DEAR KTM CUSTOMER

Congratulations on your decision to purchase a KTM motorcycle. You are now the owner of a state-of-the-art sports motorcycle that will give you enormous pleasure if you service and maintain it properly.

We hope you enjoy riding this vehicle!

Enter the serial numbers of your vehicle below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vehicle identification number (p. 30)</th>
<th>Dealer's stamp</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine number (p. 31)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key number (p. 31)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Owner's Manual contained the latest information for this model series at the time of publication. However, minor differences due to further developments in design cannot be ruled out completely.

All specifications contained herein are non-binding. KTM Sportmotorcycle GmbH specifically reserves the right to modify or delete technical specifications, prices, colors, forms, materials, services, designs, equipment, etc., without prior notice and without specifying reasons, to adapt these to local conditions, as well as to stop production of a particular model without prior notice. KTM accepts no liability for delivery options, deviations from figures and descriptions, misprints, and other errors. The models portrayed partly contain special equipment that does not belong to the regular scope of supply.
ISO 9001 (12 100 6061)

KTM applies quality assurance processes that lead to the highest possible product quality as defined in the ISO 9001 international quality management standard.

Issued by: TÜV Management Service

KTM Sportmotorcycle GmbH
Stallhofnerstraße 3
5230 Mattighofen, Austria

This document is valid for the following models:

200 DUKE US (F4175U2, F4175U3)
1 MEANS OF REPRESENTATION ...................... 8
  1.1 Symbols used ................................... 8
  1.2 Formats used .................................. 9

2 SAFETY ADVICE ........................................ 10
  2.1 Use definition – intended use ............ 10
  2.2 Misuse .......................................... 10
  2.3 Safety advice .................................. 10
  2.4 Degrees of risk and symbols .............. 11
  2.5 Overview of labels ........................... 12
  2.6 Consumer rights ............................... 16
  2.7 Tampering warning ............................ 16
  2.8 Manufacturer warranty for the exhaust monitoring system ... 17
  2.9 Noise emission warranty .................... 18
  2.10 Reporting safety defects .................. 18
  2.11 Tampering warning ........................... 19
  2.12 Safe operation ............................... 19
  2.13 Protective clothing .......................... 20
  2.14 Work rules .................................... 21
  2.15 Environment .................................. 21
  2.16 Owner's Manual .............................. 22

3 IMPORTANT NOTES .................................... 23
  3.1 Manufacturer warranty, implied warranty ........................................ 23
  3.2 Fuel, auxiliary substances .................. 23
  3.3 Spare parts, accessories .................... 23
  3.4 Service .......................................... 24
  3.5 Figures .......................................... 24
  3.6 Customer service .............................. 24

4 VIEW OF VEHICLE ...................................... 26
  4.1 View of vehicle, front left (example) ... 26
  4.2 View of vehicle, rear right (example) .... 28

5 SERIAL NUMBERS ..................................... 30
  5.1 Vehicle identification number .......... 30
  5.2 Type label ...................................... 30
  5.3 Engine number ................................. 31
  5.4 Key number .................................... 31

