SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Superscope II

Other means of identification

F209022,25,38 Product code Recommended use Floor Stripper Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Franklin Cleaning Technology Company name

One Fuller Way **Address**

Great Bend, KS 67530

United States

(800) 810-4829 Telephone **Customer Service**

E-mail Not available.

(800) 424-9300 **Emergency phone number** CHEMTREC

> Emergency (620) 792-1711 24 hour Emergency (800) 424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Not classified. **Physical hazards**

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 4

> Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Serious eve damage/eve irritation Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with

long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when Prevention

> using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all Response

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see this label). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Material name: Superscope II SDS US Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

4.33% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
BUTOXYETHANOL		111-76-2	3 - < 5
2-AMINOETHANOL		141-43-5	1 - < 3
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER		122-99-6	1 - < 3
NONOXYNOL-9		9016-45-9	1 - < 3
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE		1310-58-3	1 - < 3
SODIUM METASILICATE		6834-92-0	1 - < 3
Other components below reportable leve	els		80 - < 90

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contactTake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may

include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an

ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical

personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

and precautions for firefighte

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

equipment/instructions
Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Components	Туре	Value	
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS 141-43-5)	PEL	6 mg/m3	
		3 ppm	
BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Components	Туре	Value	
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS 141-43-5)	STEL	6 ppm	
•	TWA	3 ppm	
BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	20 ppm	
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS 141-43-5)	STEL	15 mg/m3	
		6 ppm	
	TWA	8 mg/m3	
		3 ppm	
BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	TWA	24 mg/m3	
		5 ppm	
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)	TWA	2 mg/m3	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)	200 mg/g	Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennesse OELs: Skin designation

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Chemical respirator with

organic vapor cartridge.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash

work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Light orange.

Odor Matches to Standard

Odor thresholdNot available.pH12.8 - 13.9Melting point/freezing pointNot available.Initial boiling point and boiling212 °F (100 °C)

range

Flash point > 212.0 °F (> 100.0 °C)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper Not available.

(%)

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Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 0.00001 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Density 8.80 lbs/gal estimated
Flammability class Combustible IIIB estimated

Percent volatile 86.5 % estimated

Specific gravity 1.05 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 6.6 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reacts violently with strong acids. This product may react with oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Do not mix with other chemicals. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Acids. Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Causes digestive tract burns. Harmful if swallowed.

Inhalation Harmful if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including

blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity In high concentrations, vapors are anesthetic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and

central nervous system effects. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. May cause respiratory

irritation.

Product Species Test Results

Superscope II (CAS Mixture)

AcuteDermal

LD50 Rabbit 7829.5825 mg/kg estimated

Material name: Superscope II SDS US

Product	Species	Test Results	
Inhalation			
LC50	Mouse	17266.8965 ppm, 7 Hours estimated	
	Rat	11100.1484 ppm, 4 Hours estimated	
Oral			
LD50	Mouse	9413.3379 mg/kg estimated	
	Rat	5002.291 mg/kg estimated	

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May be harmful if absorbed through skin.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and

prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. These effects have not

been observed in humans.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityToxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Product		Species	Test Results
Superscope II (CAS Mixture)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	377.9316 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	1546.9042 mg/l, 96 hours estimated

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

2-AMINOETHANOL -1.31 BUTOXYETHANOL 0.83 ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER 1.16

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN3266 **UN number**

Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE RQ = 36275 LBS), MARINE UN proper shipping name

POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk 8 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions A6, T14, TP2, TP27

Packaging exceptions None 201 Packaging non bulk Packaging bulk 243

IATA

UN3266 **UN number**

UN proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, basic, inorganic, n.o.s. (POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** Yes **ERG Code** 8L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Allowed. Cargo aircraft only

IMDG

UN number UN3266

CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE), MARINE **UN proper shipping name**

POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 8 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards**

> Yes Marine pollutant F-A. S-B

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Material name: Superscope II SDS US

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



General information

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) Listed. ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6) Listed. POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
BUTOXYETHANOL	111-76-2	3 - < 5
ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER	122-99-6	1 - < 3

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS 141-43-5) BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2) POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS 141-43-5) BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2-AMINOETHANOL (CAS 141-43-5) BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

BUTOXYETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)

ETHYLENE GLYCOL PHENYL ETHER (CAS 122-99-6)

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 09-04-2014

 Revision date
 04-24-2015

Version # 02

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge.

information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision Information Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names

Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties Toxicological Information: Toxicological Data

Transport Information: Material Transportation Information

HazReg Data: North America

GHS: Classification