



CUTTING EDGE IN MOTION



iDash User Manual 2015



Important:

This manual is for iDash purchased after Jan 1 2015. Prior to Jan 1 2015 the 4 pin power cable is grey, and the wire colors are different, you should refer to a pre-2015 manual available at http://www.14point7.com/pages/software-and-documentation. After Jan 1 2015 the 4 pin power cable is black and the manual you are currently reading is the correct manual.

iDash Package Contents:

1x iDash unit
1x Wireless router
1x 4 wire iDash Power cable (4ft)
1x 2 wire wireless router Power cable (2ft)
2x 1 Amp replacement fuse
Software CD
*Lambda sensor, Lambda cable, 10 Amp replacement fuse, and mild Steele O2 bung, are included only if Lambda option is ordered

Testing Wireless Functionality:

It is a good idea to test the wireless functionality of your iDash unit before doing a full installation, so this is what we will do first. Referring to **Fig.2-iDash Left Side**, connect the **Red** wire on the 4 pin Power Cable to 12[v] and the **Black** wire to ground, this will provide iDash with power.

Referring to **Fig.6-IDash Complete Wiring Diagram**, connect the wireless router to iDash with the supplied ethernet cable and the supplied 2 wire Power cable. The ethernet cable should connect to the ethernet port marked with a "1" on the wireless router. Your iDash unit will supply power to the wireless router through the 2 wire Power cable.

Power up iDash by apply 12v to the **Red** wire and Ground to the **Black** wire. Referring to **Fig.4-iDash Front Side**, the orange LED on the iDash Ethernet connector should be light, this indicates that power for iDash and the wireless router is "ok" and also that there is a physical ethernet connection between iDash and the wireless router.

The wireless router will automatically create an unsecured wireless network named "iDash", with your tablet/smartphone/PC connect to the "iDash" wireless network. In your browser enter "192.168.1.147" into the address bar, this will bring up the iDash homepage (see image below). Once you are able to access the iDash homepage you can now begin a full installation.





Installation:

Placement:

iDash and the wireless router should be mounted inside the vehicle cabin. For the built in dual axis accelerometer to be accurate the Front Side, refer to Fig.4-iDash Front Side, should be facing towards the direction of travel and iDash should be mounted as horizontal as possible.

Wiring:

Follow Fig.6-IDash Complete Wiring Diagram for an idea of the overall installation wiring. If you need more detail refer to Fig.2 to Fig.5.

The **Black** wire on the 4 wire Power Cable, refer to **Fig.2-iDash Left Side**, is the ground for the iDash electronics, it is a very important ground so care must be taken to ensure a good connection. The best place to ground the Black wire is where your ECU is grounded or close to the negative terminal of your battery.

The **Red** wire on the 4 wire Power Cable, refer to **Fig.2-iDash Left Side** should be connected to a 12[v] source that is "live" when vehicle accessories power is "on" or when the engine is running. You do not want to directly connect it to the 12[v] terminal on your battery as it will drain the battery when your vehicle is not in use.

If your iDash unit has the Lambda option, the **Green** and **Blue** wires on the 4 wire Power Cable needs to be connected, refer to **Fig.2-iDash Left Side.** You need to take care where you ground the **Green** wire, it carries large pulsed current and should be grounded far from where the **Black** wire is grounded. Generally the best place to ground the **Green** wire is the chassis or engine block. The **Blue** wire should be connected to a 12[v] source that is "live" only when the engine is running.

RPM Input:

iDash has a built in RPM pickup for Engine RPM, the RPM pickup is compatible with 0[v] to 5[v] or a 0[v] to 12[v] square wave signal. Typically the low side of the ignition coil produces a signal compatible with the RPM pickup.



Wideband Oxygen sensor Installation (only if Lambda Option Purchased):

For all Oxygen sensor installations the sensor must be installed before the catalytic converter.

For normally aspirated engines the Wideband Oxygen sensor should be installed about 2ft from the engine exhaust port. For Turbocharged engines the Wideband Oxygen sensor should be installed about 3ft from the engine exhaust port after the turbocharger. For Supercharged engines the Wideband Oxygen sensor should be installed 3ft from the engine exhaust port. Installing the Wideband Oxygen sensor too close to the engine exhaust port may overheat the sensor, installing the Wideband Oxygen sensor too far from the exhaust port may leave the sensor too cool, both will cause damage to the sensor and lead to wrong measurements. iDash allows you to monitor the temperature of the Wideband Oxygen sensor, if you notice the temperature is too hot or too cool you should change the location of the sensor.

