# Pour Over



## **GRIND SIZE**

EK 43 SSP Burrs	Commandante Regular Burrs	Varia VS3 Stainless Steel Supernova Burrs
5.1	13	4.8
Temperature 88°C	Dose 15 G	Water 260 G

### SET UP

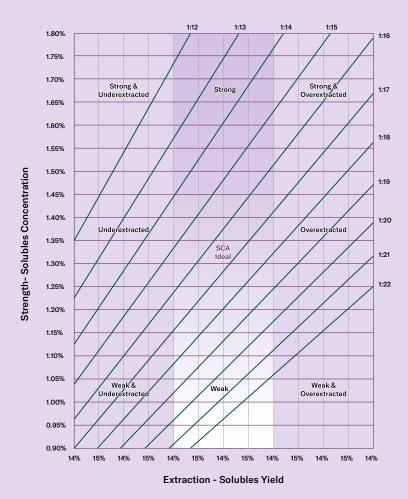
- 1. Bring water to recommended temperature
- 2. Rinse filter paper with 100-200ml of water
- 3. Weight 15 gms of coffee and grind to the recommended grind size
- 4. Place brewing device and chosen vessel onto scale.
- 5. Place coffee into the brewer and shake to ensure a flat bed of coffee grounds.
- 6. Tare your scale.

## **BREWING TECHNIQUE**

- 1. Start your timer and quickly pour 40-50g of water to saturate the coffee grounds. Your aim here is to wet the grounds as quickly and evenly as possible. If you need to use a little extra water to wet all the grounds do so.
- 2. Wait 30 seconds.
- 3. At 0:30s pour 110 gms of water. Do this within 20seconds, finishing the pour at 0:50s
- 4. Wait 20 seconds
- 5. At 1:10s pour the last 100gms of water. Do this within 20s, finishing the pour at 1:30s.
- 6. Your brew should finish its draw-down by 2:25-30s.

# **HOT TIPS**

- 1. To prevent water from escaping without extracting the coffee, your pour should be slow and your water line should not go far above the coffee line.
- 2. If you're sticking to the recommended pouring structure, and your brew is taking too long, try coarsening the grind, and visa versa.
- 3. The key to this recipe is to focus on your pouring structure (when and how you pour), and then using grind size to achieve your recommended brew time.



# WATER

- Water quality, specifically the mineral composition, is crucial for extracting desirable solubles and aromatics (these are the things that make brewed coffee taste and smell the way it does).
- 2. The ideal water should be filtered, have no traces of chlorine, be odorless, and have a pH of around 7 to give you a good base for brewing coffee.
- Additionally, the presence of Magnesium and Calcium ions significantly impact the perceived acidity and flavor profile of your brewed coffee. Controlling KH (carbonate hardness) is essential to maintain a balanced acidity level in coffee brewing.
- 4. All of this to say water chemistry is really complex and something that affects your brewed coffee a lot!



If you have any questions about how to prepare our coffee, please send us a direct message on Instagram. We'll be more than happy to answer any questions you have and get your brewing great coffee at home.