradeshow, and lots of great Hawaiian coffee! All grown, roasted, brewed with Aloha!

"Discover Coffees from Hawaii"; experience the tropical paradise these coffees call Home.

For conference updates, schedules and registration information go to www.hawaiicoffeeassoc.org

"THE CLIMATE IS SIMPLY DELICIOUS" YUM!

Story by Kam

Mark Twain wrote, "If you don't like the weather in New England, just wait a few minutes." I say, "If you don't like the weather in Kona, just drive to some other part of the island." Hawaii is a marvel of nature. The weather is diverse, covering ten of the fifteen types of climates. Among them are tropical, moonsoonal, desert, and periglacial.

Big Island has the most diverse climate of all the islands. The factors that play into Hawaii's climate are latitude, the surrounding ocean, location relative to storm tracks, and the mountainous terrain. The diverse climate contributes to a collection of many micro-environments, possessing unique weather, plants and animals. A long day's drive can take you through tropical rainforests, cool alpine regions, stony deserts and sunny beaches. Because Hawaii is within the tropics, the length of day throughout the year is about the same. The longest day is just over 13 hours and the shortest is 11 hours.

Jack London wrote, "Hawaii is a Paradise...." The weather is lovely almost every day of the year. There are few days without some sunshine. High altitudes may be misty. Coastal areas are consistently warm, warmest on the leeward side where there is protection from the winds.

There are two seasons in Hawaii: summer (Kau in Hawaiian) from May to October and winter (Ho'oilo) from November to April. You know it is summer if the mango trees are laden with fruit and the white ginger fragrance fills the air. Surfers live for the big waves of the winter. Summer tends to be drier and winter to be rainier. The prevailing winds move from east to west and the volcanic mountains trap the moist air from the Pacific. As a result the windward sides

(east and north) are cooler and wetter; the leeward sides (west and south) are warmer and drier. On the leeward side of the Big Island there are places which may only get five or six inches of rain a year.

Kailua-Kona is almost always sunny. The range of temperatures for February is 60 degrees to 80 degrees. In August you can expect temperatures between 69 degrees and 87 degrees. The humidity ranges from 50 to 80 per cent. Balmy breezes keep it comfortable. Occasionally, about 10 percent of the time, Kona winds come out of the south and west to bring stillness or warm, sticky air. (Kona is a Polynesian word that means leeward or South.) Kona and Kohala often experience clear mornings and afternoon clouds. Kona is protected from the tradewinds by Hualalai, which gets most of the rain. Kohala is the driest part of the island with an average of 10" a year. While there is an abundance of sunshine, the drawback is the strong afternoon breezes heated by the extensive lava fields.

Hilo, on the windward side, is the wettest city in the United States and may average over 100" of rain a year. A record of 153.93" was set in 1971. The National Weather Service reported that Hilo had the most rainfall for a 24 hour period in February of 1979. Would you believe 22.3"? The good news is that most of the rain falls at night.

Daytime showers may be intense but are also short lived. The ocean on this side of the island is not as clear because of the

in September. The variation between day and night is only about one to two degrees. Hawaii is more than 2000 miles from the

Sometimes it even snows at the summit of Mauna Kea (13792 ft.) While you would be able to ski, don't look for a lodge or lifts.

amount of run-off, but here you will find plant heaven and breathtaking waterfalls.

Hawaii has a tropical climate and it is almost always raining somewhere on one of the islands, but often if you wait a short while the sun will come out and a rainbow will appear. Two ingredients are needed for rainbows: showers and sunshine. Position yourself so that the sun is at your back while

you watch the falling water. Waimea has more rain than Kona. thus more opportunity for rainbows. Etheric rainbows can be seen at Rainbow Falls in Hilo: the best time for viewing is early morning when the sun has just risen. Rainbows have been the inspiration for some Hawaiian legends. Kahalaopuna is an ancient Hawaiian leaend of the beautiful girl of the rainbow, betrothed to marry a chief named Kauhi. Another legend involving rainbows was first published

in 1863 and named "The Hawaiian Romance of Laieikauai.

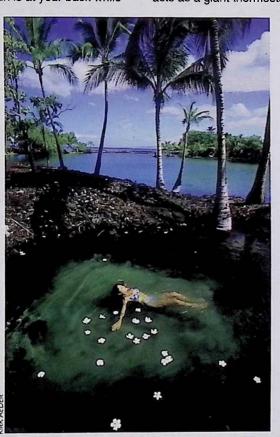
The water temperature ranges from 75 degrees in February to 82 degrees

nearest continental land mass. No matter what the source, air masses are heated on their journey across the ocean. The air mass from the Artic can be warmed as much as 100 degrees before it reaches Hawaii. The water may be colder where fresh water springs percolate from the ocean floor. The ocean supplies moisture to the air and also acts as a giant thermostat. The Kona side

has the calmest clearest water in the state and some of the best beaches in the United States. Generally summer waters are very gentle on all the beaches. Wave conditions are very localized, so if you don't find the surf you desire at one beach, travel to another.