The Wideband Oxygen sensor should be installed between the 10 o'clock and the 2 o'clock position, this will allow gravity to remove water condensation from the sensor.

The **Blue** wire on the 4 wire Power Cable supplies the heater inside the Wideband Oxygen sensor with 12[v] power, it is important that the 12[v] on the **Blue** wire be "live" only when the engine is running. If the sensor is heated before the engine starts, condensation in the exhaust system may move to the sensor and cause thermal shock to the sensor, if the sensor is left unheated in an active exhaust stream; carbon will build up on the sensor and ruin the sensor.

iDash Usage:

iDash supports HTML, HTML5, and adobe flash. HTML is totally text based and is suitable for older devices with slower processors. HTML5 is graphics based, it requires a modern device with fast processor running a browser that supports HTML5. Adobe Flash requires a modern device with fast processor and supported by Adobe Flash.

iDash presents text and graphics through a built in webserver just like a "normal" website on the internet, there is no software to install for display and configuration. For firmware updates, and viewing of saved datalogs; software must be installed onto a PC running the Windows operating system.

iDash allows multiple devices to connect at the same time, you can mix and match upto different 5 devices at one time, you can also mix and match HTML, HTML5, adobe flash across multiple simultaneously connected devices with the limitation that only one device can use the Adobe Flash interface at a time. Refresh speed will drop with more devices connected, realistically 3 is the maximum number of devices you want to connect at once before the refresh rate becomes noticeably slower.

Browser Compatibility:

For Windows machines; Google Chrome runs the smoothest and offers the best user experience, Firefox is a close second choice, Opera and Internet Explorer offers the worst user experience. Be sure to use update your browser to the most recent version for the best experience possible.

For devices such as tablets and smartphones, your browser choices are generally limited to what your device ships with. Between the HTML, HTML5, and Adobe Flash interfaces you will be able to find a good user experience for your particular device.



HTML Usage:



Home: Navigates to iDash homepage.

Previous Dash: Loads previous Dash configuration.

Current Dash Selected: Shows which Dash configuration is currently loaded, 3 Dash configurations are available; Dash0,Dash1,Dash2. **Next Dash:** Loads next Dash configuration.

Add large Gauge: Adds a large gauge to screen.

Add medium Gauge: Adds a medium gauge to screen.

Add small Gauge: Adds a small gauge to screen.

Remove last gauge: Removes most recently added gauge from screen.

Save current Dash: Save current Dash configuration as a browser cookie. Cookies on your browser must be enabled for this feature to work. Record to iDash memory: Datalog to memory onboard iDash, iDash has enough memory to store about 3 hours of datalogging @ 10 samples per second.

Download iDash memory: Downloads the datalog stored onboard iDash memory to your computing device. For windows PC, you will "right click" the icon and select "save as". For other computing devices, the ability to download files depends on the device, Operating System, and browser.

HMLT5 Usage:



Home: Navigates to iDash homepage.

Previous Dash: Loads previous Dash configuration.

Current Dash Selected: Shows which Dash configuration is currently loaded, 3 Dash configurations are available; Dash0,Dash1,Dash2. **Next Dash:** Loads next Dash configuration.

Add Gauge: Adds a gauge to screen.

Remove last gauge: Removes most recently added gauge from screen.

Save current Dash: Save current Dash configuration as a browser cookie. Cookies on your browser must be enabled for this feature to work. Record to iDash memory: Datalog to memory onboard iDash, iDash has enough memory to store about 3 hours of datalogging @ 10 samples per second.

Download iDash memory: Downloads the datalog stored onboard iDash memory to your computing device. For windows PC, you will "right click" the icon and select "save as". For other computing devices, the ability to download files depends on the device, Operating System, and browser.

Graph: Plots current Dash configuration as a Value vs Time graph. Some metrics will be auto scaled to make best use of screen real estate. **Draggable:** When the pin is "red" colored this will automatically tile new gauges that are added to the screen. When the pin is "green" colored this will allow the user to drag move gauges, drag move requires a browser with very good HTML5 support.



Adobe Flash Usage:

The Adobe Flash screen cannot be customized, it displays all the available metrics on screen at once. There are no controls on the Adobe Flash screen.

Loading of the Adobe Flash screen can take upwards of 2 minutes for slower devices.

