SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation

of the mixture

STEEL-IT 1012B Polyurethane Aerosol – Black

Registration number

Synonyms None.

SDS number SDS-1012B

Product code FGAE1012B (14 oz.), FGAE1012C (4.5 oz.), CASE1012B (case of 12 FGAE1012B), CASE1012C

(case of 12 FGAE1012C)

Issue date 25-October-2023

Version number 0
Revision date Supersedes date -

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Paint / Industrial coating (topcoat).

Category: Pigmented metallic coating.

Uses advised against Uses other than the recommended use.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc.

Address 835 Sterling Road

Lancaster MA 01523-2915 United States of America

 Telephone
 +1 (978) 365-9828

 E-mail
 sds@STEEL-IT.com

DistributorJames MarsdenAddressGigglepin 4X4

Building 10, Gaza Trading Estate

Scabharbour Road

Hildenborough, Kent TN11 8PL

United Kingdom

 Telephone
 +44 1732 463600

 Website
 www.gigglepin4x4.net

1.4. Emergency telephone

number

CHEMTREC: +44 20 3807 3798 (UK)

+1-703-527-3887 (International)

General emergency 112 or 999 SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency

Service.

Non-emergency medical

helpline

111 SDS/Product information may not be available for the Emergency Service.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

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Physical hazards

Category 1 H222 - Extremely flammable Aerosols

aerosol.

H229 - Pressurized container: May

burst if heated.

Health hazards

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 H319 - Causes serious eye

irritation.

Skin sensitisation Category 1B H317 - May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Carcinogenicity Category 1B H350 - May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity (inhalation) Category 2 H361 - Suspected of damaging

fertility or the unborn child by

inhalation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single

exposure

Category 3 narcotic effects

H336 - May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Environmental hazards

long-term aquatic hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

Category 2

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with

long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Acetone, Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-, Butanone oxime, Distillates (petroleum), Contains:

hydrotreated light, Nickel

Hazard pictograms









Danger Signal word

Hazard statements

Extremely flammable aerosol. H222

Pressurized container: May burst if heated. H229

Causes skin irritation. H315

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 Causes serious eye irritation. H319 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336

May cause cancer. H350

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by inhalation. H361

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. P201

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P210

Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. P261 Avoid release to the environment. P273

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. P308 + P311

Storage Not assigned. Disposal Not assigned.

Supplemental information on

Restricted to professional users.

the label

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent

2.3. Other hazards May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

Chemical name		%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(t	rifluoromethyl)-	15 - 25	98-56-6 202-681-1	-	-	
			3;H226, Skin Sens. 1 Ironic 2;H411	B;H317, Carc. 2;H351, Rep	or. 2;H361,	
Propane		10 - 20	74-98-6 200-827-9	-	601-003-00-5	
	Classification:	Flam. Gas	1A;H220, Press. Gas	s;H280		U
Acetone		5 - 15	67-64-1 200-662-2	-	606-001-00-8	#
	Classification:	Flam. Liq.	2;H225, Eye Irrit. 2;H	319, STOT SE 3;H336		
C.I. Pigment black 028	}	5 - 15	68186-91-4 269-053-7	-	-	#
	Classification:	-				
Distillates (petroleum), ight	hydrotreated	5 - 15	64742-47-8 265-149-8	-	649-422-00-2	
	Classification:	Flam. Liq. 1;H304, Ad	3;H226, Skin Irrit. 2;F quatic Chronic 2;H41	l315, STOT SE 3;H336, As I	p. Tox.	
Butane		5 - 10	106-97-8 203-448-7	-	601-004-01-8	#
	Classification:	Flam. Gas	1A;H220, Press. Gas	s;H280		
Ethylbenzene		< 0.4	100-41-4 202-849-4	-	601-023-00-4	#
	Classification:	Flam. Liq. 1;H304, Ad	2;H225, Acute Tox. 4 quatic Chronic 3;H412	;H332, STOT RE 2;H373, <i>F</i> 2	Asp. Tox.	
Nickel		< 0.3	7440-02-0 231-111-4	-	028-002-01-4	#
		Skin Sens. Chronic 3;l		1, STOT RE 1;H372, Aqua	tic	
Butanone oxime		< 0.2	96-29-7 202-496-6	-	616-014-00-0	
		1;H318, Sk		4;H312, Skin Irrit. 2;H315, E rc. 1B;H350, STOT SE 1;H3		

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

#: This substance has workplace exposure limit(s).

