SHYN

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Version #1

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| Trade Name: | SHYN | | |
|------------------|--|----------------|------------------|
| SUPPLIER: | THE ORIGINAL CLEANING COMPANY | | |
| ADDRESS: | 2 DOWNING WAY GLEDSWOOD HILLS NSW 2557 | | |
| TELEPHONE: | 0484 843 840 | FAX: | 5 a a 5 a |
| EMERGENCY PHONE: | 13 1126 in Australia. | EMAIL: | |
| Substance: | Water based liquid | Product Use: | Liquid detergent |
| Creation Date: | July 2018 | Revision Date: | July 2023 |

| SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICA | ATION: | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Classification of the substance or | mixture | | |
| Poisons Schedule | S5 (ALKALINE SALTS) | | |
| Dangerous Goods | Not classified as Dangerous Goods | | |
| GHS Classification | Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1 | | |
| | Skin Irritation Category 2 | | |
| | Skin Sensitisation Category 1 | | |
| Label elements | | | |
| GHS label pictograms | GHS05 GHS07 | | |
| Signal word | DANGER | | |
| Hazard statement(s) | | | |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. | | |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. | | |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. | | |
| Precautionary statement(s): Gen | | | |
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. | | |
| P103 | Read label before use. | | |
| Precautionary statement(s): Prev | rention | | |
| P261 | Avoid breathing fume/ mist/ vapours/spray. | | |
| P280 | Wear eye protection/face protection and protective gloves. | | |
| P264 | Wash hands thoroughly after handling. | | |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. | | |
| Precautionary statement(s): Resp | | | |
| P305+P351+P338 | | | |
| P310 | Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. | | |
| P302 + P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. | | |
| P332 + P313 | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. | | |
| P362 | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. | | |
| P321 | Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet). | | |
| P363 | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. | | |

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Precautionary statement(s): Storage

None allocated

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.

Note

IMPORTANT

This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its concentrated form, as supplied. When diluted to 1:5 or greater they no longer apply. However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.

| Ingredients: | CAS Number: | Proportion: |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|
| trisodium nitrilotriacetate | 5064-31-3 | <1.0% w/w |
| Disodium metasilicate | 10213-79-3 | <10% w/w |
| Alcohol Ethoxylates | 68439-46-3/68439-50-9 | <10% w/w |
| Dipropylene glycol methyl ether | 34590-94-8 | <10% w/w |
| p-mentha-1,8-diene | 5989-27-5 | <10% w/w |
| Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous | various | < 10 % w/w |
| Water | 7732-18-5 | To 100 % w/w |

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), 4th edition United Nations 2011. Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

| SECTION 4 – FIRST AID I | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Inhalation | Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur. | |
| Skin contact | Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness persists. | |
| Eye contact | If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention. | |
| Ingestion | Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek immediate medical advice (e.g. doctor). | |
| Advice to Doctor | Treat symptomatically and supportively. | |
| Scheduled Poisons | Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or New Zealand 0800 764 766). | |
| First Aid Facilities | Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities. | |

| SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTI | NG MEASURES | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Fire and Explosion Hazards | Non flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual material may burn. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. | |
| Extinguishing Media | Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires. Use carbon dioxide (CO2) fire extinguisher, water fog, foam or fine water spray. | |
| Fire Fighting | Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition. | |

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Flash Point

None

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures

Occupational Release

Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures. In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water-courses. Wear appropriate protective equipment as in section 8 below to prevent skin and eye contamination. Spilt material may result in a slip hazard and should be absorbed into dry, inert material (e.g. sand, earth or vermiculite), which then can be put into appropriately labelled drums for disposal by an approved agent according to local conditions. Residual deposits will remain slippery. Wash area down with excess water. If required, neutralize with citric acid. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise the local emergency services. In the event of a large spillage notify the local environment protection authority or emergency services.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Corrosive liquid. Attacks skin and eyes. Causes burns. Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Storage

Corrosive liquid. Store in a cool dry well-ventilated area. Store away from oxidising agents and acids. Keep containers closed when not in use, securely sealed and protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Provide a catch-tank in a bunded area. Store in original packages as approved by manufacturer. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations. Protect from freezing. For information on the design of the storeroom, reference should be made to Australian Standard AS 3780 The storage and handling of corrosive substances. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits

National Occupational Exposure Limits, as published by National Occupational Health & Safety

Commission:

Time-weighted Average (TWA):

None established for product.

Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):

None established for product.

