

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name: XYLENE
Product Code : 21.792
Distributed By: Grobet File Company of America, LLC
750 Washington Avenue Carlstadt, NJ 07072
201-939-6700
Emergency Phone Numbers: ChemTel: 800-255-3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

• EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Danger! Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire or explosion. Static accumulator. May form an ignitable vapor/air mixture. Harmful if inhaled. Overexposure may cause nervous system effects. May cause serious disturbances of heart rhythm. May cause skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Pulmonary aspiration hazard. While ingesting or vomiting, may enter lungs and produce damage.

Hazards Ratings:

Key: 0 = least, 1 = slight, 2 = moderate, 3 = high, 4 = extreme

	<u>Health</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Reactivity</u>	<u>PPI</u>
NFPA	2	3	0	
HMIS	2	3	0	X

• POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

▪ PRE-EXISTING MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

The following diseases or disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product: skin, eye, liver, kidney, nervous system, respiratory system, lung (asthma-like conditions),

▪ INHALATION

Vapors irritating to eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract. High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis and loss of consciousness and even death). Solvent "huffing/sniffing" (abuse) or intentional prolonged overexposure to high levels of vapors can produce abnormal behavior, convulsions, hallucinations, delirium, nervous system damage, serious disturbances of heart rhythm and sudden death. Repeated overexposure has produced toxic effects in developing and young laboratory animals. Repeated overexposure has caused a hearing loss in laboratory animals. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage. See Section 15 for additional information.

LC50 (mg/l): no data
LC50 (mg/m3): no data
LC50 (ppm): 4 hr 6300

▪ **SKIN**

Moderately irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash). May be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

Draize Skin Score: no data

Out of 8.0

LD50 (mg/kg): 4,300

▪ **EYES**

Moderately irritating to the eyes.

▪ **INGESTION**

Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Pulmonary aspiration hazard. While ingesting or vomiting, may enter lungs and produce damage. Ingestion of this material may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and inflammation of the lungs. Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. May produce central nervous system effects, which includes dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma and even death. Practically non-toxic if ingested. See Section 15 for additional information.

LD50 (g/kg): 8.6

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS No.	Amount (Vol%)
M-XYLENE	108-38-3	35 - 46
P-XYLENE	106-42-3	10 - 20
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	10 - 19
O-XYLENE	95-47-6	5 - 15
TOLUENE	108-88-3	0 - 0.5
BENZENE	71-43-2	0 - 0.01

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES (SEE SECTION 15 FOR ADDITIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS)

	CAS No.	Governing Body	Exposure Limits		
Limit for the product	1330-20-7	ACGIH	STEL	150	ppm
Limit for the product	1330-20-7	ACGIH	TWA	100	ppm
Limit for the product	1330-20-7	OSHA	TWA	100	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	ACGIH	STEL	2.5	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	OSHA	STEL	5	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	ACGIH	TWA	0.5	ppm
BENZENE	71-43-2	OSHA	TWA	1	ppm
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	ACGIH	TWA	20	ppm
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	OSHA	TWA	100	ppm
M-XYLENE	108-38-3	ACGIH	STEL	150	ppm
M-XYLENE	108-38-3	ACGIH	TWA	100	ppm
M-XYLENE	108-38-3	OSHA	TWA	100	ppm
O-XYLENE	95-47-6	ACGIH	STEL	150	ppm
O-XYLENE	95-47-6	ACGIH	TWA	100	ppm
O-XYLENE	95-47-6	OSHA	TWA	100	ppm
P-XYLENE	106-42-3	ACGIH	STEL	150	ppm
P-XYLENE	106-42-3	ACGIH	TWA	100	ppm
P-XYLENE	106-42-3	OSHA	TWA	100	ppm
TOLUENE	108-88-3	NIOSH	STEL	150	ppm
TOLUENE	108-88-3	ACGIH	TWA	20	ppm
TOLUENE	108-88-3	OSHA	TWA	200	ppm

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- **INHALATION**

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and continue to monitor. Get immediate medical attention. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Catecholamines and similar adrenergic drugs are generally contraindicated because of potential for increased sensitivity of the heart from hydrocarbon overexposure and subsequent ventricular fibrillation. EKG monitoring may be indicated and bronchodilators should be selected with care.