The temperatures on the top of Mauna Kea are rarely below 30 degrees or above 50 degrees, but the wind chill factor can bring the temperature to below zero at the summit. The summit of Mauna

Loa is about 10 degrees warmer. There is a noticeable difference between the morning and evening temperatures at high altitudes. Upcountry residents might be able to spend



Christmas Eve gathered around the fireplace. Sometimes it even snows at the summit of Mauna Kea (13792 ft.) While you would be able to ski, don't look for a lodge or lifts.

Weather problems are an exception to the rule in Hawaii, but occasionally tsunamis, large tidal waves caused by far-off earthquakes, hit the island. In 1946 and 1960 tsunamis devastated small areas of the Big Island. During the winter of 1997-1998, El Nino caused a severe drought. While severe storms are uncommon, they do hit land in the Central Pacific about every eight to ten years. Hurricane Iniki hit the island of Kauai in 1992, Calculate.

Only in Hawaii are you able to experience vog. Does that look like fog influenced by a volcano? Vog is created when the sulfur dioxide gas emissions of the Kilauea volcano react chemically with sunlight, oxygen, dust particles and water in the air. It produces a hazy atmosphere that locals view as only an inconvenience. Daytime onshore breezes and nighttime off shore breezes rake the vog back and forth across Kona. Visitors to the Big Island who suffer from chronic diseases such as emphysema and asthma should consult with their doctors before visiting.

And Mark Twain sums it up, "The climate is simply delicious -- never cold at the sea level, and never really too warm, for you are at the half-way house -- that is, twenty degrees above the equator. But then you may order your own climate, for this reason: the eight inhabited islands are merely mountains that lift themselves out of the sea -- a group of bells, if you please, with some (but not very much) "flare" at their basis. You get the idea? Well, you take a thermometer, and mark on it where you want the mercury to stand permanently forever (with not more than 12 degrees variation) Winter and Summer. If 82 in the shade is your figure (with the privilege of going down or up 5 or 6 degrees at long intervals), you build your house down on the "flare" -- the sloping or level ground by the seashore -and you have the deadest surest thing in the

world on that temperature. And such is the climate of Honolulu, the capital of the kingdom. If you mark 70 as your mean temperature, you build your house on any mountain side. 400 or 500 feet above sea level. If you mark 55 or 60, go 1,500 feet higher. If you mark for Wintry weather, go on climbing and watching your mercury. If you want snow and ice forever and ever, and zero and below, build on the summit of Mauna Kea, 16,000 feet up in the air, If you must have hot weather, you should build at Lahaina, where they do not hang the thermometer on a nail because the solder might melt and the instrument get broken; or you should build in the crater of Kilauea which would be the same as going home before your time. You cannot find as much climate bunched together anywhere in the world as you can in the Sandwich Islands. You may stand on the summit of Mauna Kea, in the midst of snowbanks that were there before Capt. Cook was born, maybe, and while you shiver in your furs you may cast your eye down the sweep of the mountain side and tell exactly where the frigid zone ends and vegetable life begins; a stunted and tormented growth of trees shades down into a taller and freer species, and that in turn, into the full foliage and varied tints of the temperate zone; further down, the mere ordinary green tone of a forest washes over the edges of a broad bar of orange trees that embraces the mountain like a belt, and is so deep and dark a green that distance makes it black; and still further down, your eye rests upon the levels of the seashore, where the sugar-cane is scorching in the sun, and the feathery cocoa-palm glassing itself in the tropical waves; and where you know the sinful natives are lolling about in utter nakedness and never knowing or caring that you and your snow and your chattering teeth are so close by. So you perceive, you can look down upon all the climates of the earth. and note the kinds and colors of all the vegetations, just with a glance of the eye -and this glance only travels about three miles as the bird flies, too,"

Kona Coffee at its Best

Let the Coffee Trees do the Talking



If planted and cared for properly a coffee orchard can produce an average of 21 pounds of coffee cherry per tree after only 2 years of growth! The industry average is only 7 pounds of coffee per tree.

