







FEATURES

- Universal 3x320-600VAC or 450-800VDC Input voltage
- Active PFC, PF up to 0.95
- Operating ambient temperature range: -40°C to +85°C (60°C full load)
- Standard DIN-Rail mounting
- High efficiency, high reliability
- LED indicator for output status
- 150% peak power lasts for 3s
- Input under-voltage protection, output short circuit, over-current, over-voltage, over-temperature protection
- Support parallel use (2+1 current sharing) and series application
- DC OK, against backflow voltage
- Double-sided conformal coating, salt-spray proof
- Operating altitude up to 5000m.
- OVC III (design refer to EN61010)
- Safety according to ANSI/ISA 71.04-2013 G3
- Design refer to UL/EN/IEC/BS EN62368, UL/EN61010, UL508

LITF240-26Bxx Series is Mornsun AC-DC three-phase Din-Rail switching power supply. It features cost-effective, high efficiency and high reliability. With 150% power reserve, enough to support starting DC motor or capacitive load and other heavy load. These converters offer excellent EMC performance and meet UL/EN/IEC/BS EN62368, UL/EN61010, UL508 standards and they are widely used in areas of industrial control equipment, factory automation and mechanical and electrical equipment and other industrial control fields.

Selection	Guide					
Certification	Part No.	Output Power (W)	Nominal Output Voltage and Current (Vo/Io)	Output Voltage Adjustable Range (V)	Efficiency at 400VAC (%) Typ.	Max. Capacitive Load (µF)
,	LITF240-26B24	240	24V/10A	24-28	95	10000
/	LITF240-26B48	240	48V/5A	48-56	95	10000

Input Specifications						
Item	Operating Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	Rated input (Certified	voltage)	380		480	\/\
Input Voltage Range	AC input		320	-	600	VAC
	DC input		450		800	VDC
Input Voltage Frequency			47	-	63	Hz
Input Current	400VAC/480VAC			_	0.6	Α
Inrush Current	400VAC/480VAC	Cold start		7		_ A
Power Factor	400VAC	Normal temperature,	0.92	0.95		
Power ractor	480VAC	rated load	0.92	0.94	-	
Input Under-voltage Under-voltage protection start		tion start	200	-		VAC
Protection	Under-voltage protection release				273	VAC
Leakage Current	480VAC			<0.	5mA	
Hot Plug				Unava	ailable	



AC/DC 240W DIN-Rail Power Supply LITF240-26Bxx Series





Output Specification	s					
Item	Operating Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Output Voltage Accuracy	Full load range	_	±1			
Line Regulation	Rated load	-	±0.5		%	
Load Regulation	400VAC	_	±0.5			
Ripple & Noise*	Room temperature, 400VAC, 20MHz bandwidth (peak-to-peak value)	_	50	100	mV	
Temperature Coefficient				±0.03	%/℃	
Minimum Load		0			%	
Dynamic minimum Load		10			%	
Otem albur naviran	Room temperature, 400VAC input		5	7	w	
Standby power	Room temperature, 480VAC input	-	6	8		
Hold-up Time	400VAC/480VAC	22			ms	
Short Circuit Protection	nort Circuit Protection Enter hiccup mode after constant cuoperation for 3s (typ.), continuous, self-re					
Over-current Protection			30% Io, enter hiccup mode after constant rrent operation for 3s (typ.), self-recovery			
Over-voltage Protection	24V	≤35V				
	48V	≤63V	Hiccup, self-recover		over	
Over tenen eventure Dret#	Over-temperature Protection start	_		90	°C	
Over-temperature Protection	Over-temperature Protection release	65				

Note: 1.*The "Tip and barrel method" is used for ripple and noise test, output parallel 47uF electrolytic capacitor and 0.1uF ceramic capacitor, please refer to Enclosed Switching Power Supply Application Notes for specific information;

^{2.*}Full input voltage at room temperature, <5%lo range, 250mv (Max.).