6 CONTROLS ................................................. 32
  6.1 Clutch lever .................................... 32
  6.2 Hand brake lever .............................. 32
  6.3 Throttle grip ................................... 33
  6.4 Horn button .................................... 33
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Subsection</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>Light switch</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>High beam flasher button</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>Turn signal switch</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>Emergency OFF switch</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>Start button</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.10</td>
<td>Ignition and steering lock</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.11</td>
<td>Locking the steering</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.12</td>
<td>Unlocking the steering</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.13</td>
<td>Opening fuel tank filler cap</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.14</td>
<td>Closing the fuel tank filler cap</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.15</td>
<td>Seat lock</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.16</td>
<td>Tool set</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.17</td>
<td>Grab handles</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.18</td>
<td>Passenger foot pegs</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.19</td>
<td>Shift lever</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.20</td>
<td>Foot brake lever</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.21</td>
<td>Side stand</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>COMBINATION INSTRUMENT</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.1</td>
<td>Combination instrument</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2</td>
<td>Activation and test</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>Warnings</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>Indicator lamps</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>Shift warning light</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>Display</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>Fuel level display</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.8</td>
<td>Coolant temperature indicator</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.9</td>
<td>Function buttons</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.10</td>
<td>ODO display</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.11</td>
<td>ABS display</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.12</td>
<td>Warnings display</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.13</td>
<td>Fuel Range</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.14</td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.15</td>
<td>Actual F.C.</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.16</td>
<td>TRIP 1 display</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.17</td>
<td>Time Trip 1</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.18</td>
<td>Average Speed Trip 1</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.19</td>
<td>Avg F.C. Trip 1</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.20</td>
<td>TRIP 2 display</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.21</td>
<td>Time Trip 2</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.22</td>
<td>Average Speed Trip 2</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.23</td>
<td>Avg F.C. Trip 2</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.24</td>
<td>Setting kilometers or miles</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.25</td>
<td>Setting the clock</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.26</td>
<td>Adjusting the shift speed RPM 1</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.27</td>
<td>Adjusting the shift speed RPM 2</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.28</td>
<td>Adjusting ABS mode</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>PREPARING FOR USE</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.1</td>
<td>Advice on preparing for first use</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>Running in the engine</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.3</td>
<td>Loading the vehicle</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>RIDING INSTRUCTIONS</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>Checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>Starting</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.3</td>
<td>Starting off</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.4</td>
<td>Shifting, riding</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>Applying the brakes</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>Stopping, parking</td>
<td>95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.8</td>
<td>Refueling</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>SERVICE SCHEDULE</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>Additional information</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>Required work</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.3</td>
<td>Recommended work</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>TUNING THE CHASSIS</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>Adjusting the shift lever</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.1</td>
<td>Raising the motorcycle with rear lifting gear</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.2</td>
<td>Removing the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.3</td>
<td>Lifting the motorcycle with the front lifting gear</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.4</td>
<td>Taking the motorcycle off the front lifting gear</td>
<td>111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.5</td>
<td>Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>Removing the passenger seat</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.7</td>
<td>Mounting the passenger seat</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.8</td>
<td>Removing the front rider's seat</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.9</td>
<td>Mounting the front rider's seat</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.10</td>
<td>Checking for chain dirt accumulation</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.11</td>
<td>Cleaning the chain</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.12</td>
<td>Checking the chain tension</td>
<td>119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.13</td>
<td>Adjusting the chain tension</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.14</td>
<td>Checking the chain, rear sprocket, and engine sprocket</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.15</td>
<td>Removing the front spoiler</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.16</td>
<td>Fitting front spoiler</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.17</td>
<td>Removing the front fender</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.18</td>
<td>Installing the front fender</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>BRAKE SYSTEM</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>Anti-lock braking system (ABS)</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13.2 Checking the brake discs ......... 129
13.3 Checking the front brake fluid level ............................................. 131
13.4 Adding front brake fluid ............................................. 132
13.5 Checking the front brake linings ...... 135
13.6 Checking the rear brake fluid level ............................................. 136
13.7 Adding rear brake fluid .................. 137
13.8 Checking the rear brake linings ...... 140
13.9 Checking the free travel of foot brake lever .................................... 141
13.10 Adjusting the free travel of the foot brake lever ..................................... 143

14 WHEELS, TIRES ....................................... 145
14.1 Removing the front wheel .................. 145
14.2 Installing the front wheel .................. 146
14.3 Removing rear wheel .................. 148
14.4 Installing the rear wheel .................. 150
14.5 Checking rear hub damping rubber pieces ..................................... 153
14.6 Checking the tire condition ............... 155
14.7 Checking tire pressure .................. 157

