

A randomized controlled trial of Dilapan-S[®] vs Foley balloon for preinduction cervical ripening (DILAFOL trial)

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Objective:

- The objective of the study was to test the hypothesis that Dilapan-S[®] is not inferior to the Foley balloon for preinduction cervical ripening at term

Material and methods:

- The single-center randomized controlled trial ran from November 2016 to February 2018 at The University of Texas Medical Branch, Texas, USA
- 419 women were randomized (209 to Foley balloon; 210 to Dilapan-S[®]), all with 37⁺⁰ weeks or greater of gestation with an unfavorable cervix (≤3 cm dilated and ≤60% effaced)
- The primary outcome was proportion of vaginal delivery (%)
- Further evaluated parameters were focused on efficacy and safety aspects, as well as maternal satisfaction
- Maternal satisfaction was assessed using a survey (before and after preinduction period)

Results:

- Non-inferiority of Dilapan-S[®] vs Foley balloon in vaginal delivery rate was confirmed
- Vaginal delivery was more common in Dilapan-S[®] group vs Foley balloon (81.3% vs 76.1%)
- Both products showed highly safe profile with no safety issues
- Mothers with Dilapan-S[®] were statistically more satisfied than mothers with the Foley balloon as far as sleep, relaxing time and performance of desired daily activities

Key take away message:

- Dilapan-S[®] is non-inferior to the Foley balloon in terms of proportion of vaginal deliveries
- -____The results indicate trend to higher vaginal delivery rate and lower occurance of C. section in Dilapan-S[®] group
- Median insertion time of 5 Dilapan-S[®] rods for 13 hours resulted in 87% cervical ripening success rate
- Minimal occurence of adverse events with Dilapan-S[®] in both mothers and newborns
- Mothers with Dilapan-S[®] inserted were statistically more satisfied, as they could sleep, relax and perform daily activities without limitations
- Main advantages of Dilapan-S[®] over Foley catheter include FDA approval, safe profile, no protrusion from the introitus, no need to keep the device under tension and better maternal satisfaction