# The impact of our Norite Modular Camera Backpack Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) Results

LCA RESULTS



### Norite 24L Modular Camera Backpack

See how the Norite 24L Modular Backpack and Camera Insert from Urth impacts the planet.



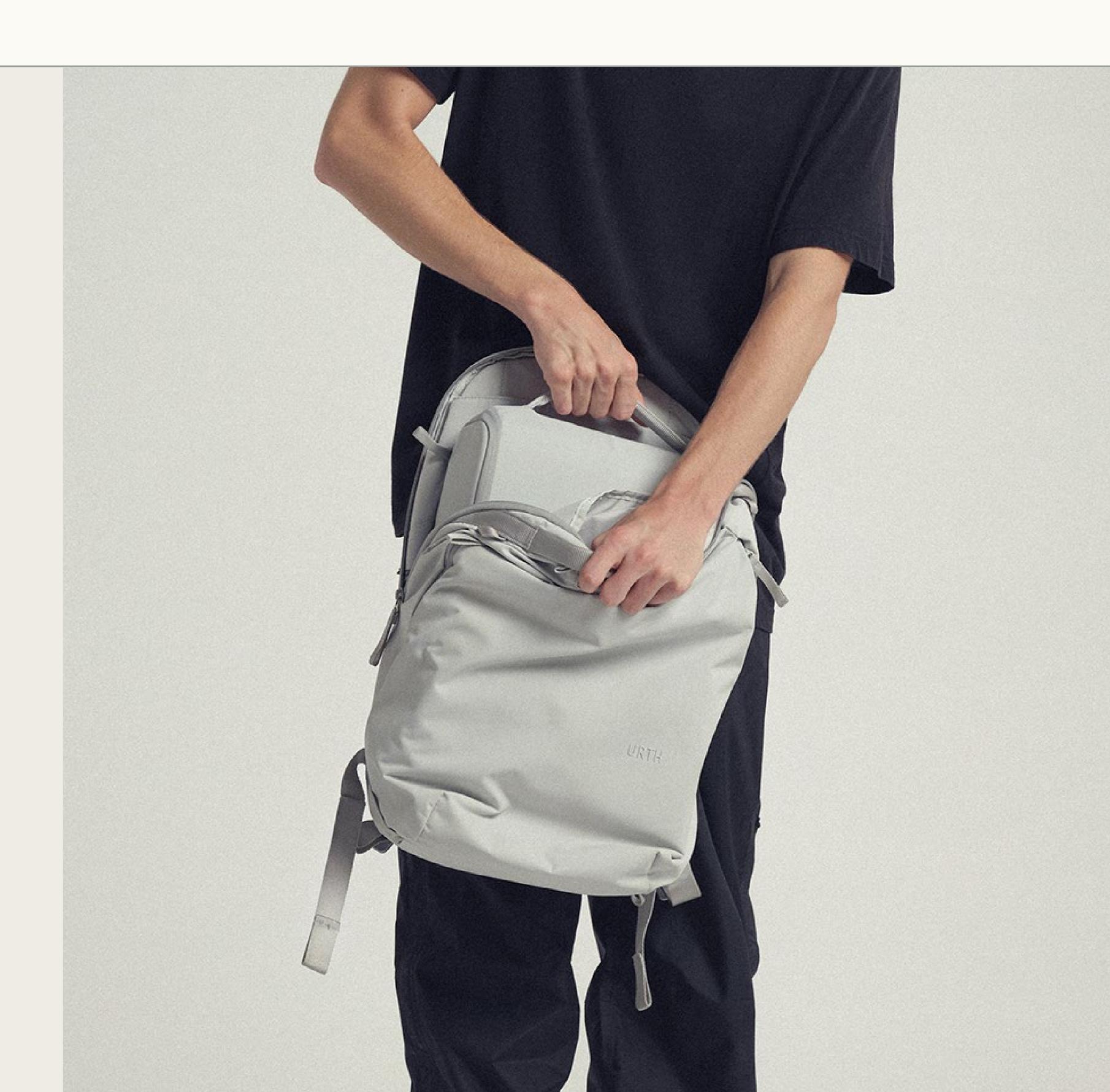
Each Norite Modular Camera Backpack, on average, creates 20.5kg CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.



Planting 5 trees sequesters on average 1537.5kg  $CO_2$ .



75x Positive Impact.