- **SKIN**

Wash with soap and water for 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Wash clothing before reuse. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Injection injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours, without proper treatment, the area will become swollen, discolored and extremely painful. Following injection, prompt debridement of the wound is necessary to minimize necrosis and tissue loss.

- **EYES**

Flush eye with water for 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

- **INGESTION**

Do not induce vomiting! Do not give liquids! Get medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Water spray; Regular foam; Dry chemical; Carbon dioxide;

- **FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS**

Use water spray to cool fire exposed tanks and containers. Wear structural fire fighting gear.

- **FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES**

STATIC ACCUMULATOR. This liquid may form an ignitable vapor-air mixture in closed tanks or containers.

	Typical	Minimum	Maximum	Text Result	Units	Method
Flash Point				79 TAG C.C.	F	N/A
Autoignition Temperature	870				F	N/A
Lower Explosion Limit	1.1				%	N/A
Upper Explosion Limit	6.6				%	N/A

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Prevent ignition, stop leak and ventilate the area. Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials such as sawdust. Vapor can be controlled using a water fog. Water streams should not be directed to the liquid as this will cause the liquid to boil and generate more vapor. Keep personnel upwind from leak. Use appropriate personal protective equipment as stated in Section 8 of this MSDS. Advise the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and appropriate state agencies, if required. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a disposal container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- **HANDLING**

Use only in a well-ventilated area. STATIC ACCUMULATOR. This liquid may form an ignitable vapor-air mixture in closed tanks or containers. This liquid may accumulate static electricity even when transferred into properly grounded containers. Bonding and grounding may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water. Always bond receiving container to the fill pipe before and during loading, following NFPA-77 and/or API RP 2003 requirements. Automatic gauging devices and other floats in vessels or tanks which contain static accumulating liquids should be electrically bonded to the shell. Bonding and grounding alone may be inadequate to eliminate fire and explosion hazards associated with electrostatic charges. In addition to bonding and grounding, efforts to mitigate the hazards of an electrostatic discharge may include, but are not limited to, ventilation, inerting and/or reduction of transfer velocities. Always keep the nozzle in contact with the container throughout the loading process. Do not fill any portable containers in or on a vehicle. Special precautions, such as reduced loading rates and increased

monitoring, must be observed during "switch loading" operations (i.e. loading this material in tanks or shipping compartments that previously contained middle distillates or similar products). Non-equilibrium conditions may increase the risks associated with static electricity such as tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, etc. Dissipation of electrostatic charges may be improved with the use of conductivity additives when used with other mitigating efforts, including bonding and grounding. Avoid breathing (dust, vapor, mist, gas). Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Never siphon by mouth.

- **STORAGE**

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in a cool dry place. NFPA class IC storage. Flash point is greater than 73 degrees F and less than 100 degrees F. Consult NFPA and / or OSHA codes for additional information.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Consult With a Health and Safety Professional for Specific Selections

- **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Use with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

- **PERSONAL PROTECTION**

- **EYE PROTECTION**

Splash proof chemical goggles are recommended to protect against the splash of product.

- **GLOVES or HAND PROTECTION**

The glove(s) listed below may provide protection against permeation. Gloves of other chemically resistant materials may not provide adequate protection. Protective gloves are recommended to protect against contact with product. Polyvinyl alcohol; Viton; Safety 4H; Teflon;

- **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

Concentration in air determines the level of respiratory protection needed. Use only NIOSH certified respiratory equipment. Half-mask air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges is acceptable for exposures to ten (10) times the exposure limit. Full-face air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges is acceptable for exposures to fifty (50) times the exposure limit. Exposure should not exceed the cartridge limit of 1000 ppm. Protection by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure-demand full-face supplied air respirator or SCBA for exposures greater than fifty (50) times the exposure limit. If exposure is above the IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health) or there is the possibility of an uncontrolled release, or exposure levels are unknown, then use a positive pressure-demand full-face supplied air respirator with escape bottle or SCBA. Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions.

