MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product name: Lithium Ion Polymer Battery

Model: 7048110 Voltage: 3.7V

Capacity: 4600mAh

Edition date: 2015-03-13

Report No.: KANYO1503130002

Company: Dongguan KANYO Battery Technology Co., Ltd

Contact for information: Xinhua Road Shayao Administrative District Shijie Town Dongguan

City Guangdong Province China

Emergency telephone No.: 0086-769-86386888

2. Ingredients

Chemical Compostion	Molecular Formula	Weight%	CAS No	OSHA (PEL)	ACGIH (TLV)
Lithium Cobalt Oxide	LiCo02	25~30%	12190-79-3	N/A	N/A
Polyvinylidene fluoride	(CH2CF2) n	0.5~2%	24937-79-9	N/A	N/A
Graphite powder	C	15~20%	7782-42-5	N/A	N/A
Electrolyte	LiPF6 C3H4O3 C4H6O3 C3H1OO3	10~15%	21324-40-3	N/A	N/A
Polyethylene	(C2H4) n	0.5~1%	9002-88-4	N/A	N/A
Copper foil	Cu	5~10%	7440-50-8	N/A	N/A
Nickel	Nickel	5~10%	7440-02-0	N/A	N/A
Iron	Fe	15~20%	7439-89-6	N/A	N/A
Aluninum foil	A1	5~10%	7429-90-5	N/A	N/A

3. Hazards identification

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):

For the battery cell, chemical materials are stored in a hermetically sealed aluminum laminate case, designed to withstand temperatures and pressures encountered during normal use. As a result, during normal use, there is no physical danger of ignition or explosion and chemical danger of hazardous materials leakage.

However, if exposed to a fire, added mechanical shocks, decomposed, or added electric stress by misuse the cell case will be breached and hazardous materials may be released. Moreover, if heated strongly by the surrounding fire, acrid gas may be emitted.



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Carcinogenicity:

NTP: None IARC Monograph: None OSHA Regulated: None

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure:

An acute exposure will not generally aggravate any medical condition. Human health effects: Inhalation: The steam of the electrolyte has an anesthesia action and stimulates a respiratory

Skin contact: The steam of the electrolyte stimulates a skin. The electrolyte skin contact causes a sore and the stimulation on the skin.

Eye contact: The steam of the electrolyte stimulates eyes. The electrolyte eye contact causes a sore and the stimulation on the eye. Inflammation of the eyes may occur.

Environmental effects:

Since a battery cell remains in the environment, do not throw out it into the environment.

Specific hazards:

If the electrolyte contacts with water, it may generate detrimental hydrogen fluoride. Since the leaked electrolyte is inflammable liquid, do not bring close to fire.

4. First aid measures

After inhalation contact: Make the victim blow his/her nose, gargle. Seek medical attention if

necessary.

After skin contact: Remove contaminated clothes and shoes immediately. Immediately

wash extraneous matter or contact region with soap and plenty of

water.

After eye contact: Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with water continuously for at

least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

After ingestion contact: Make the victim vomit. Immediately seek medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media: Plenty of water, CO2 gas, nitrogen gas, chemical powder fire

extinguishing medium and fire foam.

Specific methods of

When the battery burns with other combustibles fire-fighting simultaneously:

take fire extinguishing method which corresponds to the

combustibles. Extinguish a fire from the windward as much

Flammable Limits: Not available

6. Accidental release measures

The preferred response is to leave the area and allow the batteries to cool and the vapors to dissipate. Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapors. Remove spilled liquid with absorbent



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and incinerate.

7. Handling and storage

Handle with care. Flammability hazard exists if the package is damaged. Before shipping, must to check out the package is damaged or not by inspection, if package damaged, must to be repacking. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse. Batteries may explode or cause burns, if disassembled, crushed or exposed to fire or high temperatures. Do not short or install with incorrect polarity.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Specific control parameter: Personal protective equipment :

Respiratory protection (Specify Type):

Ventilation:

Protective Gloves:

Eye protection:

Other Protective:

(Clothing or Equipment):

Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Not necessary under conditions of normal use. Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Not necessary under conditions of normal use

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state:

Solid

Form:

Prismatic (Laminated)

Color:

Metallic color

Odor:

No odor

PH

Specific temperatures

N/A

N/A

Explosion properties

N/A

Density

N/A

Solubility

with indication of the solvent(s): Insoluble in water

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability:

Stable

Conditions to Avoid:

When cell is exposed to an external short-circuit, crushes, deformation, hig

temperature above 100 degree C, it will cause heat generation and ignition. Avoid

Temperature ranges changes in physical state occur. Flash point

direct sunlight and high humidity.