Available Metrics for Display and Datalogging:

Name	Full Name	Description	Note
AFR1	AFR1	Air to Fuel Ratio measured by Wideband sensor 1	Requires Lambda Option Purchase
LSU1T	LSU1 Temperature	Temperature of Wideband sensor 1	Normal temperature is 750[C] = 100%
AFR2	AFR2	Air to Fuel Ratio measured Wideband sensor 2	Requires Lambda Option Purchase
LSU2T	LSU2 Temperature	Temperature of Wideband sensor 2	Normal temperature is 750[C] = 100%
EGT1	Exhaust Gas Temperature 1	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 1	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT2	Exhaust Gas Temperature 2	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 2	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT3	Exhaust Gas Temperature 3	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 3	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT4	Exhaust Gas Temperature 4	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 4	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT5	Exhaust Gas Temperature 5	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 5	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT6	Exhaust Gas Temperature 6	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 6	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT7	Exhaust Gas Temperature 7	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 7	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
EGT8	Exhaust Gas Temperature 8	Exhaust Gas Temperature measured by EGT probe 8	0[C] to 2500[F], 0[C] to 1400[C]
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute	Engine RPM	0[RPM] to 10000[RPM]
SRPM	Shaft Revolutions Per Minute	Shaft RPM	0[RPM] to 10000[RPM]
MAP1	Manifold Absolute Pressure 1	Boost/Vacuum sensor 1	0[PSI] to 44[PSI], -30[Hg] to 88[Hg]
MAP2	Manifold Absolute Pressure 2	Boost/ Vacuum sensor 2	0[PSI] to 44[PSI], -30[Hg] to 88[Hg]
FLT	Fluid Temperature	Fluid Temperature	0[F] to 300[F], 0[C] to 150[C]
IAT1	Intake Air Temperature 1	Intake Air Temperature sensor 1	0[F] to 250[F], 0[C] to 125[C]
IAT2	Intake Air Temperature 2	Intake Air Temperature sensor 2	0[F] to 250[F], 0[C] to 125[C]
FP	Fuel Pressure	Fuel Pressure sensor	0[Hg] to 250[Hg], 0 to 150[PSI]
OP	Oil Pressure	Oil Pressure sensor	0[Hg] to 250[Hg], 0 to 150[PSI]
GFY	Gforce Y axis	Acceleration/Deceleration G Force	+ve = accel, -ve = Decel, -4[G] to +4[G]
GFX	Gforce X axis	Cornering G Force	+ve =Left turn, -ve=Right turn, -4[G] to +4[G]
Vin1	Voltage input 1	Analog Voltage Input 1	0[v] to 5[v]
Vin2	Voltage input 2	Analog Voltage Input 2	0[v] to 5[v]
DL	Datalog Status	% of datalog memory full on iDash	There is enough memory for ~3hrs of storage

Sensor Calibration:

Some sensors need to be calibrated for maximum accuracy before using. Calibration is done through the Config.htm page. After you select the type of calibration from the "Calibrate" drop down menu, press the "Save to iDash Memory" to perform the calibration.

Lambda Free Air Calibration: Using the known Oxygen concentration of Free Air, ~20.9%, you can calibrate the Wideband Oxygen sensor to remove the effects of aging on the sensor. I do not recommend using Free Air calibration, it is only there because another brand of Wideband controllers has made it a popular feature. As the Wideband sensor ages it only loses minor amounts of accuracy, more accuracy is typically lost by users not following procedure than gained by users correctly following procedure. Follow the onboard screen prompt to ensure you have properly performed the calibration procedure.

Lambda HW Calibration: This is for factory use only when installing a new Lambda module into iDash, end users should not use this.

EGT Calibration: Follow the onboard screen prompts to perform the calibration procedure.

MAP Calibration: Follow the onboard screen prompts to perform the calibration procedure.

Accelerometer Calibration: Follow the onboard screen prompts to perform the calibration procedure.



PC Software:

Software Installation:

Run "iDash_Deploy_x_xx.exe" from the included CDROM, this will start the windows software installation. This software is for the Windows Operating System only. This will install 2 pieces of software; iDash Ethernet Bootloader and iDash Datalog Converter. You will also need to run the "WINLOGSETUP_14Point7.exe" from the CDROM to install Winlog onto your computer.

iDash Ethernet Bootloader allows the updating of the iDash firmware via the Ethernet port.

