

acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

Redline - Ceramic Coating

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2022-12-22

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Redline - Ceramic Coating

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Polymeric automobile paint sealant

Vehicle coating Professional use Industrial use

Uses advised against Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use for

products which come into direct contact with the skin.

HS code 3208.90.00.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Torque Detail 10963 Leroy Drive Northglenn, CO. 80233

hello@torquedetail.com torquedetail.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500

24 hour emergency number

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
A.4S	skin sensitization	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
A.6	carcinogenicity	2	Carc. 2	H351
A.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
B.6	flammable liquid	4	Flam. Liq. 4	H227

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

Additional information

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

2.2 Label elements

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Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07,

GHS08





- Hazard statements

H227 Combustible liquid.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

- Precautionary statements

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P202

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. P301+P330+P331 If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P363

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, and 2,4-TDI, parachlorobenzotrifluoride, distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light

Other hazards 2.3

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 **Substances**

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 **Mixtures**

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Description of the mixture

Hazardous ingredients acc. to GHS

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	CAS No 64742-47-8	≥10	Asp. Tox. 1 / H304
parachlorobenzotrifluoride	CAS No 98-56-6	≥1	Skin Sens. 1B / H317 Carc. 2 / H351 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	CAS No 541-02-6	58 - 68	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydro- gen, polymers with di-Me, Me hy- drogen silazanes, and 2,4-TDI	di-Me, Me hy- confidential		Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225
tert-butyl acetate	CAS No 540-88-5	≤9.8	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

none In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

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5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Coun try	Name of agent	CAS No	lden- tifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/ m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Nota tion	Sourc e
US	tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PEL (CA)	200	950						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	REL	200 (10 h)	950 (10 h)						NIOS H REL
US	tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	TLV®	50		150					AC- GIH® 2019
US	tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PEL	200	950						29 CFR 1910.1 000

Notation

Ceiling-C

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

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Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of expos- ure	Used in	Exposure time
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	DNEL	159 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	DNEL	714 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	DNEL	22 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	DNEL	1 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	DNEL	0.4 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	DNEL	18 μg/cm²	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	13 ^{mg} / _{kg}	(top) predators	water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.2 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	0.12 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	11 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	1.1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	PNEC	2.5 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PNEC	0.016 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PNEC	0.15 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PNEC	0.17 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PNEC	0.017 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	PNEC	0.025 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	2 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.2 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.032 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.022 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.002 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
parachlorobenzotriflu- oride	98-56-6	PNEC	0.026 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	colorless to pale yellow; transparent
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	fruity

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm
Flash point	62 °C at 101 kPa 143 °F at 1 atm
Evaporation rate	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

Explosive limits

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.6 vol%
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	4.9 vol%
Vapor pressure	42 Torr at 20 °C
Density	not determined
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	Information on this property is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	241 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))	
Viscosity	not determined	
Explosive properties	none	
Oxidizing properties	none	

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Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2C (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 230°C)
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, and 2,4-TDI	confidential	oral	500 ^{mg} / _{kg}

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Remarks	Number
parachlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	2B		

Legend

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydro- gen silazanes, and 2,4- TDI	confidential	LC50	57 ^{mg} / _l	zebra fish (Danio rerio)	96 h
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	LC50	240 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	EC50	410 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	ErC50	64 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	LC50	3 ^{mg} / _l	fish	48 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	ErC50	>0.41 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	EC50	>0.41 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 ^{µg} / _I	fish	14 d
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>15 ^{µg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	EC50	410 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	LC50	6.5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	24 h
parachlorobenzotrifluor- ide	98-56-6	EC50	242 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	30 min

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients are listed.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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DOT UN 1760 UN 1760 ICAO-TI UN 1760 UN 1760

14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.

IMDG-Code CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.

