



Banana Creme Wax

Version number: GHS 2.0
Replaces version of: 2016-11-29 (GHS 1)

Revision: 2019-04-11

SECTION 1: Identification

- 1.1 Product identifier
Trade name **Bloomco Banana Creme Wax**
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses **Vehicle wax**
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Bloomco, Division of Double B Automotive Warehousing Inc.
5035 North Service Road, #B1
Burlington, Ontario, Canada L7L 5V2

Telephone: (905) 332-8070 OR
1-(800) 667-9168
Website: Bloomco.ca
Email (competent person): info@bloomco.ca
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number
Emergency information service **CANUTEC 613-996-6666 OR *666 for cell phones**

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified

as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very per-

sistent and very bioaccumulative).

Additional information

Containing a PBT-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$. Containing a vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.
Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0,1\%$.

- 2.2 Label elements
Labeling
- Signal word **warning**



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- Pictograms

GHS07



- Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

- Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3

Other hazards

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS				
Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Notes
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS No 64742-47-8	12 – < 20	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	
odorless mineral spirits	CAS No 64742-48-9	3 – < 12	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	3 – < 12	Acute Tox. 4 / H332	
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	CAS No 93-83-4	1 – < 3	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16. Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.



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SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first- aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

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Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders



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Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advices on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.



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Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m ³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m ³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m ³]	Notation	Source
CA	Jet fuels	6474247-8	OEL (BC)		200					HyCarb, i, vap	"BC Regulation"

Notation

Ceiling-C	ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
HyCarb	calculated as hydrocarbons
i	inhalable fraction
STEL	short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
TWA	time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)
vap	as vapors

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	15.63 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	73.44 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	4.16 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	DNEL	31.2 µg/cm ²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects



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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.007 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.001 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	830 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	1.227 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.123 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	PNEC	0.241 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

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8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties



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Appearance

Physical state	liquid (viscous)
Color	yellow
Odor	fruity

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	4.5 (25 °C)
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	72 °C at 101.3 kPa 162 °C at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

Explosive limits

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- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.6 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	5.4 vol%
Vapor pressure	31.69 hPa at 25 °C
Density	0.9894 g/ml
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	0.99 at 25 °C (water = 1)
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
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Auto-ignition temperature	215 °C
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Viscosity

- Kinematic viscosity	3,000 cSt at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	2,968 cP
Explosive properties	not explosive (GHS of the United Nations, annex 4)
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T3 (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 200°C)
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.



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Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	2.3 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	LC50	5.1 mg/l	fish	96 h
N,N-bis(2-Hydroxyethyl)oleamide	93-83-4	EC50	3.2 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h



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Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
odorless mineral spirits	64742-48-9	EC50	15.41 mg/l	microorganisms	40 h
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	EC50	300.4 mg/l	microorganisms	3 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Endocrine disrupting potential

None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.



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Remarks



Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	3082	
14.2	UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	HAZARDOUS
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)		
	Class	9 (environmentally hazardous)	
14.4	Packing group	III (substance presenting low danger)	
14.5	Environmental hazards	hazardous to the aquatic environment	
14.6	Special precautions for user		
	There is no additional information.		
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code		
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.		

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport information - National regulations - Additional information (UN RTDG)

UN number	3082
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class	9
Environmental hazards	yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Packing group	III
Danger label(s)	9, fish and tree
 	
Special provisions (SP)	274, 331, 335, 375 (UN RTDG)
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1 (UN RTDG)
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L (UN RTDG)
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)	
UN number	3082
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class	9



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Proposition 65 List of chemicals				
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Conc.	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
methanol	67-56-1	0.04545 wt%		developmental

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

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Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

Chronic: chronic hazard
 Flammability: flammability hazard
 Health: health hazard
 Personal protection: personal protective equipment (PPE) for normal use
 Physical hazard: reactivity

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed



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US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed
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Legend

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.



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Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
"BC Regulation"	OHS Regulation: Section 5.48 (British Columbia)
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EmS	Emergency Schedule
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure



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TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).
Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product