- **OTHER**

Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing and boots are required. The following materials are acceptable for use as protective clothing: Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA); Viton; Teflon; Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. For non-fire emergencies, positive pressure SCBA and structural firefighter's protective clothing will provide only limited protection.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Property	Typical	Units	Text Result	Reference
Appearance		N/A	COLORLESS LIQUID.	
Boiling Point		F	278 TO 290	
Bulk Density		lb/gal	no data	
Liquid Conductivity	0.1	pS/m		
Melting Point		F	MINUS 53	
Molecular Weight	106.7	g/mole		
Octanol/Water		N/A	no data	

Coefficient				
pH		N/A	no data	
Specific Gravity	0.87	N/A		
Solubility In Water		wt %	NIL	
Odor		N/A	SWEET, PLEASANT.	
Odor Threshold		ppm	no data	
Vapor Pressure	9	mmHg		@ 25 C
Viscosity (F)		SUS	no data	
Viscosity (C)		CsT	no data	
% Volatile	100	wt %		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **STABILITY**
Stable
- **CONDITIONS TO AVOID**
Avoid static discharge
- **INCOMPATIBILITY**
Strong oxidizers
- **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS**
Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other asphyxiants.
- **HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION**
Will not polymerize.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Follow federal, state and local regulations. This material is a RCRA hazardous waste. Do not flush material to drain or storm sewer. Contract to authorized disposal service.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>Governing Body</u>	<u>Mode</u>	<u>Proper Shipping Name</u>
DOT	Ground	Xylene
IATA	Air	Xylene
IMDG	Marine	Xylene

<u>Governing Body</u>	<u>Mode</u>	<u>Hazard Class</u>	<u>UN/NA No.</u>	<u>Label</u>
DOT	Ground	3 (Flammable liquid)	1307	
IATA	Air	Class 3	1307	
IMDG	Marine	Class 3	1307	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This product contains the following EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372): (Maximum Wt %) M-Xylene - CAS Number 108-38-3, 46%; P-Xylene- CAS Number 106-42-3, 20%; Ethyl Benzene- CAS Number 100-41-4, 19%; O-Xylene- CAS Number 95-47-6, 15%. This information must be included in all MSDSs that are copied and distributed for this material.

Regulatory List	Component	CAS No.
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	XYLENE	1330-20-7
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	XYLENE	1330-20-7
ACGIH - Short Term Exposure Limits	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CAA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCM I	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	XYLENE	1330-20-7
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	XYLENE	1330-20-7
IARC - Group 3 (not classifiable)	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - China	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - New Zealand	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	XYLENE	1330-20-7
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	XYLENE	1330-20-7
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	XYLENE	1330-20-7
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	XYLENE	1330-20-7
OSHA - Final PELs - Time Weighted Averages	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	XYLENE	1330-20-7
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	XYLENE	1330-20-7
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	XYLENE	1330-20-7
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	BENZENE	71-43-2
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens	TOLUENE	108-88-3
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	BENZENE	71-43-2
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits - TWAs	TOLUENE	108-88-3
ACGIH - Short Term Exposure Limits	BENZENE	71-43-2
ACGIH - Short Term Exposure Limits	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
ACGIH - Short Term Exposure Limits	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
ACGIH - Short Term Exposure Limits	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
ACGIH - Short Term Exposure Limits	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
ACGIH - Skin Absorption Designation	BENZENE	71-43-2
CAA (Clean Air Act) - High Risk Haz Air Pollutants	BENZENE	71-43-2
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	BENZENE	71-43-2
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - Organic HAPs	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	BENZENE	71-43-2
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - HON Rule - SOCM I Chemicals	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCM I	BENZENE	71-43-2