Composition comments

The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control centre. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control centre. If vomiting occurs, keep head low

so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

SDS Great Britain

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contents under pressure. Pressurised container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides. Chlorine compounds. Fluorine compounds. Fumes of metal oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Special fire fighting procedures

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapour pressure build up. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or

monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

For emergency responders

In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains.

Pick up undamaged aerosol cans mechanically. Dike leaked material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labelled containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurised container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray, Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing, Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Persons susceptible for allergic reactions should not handle this product. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS (Lower-tier requirements = 150 (net) tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 500 (net) tonnes)
- E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic (Lower-tier requirements = 200 tonnes; Upper-tier requirements = 500 tonnes)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Paint / Industrial coating (topcoat). Category: Pigmented metallic coating.

Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Components	osure Limits (WELs) (EH40/2005 (Fourth E Type	Value			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	3620 mg/m3			
		1500 ppm			
	TWA	1210 mg/m3			
		500 ppm			
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1810 mg/m3			
		750 ppm			
	TWA	1450 mg/m3			
		600 ppm			
C.I. Pigment black 028 (CAS 68186-91-4)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3			
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	552 mg/m3			
		125 ppm			
	TWA	441 mg/m3			
		100 ppm			
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3			
logical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).				
commended monitoring cedures	Follow standard monitoring procedures.				
ived no effect levels ELs)	Not available.				
dicted no effect centrations (PNECs)	Not available.				

Exposure guidelines

UK EH40 WEL: Skin designation

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Can be absorbed through the skin. Can be absorbed through the skin.

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen

according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective

equipment.

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Wear a full-face respirator, if

needed. Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Glove material: Nitrile. Use gloves with breakthrough time

of 15 +/- 15 minutes. Minimum glove thickness 0.381 (15 mil) mm. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove

material.

- Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear respiratory protection with combination filter (dust and gas filter) during spraying operations. Use filter type (ABEK2/P3)

according to EN 143. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

Hygiene measures Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good

personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove

contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Environmental exposure

controls

Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol - Pressurized liquid (spray).

Colour Black.

Odour Characteristic of solvents.

Odour threshold Property has not been measured.

pH Not applicable (material is insoluble in water).

Melting point/freezing point $> -29 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (> -20.2 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ Initial boiling point and boiling $> 56 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (> 132.8 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

range

102.01)

Flash point Not applicable, product is an aerosol dispenser.

Evaporation rate Property has not been measured. **Flammability (solid, gas)** Extremely flammable aerosol.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 0.6% Explosive limit - upper 12.8%

(%)

 Vapour pressure
 70 psi (20 °C (68 °F))

 Vapour density
 9.6 (Air=1) (25 °C (77 °F))

 Relative density
 0.849 (Water=1) (25 °C (77 °F))

STEEL-IT 1012B Polyurethane Aerosol – Black 946470 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 25-October-2023 Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) (< 0.1%) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not applicable, product is a mixture.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature > 236 °C (> 456.8 °F) (liquid)

253.8 °C (488.8 °F) (liquid)

Viscosity Property has not been measured.

Explosive properties Not explosive.

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Decomposition temperature

Density 0.849 g/cm³ (25 °C (77 °F))

Kinematic viscosity 2700 mm²/s (25 °C (77 °F))

Particle size Does not contain nanomaterials.

VOC MIR CA < 1.25

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoidContents under pressure. Do not puncture. Protect against direct sunlight. Avoid heat, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and

the container may burst or explode. Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous

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LD50

decomposition products

Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Chlorine.

