

# CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID Material Safety Data Sheet

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID

Product Code(s) G-99

UN-Number UN2187

Recommended Use Industrial use.

Synonyms Carbonic Anhydride, Refrigerated Liquid

Supplier Address\* Linde Gas North America LLC - Linde Merchant Production Inc. - Linde LLC

575 Mountain Ave. Murray Hill, NJ 07974 Phone: 908-464-8100 www.lindeus.com

Linde Gas Puerto Rico, Inc. Las Palmas Village

Road No. 869, Street No. 7 Catano, Puerto Rico 00962 Phone: 787-641-7445 www.pr.lindegas.com

Linde Canada Limited 5860 Chedworth Way Mississauga, Ontario L5R 0A2 Phone: 905-501-1700 www.lindecanada.com

\* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.

Chemical Emergency Phone Number Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 for US/ 703-527-3887 outside US

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

WARNING!

**Emergency Overview** 

Simple asphyxiant Contents under pressure Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F

Contact with product may cause frostbite

Odor Odorless

Appearance Colorless Physical State Cryogenic Liquid.

OSHA Regulatory Status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR

1910.1200).

Potential Health Effects

Principle Routes of Exposure Inhalation. Skin contact.

Acute Toxicity

Inhalation Simple asphyxiant. May cause suffocation by displacing the oxygen in the air. Exposure to

oxygen-deficient atmosphere (<19.5%) may cause dizziness, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, excess salivation, diminished mental alertness, loss of consciousness and death. Exposure to atmospheres containing 8-10% or less oxygen will bring about unconsciousness without warning and so quickly that the individuals cannot help or protect themselves. Lack of sufficient oxygen may cause serious

injury or death.

 $\label{lem:concentration} \mbox{ Depending on concentration and duration of exposure to carbon dioxide may cause increased}$ 

respirations, headache, mild narcotic effects, increased blood pressure and pulse, and asphyxiation. Symptoms of overexposure become more apparent when atmospheric oxygen is

decreased to 15-17%.

Eyes Contact with product may cause frostbite.

Skin May cause frostbite.

Skin Absorption Hazard No known hazard in contact with skin.

Ingestion Contact with product may cause frostbite.

Chronic Effects Chronic harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of concentrations below PEL/TLV

Aggravated Medical Conditions Respiratory disorders. Central Vascular System (CVS).

Environmental Hazard See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical Name  | CAS-No   | Volume %   | Chemical Formula |
|----------------|----------|------------|------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | 124-38-9 | <b>_00</b> | CO <sub>2</sub>  |

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact None required for gas. If frostbite is suspected, flush eyes with cool water for 15 minutes and

obtain immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact None required for gas. For dermal contact or suspected frostbite, remove contaminated clothing

and flush affected areas with lukewarm water. DO NOT USE HOT WATER. A physican should see the patient promptly if contact with the product has resulted in blistering of the dermal surface or in

deep tissue freezing.

Inhalation PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF INHALATION OVEREXPOSURE. RESCUE

PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Conscious inhalation victims should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area and,

as necessary, given artificial resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Treatment should be

symptomatic and supportive.

Ingestion None under normal use. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties Not flammable.

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding

environment.

**Explosion Data** 

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None

Sensitivity to Static Discharge None

Specific Hazards Arising from the

Chemical

 $\hbox{\it Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are}$ 

extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, we ar self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved approved pressure-demand) apparatus pressure-demand (approved pressure-demand) apparatus pressure-demand (breathing apparatus pressure-demand apparatus pressure-demand apparatus pressure-demand (breathing apparatus pressure-demand ap

or equivalent) and full protective gear.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment.

Monitor oxygen level.

Environmental Precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods for Containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is

in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1

or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for Cleaning Up Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Never allow any unprotected part of the body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels that contain

cold fluids. The extremely cold metal will cause moist flesh to stick fast and tear when one attempts

to withdraw from it.

Use only in ventilated areas. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use backflow preventive device in piping. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench,

screwdriver, pry bar,etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to

occur

Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact

supplier.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a

compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

For applications with moist Carbon Dioxide, 316, 309 and 310 stainless steels may be used as well as Hastelloy® A, B, & C and Monel®. Ferrous nickel alloys are slightly suspectible to corrosion. At normal temperatures carbon dioxide is compatible with most plastics and elastomers.

For additional storage recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association's Pamphlets P-1,AV-7, G-6, G-6.1, G-6.2, G6.3, G-6.5, G-6.7, G-6.9, PS-5,TB-10, and SB-2.

Storage

Protect from physical damage. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Full and empty cylinders should be segregrated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Guidelines** 

| Chemical Name  | ACGIH TLV        | OSHA PEL                                | NIOSH IDLH                    |
|----------------|------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | STEL = 30000 ppm | TWA: 5000 ppm                           | IDLH: 40000 ppm               |
| 124-38-9       | TWA: 5000 ppm    | TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>             | TWA: 5000 ppm                 |
|                |                  | (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm                | TWA: 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |
|                |                  | (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | STEL: 30000 ppm               |
|                |                  | (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm               | STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|                |                  | (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |                               |

Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Exposure Guidelines Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir.,

1992).

Engineering Measures Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen

levels at or above 19.5%.

Ventilation Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face Protection Wear protective eyewear (safety glasses). If splashes are likely to occur, wear: Goggles.