Genera	Specification	ns					
Item		Operating Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
	Input - output			4000			
	Input - 🕀	Electric strength test for 1min., leak	2500				
Isolation	Output - 😩	Electric strength test for 1min., leak	age current<10mA	500			VAC
	Output - DC OK	Electric strength test for 1min., leak	age current<1mA	500			
	Input - output						
Insulation Resistance	Input - 😩	Test voltage: 500VDC		50	50	-	M Ω
Resistance	Output - 🖶						
Operating Temperature			-40		85	- °C	
Storage Tem	perature			-40		85	
Operating H	lumidity	Non-condensing				95	%RH
			-40°C to -30°C	8.0			
Dower Dore	tin a	Operating temperature derating	+60°C to +70°C	2.5			%/℃
Power Derating			+70°C to +85°C	4.67			
		Input voltage derating	320VAC - 350VAC	0.667		-	%/VAC
Safety Standard				_		C/BS EN6236 2-201, UL508	8-1,
MTBF		MIL-HDBK-217F@25℃		≥300,000 h			

Environmental Characteristics				
Item Operating Conditions Standard		Standard		
Sinusoidal Vibration	10 - 200Hz, 2g, three directions of X, Y, Z axis	GB2423.10, IEC60068-2-6		



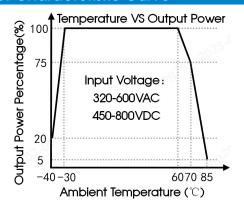


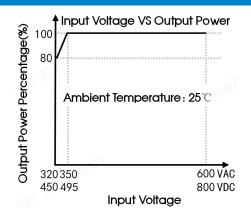
Mechanical Specific	Mechanical Specifications		
Case Material	Metal (AL5052, SPCC)		
Dimensions	52.00 x 124.00 x 127.00mm		
Weight	755g (Typ.)		
Cooling Method	Free air convection		

Electromo	agnetic Compatibility (EMC)			
	CE	CISPR32/EN55032	CLASS B	
Engladona	RE	CISPR32/EN55032	CLASS B	
Emissions	Harmonic current	IEC/EN61000-3-2	CLASS A	
	Voltage flicker	IEC/EN61000-3-3	Fulfilled	
	ESD	IEC/EN61000-4-2	Contact ±8KV/Air ±15KV	Perf. Criteria A
	RS	IEC/EN61000-4-3	20V/m	Perf. Criteria A
	EFT (input port)	IEC/EN61000-4-4	±4KV	Perf. Criteria A
	EFT (output port)	IEC/EN61000-4-4	±2KV	Perf. Criteria A
	EFT (DC OK port)	IEC/EN61000-4-4	±2KV	Perf. Criteria A
Immunity	Surge (input port)	IEC/EN61000-4-5	Line to line ±2KV/line to PE ±4KV	Perf. Criteria A
,	Surge (output port)	IEC/EN61000-4-5	Vo+ to Vo- ±500V/Vo+/Vo- to PE ±1KV	Perf. Criteria A
	Surge (DC OK port)	IEC/EN61000-4-5	DC OK to PE, ±1KV	Perf. Criteria A
	CS	IEC/EN61000-4-6	20Vr.m.s	Perf. Criteria A
	PFMF	IEC/EN61000-4-8	30A/m	Perf. Criteria A
	Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity	IEC/EN61000-4-11	100% dip 1 periods, 30% dip 25 periods (50Hz), 30 periods (60Hz)	Perf. Criteria A

Functional Spec	cifications						
Item	Operating Condition	Operating Conditions			Тур.	Max.	Unit
DC OV Signal	Full input voltage rai	Full input voltage range, full load range DC OK power on DC OK power off		0.95Vo - Vo			
DC OK Signal	full load range			<0.90Vo			
Oring*				Support d		use, achieve 2 ndancy	+1 parallel
Current Sharing Accuracy**		When multiple units are connected in parallel, the sub-modules shunt more than 50% of the rated load			±5	-	%
LED Signal	Main output status indication	' Normal alitalit >95% (Arean an					
	, please refer to LITF240-26Bxx Se ts work with current sharing, the		wer Supply Application Notes; voltage deviation of each pow	er supply workin	g alone shall no	ot exceed 100m\	/ .

Product Characteristic Curve

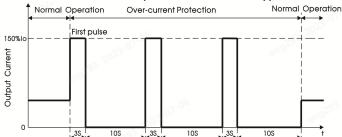




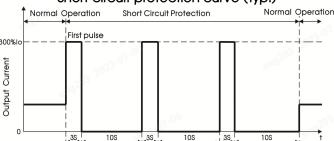




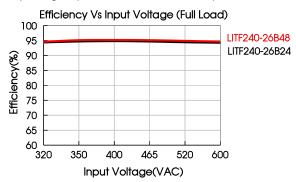
Over-current protection curve (Typ.)