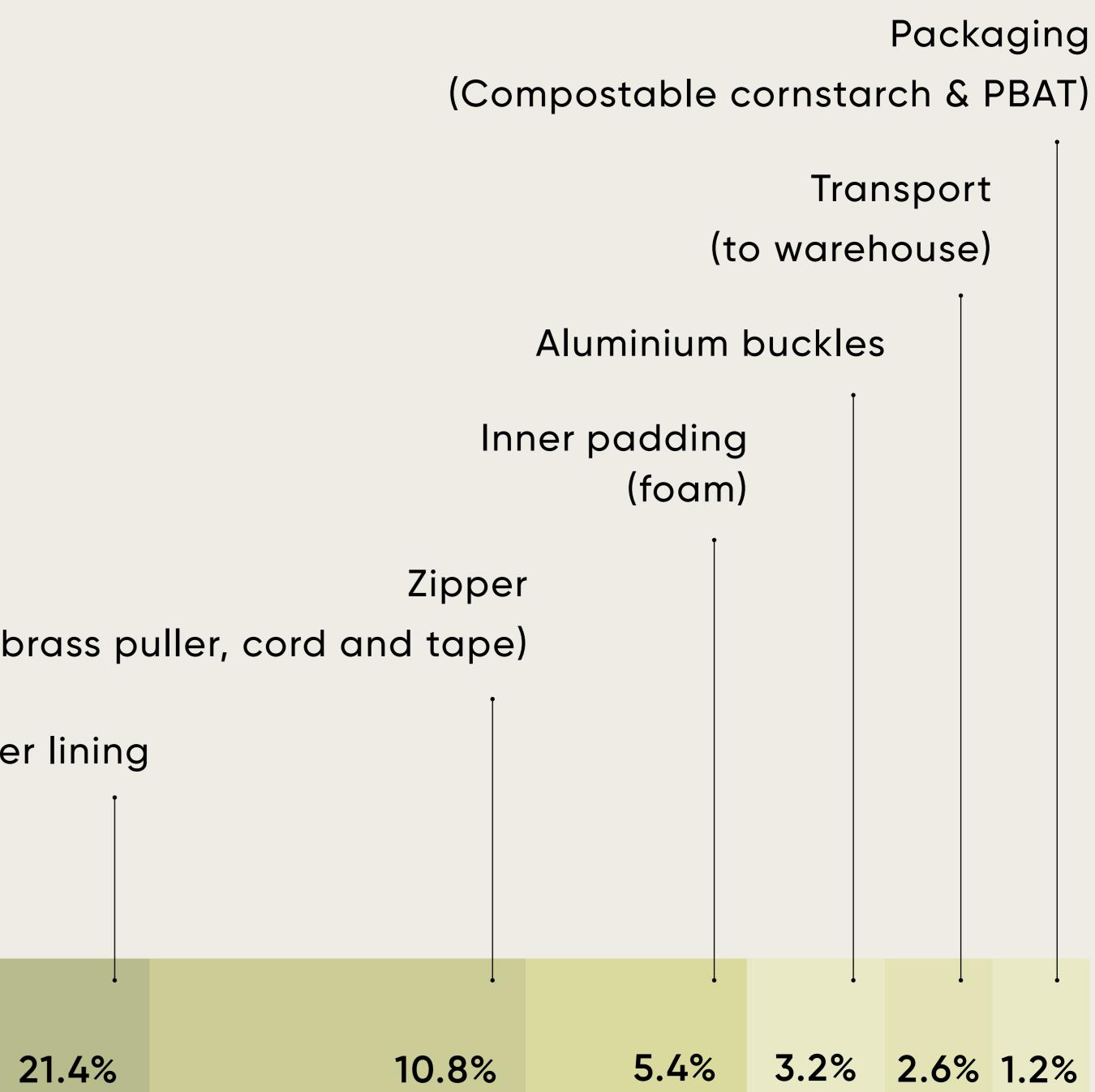
### How are the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions created?