The datalog file downloaded directly from iDash memory is compressed to conserve memory space on iDash and to reduce download time. The iDash Datalog Converter will decompress the datalog file into a plain text format with each data field separated by a ",". The decompressed file can be read by a spreadsheet such as Microsoft Excel or by the included WinlogView datalog viewer.

Winlog is a 3rd party data visualization program, there are 2 software components to Winlog; Winlog which is a real-time data visualizer and WinlogView which is a viewer for datalogs saved to disk. Because iDash already has real-time data visualizer via HTML5, Adobe Flash, Winlog will not be used, but WinLogViewer will be used to view saved datalogs.

Firmware and Webserver Updating:

There are 2 software components to iDash; firmware and webserver. You can think of the iDash firmware as defining the function and the webserver as defining the form or look.

Generally the firmware version on iDash has to match with the webserver version, you will be notified at the bottom of the Config.htm page in red if there is a mismatch. If you do not see a warning message in red, then there is no mismatch.

Updating the Webserver:

At the bottom of the Config.htm page there is a link "Goto Webserver Update Page", click the link. Browse to where the Webserver file holding the update is and then click "upload". This will take around 30 seconds to update.

After a firmware or webserver update you should clear your browser cookies and download a new set of settings to iDash; AFR Conversion, RPM Multiplier, Pressure Units, etc..., you should also recalibrate your sensors.



Updating the Firmware:

In the iDash configuration screen, click the wrench icon from home screen, at the bottom of the page will display the firmware version of iDash. If the firmware version is 1.03 or earlier, please follow the instructions in "Updating the Firmware Pre 1.04". If the firmware version is 1.04 or later, please follow the instructions in "Updating the Firmware 1.04 later"

Updating the Firmware 1.04 and later:

- 1) Run the "iDash Ethernet bootloader" program from your PC
- 2) Click the "File" button and browse to where the firmware file is
- 3) Click "Capture Target", this will constantly send a firmware update request to iDash over the network.
- 4) In the iDash configuration screen, click the wrench icon from home screen, click "save to iDash Memory". Every time new settings are written to iDash, iDash will do a reset, during reset iDash will check to see if there is a firmware update request and go into firmware update mode if there is.
- 5) Once iDash is able to connect to the Ethernet Bootloader program, the status box will update with information similar to what is seen in the picture below.

7 14Point7 iDash Ethernet	Bootloader Utility	
File C:\Program Files\14Poin	t7\iDash\Firmware_Webser	ver_Files\Firm
Capture Target Stop Captu	re .	Program
Target address: 192.	168.1.200	~
LIA ID: IP address: LIA Status:	759F 192.168.1.200 4000	
in loader mode Control PDU Seg #: Data PDU Seg #:	0 00	
	676743	
		1
1		<u> </u>

6) Click "Program" to begin the firmware update process, this will take about 1 minute to complete. Once the firmware update is complete the status box will update with information similar to what is seen in the picture below.

		are may to conclony
Capture Target Stop C	lapture	Program
in loader mode		~
Control PDU Seq #	:: O	
Data PDU Seq #:	00	
Data PDU Seq #: Programming from	00 C:\Program	
Data PDU Seq #: Programming from Files\14Point7\iL es\Firmware\iDash <u>Programming Compl</u> LIA ID:	00 C:\Program ash\Firmware_W _Firmware_May_ ete 759F	Webserver_Fil 18_2012.cry
Data PDU Seq #: Programming from Files\14Point7\iL es\Firmware\iDash Programming Compl LIA ID: IP_address:	00 C:\Program Dash\Firmware_Way_ ete 759F 192,168.1.	Jebserver_Fil 18_2012.cry 200
Data PDU Seq #: Programming from Files\14Point7\iD es\Firmware\iDash <u>Programming Compl</u> LIA ID: IP address: LIA Status: in loader mode	00 C:\Program ash\Firmware_W Firmware_May_ ete 759F 192.168.1. 4008	Vebserver_Fil 18_2012.cry 200
Data PDU Seq #: Programming from Files\14Point7\1 es\Firmware\lash Programming Compl LIA ID: IP address: LIA Status: in loader mode finished progra	00 C:\Program ash\Firmware_W Firmware_May_ ete 759F 192.168.1. 4008 ming file	Vebserver_Fil 18_2012.cry 200
Data PDU Seq #: Programming from Files\14Point7\11 es\Firmware\iDash Programming Compl LIA ID: IP address: LIA Status: in loader mode finished progra Control PDU Seq #	00 C:\Program Jash\Firmware_W _Firmware_May_ ete 759F 192.168.1. 4008 ming_file :: 8197	Jebserver_Fil 18_2012.cry 200

- 7) Turn off iDash.
- 8) Power on iDash, now iDash will be running the new firmware



After a firmware or webserver update you may need to clear your browser cookies and download a new set of settings to iDash; AFR Conversion, RPM Multiplier, Pressure Units, etc..., you may also need to recalibrate your sensors.