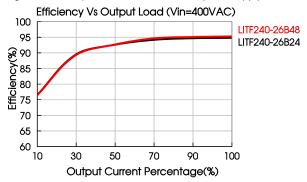


Short circuit protection curve (Typ.)

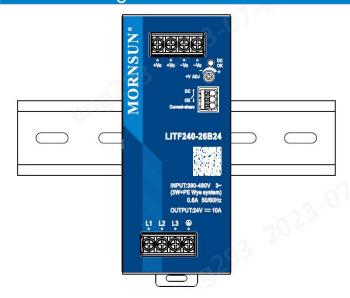


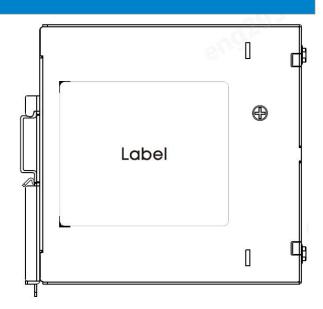
- Note: 1. With an AC input voltage between 320 350VAC/450 495VDC the output power must be derated as per the temperature derating curves;
 - 2. This product is suitable for applications using natural air cooling; for applications in closed environment please consult Mornsun's FAE;
 - 3. The operating temperature and the ambient temperature are determined according to the air temperature at 2cm below the power supply.





Installation Diagram

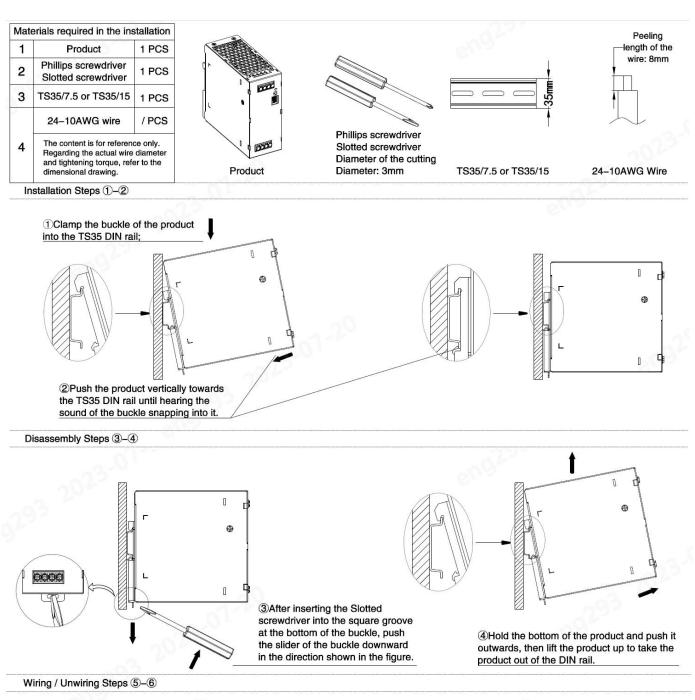


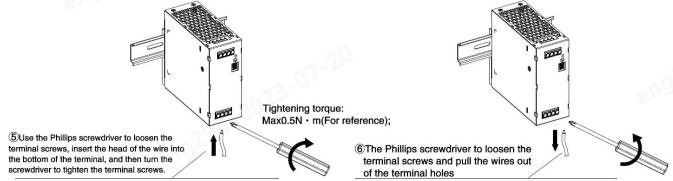


AC/DC 240W DIN-Rail Power Supply LITF240-26Bxx Series









Note: Keep the following installation clearances: 20mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm on the left and right sides are recommended when the device is loaded permanently with more than 50% of the rated power. Increase this clearance to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source (e.g. another power supply).



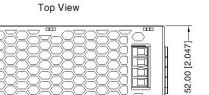
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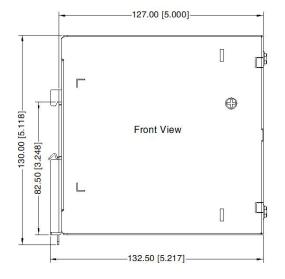
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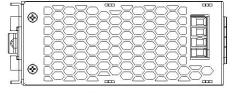




Dimensions and Recommended Layout

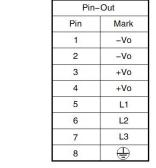


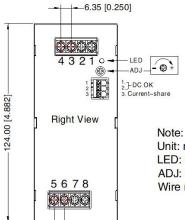




Bottom View







-6.35 [0.250]

Unit: mm[inch]