Hazardous Decomposition Acrid or harmful gas is emitted during fire.

or By-products:

Materials to avoid:

Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong acids.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.



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11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity:

Copper 60-100mg sized coarse particulate causes a gastrointestinal disturbance

with nausea and inflammation. TDLo, hypodermic - Rabbit 375mg/kg

Organic electrolyte LD50, oral - Rat 2,000mg/kg or more

Further toxicological information:

Aluminum By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or fume, it is possible to

cause lung damage (aluminum lungs).

Lithium Cobaltate By the long-term inhalation of coarse particulate or vapor of cobalt, it is

possible to cause the serious respiratory-organs disease. Skin reaction or a

lung disease for allergic or hypersensitive person may be caused.

Graphite Long-term inhalation of high levels of graphite coarse particulate may cause

lung disease or a tracheal disease.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxic effects: N/A

Further ecological data: N/A

13. Disposal considerations

KANYO encourages battery recycling. Our polymer Li-ion batteries are recyclable through the Rechargeable Battery Recycling Corporation's (RBRC) Charge Up to Recycle Program.. For Information call 1-800-8-BATTERY or see their website at www.rbrc.org. Polymer Li-ion batteries must be handled in accordance with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

DO NOT INCINERATE or subject battery cells to temperatures in excess of 212° F. Such treatment can vaporize the liquid electrolyte causing cell rupture. Do not use in combination with fresh and used lithium batteries neither with other type of battery.

14. Transport information

International transport

regulations:

1. U.S. hazardous materials regulations pursuant

49 CFR 173.185(b),

2. 2015 IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations 56th edition.

3. IMDG Code pursuant to Special Provision 188. 49 CFR 173.185(b)

UN-No.: 348083481

Each KANYO cell or battery complies with the current edition 56th 2015 of the IATA regulation:

1) Section II of Packing Instruction

PI965~PI967, For Li-ion cells or batteries, or packed with equipment, or contained in equipment.



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- 2) UN manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3 (withstanding a 1.2m drop test);
- 3) For cells with content of lithium is no more than 20 Wh, for batteries with content of lithium is no more than 100Wh per battery. The watt-hour rating must be marked on outside of the battery case.

If KANYO polymer Li-ion cells are used to construct battery packs, the assembler of that pack is responsible to ensure the battery has been tested in accordance with the requirements contained in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria and shipped in accordance with applicable regulations.

Batteries must be packaged and offered for transportation in a manner that prevents the dangerous evolution of heat (for example, by the effective insulation of exposed terminals) and protects against short circuits.

15. Regulatory information

Law information

(Dangerous Goods Regulations)

(Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations)

(International Maritime Dangerous Goods)

(Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods)

(Classification and code of dangerous goods)

(Occupational Safety and Health Act) (OSHA)

(Toxic Substance Control Act) (TSCA)

《Consumer Product Safety Act》(CPSA)

(Federal Environmental Pollution Control Act) (FEPCA)

(The Oil Pollution Act) (OPA)

(Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act Title [] (302/311/312/313)) (SARA)

《Resource Conservation and Recovery Act》(RCRA)

«Safety Drinking Water Act» (CWA)

«California Proposition 65»

(Code of Federal Regulations) (CFR)

In accordance with all Federal, State and local laws.

16.Other Information

This information is not effective to all the batteries manufactured by KANYO. This information comes from reliable sources, but no warranty is made to the completeness and accuracy of information contained. KANYO doesn't assume responsibility for any damage or loss because of misuse of batteries. Users should grasp the correct use method and be responsible for the use of batteries.

NOTICE: The information and recommendations set forth are made in good faith and are believed to be accurate at the date of preparation. Dongguan KANYO Battery Technology Co.,Ltd makes no warranty expressed or implied.