Updating the Firmware Pre 1.04:

- 9) Turn off iDash
- 10) Unscrew the 4 screws holding the top lid of iDash, remove the lid. In the top right hand corner of iDash is a pushbutton labeled "Reset".
- 11) Power on iDash with the lid removed.
- 12) Run the "iDash Ethernet bootloader" program from your PC
- 13) Click the "File" button and browse to where the firmware file is
- 14) Click "Capture Target", this will constantly send a firmware update request to iDash over the network.
- 15) Press the "Reset" button on iDash.
- 16) Once iDash is able to connect to the Ethernet Bootloader program, the status box will update with information similar to what is seen in the picture below.

Capture Target Stop	Capture	Program
larget address: LTA ID: IP address: LIA Status: in loader mode Control PDU Seg Data PDU Seg #:	192.168.1.200 759F 192.168.1.2 4000 #: 0 00	200

17) Click "Program" to begin the firmware update process, this will take about 1 minute to complete. Once the firmware update is complete the status box will update with information similar to what is seen in the picture below.

		ware_May	_18_2012.cry
Capture Target Stop Captu	ле		Program
in loader mode Control PDU Seq #: Data PDU Seq #:	0 00		
Deservation from C.	-		
Files\14Point7\iDas] es\Firmware\iDash_F: Programming Complete	\Program h∖Firmware_ irmware_May ∋	Webser 7_18_20	ver_Fil 12.cry
Files\14Point7\iDas Files\14Point7\iDas es\Firmware\iDash_F: Programming Complete LIA ID:	<pre>\Program h\Firmware_May B 759F</pre>	Webser 7_18_20	ver_Fil 12.cry
Files\14Point7\iDas es\Firmvare\iDash_F; Programming Complete LIA ID: IP address:	<pre>\Program h\Firmware_May Trmware_May 759F 192.168.1</pre>	Webser 7_18_20	ver_Fil 12.cry
Flogsannang From C. Files:14Point7:10as1 es:Firmware:iDash_F: <u>Programming Complete</u> IIA ID: IP address: IIA Status: in loader mode	<pre>\Program h\Firmware_May irmware_May 759F 192.168.1 4008</pre>	Webser _18_20	ver_Fil 112.cry
Flogslamming from C. Files/14Point7/iDash_F: Programming Complete LIA ID: IP address: LIA Status: in loader mode finished programin	<pre>\Program h\Firmware_May irmware_May 759F 192.168.1 4008 ng file</pre>	Vebser -18_20	ver_Fil 12.cry

- 18) Turn off iDash and secure the lid to iDash.
- 19) Power on iDash, now iDash will be running the new firmware

After a firmware or webserver update you may need to clear your browser cookies and download a new set of settings to iDash; AFR Conversion, RPM Multiplier, Pressure Units, etc..., you may also need to recalibrate your sensors.



Custom HTML:

You can create your own HTML webpages to display information from iDash, doing so requires knowledge of HTML.

In your installation directory, probably "C:\Program Files\14Point7\iDash" there is a directory named "Custom_HTML", in "Custom_HTML" there is a directory named "HTML_Source", in "HTML_Source" is a file named "Example.htm". "Example.htm" is a simple webpage that gives you all the essential code needed to fetch data from iDash and display it to a browser, it is expected that you make your modifications to the "Example.htm" page. You can also edit the other htm pages; "index.htm", "Html.htm", "HTML5.htm", and "Graph5.htm" but that is much more involved and little or no code comments are available.

You can access the "Example.htm" page from the main screen through the 🦛 icon

Uploading Custom HTML files to iDash:

In the "Custom_HTML" directory there is a directory named "MPFS2", in "MPFS2" is an executable "MPFS2.exe", double click and run "MPFS2.exe".