Technical name (hazardous ingredients)

Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with

di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, and 2,4-TDI, tert-butyl

acetate

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT 8
IMDG-Code 8
ICAO-TI 8

14.4 Packing group

DOT II IMDG-Code II ICAO-TI II

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

environment)

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

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Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1760, Corrosive liquid, n.o.s., (contains: Cyclosil-

azanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, and 2,4-TDI, tert-butyl acet-

ate), 8, II, environmentally hazardous

Reportable quantity (RQ) 105,714 lbs (47,994 kg) (tert-butyl acetate)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree

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Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Special provisions (SP) B2, IB2, T11, TP2, TP27

ERG No 154

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment) (decamethylcyclopentas-

iloxane)

Danger label(s) 8, fish and tree

(¥2)

Special provisions (SP) 274

Excepted quantities (EQ) E2

Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-A, S-B

Stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Danger label(s) 8



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A3

E2

0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

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- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313) none of the ingredients are listed

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	4.7		1	5000 (2270)

Legend

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists	
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6	solvents	Canada PBiTs CECBP - Priority Chemicals EC PBTs	
distillates (petroleum) hydrotreated, light	64742-47-8	solvents		
Cyclosilazanes, di-Me, Me Hydrogen, polymers with di-Me, Me hydrogen silazanes, and 2,4-TDI	confidential	refractory resin		
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	solvents		
parachlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	solvents		
polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	surface modifier		
alkylmethyl silicone	17955-88-3	shine agent		
polytrimethylhydrosilylsiloxane	68988-56-7	surface modifier		
benzyl benzoate	120-51-4	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens	
trimethylsiloxysilicate	68988-56-7	resin		
silicone based rheology modifier	not available	viscosity modifier		
Terpenes & Terpenoids, grapefruit oil	68917-32-8	fragrance		
cyclamen aldehyde	103-95-7	fragrance		
benzyl salicylate	118-58-1	fragrance		
tetra(trimethylsiloxy)silane	3555-47-3	surface modifier	Canada PBiTs	
2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde	80-54-6	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens	
benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	fragrance		
Allyl hexanoate	123-68-2	fragrance		
allyl cyclohexylpropionate	2705-87-5	fragrance		
ethyl vanillin	121-32-4	fragrance		

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[&]quot;1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act



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Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Functionality	Authoritative Lists
ethyl maltol	4940-11-8	fragrance	
7-hydroxycitronellal	107-75-5	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
Phenethyl alcohol	60-12-8	fragrance	
α-Amylcinnamaldehyde	122-40-7	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
Geraniol	106-24-1	fragrance	EU Fragrance Allergens
Piperonal	120-57-0	fragrance	
Vanillin	121-33-5	fragrance	
Geranyl acetate	105-87-3	fragrance	

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Threshol d	De Minimis Con- centration Threshold
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5				1.0 %

- Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	A, O	

Legend

- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5		F3

Flammable - Third Degree

- Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification
ACETIC ACID, 1,1-DIMETHYLETHYL ESTER	540-88-5	E

Environmental hazard

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American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH
Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational 0 Safety and Health Division



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- Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
tert-butyl acetate	540-88-5	Т

Leaend

Toxicity (ACGIH®)

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals

Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
p-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene (para-Chloroben- zotrifluoride, PCBTF)	98-56-6	3.4		cancer

VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA)
 Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB)
 0.23 %
 0.24 %

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

Chronic: chronic hazard flammability: flammability hazards Health: health hazard

Personal protection: personal protective equipment (PPE) for normal use

Physical hazard: reactivity

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions

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Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Special hazard		

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	not all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	not all ingredients are listed
CA	NDSL	not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	not all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	not all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	not all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed as "ACTIVE" tous les composants sont énumérés comme "ACTIVE"

Legend

AIIC
CICR
CSCL-ENCS
DSL
ECSI
IECSC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation

List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
Domestic Substances List (DSL)

INSQ

ISHA-ENCS

Domestic Substances List (DSL)
EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
National Inventory of Chemical Substances
Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
Non-domestic Substances List (NDSL) KECI NDSL NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances **TCSI** Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

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SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Alignment to regulation: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book"). Restructuring: section 9, section 14

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations		
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)		
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation		
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement		
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity		
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard		
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate		
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)		
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board		
Carc.	Carcinogenicity		
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)		
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value		
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code		
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)		
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level		
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)		
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval		
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances		
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances		
EmS	Emergency Schedule		
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment		
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control		
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number		
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye		
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye		
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid		
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations		

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
HS	Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System, drawn up by the World Customs Organisation)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LHS	Lower hazard substance
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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