15 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM ............................... 158
15.1 Removing the 12-V battery .......... 158
15.2 Installing the 12-V battery .......... 160
15.3 Charging the 12-V battery .......... 161
15.4 Changing the ABS fuses .......... 164
15.5 Changing the fuses of individual electrical power consumers .......... 167
15.6 Changing the headlight bulb .......... 170
15.7 Checking the headlight setting .......... 173
15.8 Adjusting the headlight range ........... 174
15.9 Changing the turn signal bulb ........... 174
15.10 Diagnostics connector ............... 176
15.11 Front ACC1 and ACC2 ............... 176

16 COOLING SYSTEM .................................... 177
16.1 Cooling system .................. 177
16.2 Checking the coolant level ............... 179
16.3 Checking the antifreeze and coolant level .................. 181
16.4 Draining the coolant .................. 184
16.5 Filling/bleeding the cooling system .................. 185
16.6 Changing the coolant ............... 188

17 TUNING THE ENGINE .................. 192
17.1 Checking the play in the throttle cable ............... 192
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>17.2</td>
<td>Adjusting the play in the throttle cable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.3</td>
<td>Checking the clutch lever play</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.4</td>
<td>Adjusting play in the clutch lever</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>SERVICE WORK ON THE ENGINE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.1</td>
<td>Checking the engine oil level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.2</td>
<td>Changing the engine oil and oil filter, cleaning the oil screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.3</td>
<td>Adding engine oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>CLEANING, CARE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.1</td>
<td>Cleaning the motorcycle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.2</td>
<td>Checks and maintenance steps for winter operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>STORAGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.1</td>
<td>Storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.2</td>
<td>Preparing for use after storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>TROUBLESHOOTING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>TECHNICAL DATA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.1</td>
<td>Engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.2</td>
<td>Engine tightening torques</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.3</td>
<td>Capacities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.3.1</td>
<td>Engine oil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.3.2</td>
<td>Coolant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.3.3</td>
<td>Fuel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.4</td>
<td>Chassis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.5</td>
<td>Electrical system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.6</td>
<td>Tires</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.7</td>
<td>Fork</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.8</td>
<td>Shock absorber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.9</td>
<td>Chassis tightening torques</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>SUBSTANCES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>AUXILIARY SUBSTANCES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>STANDARDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>INDEX OF SPECIAL TERMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>LIST OF SYMBOLS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.1</td>
<td>Yellow and orange symbols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28.2</td>
<td>Green and blue symbols</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDEX</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1 MEANS OF REPRESENTATION

1.1 Symbols used

The meaning of specific symbols is described below.

- Indicates an expected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).

- Indicates an unexpected reaction (e.g. of a work step or a function).

All work marked with this symbol requires specialist knowledge and technical understanding. In the interest of your own safety, have these jobs performed by an authorized KTM workshop! Your motorcycle will be optimally cared for there by specially trained experts using the auxiliary tools required.

- Indicates a page reference (more information is provided on the specified page).

- Indicates information with more details or tips.

- Indicates the result of a testing step.
Indicates a voltage measurement.

Indicates a current measurement.

Indicates the end of an activity, including potential rework.

### 1.2 Formats used

The typographical formats used in this document are explained below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proprietary name</th>
<th>Indicates a proprietary name.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name®</td>
<td>Indicates a protected name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brand™</td>
<td>Indicates a brand available on the open market.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underlined terms</td>
<td>Refer to technical details of the vehicle or indicate technical terms, which are explained in the glossary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 SAFETY ADVICE

2.1 Use definition – intended use

This vehicle has been designed and built to withstand the normal stresses and strains of road use. This vehicle is not suitable for use on race tracks or offroad.

Info
This vehicle is only authorized for operation on public roads in its homologated version.

2.2 Misuse

The vehicle must only be used as intended. Dangers can arise for people, property and the environment through use not as intended. Any use of the vehicle beyond the intended and defined use constitutes misuse. Misuse also includes the use of operating and auxiliary fluids which do not meet the required specification for the respective use.