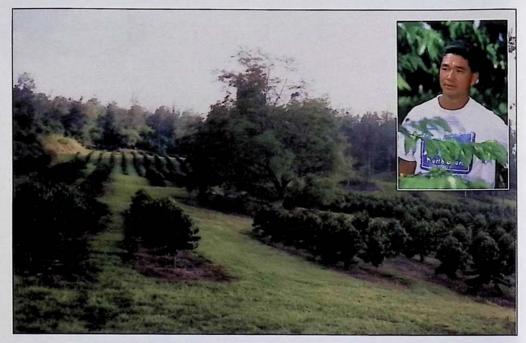
When you can have great tasting coffee, and a high quality, high yielding, efficient, picturesque Kona coffee orchard why do some settle for less? If done right your farm will bear shiny, dark green, super healthy, eight foot tall Kona coffee trees laden with 10 to 12 pounds of cherry in just one year of growth. By the second year these same trees can reach loads of 20 to 30 pounds of cherry. An added bonus of a healthy and properly planted orchard is that 70 percent of this coffee will yield a high grade of either Fancy or Extra Fancy beans!

Coffee trees when given the right care should live to be more than 100 years old and produce generous amounts of coffee all the way from the

first year through its nearly century of growth.

The industry average for coffee production per tree after five to seven years of growth is only 7 pounds of cherry. Why settle for such low numbers when you can achieve nearly 21 pounds per tree after two years? That's like having one acre produce what the industry average produces in three acres of land.

A guess work approach to growing coffee will result in costly errors over the life of the orchard. Correct care starts even before the first tree is planted. Agriculture and horticulture is a science. Installing and caring for a coffee orchard requires proven techniques in care, nutrition, pruning and



Above: Trees can reach the height of 7 feet within the first 10 months of growth. Expert coffee grower emphasizes proper nutrition and correct orchard maintenance to achieve maximum yields. Below: After one and a half years these flowering 11 foot trees will produce nearly 30 pounds of coffee cherry in the coming fall.

several other factors. Cutting corners during installation and care results in higher costs and poor tree performance in the long run.

What makes the difference

between a high yielding orchard and a low one you ask. The simple answer is seeking out the proper advice and counseling to assure you of a finely-tuned program, proper foundation work, and time tested techniques researched and developed by Agriculture specialist, George Yasuda of Tiare Lani Coffee, Inc. George can be reached at 808-324-1495 or through email at:

tiarelc@gte.net. Come take a drive with George to experience first hand what a high quality, high yielding orchard looks like and be a part of Kona coffee at its best!





The Time Land Coffee IV Tiare Lani Coffee Inc. helps you create beautiful award-winning, parklike orchards with premium-quality, high producing healthy Kona coffee trees. Our cutting-edge knowledge can save you time and increase productivity. Let

us help you develop your farm into a top producer

of high-quality Kona coffee today.



- Steady long record of showcase, parklike orchards
- **Eco-friendly programs**
- More high-quality beans quicker (Great tasting, bigger beans quicker)
- Proven track history of quality and performance
- Family owned small business
- Two (2) generations of cutting edge experience and research (George Yasuda—Leading Consultant/Manager)
- No quesswork, proven methods

For the Kona coffee consumer we also offer top-quality Tiare Lani 100% Kona coffee—Taste the difference!



Extra fancy cherries dwarfing the flowers- the Tiare Lani Coffee Way

6 month-old trees- the Tiare Lani Coffee Way

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2 yr-old trees with 6' laterals full of high quality cherry- the Tiare Lani Coffee Way



Puna plays host to many flower farms. The climate and weather in this district are perfect for growing tropicals.

rugged sawmill town then a sugar town and also a crossroad on the old railroad, **Main**Street Pahoa has maintained its western style storefronts and wood boardwalks in a charming turn of the century Victorian style.

Quaint shops from surf, to curio and restaurants that span the flavors of the globe from Thailand, to Mexico, and Italy, make Pahoa Village one of the most pleasurable shopping and dining stops on the Big Island. Every restaurant in Pahoa is owner operated, guaranteeing diners a personable meal. Lodging in Pahoa is alternative as well. The historic Village Inn. built in 1910, housed some of Puna's earliest travellers and still operates today. The rooms are clean and spacious with vintage Victorian decor. Call ahead to any of the friendly shops to learn of any special events scheduled during your visit. Pahoa has the reputation of holding some lively and entertaining performances both on its Main

Street and at the **Akebono Theater**, Hawaii's oldest theater.

The countryside surrounding Pahoa is filled with natural wonders like the Lava Tree State Park, steam vents, groves of papaya trees and black sand beaches along the rugged Puna coast. From the bays at Isaac Hale Beach Park to the area of Puna once known as Kalapana the coastal road, Route 137, winds through untouched pine forests, open pastures and dense tropical foliage. While traveling on 137 you will also pass seaside pools and quiet fishing spots perfect for picnicking or a relaxing snooze. It's no wonder that many tour guides around the Big Island tout Puna as the most scenic and rural area of the Big Island. Visitors are warned however that a prolonged stay in this Aloha time capsule may make leaving a very difficult task.