Ventilation

If the engineering controls are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of vapours/mists below

the exposure standards, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Personal Protective Equipment

Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be

available:

Eye Protection



Safety glasses with full face shield should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

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Hand Protection



Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Body Protection





Respirator

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

| Physical State | Viscous liquid | Colour | Orange |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Odour | characteristic odour | Specific Gravity | 1.032 +/- 0.005 @ 25 °C |
| Boiling Point | Approximately 100 °C | Freezing Point | Approximately 0 °C |
| Vapour Pressure | Not available | Vapour Density | Not available |
| Flash Point | Not flammable | Flammable Limits | none |
| Water Solubility | Miscible in all proportions | рН | (neat) 12.14 (5% soln) 10.86 +/- 0.5 |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) | 0 % v/v | Per Cent Volatile | Ca 80 % v/v |
| Viscosity | Not available | Odour Threshold | Not available |

| SECTION 10 – STABILITY | Traff of the Approximation of | |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Reactivity | Stable at normal temperatures and pressure. | |
| Conditions to Avoid | Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Reacts with acids. | |
| Incompatibilities | ACIDS: violent reaction can occur, yielding heat and pressure, which can burst an enclosed container. Attacks many reactive metals (aluminium/magnesium/zinc alloys) releasing highly flammable gas (hydrogen), which generates fire or explosion hazards. Reacts slowly with ambient air (particularly carbon dioxide), which may cause certain insoluble salts top form in solutions. | |
| Hazardous Decomposition | Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes. | |

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are: Inhalation Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation. Skin contact Irritating to skin - may cause skin burns, severe irritation. Corrosion will continue until removed. Severity depends on the concentration and duration of exposure. Burns are not immediately painful; onset of pain may be minutes to hours. Eye contact Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns. Permanent eye damage may occur. High concentrations of vapours will cause irritation.

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| Ingestion | Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting of blood and eroded tissue; chemical burns of the mouth, throat & abdomen; perforation of the gastrointestinal tract. | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Chronic exposure | Prolonged and repeated skin contact with diluted solutions may induce eczematoid dermatitis. Development of a defatting dermatitis on prolonged contact with potassium hydroxide has been reported. | |
| Toxicology Information | Oral LD50 (calculated) : >10000 mg/kg | |
| Carcinogen Status | | |
| NOHSC | No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC. | |
| NTP | No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP. | |
| IARC | No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC. | |
| Respiratory sensitisation | Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. | |
| Skin Sensitisation | Classified as a category 1 skin sensitizer. | |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard. | |
| Reproductive Toxicity | Not considered to be toxic to reproduction. | |
| STOT-single exposure | Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ. | |
| STOT-repeated exposure | Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ. | |
| Aspiration Hazard | Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. | |

| SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL | INFORMATION | |
|--|---|--|
| Eco-toxicity Product (as sold) | Harmful to aquatic life. Acute Aquatic Toxicity - 3 Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 12.8 – 16.2 mg/L. | |
| Eco-toxicity Product (at use dilution 1:100 rinse) | Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L. Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 1280 - 1620 mg/L. Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS | |
| Persistence and degradability | Biodegradable, based on ingredients. | |
| Bio accumulative potential | No bioaccumulation is expected. | |
| Mobility in soil | Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition to the aquatic compartment. | |
| Other adverse effects | Not available | |
| Environmental Protection | Do not discharge this material into waterways. | |

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

| SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT | INFORMATION |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Labels Required | |
| ADG | NA |
| IMDG Marine Pollutant | No |
| HAZCHEM | NA |
| Land Transport (ADG) | |
| UN Number | None allocated. |
| Proper Shipping Name | None allocated. |
| ADG Code Hazard Class | None allocated. |

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| HAZCHEM Code | None allocated. | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Special Provisions | None allocated. | |
| Packing Group | None allocated. | |
| Packaging Method | None allocated. | |
| IERG Number | None allocated. | |
| Segregation | None allocated. | |

| SECTION 15 - REGULAT | ORY INFORMATION | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| GHS Classification | Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia. | |
| SUSMP | \$5 | |
| ADG Code | NDG | |
| AICS | All ingredients present on AICS. | |

| Issue Date | 11 th July 2018 |
|-----------------------|--|
| Version Number | V 1.0 1 st GHS classification. |
| Abbreviations and | ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. |
| acronyms | AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. |
| | CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number. |
| | GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals |
| | HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency services. |
| | HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System |
| | IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. |
| | NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission. |
| | NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA). |
| | SDS: Safety Data Sheet |
| | STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit. |
| | SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons. |
| | TWA: Time Weighted Average. |
| | UN Number: United Nations Number. |
| Literature references | Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia) |
| | GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia) |
| | Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations. |
| | Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) |
| | "Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia |
| | Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail |
| | Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons |
| | Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers |
| | HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base. |
| | HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base. |
| Disclaimer | This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review the MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier. |

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