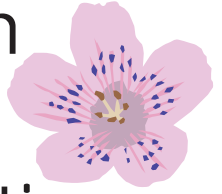


# Wonderful Wildflowers!



This wildflower mix contains no filler. It is 100% pure seed, and contains approximately two ounces of seed from sixteen different species of gorgeous wildflowers – enough for a planting area of approximately 300 square feet.



The flower species assembled here were chosen to give you a wide variety of blossom sizes, a diversity of flower shapes, several different plant heights, and an array of rich, vibrant colors. Seventy-five percent of these lovely blooms are annuals, while the rest are perennials.

Included are Dwarf Sunspot Sunflowers, China Asters, Polka Dot Mix Cornflowers, Painted Daisies, Rocket Larkspurs, Annual Gaillardias, Bishop's Flowers, Dwarf Cosmos, African Crackerjack Marigolds, Pumila Mix Zinnias, Shasta Daisies, Bird's Eyes, Russell Lupines, Gloriosa Daisies, Blood Flowers, and Clarkias. **Enjoy!**

# Planting Instructions

Prepare your planting site by removing all vegetation, thus eliminating the competition for your flowers! Next, break up and loosen the soil; no need for deep tilling unless the soil is severely compacted.

Prior to sowing your seeds, soak the planting site thoroughly with water, then broadcast your seeds evenly by hand over the planting area. Recommended planting density is 75 to 125 seeds per square foot.

Next, rake the seeds into the loose soil, covering seeds to a maximum depth 2-3 times their thickness. Seeds need to be buried just deep enough to help them retain moisture and protect them from hungry birds!

All wildflower seeds require sufficient moisture to germinate and develop into healthy seedlings. For best results, maintain consistent moisture in the wildflower patch for 4-6 weeks, gradually tapering off to occasional waterings as the wildflowers grow. In planting sites where regular waterings are not possible, sow your seeds in Springtime, prior to a period of anticipated rainfall.

For the most beautiful display of wildflowers, weed control may be necessary. A well prepared planting site, free of all competing vegetation, is the first step to controlling weeds and establishing a fantastic patch of wildflowers. It's good to weed again, once your wildflowers have germinated and are growing. This will give your fledgling wildflowers a competitive advantage in getting established.