😫 Micr	ochip MPFS Generator	
Sour 1.	ce Settings Start With: Webpage Directory Pre-Built MPFS Image Source Directory: C:Vprogram Files/14Point7\;Dash\Custom_HTML\HTML_Source	Browse
Proc 2.	essing Options Output: O BIN Image C18/C32 Image Advanced Settings	O MDD
Outp 3.	ut Files Project Directory: C:\Program Files:114Point7\/Dash\Custom_HTML UPD61ard UPD61ard UD061ard UD061ard UD061ard UD061ard	Browse
Uplo 4.	Image Name: MPPSing2 (:bin) ad Settings Upload Image To: (:bin) ✓ http://admin@192.158.1.147/ (==> to modify ==>)	Settings
	Generate and Upload	November 12, 2009 Version 2.1.3603.35096

The MPFS2 program will take webpages; compress them and upload it to iDash.

Make sure your settings are the same as in the picture to the left and click the "Generate and Upload" button, once the upload is complete you can browse your HTML changes by connecting to iDash through your browser.

There is 1 Megabyte of memory reserved for webpage storage, the stock iDash webpage files take up approximately 600kb, so you have around 400kb of space to be creative. The MPF2Img2.bin file is the compressed file of all the webpages, it is what gets uploaded to iDash, you should check the file to make sure it is under 1 Megabyte.

You can also upload the MPFS2Img2.bin file by clicking the "Goto Webserver Update page" link in the "Config.HTM" page.



RPM pickup:

For some RPM signals to read correctly and without noise, you may need to change the variable resistors on the iDash PCB. Open the iDash enclosure, near the bottom center are two variable resistors, "RPM_Threshold" and "RPM_Hysteresis". The default variable resistance positions (default from 14Point7) will work for most RPM pickups. If iDash is not displaying RPM correctly, or if the reading is erratic then you may need to adjust those variable resistors.

Variable Resistor-Min Position



Variable Resistor-Normal Position (default from 14Point7)



Variable Resistor-Max Position



Turn the variable resistor clockwise to go from Min Position to Max Position.

RPM Pickup Adjustment Procedure:

- Set Both the RPM_Threshold and the RPM_Hysteresis variable resistors to the Min Position.
- Slowly adjust the RPM threshold variable resistor clockwise towards the Max Position, stop when the RPM displayed by iDash is correct. At this point the RPM readings may be erratic or noisy, that is taken care of by adjusting RPM_Hysteresis.
- Slowly adjust the RPM_Hysteresis variable resistor clockwise towards the Max Position, stop when you notice that the RPM signal is smooth enough to your liking.

You may need to go back and forth a few times between both variable resistors for the RPM to read correctly and smoothly. If you notice that as you add more Hysteresis that the RPM displayed by iDash becomes incorrect or drops to 0; you will have to turn the RPM_Threshold variable resistor a bit more clockwise towards max until you get the correct reading and then continue adjusting RPM_Hysteresis to remove noise.



Known Problems and Bugs:

If you save large dash configurations as browser cookie, this will bring up a "414 Request-URI Too Long: Buffer overflow detected" or "Data expected but not there" error in your browser. The browser cookie gets transmitted to iDash each time a request for data is made to by your browser, this is because all webservers are stateless machines and have no memory of the past so it relies on the browser cookie sent to it by the browser to keep track of the past. If the browser cookie is too large it will overflow the memory buffer on iDash. To correct this error you need to clear your browser cookies through your browser settings or use the "Clear All Cookies" button in the"Config.htm" page.

HMTL5 and the Adobe Flash interface are optimized for an AFR conversion of 14.7 for gasoline. Changing the AFR Conversion may result in the AFR gauges looking awkward and unreadable. This does not affect the HTML interface.

On Apple devices, the last gauge in your saved dash configuration will not be correct, the workaround is to save an extra "dummy" gauge and then delete the "dummy" gauge once the dash loads.

In some browsers the click dragging of gauges is not very precise.

Warranty:

14Point7 warrants this product to be free from defects for 2 years. Sensors if purchased from 14Point7 carry no warranty whatsoever. Warranty does not cover user error and abuse.

Disclaimer:

14Point7 is liable for damages only up to the purchase price of its products. 14Point7 products should not be used on public roads.



