Classical Math 3 Lesson 1

Name _____ Date _____

- 1. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 2's to 50. Check the box when you are finished.
- 2. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 5's to 100. Check the box when you are finished.
- 3. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 10's to 200. Check the box when you are finished.
- 4. **V** Recite the **Place Value Sound–Off**. Check the box when you are finished.

<u>4</u> thousands + <u>5</u> hundreds + <u>2</u> tens + <u>8</u> ones

five thousand, three hundred six = 5,306

5 thousands + 3 hundreds + 0 tens + 6 ones

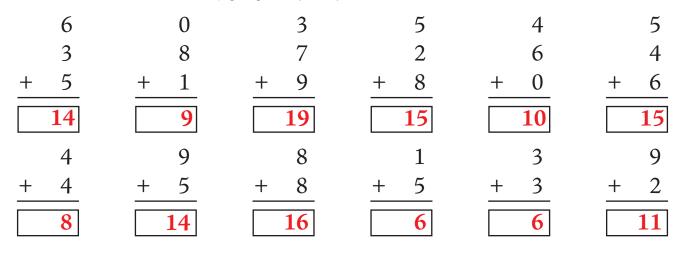
three thousand, forty-seven = $\frac{3,047}{2}$

- <u>3</u> thousands + <u>0</u> hundreds + <u>4</u> tens + <u>7</u> ones
- 2. Find the sum for the column of addends using the "Running Total Chant." Say the first number, say the sum of it and the next number, and keep going until you say the final sum. The first one is "4,5,11." Write it.

4	7	1			
1	1	8	9	2	8
+ 6	+ 2	+ 5	+ 7	+ 4	+ 3
11	10	14	16	6	11
1	6	2			
9	3	4	6	9	4
+ 2	+ 0	+ 1	+ 4	+ 6	+ 3
12	9	7	10	15	7

Classical Math 3 Lesson 1B								Name Date							
1.	Count	by 2's. Sa	Sart with 0 and write the numbers.												
	0	2	_4_	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24		
2.	Count	by 10's. S	Start witl	n 0 and v	vrite the	numbers	÷.								
	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120		
3.			and write	_		se comm	as. Then	write th	e correct	digit ne	xt to eacl	n place va	ılue.		
		hundreds	s + <u>9</u>	_tens + _	<u>1</u> or	nes									
	eight th	nousand,	four hun	dred nin	ety-two	= 8,4	192								
			s +4					_ones							
	one the	ousand, t	wo hundi	red seven	nty-one	1,2	71								
	_1	thousand	s +2	hundr	eds +	7_tens	+_1	_ones							

4. Find the sum for the column of addends using the "Running Total Chant." Say the first number, say the sum of it and the next number, and keep going until you say the final sum. The first one is "6,9,14." Write it.



Classical Math 3 Lesson 2

Name _____ Date _____

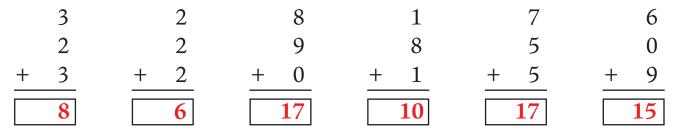
- 1. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 2's to 50. Check the box when you are finished.
- 2. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 5's to 100. Check the box when you are finished.
- 3. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 10's to 200. Check the box when you are finished.
- 4. **Y** Recite the **Place Value Sound-Off**. Check the box when you are finished.
- 1. Write the ordinal numbers from 1 to 13.

<u>1st</u> 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th 10th 11th 12th 13th

2. Read the words and write the number. Use commas. Then write the correct digit next to each place value.

two hundred eighty-four = 284

- 2 hundreds + 8 tens + 4 ones
- 3. Find the missing addends.
- 4. Find the sum for the column of addends using the "Running Total Chant." Say the first number, say the sum of it and the next number, and keep going until you say the final sum. The first one is "3,5,8." Write it.