HILO & EAST HAWAII

On your trek to Hilo, take a right on Kamehameha Highway at the Intersection of Pau'ahi and Kamehameha Highway. If you look to the right just passed the Chevron gas station on the corner of Pau'ahi and Kamehameha Highway you will see a statue of KAMEHAMEHA THE GREAT. Nestled amongst royal palms and behind the statue is Wailoa with its winding waterways and a fishing pond. If Kamehameha's birthplace is Kohala, then why is there a Statue in Hilo? With Kamehameha statues in Honolulu, Washington D.C., and one in



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Kohala to mark his birthplace only a few people know that this statue in Hilo stands on his father's land.

When you talk about the old Hawaii, at least the one that hasn't been touched as much today by the long arms of commercialization and development, you cannot help but mention the East Coast on the Big Island. At the center of all this is old town Hilo. Hawaii's second largest city is seeing a revitalization of spirit thanks to the effort of the Downtown Hilo Organization who is busy restoring and preserving the storefronts of this yesterday town. Aiding this effort are the wealth of new businesses occupying Hilo's old buildings.

Adding to this old Hawaii feeling is the daily Suisan Fish Market Auction and the Hilo Farmer's Market which is held every Wednesday and Saturday in Downtown Hilo. It's fun while walking around to think about what the city was actually like around the early 1900's.

An easy to find waterfall is



Hula dancers at Hilo's annual Merrie Monarch Festival

Rainbow Falls which is located inland along the Wailuku River at the north end of town. Follow the road running alongside the river to the Park where you won't have to walk far to see one of the area's most frequented sights. If you're lucky you will catch sight of a rainbow at the falls.

After leaving Hilo you don't want to miss the drive north to Waipio Valley which takes you over scenic gorges that were once crossed by cane hauling trains in the heyday

Historic S. Hata Bldg 969-6640





Quiet days of old along the Hamakua Coast. The Laupahoehoe Train Museum and the still active Ninole Post Office.

of sugar cane production. The plummeting waterfalls and river mouths under the extensive bridge systems leading north up the Hilo Coast are definitely an awesome sight. On this drive north is Onomea Bay located along a 4 mile coastal scenic route. The lush ravines and botanical gardens are brilliantly picturesque along this coastal road and are well worth the detour.

Akaka Falls State Park and the village of Honomu can be reached by taking Hwy. 220 off of the main route, Hwy. 19 north. Once you reach the Park a short paved hike will take you past a network of smaller waterfalls and colorful tropical foliage to the plummeting Akaka Falls. Its accessibility and grand size make Akaka Falls a popular stop along this eastern coast. The historic town of Honomu boasts many old storefronts from the days when sugar was king. The drive and hike to Akaka Falls will only take you out of the way for an hour but you might just find yourself passing more time over an ice cream and a pleasant cool breeze in the guiet town of Honomu.

HONOKAA-HAMAKUA

In the old days, during the earlier part of the twentieth century, it was quite a trip to cross the deep coastal ravines before reaching the town of Honokaa, which was the third largest city in the territory of Hawaii. From Hilo, vacationers and soldiers on leave from Uncle Sam's army would travel up the Hamakua and Hilo coast to Honokaa where night life was king. A dance hall was even built above the Botelho building, the first car dealership in the town. That building now hosts a curio and antique shop but one can easily imagine what an average Friday night looked like at the Bohelho in the 1940's.

As Hawaii's old theaters are once again becoming popular, the citizens of Honokaa enjoy their own historic **People's Theater**. The doors of the theater are opened for feature films every Friday, Saturday and Sunday evening. If you decide going to a movie is not what you wanted to

do on your Hawaiian vacation go for the feeling of nostalgia which is definetely present once you've found your seat inside the huge old movie hall.

Outside of Honokaa town heading north to Waipio Valley the landscape changes dramatically. A series of deeply cut valleys edge the coastline all the way to Pololu Valley, the tip of the North Kohala region. No roads exist here only rough trails leading up and down the valley rifts which should not be traveled by inexperienced hikers. The hike to Pololu Valley from Waipio takes even the most experienced hiker several days to complete.

Legend has it that it was in Waipio Valley, "the land of the falling water", that the great King Kamehameha, as a young boy, received his leadership training and first learned to surf. Today, family ohanas, "houses", still dot the landscape which is separated by a river that leads into the open sea. Local farmers and their families continue to make their way of life from farming taro and fishing off the sandy shores of this peaceful and remote valley floor.

Outside of Waipio Valley and Honokaa town are other early and small settlements of the Hamakua region such as Paauilo, Kukuihaele and Laupahoehoe. These towns are all filled with a rich and local culture that happily survives in this region of the Big Island.