Left:





Power Connector:



Pin #	Wire Color	Name	Connects to	Note
1	Red	System Power	Switched 12[v]	"Switched" means 12v available only when engine is running
2	Black	System Ground	Ground	Make sure this is a solid ground.
3	Blue	LSU Heater Power	Switched 12[v]	Required only if Lambda module installed
4	Green	LSU Heater Ground	Ground to engine block or chassis	Required only if Lambda module installed

Lambda Sensor 1 Connector:

If your iDash unit has Lambda module 1 installed, this connector connects iDash to Lambda sensor 1 via supplied Lambda cable.

Lambda Sensor 2 Connector:

If your iDash unit has Lambda module 2 installed, this connector connects iDash to Lambda sensor 2 via supplied Lambda cable.







Screw Terminal A:

Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6	Pin 7	Pin 8	Pin 9	Pin 10	Pin 11	Pin 12
-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------

Pin #	Name	Connects to	Note
1	Not currently used		for future expansion
2	Not currently used		for future expansion
3	Not currently used		for future expansion
4	Not currently used		for future expansion
5	Not currently used		for future expansion
6	Not currently used		for future expansion
7	Not currently used		for future expansion
8	Not currently used		for future expansion
9	Not currently used		for future expansion
10	Lambda 2 Simulated Narrowband Output	Stock ECU if required	0[v] to 1[v] output, switch point @ Lambda=1
11	Lambda 1 Simulated Narrowband Output	Stock ECU if required	0[v] to 1[v] output, switch point @ Lambda=1
12	Lambda 2 Linear Output	ECU/Datalogger	0[v]@0.68[Lambda] linear to
			5[v]@1.36[Lambda], equivalent to
			0[v]@10[AFR] linear to 5[v]@20[AFR] for
			gasoline

Ethernet Connector:

Connects to Port1 on wireless router, do not connect to "WAN" port on wireless router.

I2C Barrel Connector:

Not currently used, for future expansion.

Router Power Output:

Provides power to wireless router.

Back:

Fig.3-iDash Back Side





Screw Terminal B:

Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6	Pin 7	Pin 8	Pin 9	Pin 10	Pin 11	Pin 12

Pin #	Name	Connects to	Note
1	EGT 1 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
2	EGT 2 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
3	EGT 3 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
4	EGT 4 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
5	EGT Common Negative 1	Common Negative for EGT Probe 1-4, Blue wire	*
6	EGT 5 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
7	EGT 6 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
8	EGT 7 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
9	EGT 8 Positive	14Point7 EGT Probe Red wire	*
10	EGT Common Negative 2	Common Negative for EGT Probe 5-8, Blue wire	*
11	Map Sensor Input 1	14Point7 MAP Sensor White wire	Optional
12	Map Sensor Input 2	14Point7 MAP Sensor White wire	Optional

* Only "ungrounded junction" or "exposed junction" type EGT Probes can be used, using "grounded junction" type will damage iDash and void your warranty!

Screw Terminal C:

Pin 1 Pin 2 Pin 3 Pin 4 Pin 5 Pin 6 Pin 7 Pin 8 Pin 9 Pin 10 Pin 11 Pin 12	-												
	Pin	1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 5	Pin 6	Pin 7	Pin 8	Pin 9	Pin 10	Pin 11	Pin 12

Pin #	Name	Connects to	Note
1	RPM Input	RPM input, tachometer or low side of ignition coil	RPM input, tachometer or low side of ignition coil
2	Shaft RPM sensor Input	14Point7 Shaft RPM sensor Blue wire	
3	Fluid Temperature sensor Input	14Point7 Fluid Temperature sensor	
4	Air Intake Temperature sensor input 1	14Point7 Air Intake temperature sensor Yellow wire	
5	Air Intake Temperature sensor input 2	14Point7 Air Intake temperature sensor Yellow Wire	
6	Fuel Pressure sensor input	14Point7 Fuel Pressure Sensor	
7	Oil Pressure sensor input	14Point7 Fuel Oil Sensor	
8	Analog Input 1		0-5[v] only
9	Analog Input 2		0-5[v] only
10	Sensor Common Ground		Not currently used
11	5v Output	14Point7 Shaft RPM Sensor Red wire	Optional
12	Lambda 1 Linear Output	ECU/Datalogger	0[v]@0.68[Lambda] linear to 5[v]@1.36[Lambda], equivalent to 0[v]@10[AFR] linear to 5[v]@20[AFR] for gasoline

Right:

Fig.5-IDash Right Side





RS232 Client:

Not currently used, for future expansion.

RS232 Host:

Not currently used, for future expansion.



Fig.6-IDash Complete Wiring Diagram