2.3 Safety advice

A number of safety instructions need to be followed to operate the product described safely. Therefore read this instruction and all further instructions included carefully. The safety instructions are highlighted in the text and are referred to at the relevant passages.
Various information and warning labels are attached in prominent locations on the product described. Do not remove any information or warning labels. If they are missing, you or others may not recognize dangers and may therefore be injured.

### Degrees of risk and symbols

**Danger**
Identifies a danger that will immediately and invariably lead to fatal or serious permanent injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.

**Warning**
Identifies a danger that is likely to lead to fatal or serious injury if the appropriate measures are not taken.

**Caution**
Identifies a danger that may lead to minor injuries if the appropriate measures are not taken.

**Note**
Identifies a danger that will lead to considerable machine and material damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.

**Note**
Indicates a danger that will lead to environmental damage if the appropriate measures are not taken.
2.5 Overview of labels
1 Type label for Canada
2 Information on emissions control
3 Information on preparations for use
4 Type label for USA
5 Information on noise emissions
## Information on emissions control

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENGINE DISPLACEMENT</th>
<th>SAMPLE</th>
<th>ENGINE EXHAUST EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGINE FAMILY</td>
<td>SAMPLE</td>
<td>EVAPORATIVE FAMILY:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVAPORATIVE FAMILY</td>
<td>SAMPLE</td>
<td>MODEL NAME:</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This vehicle complies with US, EPA and California regulations applicable to model year new motorcycles and is certified to 0.16 g/km HC + CO, 1.2 g/km CO2 exhaust emission standards in California.

### Important Information

**ACHTUNG**

Lesen Sie vor der ersten Inbetriebnahme des Fahrzeugs die gesamte Bedienungsanleitung aufmerksam durch!

**IMPORTANT**

Please read the entire owner's manual carefully before putting the vehicle into operation for the first time.

**ATTENZIONE**

Prima della messa in funzione iniziale del veicolo, leggere con attenzione l'intero manuale d'uso!

**ATTENTION**

Lire attentivement l'ensemble du manuel d'utilisation avant de mettre le véhicule en service!

**ATENCION**

Lea completamente el manual de instrucciones antes de poner en servicio por primera vez el vehículo!
### Type label for USA

**KTM**

MFD. BY BAJAJ AUTO LTD. INDIA FOR KTM AG

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MOTORCYCLE</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>SAMPLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GVWR</td>
<td>SAMPLE lbs</td>
<td>SAMPLE kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GAWR FRONT</td>
<td>SAMPLE lbs</td>
<td>SAMPLE kg WITH SAMPLE TIRE, SAMPLE TYPE, SAMPLE RIM, AT SAMPLE psi, SAMPLE bar COLD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GAWR REAR</td>
<td>SAMPLE lbs</td>
<td>SAMPLE kg WITH SAMPLE TIRE, SAMPLE TYPE, SAMPLE RIM, AT SAMPLE psi, SAMPLE bar COLD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

THIS VEHICLE CONFORMS TO ALL APPLICABLE U.S. FEDERAL MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS IN EFFECT ON THE DATE OF MANUFACTURE SHOWN ABOVE.

---

### MOTORCYCLE NOISE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION

**SAMPLE**

THIS SAMPLE MOTORCYCLE, SAMPLE MEETS EPA NOISE EMISSION REQUIREMENTS OF SAMPLE RPM BY THE FEDERAL TEST PROCEDURE. MODIFICATIONS WHICH CAUSE THIS MOTORCYCLE TO EXCEED FEDERAL NOISE STANDARDS ARE PROHIBITED BY U.S. FEDERAL LAW. SEE OWNER’S MANUAL.