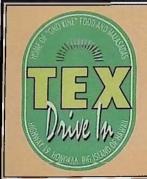
WAIMEA



Snow capped Mauna Kea

Between snow capped Mauna Kea and the Kohala mountains the green hillsides of North Kohala roll along under wispy white clouds, and afternoon rainbows that frequently stream their way from the skies above Waimea. Inside this landscape herds of grazing cattle can be seen meandering their way through sloping pastures filled with cactus and dry underbrush as Hawaiian cowboys called paniolos still ride horseback and work the ranges.

Ranching began in this region of the Big Island after King Kamehameha appointed, in 1815, a young seaman named **John Parker** to hunt and shoot the herds of wild cattle whose population had grown uncontrollably since their introduction to Hawaii in 1793. Parker, who accomplished his mission, managed to domesticate a herd of his own before marrying a Hawaiian chiefess. The marriage helped Parker to acquire the land that would later be used to found his 250,000 acre ranch in 1847. Today's existence of Parker Ranch as one of the largest ranches in the United States



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Pololulu Valley looking south to Waipio Valley

gives the outsider an idea of the magnitude of its size.

Today, the town of **Kamuela**, more often referred to after its district name Waimea, is a town that still surrounds itself with a ranching life-style. The brightly colored Victorian houses and shops, tidy yards filled with flowers and skeleton remains of wagons and wheels gives visitors the opportunity to see yet another sphere of the diversity of cultures that exist in Hawaii.

NORTH KOHALA

TO VOVO VOVO

Following highway 270 north visitors will encounter a landscape filled with historical landmarks that include the original King Kamehameha statue, Kalahikiola Church, and Mo'okini Heiau which is regarded as the oldest pre-Western contact temple of worship. In the year 1758 King Kamehameha was believed to have been born at Mo'okini. Also to be found in the North Kohala region are the remnants of a once thriving sugar industry of the 1880's which is still visible in the many old storefronts of Hawi & Kapaau towns.

When you're done visiting the towns of Hawi and Kapa'au, Highway 270 will lead you through North Kohala's fertile pasture lands, dense forests, and ultimately to **Pololu Valley**, which offers one of the best scenic view lookouts on the island. If the road were to continue on past Pololu Valley you would eventually end up at Waipio Valley at the northern end of the

Hamakua coast. Separating these two valleys are several other magnificent valleys accessible only by foot or horse. If you plan to hike beyond Pololu be prepared for a long trek and bring plenty of water and supplies. The trails are narrow steep and slippery and should not be hiked by amateur trailsmen. While driving along the coastline of North Kohala remember that if the skies are clear you may be able to catch a view of the island of Maui looming on the other side of the Alenuihaha channel, which separates Maui from the Big Island. Between the months of

December and April visitors are almost guaranteed a humpback whale sighting off the coast of North Kohala. This region of the Big Island is a particularly favorite spot for our migrating friends from the north.



King Kamehameha statue in Kapaau

Come and enjoy this peaceful region of Hawaii. You will be amazed at the ancient and modern wonders it has in store for you.

KOHALA COAST

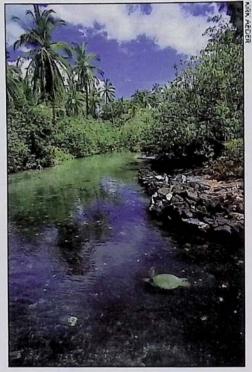
Almost always under bright sunny skies the Golden Kohala Coast of the Big Island of Hawaii has for years been the tropical playground of not only ancient Hawaiian royalty but contemporary vacationers from around the world. The Kohala coast which hosts many important historical sights is also home to one of America's most highly rated public beaches, Hapuna Beach State Recreation Area. Hapuna's long white sand beach, rolling surf, clear skies, and accessi-

bility make it a popular destination for many island guests. Among the ebony lava fields that comprise the Kohala Coast landscape are several world renown championship golf courses. From the air or from a distance the green fairways that blanket this rugged terrain soften its landscape. And, because of the Kohala coast's perfect sunny weather the courses are rarely closed... maybe once every five years. Wild goat, donkeys and other four legged creatures roam the land freely and occasionally the Hawaiian short eared owl, the pueo, can be seen in flight.

Connecting this forty or so mile coastline is the ancient **King's Trail** which was travelled by the ruling ali i as well as malo-clad runners who were responsible for transporting pond raised fish wrapped in ti leaves to the tables of Hawaiian royalty living down the coast in Kailua-Kona. The King's trail passes through not only the several resort properties but Pu'ukohola Heiau and scores of petroglyph fields.

Pu'ukohola was the last Hawaiian temple built during King Kamehameha's reign of power. It was said that if Pu'ukohola was built to honor the war god Kuka`ilimoku, Kamehameha would be granted the power to conquer and unite the islands of Hawaii under one kingdom. After the temple's completion, Kamehameha did go on to unite the islands of Hawaii, but only after several bloody battles had been waged on outer islands. Today, the heiau which was the last human sacrificial site in Hawaii is preserved by the National Park service and is open daily to the public.