LED: Output status indicator LED ADJ: Output adjustable resistor Wire range: Input: 22-10 AWG

(16-10AWG for pin8) Output: 24V: 16-10AWG 48V: 20-10AWG DC OK: 24-16AWG

Input tightening torque: Max 0.5 N-m Output tightening torque: Max 0.5 N·m Mounting rail: TS35, rail needs to

connect safety ground

General tolerances: $\pm 1.00[\pm 0.039]$

AC/DC 240W DIN-Rail Power Supply LITF240-26Bxx Series







WARNING Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death:

AVERTISSEMENT AVERTISSEMENT Risque de choc électrique, d'incendie, de blessures corporelles ou de décès :

1. Do not use the power supply without proper grounding (Protective Earth). Use the terminal on the input block for earth connection and not one of the screws on the housing;

N'utilisez pas l'alimentation électrique sans mise à la terre appropriée (Terre protectrice). Utilisez le terminal sur le bloc d'entrée pour la connexion terrestre et non pas une des vis sur le boîtier;

- 2. Turn power off before working on the device, protect against inadvertent re-powering;
 - Éteignez l'alimentation avant de travailler sur l'appareil, protégez-vous contre la réénergisation accidentelle;
- 3. Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes;
 - Assurez-vous que le câblage est correct en suivant tous les codes locaux et nationaux;
- 4. Do not modify or repair the unit;
 - Ne modifiez pas ou ne réparez pas l'appareil;
- 5. Do not open the unit as high voltages are present inside;
 - Ne modifiez pas ou ne réparez pas l'appareil;
- 6. Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering the housing;
 - Faire preuve de prudence pour empêcher les objets étrangers d'entrer dans le logement;
- 7. Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected; Faire preuve de prudence pour empêcher les objets étrangers d'entrer dans le logement;
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off, hot surfaces may cause burns;
 Ne touchez pas pendant l'alimentation et, immédiatement après l'alimentation, les surfaces chaudes peuvent causer des brûlures.
- 9. For ambient temperature \le 60°C, use \ge 90°C copper wire only; for ambient temperature >60°C to 85°C, use \ge 105°C copper wire only; use only wires with a minimum dielectric strength of 300V (input) and 60V (output);

Température ambiante \leq 60°C, utiliser \geq 90°C - seulement fils de cuivre; Température ambiante >60°C et 85°C, utiliser \geq 105°C - seulement fils de cuivre; Uniquement pour l'ulilisation de fils de cuivre d'une résisitance d'isolation minimale de 300V (d'entrée) et 60V (de sortie).

Note:

- 1. For additional information on Product Packaging please refer to www.mornsun-power.com, Packaging bag number: 58220642;
- Unless otherwise specified, parameters in this datasheet were measured under the conditions of Ta=25°C, humidity<75%RH with nominal input voltage and rated output load;
- 3. The room temperature derating of 3.5° C/1000m is needed for operating altitude greater than 2000m;
- 4. All index testing methods in this datasheet are based on our company corporate standards;
- 5. In order to improve the efficiency at high input voltage, there will be audible noise generated, but it does not affect product performance and reliability;
- 6. We can provide product customization service, please contact our technicians directly for specific information;
- 7. Products are related to laws and regulations: see "Features" and "EMC";
- 8. The out case needs to be connected to the earth () of system when the terminal equipment in operating;
- 9. The output voltage can be adjusted by the ADJ, clockwise to decrease;
- 10. Our products shall be classified according to ISO14001 and related environmental laws and regulations, and shall be handled by qualified units;
- 11. The power supply is considered a component which will be installed into a terminal equipment. All EMC tests should be confirmed with the final equipment. Please consult our FAE for EMC test operation instructions.

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LITF240-26Bxx Series Power Supply Application Notes



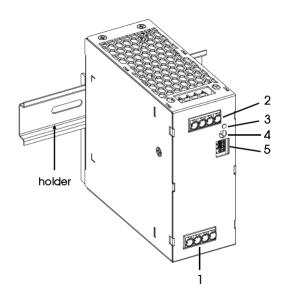


Content

1. Mechanical Specification	10
1.1 Input Terminal (CN1)	10
1.2 Output Terminal (CN2)	10
1.3 Signal Connection Terminal (CN3)	11
1.4 Green Status Display LEDS and Output Voltage Adjustment Knob	11
2. Function Manual	12
2.1 Input Requirements	12
2.2 Output Requirements	12
2.3 Starting Time	12
2.4 Output Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)	12
2.5 Output Over-Current (OCP)	13
2.6 Short Circuit Protection (SCP)	13
2.7 Over Temperature Protection (OTP)	14
2.8 Output Power Derating	14
2.9 DC OK Signal	14
2.10 Used In Series	15
2.11 Work In Parallel	16
2.11.1 Redundancy	16
2.11.2 Current Share	16
2.12 Available In 3-Phase 2-Wire Systems	18
2.13 Back Voltage Load	18
3. Installation Requirements	18
3.1 Safety Introduction	18
3.2 Safety Requirements	19
3.3 Installation Mothod	10