Classical Math 3 Lesson 2B Name Date 1. Count by 2's. Start with 0 and write the numbers. 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 2. Count by 5's. Start with 0 and write the numbers. 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60

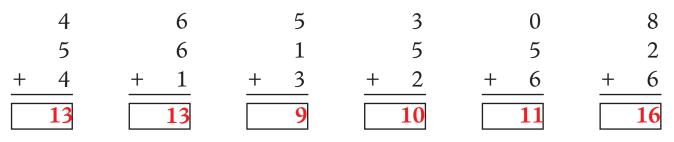
- Read the words and write the number. Use commas. Then write the correct digit next to each place value.
 one hundred thirty-five = <u>135</u>
 - $1_{\text{hundreds}} + 3_{\text{tens}} + 5_{\text{ones}}$

seven thousand, six hundred forty-nine = $\frac{7,649}{2}$

- <u>7</u> thousands + <u>6</u> hundreds + <u>4</u> tens + <u>9</u> ones
- 4. Find the missing addends.

$$3 + 9 = 12$$
 $14 + 1 = 15$ $9 = 6 + 3$ $16 = 2 + 14$

- $8 + 4 = 12 \qquad 10 + 5 = 15 \qquad 9 = 4 + 5 \qquad 16 = 8 + 8$
- 5. Find the sum for the column of addends using the "Running Total Chant." Say the first number, say the sum of it and the next number, and keep going until you say the final sum. The first one is "4,9,13." Write it.



6. Write the ordinal numbers from 1 to 13.

<u>1st</u> <u>2nd</u> <u>3rd</u> <u>4th</u> <u>5th</u> <u>6th</u> <u>7th</u> <u>8th</u> <u>9th</u> <u>10th</u> <u>11th</u> <u>12th</u> <u>13th</u>

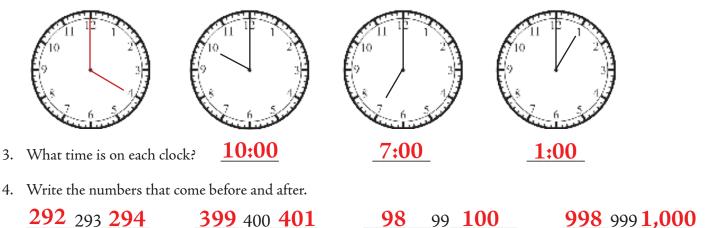
Classical Math 3 Lesson 3

Name _____ Date _____

- 1. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 2's to 30 and then back to 0. Check the box when you are finished.
- 2. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 5's to 100 and then back to 0. Check the box when you are finished.
- 3. 🗹 Start with 0 and count by 10's to 200 and then back to 0. Check the box when you are finished.
- 4. **V** Recite the **Place Value Sound–Off**. Check the box when you are finished.

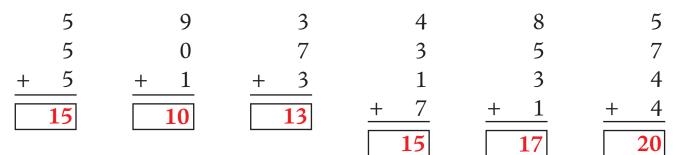
To read a clock, the hour hand uses the numbers shown on the clock. The minute hand counts by 5's using the numbers on the clock. There are 60 minutes in an hour. You can count 60 tick marks around a clock.

- On the first clock start with 0 at the number 12 and count by 5's around the clock using the numbers. If the minute hand is on the 12, the time is zero minutes for that hour. Separate the hour digit from the minutes' digit with a ":" when you write the time.
- 2. Draw 4:00 on the 1^{st} clock.



5. Fill in the blank with = or \neq to compare the two numbers.

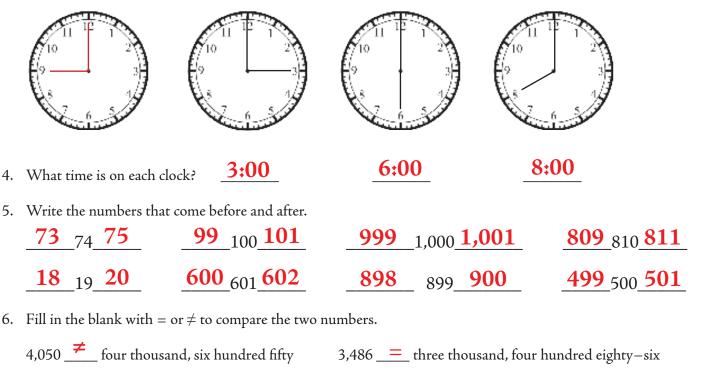
- 8,307 \neq eight thousand, thirty-seven 1,217 \neq one thousand, two hundred seventy
- 6. Find the sum using the "Running Total Chant."



Classical Math 3 Lesson 3B								Name Date						
1.											ft side to	U		
2.	2. Count backwards by 5's. Start with 60 and write the numbers.													
	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	15	10	5	0	

To read a clock, the hour hand uses the numbers shown on the clock. The minute hand counts by 5's using the numbers on the clock. "<u>Minute</u> – long word, long hand! <u>Hour</u> – short word, short hand!"

3. Draw 9:00 on the 1st clock.



7. Find the sum using the "Running Total Chant."