The extensive petroglyph fields that are found all along the King's trail hosts its most popular spot near the King's Shops on Waikoloa Beach drive. Follow the signs along a short trail that direct you to the petroglyphs. Keep in mind that the preservation of these field depends on people staying on the trail while viewing these ancient rock carvings. And it should be added that this petroglyph field runs along side

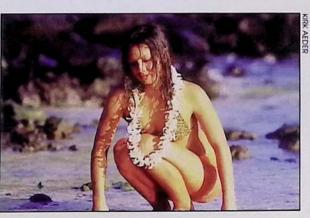


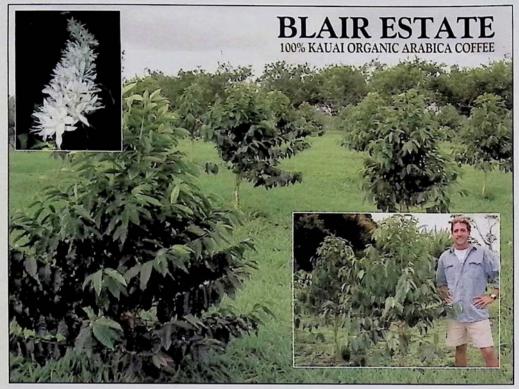
Turtle swims at Kiholo along the Kohala coast

the golf course so keeping a third eye out for flying golf balls would not hurt. Enjoy it all while you wine, dine, and are treated like royalty on the Kohala coast.

Well... that's our Island. Perhaps the best part of this tour is that you most likely ended up where you began... which is the best place to start your tour again.

Aloooooooha!! ~ Les





EAST MEETS WEST on this Organic Coffee Farm in Kauai

by Les Drent

When I realize that the last 13 years of my life has been spent on an island in the Pacific far from the roots of my New England upbringing I suppose it's only natural to look around and reflect on the past, present and future of this journey. Couple this with 10 years of running a coffee and publishing business here in Hawaii and I start to realize that my roots here in the islands have grown deep into my soul.

Nearly two years ago I made the decision to attach myself permanently to the aina (land) on the island of Kauai and pioneer a new frontier in coffee farming. The choice to settle in Kauai and raise organic coffee while running my Coffee Times 100% Kona coffee roasting business has comple-

mented an already fantastic way of life.

Coffee production in Kona continues to soar to new heights and the hundreds of farms now existing there produce, hands down, the finest coffee known to man! Realizing this I felt it was time to explore a new opportunity and new taste in Hawaiian coffee.

Choosing the island of Kauai to seek out this dream was actually quite simple as some places and people in life just speak directly to your heart. The last place to have such an impact was a small village in northern Vermont called Stowe, a tiny but lively New England ski village where it seems everyone knows everyone else... and even the newcomers feel right at home. While I sometimes catch myself dreaming of return-





ing to that place I know my heart is truly matched with Kauai and without this island my life simply wouldn't be the same.

So rather than trying to keep the luring of this past in check I found it easier to surround myself with a part of New England here in Kauai by building a little bit of that world into the life I'm living now.

With the help of some talented and special friends this will all be possible as the summer of 2003 will be spent constructing a Yankee style post and beam barn on a coffee farm in Hawaii. Doubling as a residence this utilitarian structure will serve as destination point for coffee lovers throughout the world. The visitor center and retail shop will feature on sight

coffee roasting, milling demonstrations, orchard tours and a full coffee bar where visitors will be able to taste not only organic coffee from the farm but 100% Kona and other island coffees as well.

With the help of family and friends this effort should culminate with a grand opening by Christmas. At that point the first planting of coffee trees will reach two years of age and the Fall of 2004 is expected to bring the first bountiful harvest at Blair Estate organic coffee farm. To stay up to date

with the progress being made at the farm everyone is welcome to visit the farm's web site at. I'll do my best to keep the pictures rolling throughout the summer

as the doors will soon be open for your next visit to Hawaii!



Photos: Left facing page shows yours truly amidst the first organic coffee plantings at Blair Estate Coffee Farm in Kauai. After 15 months of growth a late winter flowering will bring coffee in the fall of 2003. This page above left: design work stopped on this day as two feet of fresh fell across Vermont. Les (left), David (center), and Kim (right) head for the trees in Stowe. Middle: A computer assisted design rendering of the future visitor center at Blair Estate. Top right: Meeting of the minds come together in Stowe as plans are drawn for the building project. Left to right: Jane, Abigail and Kim Brown (architect), Les Drent (owner of LBD Coffee), Ian Andersen and Scott Dorwart (master carpenter and lead builder).