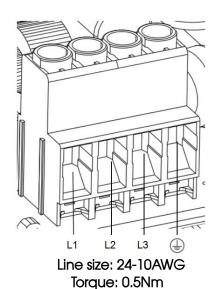
1. Mechanical Specification



	Structure Instruction			
1	Input terminal (CN1)			
2	Output terminal (CN2)			
3	Green status display LED lights			
4	Output voltage adjustment knob			
5	Signal connection terminal (CN3)			

1.1 Input Terminal (CN1)

4 Position 6.35 mm Barrier Terminal Blocks is used as Input terminal.



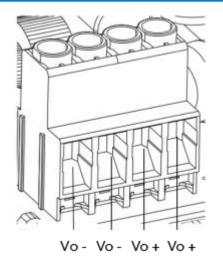
Pin	Features
L1	Live
L2	Live
L3	Live
(Protective Earth

1.2 Output Terminal (CN2)

4 Position 6.35 mm Barrier Terminal Blocks is used as Output terminal.



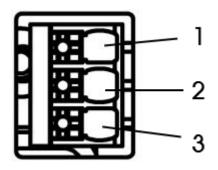




Pin	Features
Vo+	Positive output
Vo-	Negative output

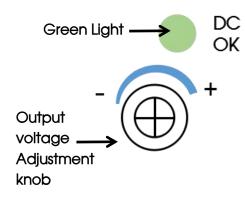
Line size: 24-10AWG Torque: 0.5Nm

1.3 Signal Connection Terminal (CN3)



Pin	Mark	Features
1,2	DC OK	Monitor the power supply
3	Current-share	Current sharing

1.4 Green Status Display LEDS and Output Voltage Adjustment Knob



Green Light	State*	
On	Normal work	
Off	Power Off (No AC input)	
Note: *The LED lights indicate different working states of the power		
supply		

Model	Rated Output	Output Voltage
1110 4101	Voltage	Adjustable Range
LITF240-26B24	24VDC	24-28VDC
LITF240-26B48	48VDC	48-56VDC





2. Function Manual

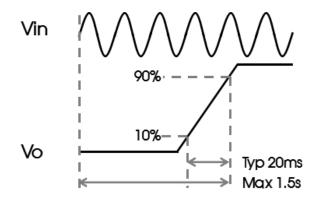
2.1 Input Requirements

The AC input voltage and DC input voltage must be within the defined amount of electricity (reference data sheet), otherwise the power supply may not work properly or even malfunction. A 600V/4A fuse has been connected in series between the L1/L2 /L3 line inside the power supply. For better protection of the module, it is recommended that customers use a circuit breaker of no more than 4A. (Just for strengthen the protective purpose, not essential requirements)

2.2 Output Requirements

At any output voltage value, if it is necessary to operate normally, the highest pull current and power must not exceed the rated specified value, and the output current must not exceed the maximum output current value.

2.3 Starting Time

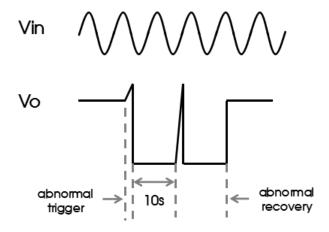


ltem	Working conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Start-up delay time	400VAC, full load	-	-	1.5	S

2.4 Output Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

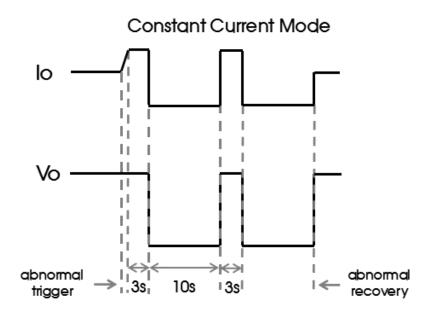
The main circuit output will be off when the output voltage reaches the over-voltage protection value. When it occurs, the output enters the hiccup mode with 10s. After the abnormal removed, the output returns to normal.