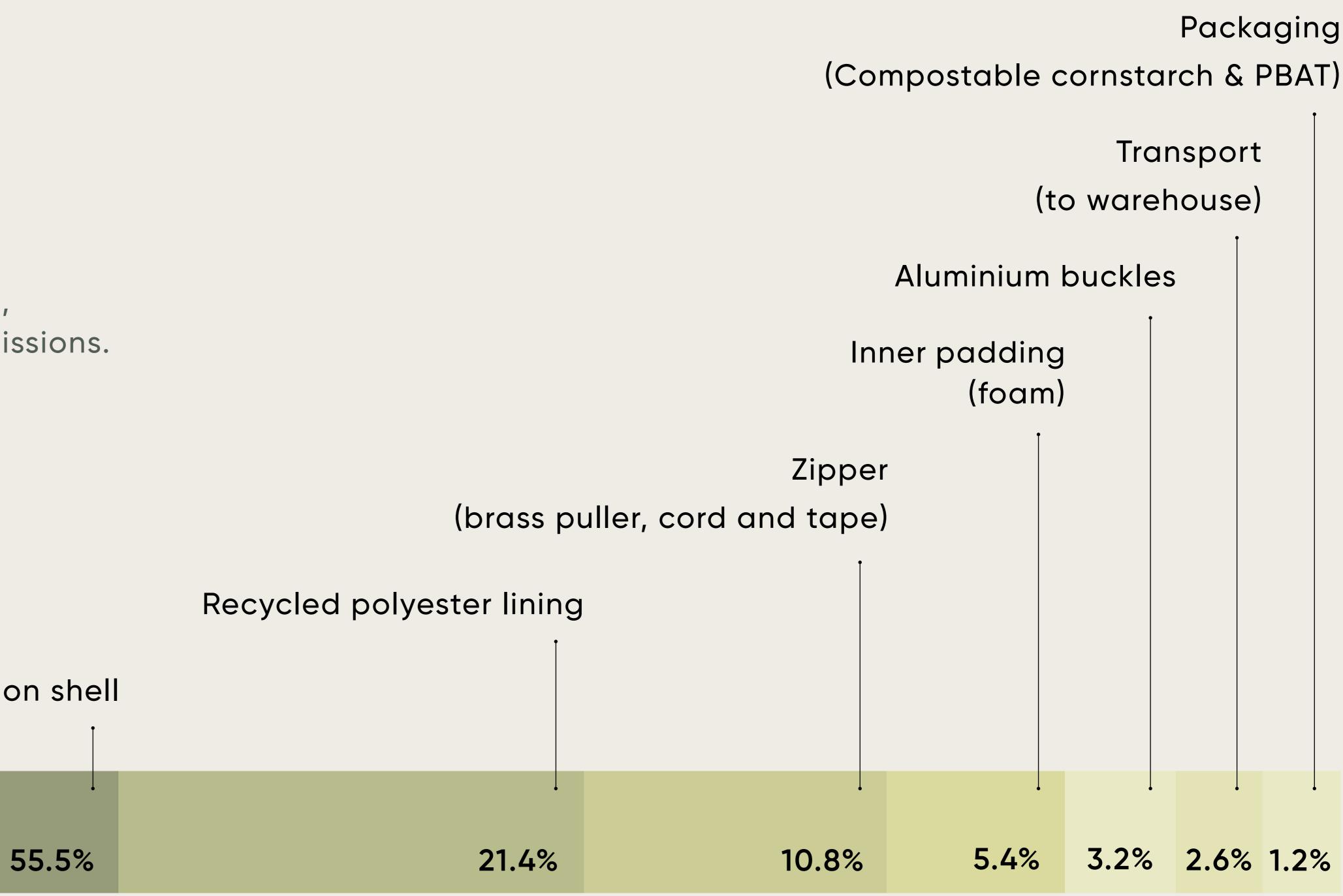


Each Norite 24L Modular Backpack, on average, creates 14.5kg  $CO_2$  emissions.