100% PURE KONA COFFEE

The Finest Coffee in the World!



rown since 1828 Kona Coffee is widely acclaimed as the world's finest. Along with a perfect growing environment the entire Kona coffee crop is still hand picked and sun dried. This extremely labor intensive process by independent farming families has greatly contributed to the gourmet reputation of Kona coffee. In 1866 Mark Twain stated, in his "Letters From Hawaii", "Kona coffee has a richer flavor than any other, be it grown where it may and call it by what name you please." What sets Coffee Times Kona coffee apart is that we personally roast and ship your coffee to order only. And we have found that this personal service makes all the difference in the world. We invite you to give us a try and become a member of our coffee loving family of customers.

Today, coffee pickers from Mexico help local farmers to hand pick the ever increasing Kona coffee crop. Miguel A. Meza Mozqueda is pictured here.

ALL COFFEE IS FRESH ROASTED TO ORDER ONLY.

(please specify medium, or dark roast with each coffee ordered)

100% KONA PEABERRY

Peaberry Kona coffee offers connoisseurs one of the finest and perhaps rarest coffee beans in the world. Only an estimated 4 percent of the annual Kona coffee harvest yields a Peaberry grade of coffee. Peaberry occurs when a coffee tree is stressed in its growing environment, resulting in an individual coffee cherry producing only one round and very dense bean rather than the usual two beans. The taste of Peaberry in the cup is simply exquisite.

\$26.00 lb. \$125.00 5 lbs. \$240.00 10 lbs.

100% KONA EXTRA FANCY

The highest grade of 100% Kona coffee available. The large size and high density of these beans all contribute to an exceptional taste in the cup. This is a highly sought after bean among the world's coffee connoisseurs.

\$26.00 lb. \$125.00 5 lbs. \$240.00 10 lbs.

100% KONA FANCY

After many years of roasting, sampling and selling many different grades of 100% Pure Kona coffee the Fancy grade of Kona has proven itself time and time again to yield the finest and most consistent cup of coffee. Its clean grade, density, size, and aroma have set it apart from other Kona grades. Considered by many including this roaster to be the best whole bean coffee available in Kona.

\$25.00 lb. \$120.00 5 lbs. \$230.00 10 lbs.

100% KONA PRIME

Like all of our coffees the Kona Prime selection is a State of Hawaii Certified grade. The beans are a bit smaller in size but they still measure up to be one of the finest coffees in the world.

\$24.00 lb. \$115.00 5 lbs. \$220.00 10 lbs.

100% HAWAIIAN COFFEES

100% PURE "ESTATE RESERVE" KAUAI COFFEE

(Decaffeinated Coffee is Available)

The warm Pacific sun, rich volcanic earth and abundant mountain water of Kauai combine to create perfect conditions for growing great coffee. The consistency of this high quality coffee is the result of a carefully selected arabica bean with a mild, well balanced taste and enticing aroma. This coffee is the "best of the best" of what's grown on Kauai!

\$17.00 lb. \$80.00 5 lbs. \$150.00 10 lbs.

100% KAUAI "ESTATE RESERVE" PEABERRY

Kauai's version of the highly sought after peaberry coffee bean. Growing in popularity Kauai peaberry offers drinkers a unique twist to an already exceptional cup of coffee from Kauai. \$17.00 lb. \$80.00 5 lbs. \$150.00 10 lbs.

100% PURE "MALULANI ESTATE" MOLOKAI COFFEE

The name "Malulani" the Hawaiian word for "heavenly aroma," refers to the unique aromatic characteristics of Molokai coffee. Washed and completely sun dried this Extra Fancy (highest) grade of coffee has a mild acidity, rich body, and deep tasting finish.

EXTRA FANCY GRADE

\$18.00 lb. \$85.00 5 lbs. \$160.00 10 lbs.

100% PURE "KAANAPALI ESTATE" MAUI COFFEE

From Kaanapali Estate in Maui these are two of the finest *Coffea arabica* varietals in Hawaii: Yellow Caturra and Typica. (These are not flavored coffees) Note: Kaanapali Estate is no longer in business so these rare beans will only be in stock for as long as our supply lasts!

100% Maui Yellow Caturra

A vibrant, clean, and crisp cup of coffee. Producing beautiful spicy, tangy and elegant flavor characteristics.

\$17.00 lb. \$80.00 5 lbs. \$150.00 10 lbs.

100% Maui Typica

A traditional Hawaiian favorite. These beans produce gentle floral aromas and a smooth seductive finish.

\$17.00 lb. \$80.00 5 lbs. \$150.00 10 lbs.