2.5 Output Over-Current (OCP)

When the output current exceeds 130% of the rated output current, the output will be off for 10s. And then entering the constant current mode for 3s, output voltage recovery, maintaining 150% of the rated output current. After the abnormal removed, self-recover.

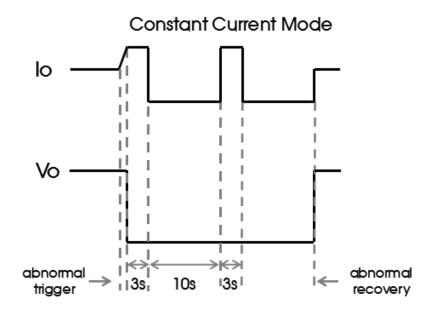


2.6 Short Circuit Protection (SCP)

When the output current is shorted, the output will operate in constant current mode for 3s, and then output is off for 10s, and the output enter constant current mode for 3s again. After the abnormal removed, self-recover.







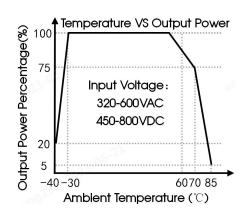
2.7 Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

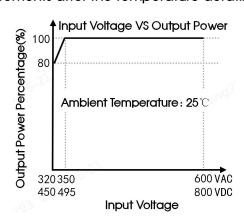
When the ambient temperature of the power supply exceeds the rated temperature for a period of time, the power supply will turn off the output and enter the hiccup state. After the ambient temperature drops to the set value, the power supply will resume normal operation.

2.8 Output Power Derating

When the input voltage is greater than 350VAC (or 495VDC), only need to derate according to the temperature derating curve;

When the input voltage is lower than 350VAC (or 495VDC), the output power will be derated according to the following input voltage derating curve requirements after the temperature derating.



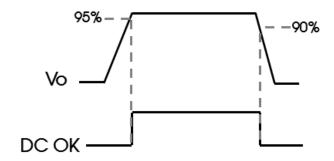


2.9 DC OK Signal

The DC OK signal is used to monitor whether the power supply is working normally. This signal is on the DC OK pin of the terminal CN3. When the output is greater than 95% of the rated voltage of the output,



the DC OK signal is activated, the DC OK at the terminal is connected, and the green light is on at the same time. When the output voltage is less than 90% of the rated voltage of the output, the DC OK is disconnected, and the green light is off at the same time.



2.10 Used In Series

The same type of power supply can be connected in series with each other to increase the output voltage. Under the premise that the total output does not exceed 150VDC, any number of power supplies can be connected inseries as needed. Voltages in excess of 60VDC are no longer considered Safety Extra Low Voltage Circuits (SELV) and can therefore be dangerous. When installing such voltages, it must be protected against touch.

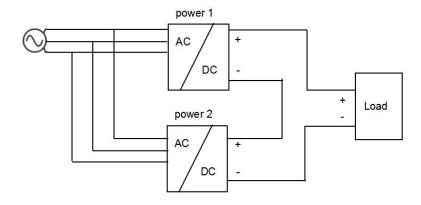
Please avoid generating feedback voltage to the output terminals (eg from a decelerating motor or battery).

Keep a 15mm (left/right) installation gap between the two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other. Do not connect the power supplies in series in an installation orientation other than the standard installation orientation (input terminals down).

Note that leakage current, electromagnetic interference, inrush current and harmonics will increase when multiple power supplies are used.

Refer to the figure below for the wiring method:





2.11 Work In Parallel

2.11.1 Redundancy

Power module outputs can be connected in parallel for redundancy, increasing system reliability. The maximum power of the redundant system needs to be de-rated to ensure that the redundant system can still meet the rated load requirements when a power supply module fails. Currently, the common practice is to build a redundant system by the N+1 method, that is, N+1 power supplies are connected in parallel. Support the maximum load current N*lomax, where lomax is the rated output current of each power supply, for example, the rated output current of each power supply is 20A, and 2+1 are connected in parallel, thus constructing a 2*20A=40A redundant system.

The power module supports 2+1 parallel redundant operation.

The Oring circuit is used inside the power module, and when any one of the power modules in parallel fails, it will not affect the work of other power modules.