**Motorcycle Type : SAMPLE**

---

Information on noise emissions
2.6 Consumer rights

Warranty claims must be submitted to an authorized KTM workshop. If you are not satisfied, please contact:

KTM North America, Inc., Customer Support, 1119 Milan Ave., Amherst, OH 44001, USA
Phone: (440) 985-3553
www.ktmusa.com

KTM Canada, Inc., Customer Support, 8701 Rue Samuel-Hatt, Chambly, QC J3L 6V4, Canada
Phone: (450) 441-4451
www.ktmcanada.com

Different rights may apply, according to national or regional legislation.

2.7 Tampering warning

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited. Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof:

1. The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of servicing, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or

2. the use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

1. Removal or puncturing of the main silencers, baffles, header pipes or any other components which conduct exhaust gases.

2. Removal or puncturing of parts of the intake system.

3. Lack of proper maintenance.
4 Replacing moving parts of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust system or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

### 2.8 Manufacturer warranty for the exhaust monitoring system

KTM North America, Inc. guarantees that, at the time of sale, the exhaust monitoring system complies with all the standards of the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB). This manufacturer warranty applies in respect of the first owner of the motorcycle and all subsequent owners.

Your exhaust monitoring system may include parts, such as the fuel injection system, ignition, catalytic converter, control units, hoses, connectors and other emission related assemblies, fuel tank, crankcase breather, fuel tank lid for vehicles with fuel evaporation monitoring, oil filler cap, pressure control valve, fuel/vapor separator, canister, ignition coils, ignition wire, capacitors and spark plugs, if a fault occurs before the first scheduled replacement; it may also include the hoses, fittings, and pipes that are used directly in these components.

If the warranty conditions are met, KTM will repair your motorcycle for you free of charge, including diagnosis, parts, and labor.

As the owner of the motorcycle, you are responsible for the required maintenance specified in the Owner's Manual.

Please note that KTM is entitled to reject warranty claims if your motorcycle or a part fails due to misuse, negligence, an accident, participation in racing or similar events, improper maintenance or unauthorized modifications.

**Scope of the manufacturer's warranty**

- Five (5) years or 18,000 kilometers (11,185 miles), whichever occurs first.

If you have any questions regarding the manufacturer warranty for the exhaust monitoring system, please address these to:

KTM North America, Inc., Customer Support, 1119 Milan Ave., Amherst, OH 44001, USA

Phone: (888) 985-6090
2 SAFETY ADVICE

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2000 Traverwood Drive, Ann Arbor, MI 48105, USA
California Air Resources Board, 1001 "I" Street, Sacramento, CA 95814, USA

2.9 Noise emission warranty

KTM warrants that this exhaust system, at the time of sale, meets all applicable U.S. EPA Federal noise standards.
This manufacturer’s warranty extends to the first person who purchases this exhaust system for purposes other than resale, and to all subsequent buyers.
Warranty claims should be directed to:
KTM North America, Inc., Customer Support, 1119 Milan Ave., Amherst, OH 44001, USA
Phone: (440) 985-3553
www.ktmusa.com
KTM Canada, Inc., Customer Support, 8701 Rue Samuel-Hatt, Chambly, QC J3L 6V4, Canada
Phone: (450) 441-4451
www.ktmcanada.com

2.10 Reporting safety defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause an accident resulting in injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying KTM North America, Inc.
If NHTSA receives multiple similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or KTM North America, Inc.
To contact NHTSA, you may either call the Auto Safety Hotline toll-free at 1–888–327–4236 or visit the website www.nhtsa.dot.gov, or write to: NHTSA Headquarters, 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE, West Building, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the Hotline.
2.11 Tampering warning

Tampering with the noise control system is prohibited. Federal law prohibits the following acts or the causing thereof:

1. The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of servicing, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new vehicle for the purpose of noise control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or
2. The use of the vehicle after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:

1. Removal or puncturing of the main silencers, baffles, header pipes or any other components which conduct exhaust gases.
2. Removal or puncturing of parts of the intake system.
3. Lack of proper maintenance.
4. Replacing moving parts of the vehicle, or parts of the exhaust system or intake system, with parts other than those specified by the manufacturer.