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Also included are tea leaf greens plus full arranging and care instructions

ANTHURIUMS

Known world-wide as Hawaii's Love Flower the anthurium symbolizes love, luck and friendship. \$33.00 (6) \$50.00 (12) \$87.00 (24)

DENDROBIUM ORCHIDS

One of the most popular orchids here in Hawaii, the dendrobium comes in rich pinks, deep purples and sparkling whites.

\$33.00 (6) **\$50.00** (12) **\$87.00** (24)

PROTEA

These true exotics with their soft fur-like petals have the look of feathers, the softness of a velvet sea anemone and the excitement of a burst of fireworks. Proteas can also be dried and made into lasting floral arrangements.

\$52.00 (8 assorted) \$88.00 (16 assorted)

ROYAL SELECTIONS

Anthurium, Ginger, Bird of Paradise, Heliconia, Protea and Orchids combine to make these mixes extraordinary. Selections will vary depending on the season, which may be the reason they are so popular.

Princess Ka`iulani \$49.00 (10-12 stems)

Queen Lili`uokalani \$65.00 (15-17 stems)

The Makahiki Selection \$90.00 (26-28 stems)



Queen Lili`uokalani Mix



Red Kozo Hara Anthuriums



Lavender Supreme Dendrobium Orchids



Ivory Mink, Pink Mink, and White Owl Protea

LEIS

Plumeria Leis

Full of fragrance these flowers embody the tropical smell of our Hawaiian Islands.

\$47.00 (1 double or 2 single leis)

Orchid Leis

A Hawaiian tradition the orchid lei is a wonderful gift of aloha for all occasions.

\$49.00 (1 double or 2 single leis)

POTTED PLANTS

Raised exclusively on Hilo farms these potted plants have the ability to grow in any home around the world.

> Dendrobium Plant \$47.00 **Oncidium Plant** \$47.00

FRUIT

Pineapple 6 Pack Pineapple (Shipped 1/2 ripe) \$65.00 Papaya 7-9 Papaya (10 pounds shipped 1/4 ripe) \$55.00

















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Assorted Orthotricha Heliconia



Pink and Red Ginger



Bird of Paradise

100% HAWAIIAN FOODS & GIFTS



Coffee Times 100% Kona Whole Grade Macadamia nuts are grown exclusively by independent farmers in the Districts of North & South Kona. They are the finest nuts in the world.

\$13.00 lb. \$60.00 5 lbs. \$110.00 10 lbs.

Washed 100% Hawaiian Cane Sugar

Our sugar is 100% pure Hawaiian and will compliment your coffee or baked goods like no other. It is the best and most natural sweetner in the world.

\$5.00 lb. \$22.50 5 lbs. \$40.00 10 lbs. 100% Organic Hawaiian Wild Flower Honey

Our 100% Hawaiian honey is raw and unprocessed and some of the cleanest on earth and is collected from hive locations around the island of Kauai...

\$7.00 lb. **\$18.00** 3 lbs. **\$33.00** 6 lbs. **Organic Spirulina Pacifica Tablets**

Grown in Kona, Spirulina Pacifica is the world's one and only certified organically grown and processed algae. This dried water vegetable provides a remarkable combination of beta carotene, chlorophyll, B-vitamins, complete protein, GLA, and a host of enzymes and minerals. Spirulina is remarkable in that it provides more concentrated nutrition than any other whole food.

\$27.00 (400 tabs./ 1 bottle) **\$125.00** (5 bottles) **\$230.00** (10 bottles) Shipping weight is 1 pound per bottle

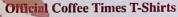
Chocolate Covered 100% Kona Macadamia Nuts

100% Kona Macadamia Nuts draped in rich gourmet dark chocolate.

\$9.00 8 oz. **\$17.00** 1 lb. **\$80.00** 5 lbs.

Chocolate Covered 100% Kona Peaberry Coffee Beans
Medium roasted 100% Kona Peaberry coffee beans draped in rich gourmet dark chocolate.

\$9.00 8 oz. \$17.00 1 lb. \$80.00 5 lbs.



Custom printed in our signature coffee brown color choose between the funny anti-Kona coffee counterfeiting cartoon or coffee label design shirts.

\$15.00 each
Official Coffee Times 10 oz Logo Mugs
\$10.00 each

Shipping weight is 1 pound per mug or shirt and be sure to select large or extra large on shirt orders.







Product



ORDER BY MAIL

Style or Roast Lbs.

Delivery Charges \$

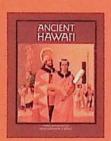
Price

\$

In U.S. please add \$9.00 for the 1st pound, \$2.00 each adtl. and \$1.00 for each additional after 5 pounds (Call for international shipping fees) GRAND TOTAL \$			
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KAMEHAMEHA ABOARD FAIR AMERICAN, Approaching Maui with his war fleet. Kamehameha converses with his English lieutenants, Isaac Davis and John Young. Painting by Herb Kawainui Kane







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