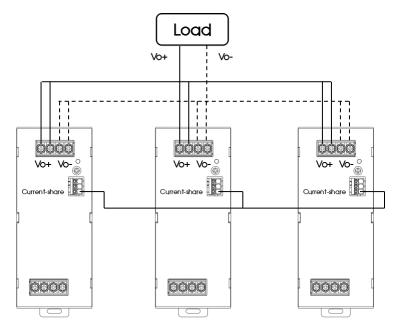
2.11.2 Current Share

The current sharing bus (Current-share) between multiple machines is short-circuited with each other.

The output voltage difference of each single module is less than or equal to 100mV, and a better comprehensive effect of line terminal output voltage and current sharing can be obtained. The wiring method of the current sharing function is shown in the following figure:







Note: 1. When used in parallel, the number of parallel modules cannot exceed 3.

2. When the power modules work in parallel, there is an active current sharing circuit inside to ensure that the current between each module remains balanced.

The active current sharing circuit adopts the automatic master-slave current sharing method. Each power supply module has a current sharing bus signal (Current-share). When working in parallel, the current sharing buses of all power modules must be connected together. The current sharing bus signal is located at pin 3 of CN3.

The output voltage of each power module will affect the current sharing accuracy. The output voltage of the power module is rated voltage ± 100 mV. In practical applications, if the output voltage value needs to be adjusted, the recommended voltage range is: target voltage value ± 100 mV.

After the output load of each power module is greater than 50% of the rated load, the current sharing accuracy is required to be $\pm 5\%$. The calculation formula of current sharing is:

Power supply 1's average accuracy =
$$\frac{Io_1 - (Io_1 + Io_2)/2}{(Io_1 + Io_2)/2} *100\%$$

Power supply 2's average accuracy=
$$\frac{Io_2 - (Io_1 + Io_2)/2}{(Io_1 + Io_2)/2} *100\%$$

lo1: The output current value of the power supply 1 in the parallel power module;

lo2: The output current value of the power supply 2 in the parallel power module.

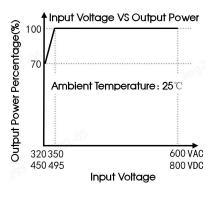


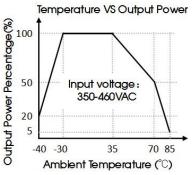


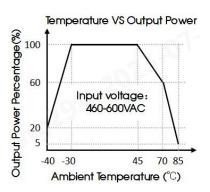
2.12 Available In 3-Phase 2-Wire Systems

This power supply can also be used for permanent operation of two-wire in a three-phase system.

When operating the two-wire in a three-phase system, the output power must be derated according to the following curve, and the input operating voltage can only operate at 320VAC-600VAC. Exceeding this derating limit for a long time will cause the power supply to overheat and shut down.





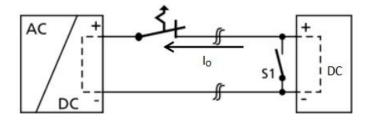


Note: Basic performance such as electromagnetic compatibility performance, hold-up time, loss and output ripple are different from three-phase operation. This working method is not covered in the certification, and operation two wires in a three-phase system does not meet the safety certification.

2.13 Back Voltage Load

Loads such as decelerating motors, inductors can feed voltage back into the power supply. This property is also known as feedback voltage resistance or resistance to opposing electromagnetic forces.

The power supply is resistant to voltage back into the supply by the load and will not fail regardless of whether the power supply is on or off. The function diagram as below:



Maximum allowable feedback voltage		
Model	Maximum feedback voltage	
LITF240-26B24	35VDC	
LITF240-26B48	63VDC	

3. Installation Requirements

3.1 Safety Introduction





WARNING: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK DURING HIGH VOLTAGE WORKING WITH THIS EQUIPMENT

- After the power module is disconnected from the input AC or DC power, leave it for at least one minute before starting to operate it.
- When installing the input cable to the power module, first connect the ground terminal, and then connect the L1, L2 and L3 cables.
- When removing the input wire, first remove the L1 wire, L2 wire and L3 wire, and then remove the ground wire.
- When disassembling and assembling, make sure that no objects fall into the inside of the power module.
 - Be careful of high temperature burns
- After the power module works in a high temperature environment, wait for its shell to cool before operating it.
- This product needs to be installed by professionals and needs to be used with other equipment.