2.12 Safe operation

⚠️ Danger

**Danger of accidents**  A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.

- Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
- Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.
**Danger**

**Danger of poisoning**  Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.
- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

**Warning**

**Danger of burns**  Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.
- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Only operate the vehicle when it is in perfect technical condition, in accordance with its intended use, and in a safe and environmentally compatible manner.
An appropriate driver's license is needed to ride the vehicle on public roads.
Have malfunctions that impair safety promptly eliminated by an authorized KTM workshop.
Adhere to the information and warning labels on the vehicle.

### 2.13 Protective clothing

**Warning**

**Risk of injury**  Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.
- Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
- Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.
In the interest of your own safety, KTM recommends that you only operate the vehicle while wearing protective clothing.

### 2.14 Work rules

Unless specified otherwise, the ignition must be turned off during all work (models with ignition lock, models with remote key) or the engine must be at a standstill (models without ignition lock or remote key). Special tools are necessary for certain tasks. The tools are not a component of the vehicle, but can be ordered using the number in parentheses. Example: bearing puller (15112017000)

During assembly, use new parts to replace parts which cannot be reused (e.g. self-locking screws and nuts, expansion screws, seals, sealing rings, O-rings, pins, and lock washers).

In the case of certain screws, a screw adhesive (e.g. Loctite®) is required. Observe the manufacturer's instructions.

If thread locker (e.g., Precote®) has already been applied to a new part, do not apply any additional thread locker. After disassembly, clean the parts that are to be reused and check them for damage and wear. Change damaged or worn parts.

After completing a repair or service work, check the operating safety of the vehicle.

### 2.15 Environment

If you use your motorcycle responsibly, you can ensure that problems and conflicts do not occur. To protect the future of the motorcycle sport, make sure that you use your motorcycle legally, display environmental consciousness, and respect the rights of others.

When disposing of used oil, other operating and auxiliary fluids, and used components, comply with the laws and regulations of the respective country.
2 SAFETY ADVICE

Because motorcycles are not subject to the EU regulations governing the disposal of used vehicles, there are no legal regulations that pertain to the disposal of an end-of-life motorcycle. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

2.16 Owner's Manual

Read this owner's manual carefully and completely before making your first trip. The Owner's Manual contains useful information and many tips on how to operate, handle, and service your motorcycle. This is the only way to find out how best to customize the vehicle for your own use and how you can protect yourself from injury.

Tip
Store the Owner's Manual on your terminal device, for example, so that you can read it whenever you need to.

If you would like to know more about the vehicle or have questions on the material you read, please contact an authorized KTM dealer. The Owner's Manual is an important component of the vehicle. If the vehicle is sold, the Owner's Manual must be downloaded again by the new owner. The Owner's Manual can be downloaded several times using the QR code or the link on the delivery certificate.

The Owner's Manual is also available for download from your authorized KTM dealer and on the KTM website. A printed copy can also be ordered from your authorized KTM dealer.

International KTM Website: KTM.com
3.1 Manufacturer warranty, implied warranty

The work prescribed in the service schedule must only be carried out in an authorized KTM workshop and confirmed in the KTM Dealer.net, as otherwise all warranty claims will be void. Damage or secondary damage caused by tampering with and/or conversions on the vehicle are not covered by the manufacturer warranty.

3.2 Fuel, auxiliary substances

Note

Environmental hazard  Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

– Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.

Use fuels and auxiliary substances in accordance with the Owner's Manual and specification.

3.3 Spare parts, accessories

For your own safety, only use spare parts and accessory products that are approved and/or recommended by KTM and have them installed by an authorized KTM workshop. KTM accepts no liability for other products and any resulting damage or loss.

Certain spare parts and accessory products are specified in parentheses in the descriptions. Your authorized KTM dealer will be glad to advise you.

The current KTM PowerParts for your vehicle can be found on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: KTM.com
3 IMPORTANT NOTES

3.4 Service

A prerequisite for perfect operation and prevention of premature wear is that the service, care, and tuning work on the engine and chassis is properly carried out as described in the Owner's Manual. An incorrect suspension setting can lead to damage and breakage of chassis components.