Face-shield.

Skin and Body Protection Wear cold insulating gloves when handling liquid. Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended

when handling cylinders.

Respiratory Protection

General Use No special protective equipment required.

Emergency Use Use positive pressure airline respirator with escape cylinder or self contained breathing apparatus

for oxygen-deficient atmospheres (<19.5%).

Hygiene Measures Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AppearanceColorless.OdorOdorless.Odor ThresholdNo information availablePhysical StateCryogenic LiquidFlash PointNo information available.Autoignition TemperatureNo information available.

Decomposition Temperature No information available. Boiling Point/Boiling Range (Sublimes)

-78.5 °C / -109.3 °F

Freezing Point -56.6 °C / -69.8 °F Molecular Weight 44.01

Water Solubility Very soluble Evaporation Rate No information available

Vapor Pressure 856 PSIA @ 70°F Vapor Density 1.53 (air = 1)

VOC Content (%) Not applicable. Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Not applicable Lower Not applicable

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable.

Incompatible Products Certain reactive metals, hydrides, moist cesium monoxide, or lithium acetylene carbide diammino

may ignite. Passing carbon dioxide over a mixture of sodium peroxide and aluminum or magnesium

may explode.

Conditions to Avoid Due to the presence of Carbon dioxide, Carbonic acid is formed in the presence of moisture.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO). Oxygen.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Toxicity** 

LD50 Oral: No information available.

LD50 Dermal: No information available.

LC50 Inhalation: No information available.

Inhalation Acidosis, adrenal cortical exhaustion, and other metabolic stresses have resulted from prolonged

continuous exposure to 1-2% carbon dioxide (10,000 ppm-20,000 ppm). The ACGIH TLV of 5,000 ppm is expected to provide a good margin of safety from asphyxiation and undue metabolic stress provided sufficient oxygen levels are maintained in the air. Increased physical activity, duration of exposure, and decreased oxygen content can affect systemic and respiratory effects resulting from

exposure to carbon dioxide.

Repeated Dose Toxicity Chronic, harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of low (3-5 molar%)

concentrations.

**Chronic Toxicity** 

Chronic Toxicity Chronic harmful effects are not known from repeated inhalation of concentrations below PEL/TLV.

Carcinogenicity Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen.

Irritation No information available.

Sensitization No information available.

Reproductive Toxicity No information available.

Developmental Toxicity Oxygen deficiency during pregnancy has produced developmental abnormalities in humans and

experimental animals.

Synergistic Materials None known.

Target Organ Effects Respiratory system.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated.

Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-11 = 1): Does not contain ozone depleting chemical (40 CFR Part 82).

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Methods Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container

PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP

IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Hazard Class 2.2 UN-Number UN2187

Description UN2187, Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid, 2.2

Emergency Response Guide Number 120

TDG

Proper Shipping Name Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Hazard Class 2.2 UN-Number UN2187

Description UN2187, CARBON DIOXIDE, REFRIGERATED LIQUID, 2.2

MEX

Proper Shipping Name Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Hazard Class 2.2 UN-Number UN2187

Description UN2187, Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid, 2.2

### IATA

UN-Number UN2187

Proper Shipping Name Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Hazard Class 2.2 ERG Code 2L

Description UN2187, Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid, 2.2

Maximum Quantity for Passenger50 kgMaximum Quantity for Cargo Only500 kg

Limited Quantity No information available.

### IMDG/IMO

Proper Shipping Name Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Hazard Class 2.2
UN-Number UN2187
EmS No. F-C, S-V

Description UN2187, Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid, 2.2

**ADR** 

Proper Shipping Name Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid

Hazard Class 2.2
UN-Number UN2187
Classification Code 3A

Description UN2187, Carbon dioxide, refrigerated liquid, 2.2

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL Complies
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

#### Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

# U.S. Federal Regulations

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

# SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health HazardYesChronic Health HazardNoFire HazardNoSudden Release of Pressure HazardYesReactive HazardNo

#### Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

# Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, does not contain any regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68. This product does not contain any substances regulated as Highly Hazardous Chemicals pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110.

# Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

### CERCLA/SARA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

## U.S. State Regulations

## California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

# U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

| Chemical Name  | Massachusetts | New Jersey | Pennsylvania | Illinois | Rhode Island |
|----------------|---------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------------|
| Carbon dioxide | Х             | Х          | Х            | -        | χ            |

# International Regulations

| Chemical Name  | Carcinogen Status | Exposure Limits                       |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Carbon dioxide | -                 | Mexico: TWA= 5000 ppm                 |
|                |                   | Mexico: TWA= 9000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   |
|                |                   | Mexico: STEL= 15000 ppm               |
|                |                   | Mexico: STEL= 27000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

#### Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class A Compressed gases



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Prepared By Product Stewardship

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Revision Date 22-Aug-2013

Revision Number 2

Revision Note Not applicable.

| NFPA        | Health Hazard 3 | Flammability 0 | Stability 0       | Physical and Chemical     |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
|             |                 |                |                   | Hazards Simple asphyxiant |
| <u>HMIS</u> | Health Hazard 3 | Flammability 0 | Physical Hazard 2 | Personal Protection -     |

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

#### General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Linde LLC, Linde Merchant Production, Inc. or Linde Gas North America LLC (or any of their affiliates and subsidiaries) and the purchaser.

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End of Safety Data Sheet