

Britemax AIO Max

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2017-02-09

SECTION 1: Identification**1.1 Product identifier**Trade name **Britemax AIO Max****1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses Vehicle polish

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Transco Blanx Ltd. t/a Britemax
Unit 18 Lambs Business Park
Terracotta Road
South Godstone
Surrey
RH9 8LJ
United Kingdom
Tel: +44 (0)1342 893015
sales@britemax.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

| Section | Hazard class | Category | Hazard class and category | Hazard statement |
|---------|--|----------|---------------------------|------------------|
| B.6 | flammable liquid | 4 | Flam. Liq. 4 | H227 |
| A.5 | germ cell mutagenicity | 1B | Muta. 1B | H340 |
| A.6 | carcinogenicity | 1B | Carc. 1B | H350 |
| A.7 | reproductive toxicity | 2 | Repr. 2 | H361f |
| A.9 | specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | 1 | STOT RE 1 | H372 |
| A.10 | aspiration hazard | 1 | Asp. Tox. 1 | H304 |

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

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- Hazard statements

| | |
|-------|---|
| H227 | Combustible liquid. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H340 | May cause genetic defects. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

- Precautionary statements

| | |
|-----------|---|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use. |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed. |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. |
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician. |
| P308+P313 | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| P314 | Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. |
| P331 | Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish. |
| P403+P235 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. |
| P405 | Store locked up. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Stoddard Solvent, octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

2.3 Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and chronic).









SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

| Name of substance | Identifier | Wt% | Classification acc. to GHS | Pictograms |
|---|----------------------|-----------|---|--|
| Stoddard Solvent | CAS No 8052-41-3 | 10 - < 25 | Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 |   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | CAS No 64742-47-8 | 1 - < 5 | Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 |  |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | CAS No 556-67-2 | 1 - < 5 | Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Repr. 2 / H361f |   |
| CMIT/MIT mixture | CAS No 55965-84-9 | < 1 | Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 |    |

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures**4.1 Description of first- aid measures**

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: Sawdust, Kieselgur (diatomite), Sand, Universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal precautions: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10.

Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

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- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

| Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits) | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Country | Name of agent | CAS No | Identifier | TWA [ppm] | TWA [mg/m ³] | STEL [ppm] | STEL [mg/m ³] | Source |
| US | alpha-alumina | 1344-28-1 | PEL | | 15 | | | 29 CFR OSHA |
| US | alpha-alumina | 1344-28-1 | PEL | | 5 | | | 29 CFR OSHA |
| US | stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3 | PEL | 500 | 2,900 | | | 29 CFR OSHA |

Notation

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified
TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average

| Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | End-point | Threshold level | Protection goal, route of exposure | Used in | Exposure time |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | DNEL | 73 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | chronic - systemic effects |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | DNEL | 73 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | acute - systemic effects |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | DNEL | 73 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | chronic - local effects |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | DNEL | 73 mg/m ³ | human, inhalatory | worker (industry) | acute - local effects |

| Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | End-point | Threshold level | Organism | Environmental compartment | Exposure time |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 10 mg/l | microorganisms | sewage treatment plant (STP) | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 0.059 mg/kg | pelagic organisms | sediment | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 1.7 mg/kg | (top) predators | water | short-term (single instance) |

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| Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture | | | | | | |
|---|----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | End-point | Threshold level | Organism | Environmental compartment | Exposure time |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 0.44 µg/l | aquatic organisms | freshwater | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 0.044 µg/l | aquatic organisms | marine water | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 10 mg/l | aquatic organisms | sewage treatment plant (STP) | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 3 mg/kg | aquatic organisms | freshwater sediment | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 0.3 mg/kg | aquatic organisms | marine sediment | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 0.59 mg/kg | benthic organisms | sediment | short-term (single instance) |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | PNEC | 0.16 mg/kg | terrestrial organisms | soil | short-term (single instance) |

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

| | |
|----------------|------------------|
| Physical state | liquid (viscous) |
| Color | light green |
| Odor | fruity |

Other safety parameters

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| pH (value) | 8.2 (25 °C) |
| Melting point/freezing point | not determined |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | >65 °C at 1 atm |
| Flash point | 63 °C at 101.3 kPa 146 °F at 1 atm |
| Evaporation rate | not determined |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | not relevant (fluid) |