Use of the vehicle under difficult conditions, such as dusty environments, heavy rain, high heat or with a heavy load, can lead to considerably more rapid wear of components such as the air filter, drive train, brake system, or suspension components. For this reason, it may be necessary to inspect or replace parts before the next scheduled service.

It is imperative that you adhere to the stipulated run-in times and service intervals. If you observe these exactly, you will ensure a much longer service life for your motorcycle. The relevant mileage or time interval is whichever occurs first.

3.5 Figures

The figures contained in the manual may depict special equipment.

In the interest of clarity, some components may be shown disassembled or may not be shown at all. It is not always necessary to disassemble the component to perform the activity in question. Please follow the instructions in the text.

3.6 Customer service

Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to answer any questions you may have on your vehicle and KTM.

A list of authorized KTM dealers can be found on the KTM website.

International KTM Website: KTM.com
4.1 View of vehicle, front left (example)
1 Combination instrument
2 Clutch lever (p. 32)
3 Front rider's seat
4 Passenger seat
5 Grab handles (p. 42)
6 Seat lock (p. 41)
7 Side stand (p. 44)
8 Shift lever (p. 43)
4.2 View of vehicle, rear right (example)
1 Tool set (p. 41)
2 Light switch (p. 34)
2 Turn signal switch (p. 35)
2 Horn button (p. 33)
3 Ignition and steering lock (p. 36)
4 Emergency OFF switch (p. 35)
4 Start button (p. 36)
5 Throttle grip (p. 33)
6 Hand brake lever (p. 32)
7 Foot brake lever (p. 44)
8 Passenger foot pegs (p. 42)
5 SERIAL NUMBERS

5.1 Vehicle identification number

The vehicle identification number 1 is stamped on the right side of the steering head.

5.2 Type label

The type label 1 is on the right of the frame behind the steering head.
5.3 Engine number

The engine number 1 is stamped on the left side of the engine under the engine sprocket.

5.4 Key number

The key number 1 can be found on the KEYCODECARD.

**Info**

The key number is needed to order a replacement key. Keep the KEYCODECARD in a safe place. If at least one ignition key is still available, a spare key can be produced. If an ignition key is no longer present, the entire lock system must be replaced.
6 CONTROLS

6.1 Clutch lever

The clutch lever 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

6.2 Hand brake lever

The hand brake lever 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.
The front brake is engaged using the hand brake lever.
6.3 Throttle grip

The throttle grip 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

6.4 Horn button

Horn button 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

Possible states

- The horn button $\uparrow$ is in the basic position
- The horn button $\uparrow$ is pressed – The horn is operated in this position.
6.5 Light switch

The light switch ① is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

**Possible states**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Low beam on</td>
<td>The light switch is turned downward. In this position, the low beam and the tail light are switched on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High beam on</td>
<td>The light switch is turned upwards. In this position, the high beam and the tail light are switched on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.6 High beam flasher button

High beam flasher button ① is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

**Possible states**

- High beam flasher button in the basic position
- High beam flasher button pressed – In this position, the headlight flasher (high beam) is actuated.
6.7 Turn signal switch

![Image of turn signal switch](S00658-10)

Turn signal switch 1 is fitted on the left side of the handlebar.

**Possible states**

- Turn signal off – Turn signal switch pushed toward the switch housing.
- Left turn signal, on – Turn signal switch pressed to the left. The turn signal switch returns automatically to the central position after use.
- Right turn signal, on – Turn signal switch pressed to the right. The turn signal switch returns automatically to the central position after use.

6.8 Emergency OFF switch

![Image of emergency OFF switch](S00661-10)

The emergency OFF switch 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

**Possible states**

- Emergency OFF switch off – In this position, the ignition circuit is interrupted, a running engine stops, and a non-running engine cannot be started.
- Emergency OFF switch on – This position is required for operation; the ignition circuit is closed.
6.9 Start button

Start button 1 is fitted on the right side of the handlebar.

