Exercises for Lessons 37 to 39

Put the number of each sentence in the square next to the person to whom the statement refers. There are three statements for each person.

- 1. his hand went rigid
- 2. took ten loaves to the prophet Ahijah
- 3. told a lie
- 4. made priests of the lowest people
- 5. called out to the altar
- 6. gave Shishak king of Egypt the golden shields of Solomon
- 7. came to the prophet Ahijah in disguise
- 8. found the prophet from Judah under an oak tree
- 9. made golden calves in Dan and Bethel
- 10. led Judah into idolatry
- 11. was killed by a lion
- 12. disobeyed the Lord's instructions about traveling
- 13. was a weak, unwise king
- 14. buried the prophet from Judah in his sepulcher
- 15. had a son whose name was Ahijah

Rehoboam	11.77	
Jeroboam		1,1,2,
Prophet from Judah	-7	
Wife of Jeroboam		
Old prophet		

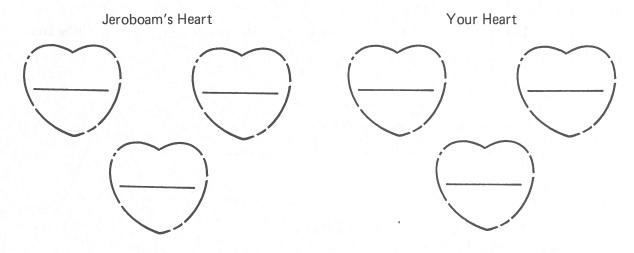
On the chart at the end of your workbook is a graph of the reigns of the kings. King Saul began to reign in 1050 B.C. (before Christ). Because the Old Testament looked forward to Christ's birth as the great event in history, all history is reckoned from His birth. Old Testament history goes backward, as a count-down to the year one. Remember, the numbers on the chart will always decrease.

Print Saul in the first bar, at 1050
Under Saul, print David at 1010
Under David, print Solomon at 970
On the chart of the kings of Israel
Print Jeroboam at 931
On the chart of the kings of Judah
Print Rehoboam at 931

1. On the lines inside the yoke, print the two parts of what Jesus said about His yoke, in Matthew 11:30.



- 2. In Lesson 38 the emphasis was on Jeroboam's hard heart.
 - a. On the three hearts under Jeroboam's name, print three things which Jehovah found in his heart.
 - b. On the other three hearts, print three things which Jehovah finds in your heart.



On the Map for Lessons 40 to 42:

- 1. Print Dan next to the ♦.
- 3. Print Shechem next to the \$\times\$.
- 5. Print Shiloh next to the .

- 2. Print Bethel next to the ❖.
- 4. Print Penuel next to the ○.
- 6. Print Tirzah next to the *.