Explosive limits

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| - Lower explosion limit (LEL) | 1 vol% |
| - Upper explosion limit (UEL) | 6 vol% |

| | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Vapor pressure | 31.69 hPa at 25 °C |
| Density | 1.005 g/ml |
| Vapor density | this information is not available |
| Relative density | 1 at 25 °C (water = 1) |
| Solubility(ies) | not determined |

Partition coefficient

| | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| - n-octanol/water (log KOW) | this information is not available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 384 °C |
| Viscosity | not determined |
| Explosive properties | none |
| Oxidizing properties | none |

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9.2 Other information

| | |
|--|---|
| Solvent content | 90.91 % |
| Solid content | 9.09 % |
| Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500) | T2 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 300° C) |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

| Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | Exposure route | ATE |
| CMIT/MIT mixture | 55965-84-9 | oral | 100 mg/kg |
| CMIT/MIT mixture | 55965-84-9 | dermal | 300 mg/kg |
| CMIT/MIT mixture | 55965-84-9 | inhalation: vapor | 3 mg/l/4h |

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | LC50 | >22 µg/l | fish | 96 h |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | EC50 | >1,000 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | 96 h |

| Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture | | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------|
| Name of substance | CAS No | Endpoint | Value | Species | Exposure time |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | LC50 | 10 µg/l | fish | 14 d |
| octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | EC50 | >500 mg/l | aquatic invertebrates | 24 h |

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Relevant provisions relating to waste

List of wastes

Not assigned

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information**14.1 UN number** not subject to transport regulations**14.2 UN proper shipping name** not relevant**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

Class

-

14.4 Packing group not relevant**14.5 Environmental hazards****14.6 Special precautions for user**

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Not subject to transport regulations.

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International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

SARA TITLE III (Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act)

- List of Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355) (EPCRA Section 302 and 304)
none of the ingredients are listed

New Jersey Worker and Community Right to Know Act N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq.

| Right to Know Hazardous Substance List | | | |
|--|-----------|---------|-----------------|
| Name acc. to inventory | CAS No | Remarks | Classifications |
| stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3 | | F2 |

Legend

F2 Flammable - Second Degree

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 Chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity

none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

| Category | Rating | Description |
|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| Chronic | * | chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure |
| Health | 0 | no significant risk to health |
| Flammability | 2 | material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur |
| Physical hazard | 0 | material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive |
| Personal protective equipment | - | |

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

| Category | Degree of hazard | Description |
|----------------|------------------|--|
| Flammability | 2 | material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur |
| Health | 0 | material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material |
| Instability | 0 | material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions |
| Special hazard | | |

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15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**Abbreviations and acronyms**

| Abbr. | Descriptions of used abbreviations |
|----------------|--|
| 29 CFR OSHA | 29 CFR §1910.1001 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits) |
| 49 CFR US DOT | 49 CFR § 40 U.S. Department of Transportation |
| Acute Tox. | Acute toxicity |
| Asp. Tox. | Aspiration hazard |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| Carc. | Carcinogenicity |
| CAS | Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances) |
| DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR) |
| DNEL | Derived No-Effect Level |
| Eye Dam. | Seriously damaging to the eye |
| Eye Irrit. | Irritant to the eye |
| Flam. Liq. | Flammable liquid |
| GHS | "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IATA/DGR | Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA) |
| ICAO | International Civil Aviation Organization |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code |
| MARPOL | International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant") |
| Muta. | Germ cell mutagenicity |
| NPCA-HMIS® III | National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States) |
| PBT | Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| PEL | Permissible exposure limit |
| PNEC | Predicted No-Effect Concentration |
| ppm | Parts per million |
| Repr. | Reproductive toxicity |
| RTECS | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information) |
| Skin Corr. | Corrosive to skin |
| Skin Irrit. | Irritant to skin |
| Skin Sens. | Skin sensitization |
| STEL | Short-term exposure limit |
| STOT RE | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure |
| TWA | Time-weighted average |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative |

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Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

| Code | Text |
|-------|---|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapor. |
| H227 | Combustible liquid. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H340 | May cause genetic defects. |
| H350 | May cause cancer. |
| H361f | Suspected of damaging fertility. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.