



Malt Shop Milkshake IPA



⚠️ If your kit has **liquid yeast**, put it in the refrigerator as soon as possible.

Rich smooth mouthfeel and juicy hop character provide the perfect background for your choice of fruit flavors! We recommend Strawberry, Peach, or Blackberry. For added full creamy flavor try adding vanilla, too.

Calculated Appx.: O.G.: 1.067 F.G.: 1.023 ABV:5.8% IBU: 61 SRM: 5

Kit Ingredients

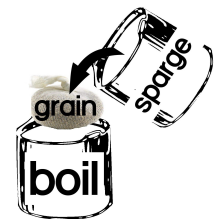
- Specialty Mashing Grains
 - 12oz Caramel malt 20L
 - 8 oz Flaked Oats
- 7 lb Pilsen Extract
- 1 lb Lactose
- 1 oz Magnum (@ 30m)
- 2 oz El Dorado (1 @ 0m w/hop stand, 1 @ dry hop)
- 3 oz Lemondrop (2 @ 0m w/hop stand, 1 @ dry hop)
- Muslin sack to steep grains
- 1 cup corn sugar (for bottling)
- Safale S-04 dry, Wyeast 1318, or WLP008 liquid yeast

⚠️ Please make sure that kit contains these items. Call us at 608-257-0099 before brewing if any item is missing. Thanks!

Directions

Sanitize everything well! Remember to stir periodically throughout the boil!

0. If you are using liquid yeast, about three to six hours before you are going to brew, remove the liquid yeast from the refrigerator. If it is a Wyeast pack, break the nutrient pack inside the yeast package according to the directions on the package. Leave the yeast out at room temperature until it is time to pitch your yeast into your beer.
1. Fill your kettle with 6 quarts of water and heat it to 166F. Pour the **crushed mashing grain** into the grain sack, tie them closed, and place them into your kettle. Check the temperature, make sure it is between 150F and 155F. (If you want a little more body in the beer mash a little warmer. If you want a little less body, mash a little cooler. Just make sure to keep it between 148F and 159F). **Steep/mash the grains for 30 minutes.**
2. While your grains are steeping/mashing, heat 6 quarts of water to 170F in a separate pot. After the 30 minute steep/mash, remove the grains from the mixture and sparge by rinsing them with the 6 quarts of hot water, collecting the runnings in your boil kettle. Then turn on the heat and bring the mixture to a boil. You will be boiling the mixture, called wort, for a total of 30 minutes. However, keep reading, because you'll be adding hops during that time.
3. When you achieve a boil, turn off the heat and empty the **Pilsen malt extract** into the hot water. (Extract may pour more easily if you open the top of the container and place it in a saucepan of hot, not boiling, water for ten minutes prior to pouring. Do not apply direct heat to the jar). Stir extract into wort well.
4. Turn the heat back on and bring the wort to a boil. Upon initial boil the wort may foam up (called a "hot break"). If this happens, reduce the heat until the foam recedes, then turn up the heat, bring back to a boil, and maintain a rolling boil. Start your 30 minute timer at this point in the brewing process. Add **1 oz Magnum** hop pellets and boil the wort for 20 minutes. This hop addition will impart most of the bitterness to your beer.
5. After those 20 minutes it's time for another addition! Add **1lb Lactose** .



6. Boil another 10 minutes (30 minutes total). Turn off the heat then, add **1 oz El Dorado and 2 oz Lemondrop** hop pellets.
7. Allow to rest for 15 min before cooling (this step is called a hopstand, and it will help retain more hop flavor and aroma). Give the wort an occasional stir with a sanitized spoon during this time.
8. Sanitize fermentor, stopper, and air lock with sanitizing material according to its directions.
9. Fill the sanitized fermentor with 2.5 gallons of cold water (use less if you boiled more water than the recipe calls for).
10. After your 15 minute hopstand, cool your hot wort down to around 100 -110F by placing your pot carefully into a sink of ice water for 15-30 minutes or by using a wort chiller. Carefully pour the hot wort into the cold water in the fermentor. If necessary, top up to 5 gallons with cold water.
11. Take a temperature reading of the wort. If the wort mixture in the fermentor is below 80°F (not warm to the touch), give the wort a good shake or a good stir with a sanitized metal or plastic spoon. Here you are trying to aerate the wort, which will help your yeast get going. This is also a good time to take a hydrometer reading. The number from this reading is your starting gravity. Add your beer **yeast**. Instructions are on the yeast package.
12. Seal your fermentor. Attach the fermentation lock half filled with water. Ferment at 60°-72°F for around 14 days. Note that it can take up to 48 hours for active fermentation to be visible. If you don't see any activity in the air lock or foam on the surface of beer after 48 hours, call us at 608-257-0099. If doing a double stage fermentation, siphon the beer into the glass carboy after 5-7 days in the primary fermentor (the beer may be transferred to the glass carboy as soon as the foam has fallen far enough so the carboy will not overflow).
13. However you ferment, add **1 oz El Dorado and 1 oz Lemondrop** hop pellets to your beer after 5 days of fermentation (if doing two-stage fermentation, add these hops when you siphon your beer into the secondary fermentor) This is also the best time to add whole fruit, puree, or vanilla beans if desired.
14. After around 14 days, if your beer has ceased fermentation, you can go ahead and bottle or keg your beer. Whether you bottle or keg, sanitize everything that will contact the beer during packaging, including bottles, caps, kegs, siphon tubing, bottle filler, etc. Also, now is a good time to take a hydrometer reading. This would be your beer's final gravity. This is also the best time to add fruit flavorings or vanilla extract.
 - a. **Bottling, Single-Stage Fermentor:** Siphon beer into sanitized bottles. Pour just under 1 tsp. corn sugar in each bottle. Cap & turn bottles upside down several times to mix in sugar.
 - b. **Bottling, 2-Stage Fermentor:** Rack the beer carefully off the sediment into a sterilized fermentor or bottling bucket from the carboy. Bring $\frac{3}{4}$ pint of water to a boil. Turn off heat. Dissolve 1 cup of corn sugar in this hot water and stir gently into the beer. Bottle and cap.
 - c. **Kegging:** Siphon the beer into your sanitized keg, purge the oxygen from the head-space, hook up to your CO2, wait, and enjoy!
15. Store upright at room temperature (~70F) for 14 days to carbonate. Beer may then be stored at cooler temperatures to age. Beer may be consumed at any time, though it will continue to improve for several weeks.