CAA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCM I	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CAA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCM I	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CAA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCM I	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CAA (Clean Air Act) - VOCs in SOCM I	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	BENZENE	71-43-2
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CAA - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants	TOLUENE	108-88-3
California - Prop. 65 - Developmental Toxicity	BENZENE	71-43-2
California - Prop. 65 - Developmental Toxicity	TOLUENE	108-88-3
California - Prop. 65 - Reproductive - Female	TOLUENE	108-88-3
California - Prop. 65 - Reproductive - Male	BENZENE	71-43-2
California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	BENZENE	71-43-2
California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Canada - CEPA - Sch. I - List of Toxic Substances	BENZENE	71-43-2
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	BENZENE	71-43-2
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CERCLA/SARA - Haz Substances and their RQs	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	BENZENE	71-43-2
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	BENZENE	71-43-2
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Hazardous Substances	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants	BENZENE	71-43-2
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Priority Pollutants	TOLUENE	108-88-3
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants	BENZENE	71-43-2
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
CWA (Clean Water Act) - Toxic Pollutants	TOLUENE	108-88-3
DEA - List II Essential Chemicals	TOLUENE	108-88-3
IARC - Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans)	BENZENE	71-43-2
IARC - Group 2B (Possibly carcinogenic to humans)	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
IARC - Group 3 (not classifiable)	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
IARC - Group 3 (not classifiable)	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
IARC - Group 3 (not classifiable)	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - Australia (AICS)	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	M-XYLENE	108-38-3

Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - Canada - Domestic Substances List	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - China	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - China	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - China	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - China	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - China	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - China	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - European EINECS Inventory	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - Japan - (ENCS)	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - Korea - Existing and Evaluated	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - New Zealand	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - New Zealand	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - New Zealand	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - New Zealand	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - New Zealand	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - New Zealand	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - Philippines Inventory (PICCS)	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	BENZENE	71-43-2
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Inventory - TSCA - Sect. 8(b) Inventory	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	BENZENE	71-43-2
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Massachusetts - Right To Know List	TOLUENE	108-88-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	BENZENE	71-43-2
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
New Jersey - Department of Health RTK List	TOLUENE	108-88-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	BENZENE	71-43-2
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	O-XYLENE	95-47-6

New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
New Jersey - Env Hazardous Substances List	TOLUENE	108-88-3
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	BENZENE	71-43-2
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances	TOLUENE	108-88-3
NTP - Report on Carcinogens - Known Carcinogens	BENZENE	71-43-2
OSHA - Final PELs - Ceiling Limits	BENZENE	71-43-2
OSHA - Final PELs - Ceiling Limits	TOLUENE	108-88-3
OSHA - Final PELs - Short Term Exposure Limits	BENZENE	71-43-2
OSHA - Final PELs - Time Weighted Averages	BENZENE	71-43-2
OSHA - Final PELs - Time Weighted Averages	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
OSHA - Final PELs - Time Weighted Averages	TOLUENE	108-88-3
OSHA - Hazard Communication Carcinogens	BENZENE	71-43-2
OSHA - Hazard Communication Carcinogens	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
OSHA - Specifically Regulated Carcinogens	BENZENE	71-43-2
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	BENZENE	71-43-2
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	BENZENE	71-43-2
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
Pennsylvania - RTK - Environmental Hazard List	TOLUENE	108-88-3
Pennsylvania - RTK - Special Hazardous Substances	BENZENE	71-43-2
TSCA - Sect. 12(b) - Export Notification	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
TSCA - Section 4 - Chemical Test Rules	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	BENZENE	71-43-2
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	M-XYLENE	108-38-3
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	O-XYLENE	95-47-6
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	P-XYLENE	106-42-3
U.S. - DOT - Hazardous Substances and RQs (App A)	TOLUENE	108-88-3

Title III Classifications Sections 311,312:

- Acute: **YES**
- Chronic: **YES**
- Fire: **YES**
- Reactivity: **NO**
- Sudden Release of Pressure: **NO**

16. OTHER INFORMATION

COMPONENT TOXICITY: Ethylbenzene, a component of this product, has been designated by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as "possibly carcinogenic to humans", based on increased tumor incidence in laboratory animals. Overexposure may lead to nervous system effects, including drowsiness, dizziness, nausea, headaches, paralysis, loss of consciousness and even death. Repeated overexposure has caused a hearing loss in laboratory animals. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residue.