3.2 Safety Requirements

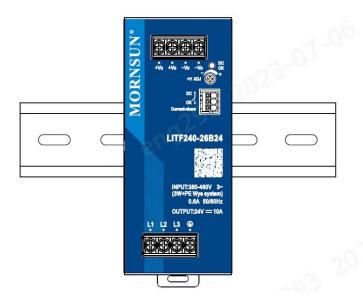
When installing, pay attention to the primary side and the protective ground. The creepage distance and electrical clearance of the primary side and the secondary side meet the safety requirements, refer to EN/UL61010.

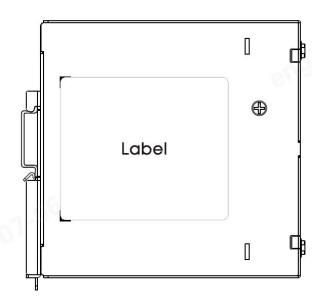
3.3 Installation Method

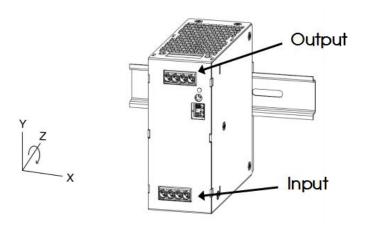
Installation direction: When installing, the port of the output end should be upward, and the port of the input end should be downward. (See below)

Note: Pay attention to the temperature rise of the device in different installation modes. Derate the device according to the actual situation.

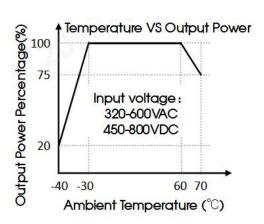


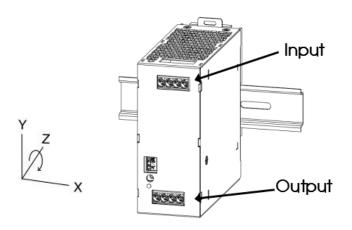




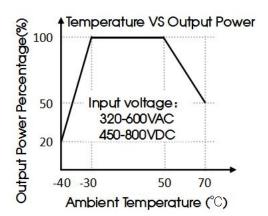


Rotate the installation position (0° Z-Axis)

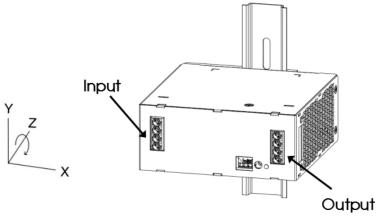


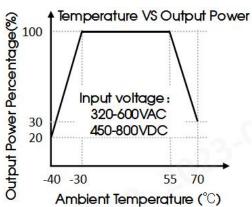


Rotate the installation position (180° Z-Axis)

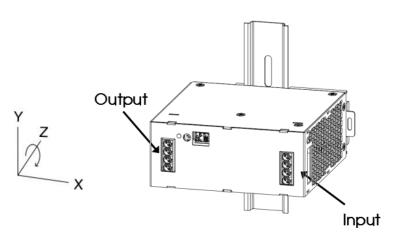


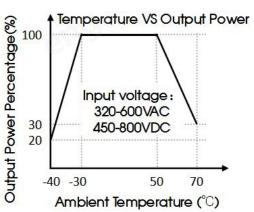




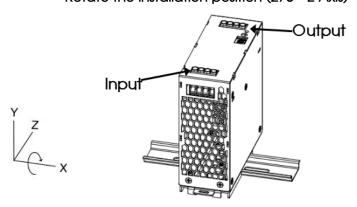


Rotate the installation position (90° Z-Axis)

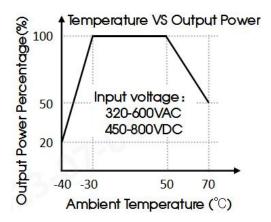




Rotate the installation position (270° Z-Axis)

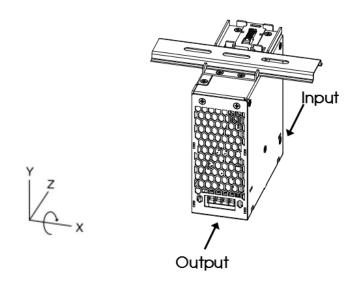


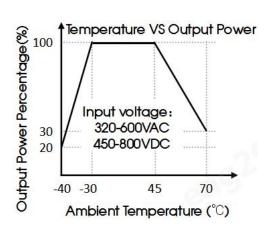












Rotate the installation position (270° X-Axis)