Recycled nylon shell

LCA RESULTS

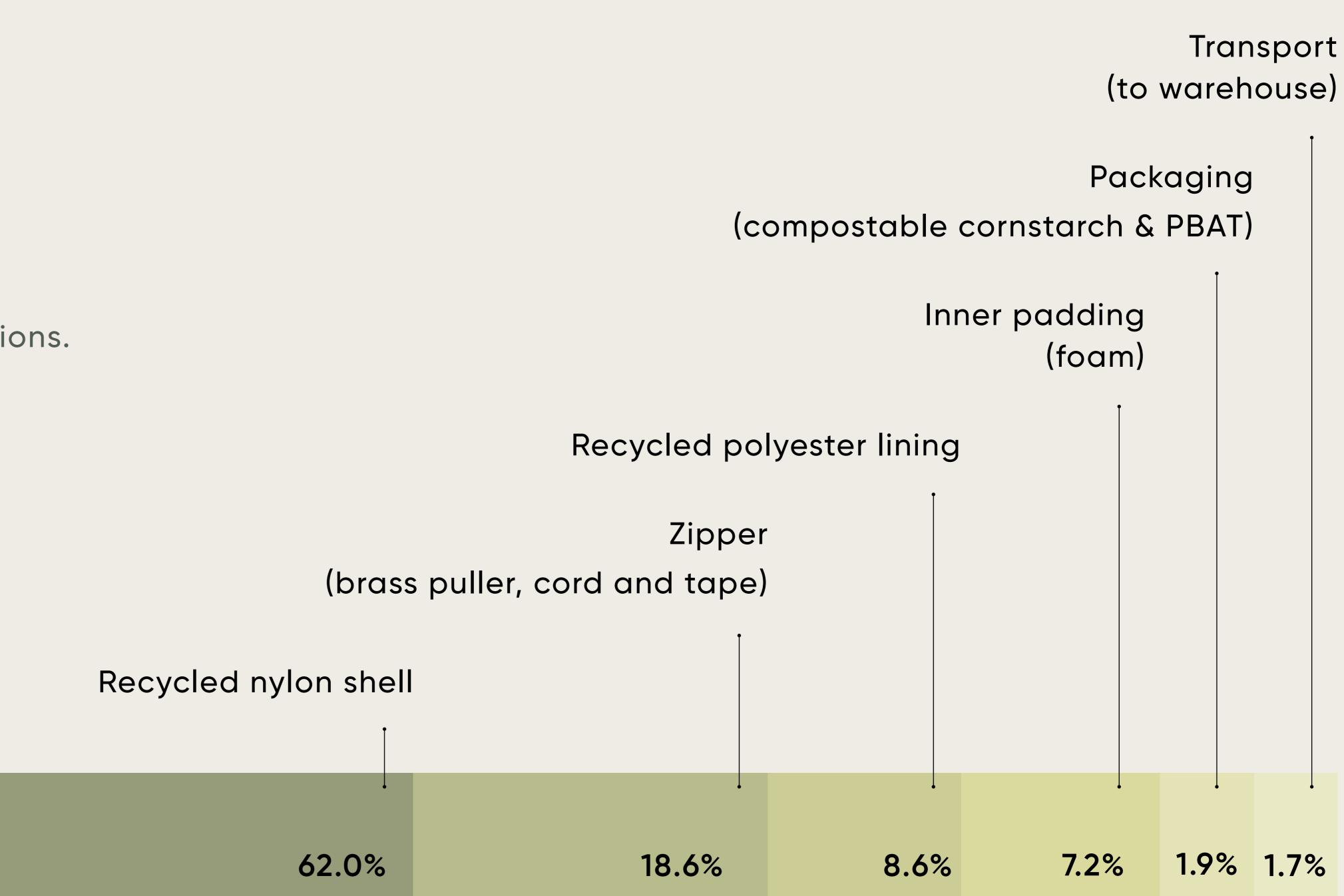




### How are the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions created?



Each Norite Medium Camera Insert, on average, creates 6.0kg CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.



# How much impact does planting 5 trees have?



Planting 5 trees sequesters on average 1537.5kg  $CO_2$ .

We plant mangrove trees for  $CO_2$  offsetting, which absorb an average of 12.3kg  $CO_2$ /year for 25 years (the average lifespan of a mangrove).



# What is the net impact of this product?



75x Positive Impact.

During their lifetime, 5 mangroves sequester more than 608x the CO<sub>2</sub> produced by creating and transporting the backpack and insert.

(1537.5kg CO<sub>2</sub> sequestered divided by 20.5kg CO<sub>2</sub> created = 75x positive impact). LCA RESULTS

## 1537.5kg CO<sub>2</sub>

## 20.5kg CO<sub>2</sub> Created per camera backpack

NORITE 24L MODULAR CAMERA BACKPACK

## Sequestered by planting 5 trees

### More about the LCA Study

### Independent audit

We wanted to get a true indication of the impact Urth is having on the planet. So we engaged an independent sustainability auditor -Thinkstep Sustainability Consultancy - to do a thorough Cradle to Gate lifecycle assessment using worldleading GaBi Software.

### Methodology

### What's a cradle to gate assessment and why did we use one?

So we could get the most accurate data, Thinkstep recommended a cradle to gate assessment, which tracks impact from resource extraction to local distribution warehouse. That means courier to consumer, packaging disposal, and end-oflife processes are excluded because there are too many unknowns and assumptions for a reliable assessment. We can be confident in the data from a cradle to gate assessment because the variables are known.

The assessment took into account the extraction of raw materials, manufacturing, transport to the airport, freight via cargo plane, and transport to warehouse for distribution. While the LCA conducted covers a range of environmental indicators, this presentation focuses on the carbon footprint over a 100-year period (GWP100 method following IPCC AR5). The assessment was performed according to the calculation requirements of ISO 14040:2006 and ISO 14044:2006 – the international standards for Life Cycle Assessment (LCA), and ISO 14067:2018 – the international standard for calculating the carbon footprint of products (CFP).

# We're working on growing our positive impact on the planet.

If you have any questions or ideas, please get in touch.

