

**Britemax Final Shine**

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2016-04-19

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifier**Trade name **Britemax Final Shine****1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses Metal polishing compound

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Transco Blanx Ltd. t/a Britemax  
Unit 18 Lambs Business Park  
Terracotta Road  
South Godstone  
Surrey  
RH9 8LJ  
United Kingdom  
Tel: +44 (0)1342 893015  
sales@britemax.co.uk

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
3.6	carcinogenicity	1B	Carc. 1B	H350
3.8D	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
3.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

**2.2 Label elements**

Labelling

- Signal word **danger**

- Pictograms

GHS07, GHS08



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### - Hazard statements

H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.

### - Precautionary statements

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling petrolatum, Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light, odorless mineral spirits, Stoddard Solvent

### 2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures



Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS No 64742-47-8	25 - < 50	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	
odorless mineral spirits	CAS No 64742-48-9	25 - < 50	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	
petrolatum	CAS No 8009-03-8	1 - < 5	Carc. 1B / H350	
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	CAS No 556-67-2	< 1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Repr. 2 / H361f	

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Stoddard Solvent	CAS No 8052-41-3	< 1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	 

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

## General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

## Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

## Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

## Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

## Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Narcotic effects.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

none

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

## Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

## Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: Sawdust, Kieselgur (diatomite), Sand, Universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not to eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

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- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)								
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
CA	aluminium, insoluble compounds	1344-28-1	OEL (BC)		1			"BC Regulation"
CA	Aluminum oxide	1344-28-1	PEV/VE A		10			Regulation OHS
CA	Aluminum oxide (Alumina)	1344-28-1	OEL (AB)		10			OHS Code
CA	Jet fuels	64742-47-8	OEL (BC)		200			"BC Regulation"
CA	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	OEL (AB)	100	572			OHS Code
CA	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PEV/VE A	100	525			Regulation OHS
CA	Stoddard solvent (mineral spirits)	8052-41-3	OEL (BC)		290		580	"BC Regulation"

**Notation**

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	14.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
petrolatum	8009-03-8	PNEC	9.33 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.44 µg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.044 µg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	End-point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotet-rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	10 mg/l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet-rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.59 mg/kg	benthic organisms	sediments	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet-rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.059 mg/kg	pelagic organisms	sediments	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet-rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	1.7 mg/kg	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
octamethylcyclotet-rasiloxane	556-67-2	PNEC	0.15 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

#### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

##### Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

##### Skin protection

##### - Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

##### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

##### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Colour	white
Odour	characteristic - slight hydrocarbon odor

#### Other safety parameters

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pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	100 °C
Flash point	62 °C at 101.3 kPa 143 °F at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)

## Explosive limits

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.7 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	5.4 vol%

Vapour pressure	31.69 hPa at 25 °C
Density	0.91 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C 7.54 lbs/US Gal
Vapour density	this information is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

## Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
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Auto-ignition temperature	343 °C
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidising properties	none

**9.2 Other information**

Solvent content	77.3 %
Solid content	22.26 %
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300 °C)

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**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity****10.1 Reactivity**

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

**10.2 Chemical stability**

See below "Conditions to avoid".

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

No known hazardous reactions.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Oxidisers

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**Classification acc. to GHS**

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure  
Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

- 12.1 Toxicity**  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability**  
Data are not available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**  
Data are not available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil**  
Data are not available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**  
Data are not available.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects**

**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- 13.1 Waste treatment methods**  
Waste treatment-relevant information  
Solvent reclamation/regeneration.  
Sewage disposal-relevant information  
Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.  
Waste treatment of containers/packagings  
Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.
- Relevant provisions relating to waste**  
List of wastes  
Not assigned
- Remarks**  
Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

- |  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| <b>14.1 UN number</b>                  | not subject to transport regulations |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>    | not relevant                         |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b> |                                      |
| Class                                  | -                                    |
| <b>14.4 Packing group</b>              | not relevant                         |
| <b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>      |                                      |

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**14.6 Special precautions for user**

There is no additional information.

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code**

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**National regulations (United States)**

**SARA TITLE III (Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act)**

- List of Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355) (EPCRA Section 302)  
none of the ingredients are listed
- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (40 CFR 372) (EPCRA Section 313)  
none of the ingredients are listed

New Jersey Worker and Community Right to Know Act none of the ingredients are listed  
N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq.

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		F2

Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree

**California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 Chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity** none of the ingredients are listed

**Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)**

**NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerise, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protective equipment	-	

**NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
"BC Regulation"	OHS Regulation: Section 5.48 (British Columbia)
Asp. Tox.	aspiration hazard
Carc.	carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
Flam. Liq.	flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Identification System
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
Muta.	germ cell mutagenicity
NFPA® 704	National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OHS Code	Occupational Health and Safety Code: Occupational exposure limits for chemical substances (Alberta)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
Regulation OHS	Regulation respecting occupational health and safety: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants (Quebec)
Repr.	reproductive toxicity
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	irritant to skin

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
STEL	short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TWA	time-weighted average
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

**Key literature references and sources for data**

Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).

Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

**Classification procedure**

Physical and chemical properties. The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards. Environmental hazards. The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

**List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)**

Code	Text
H226	flammable liquid and vapour
H227	combustible liquid
H304	may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	causes skin irritation
H336	may cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	may cause genetic defects
H350	may cause cancer
H361f	suspected of damaging fertility
H372	causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

**Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.