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Fumes

of metal oxides. Chlorine compounds. Fluorine compounds.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen

below safe breathing levels. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmfu

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be absorbed through the skin.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Very high exposure

can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of

mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Took Dooulto

5800 mg/kg

Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

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Rat

Components	Species	l est Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 15700 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
Vapour		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		

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Components **Species Test Results** Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Acute Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/l, 4 Hours Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 1000 mg/kg, 24 Hours Oral LD50 Rat > 900 mg/kg Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Acute **Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 15400 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 17.4 mg/l, 4 hours Oral LD50 Rat 3500 - 4700 mg/kg Propane (CAS 74-98-6) **Acute** Inhalation Gas LC50 Rat > 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation. Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation. irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Germ cell mutagenicity May cause cancer. Carcinogenicity IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. C.I. Pigment black 028 (CAS 68186-91-4) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by inhalation. Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity -May cause drowsiness or dizziness. single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure **Aspiration hazard** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. No information available. Mixture versus substance information Other information Symptoms may be delayed. **SECTION 12: Ecological information** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 12.1. Toxicity Components **Species Test Results** Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aquatic Acute Crustacea LC50 Daphnia pulex 8800 mg/l, 48 Hours Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas 7163 mg/l, 96 Hours Chronic Crustacea **NOEC** > 79 mg/l, 21 days Daphnia magna

Components Species Test Results

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Acute

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.81 - 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 4.2 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Chronic

Crustacea EC50 Ceriodaphnia dubia 3.6 mg/l, 7 days

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1 mg/l, 48 hours

LC50 Calanoid copepod (Eurytemora affinis) >= 7.35 - <= 12.12 mg/l, 96 hours

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient Not applicable, product is a mixture.

n-octanol/water (log Kow)

 Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
 -0.24

 Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6)
 3.6

 Butane (CAS 106-97-8)
 2.89

 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
 3.15

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Not available.

12.4. Mobility in soilThe product is insoluble in water. Not expected to be mobile in soil.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

12.6. Other adverse effectsThe product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

Substance Global Warming Potential per (Annex IV), Regulation 517/2014/EU on fluorinated greenhouse gases, as

amended

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual wasteDispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

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residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

EU waste codeThe Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

08 01 11*

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ΔDR

14.1. UN number UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping AEROSOLS, flammable

name

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Class
        Subsidiary risk
                                 2.1
        Label(s)
        Hazard No. (ADR)
        Tunnel restriction code
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    14.6. Special precautions
    for user
RID
    14.1. UN number
                                 UN1950
                                 AEROSOLS, flammable
    14.2. UN proper shipping
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
                                 2
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
        Label(s)
                                 2.1
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
ADN
    14.1. UN number
                                 UN1950
    14.2. UN proper shipping
                                 AEROSOLS, flammable
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
                                 2.1
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
        Label(s)
                                 2.1
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    14.6. Special precautions
    for user
IATA
                                 UN1950
    14.1. UN number
    14.2. UN proper shipping
                                 Aerosols, flammable
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
                                 2.1
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
                                 2.1
        Label(s)
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards Yes
    ERG Code
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
IMDG
                                 UN1950
    14.1. UN number
                                 AEROSOLS, flammable
    14.2. UN proper shipping
    name
    14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
                                 2
        Class
        Subsidiary risk
    14.4. Packing group
    14.5. Environmental hazards
        Marine pollutant
                                 Yes
    EmS
    14.6. Special precautions
                                 Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
    for user
14.7. Transport in bulk
                                 Not established.
according to Annex II of
MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC
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STEEL-IT 1012B Polyurethane Aerosol - Black

Code

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

SDS Great Britain

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Retained direct EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use, as amended - Conditions of restriction given for the associated entry number should be considered

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

ANNEX 1, PART 1 Categories of dangerous substances

Hazard categories in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

- P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS
- E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Chronic

Other regulations

This product is classified and labelled in accordance with the retained CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, as amended for Great Britain. This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758.

Use of this product by young persons under the age of 18 is not allowed in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended. Follow the requirements of the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended, when using this material. Follow specific measures on the prevention and control of exposure to carcinogens and mutagens in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 [SI 2002/2677], as amended. New or expectant mothers should not work with this product if there is a risk due to exposure, in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. EC50: Effective Concentration 50%.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%.

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit. TWA: Time Weighed Average Value. vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative.

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

ECHA: European Chemical Agency.

EPA: AQUIRE database

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

References

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available.

Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350 May cause cancer.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Training information

Disclaimer

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