**Possible states**
- The start button 1 is in the basic position
- The start button 1 is pressed – In this position, the starter motor is actuated.

6.10 Ignition and steering lock

The ignition and steering lock is located in front of the upper triple clamp.

**Possible states**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Ignition off" /></td>
<td>Ignition off OFF – In this position, the ignition circuit is interrupted, a running engine stops, and a non-running engine will not start. The ignition key can be removed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Ignition on" /></td>
<td>Ignition on ON – In this position, the ignition circuit is closed and the engine can be started.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.11 Locking the steering

Note

Danger of damage  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.
– Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

– Park the vehicle.
– Turn the handlebar all the way to the left.
– Insert the ignition key into the ignition and steering lock, press in, and turn to the left. Remove the ignition key.
   ✔  Steering is no longer possible.
6.12 Unlocking the steering

- Insert the ignition key into the ignition and steering lock, press in, and turn to the right. Remove the ignition key.
- The handlebar can now be moved again.

6.13 Opening fuel tank filler cap

**Danger**

**Fire hazard**  
Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

- Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
- Switch off the engine for refueling.
- Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
- If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
- Observe the specifications for refueling.
**Warning**

**Danger of poisoning**  Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

- Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
- Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
- Do not inhale fuel vapors.
- In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
- Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
- Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.
- Keep fuels correctly in a suitable canister, and out of the reach of children.

**Note**

**Environmental hazard**  Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

- Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.

---

- Lift cover 1 of the fuel tank filler cap and insert the ignition key into the lock.

**Note**

**Danger of damage**  The ignition key may break if overloaded.

Damaged ignition keys must be replaced.

- Push down on the fuel tank filler cap to take pressure off the ignition key.

- Turn the ignition key 90° clockwise.
- Lift the fuel tank filler cap.
– Remove the ignition key.

### 6.14 Closing the fuel tank filler cap

**Warning**

**Fire hazard** Fuel is highly flammable, toxic and a health hazard.

- Check that the fuel tank filler cap is locked correctly after closing.
- Change your clothing if fuel spills on them.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.

- Close the fuel tank filler cap.
- Push down the fuel tank filler cap until the lock engages.
6.15 Seat lock

The seat lock 1 is located to the left of the seat. The seat lock can be unlocked using the ignition key.

6.16 Tool set

The tool set 1 is located under the passenger seat.
6 CONTROLS

6.17 Grab handles

The grab handles 1 are used for moving the motorcycle around. If you carry a passenger, the passenger can hold onto the grab handles during the trip.

6.18 Passenger foot pegs

The passenger foot pegs can be folded up and down.

Possible states
- Passenger foot pegs folded up – For operation without a passenger.
- Passenger foot pegs folded down – For operation with a passenger.
6.19 Shift lever

Shift lever 1 is mounted on the left side of the engine.

The gear positions can be seen in the photograph. The neutral or idle position is between the first and second gears.
6.20 Foot brake lever

Foot brake lever 1 is located in front of the right footrest. The foot brake lever is used to activate the rear brake.

6.21 Side stand

The side stand 1 is located on the left of the vehicle. The side stand is used for parking the motorcycle.

Info

The side stand must be folded up during motorcycle use. The side stand is coupled with the safety starting system; follow the riding instructions.

Possible states

- Side stand folded out – The vehicle can be supported on the side stand. The safety starting system is active.
• Side stand folded in – This position is mandatory when riding the motorcycle. The safety starting system is inactive.
The combination instrument is attached in front of the handlebar.

1. **Indicator lamps** (p. 52)
2. **Display** (p. 56)
3. **Function buttons** (p. 59)
7.2 Activation and test

**Activation**
The combination instrument is activated when the ignition is switched on.

**Info**
The brightness of the displays is controlled by an ambient light sensor in the combination instrument.

**Test**
When the ignition is switched on, all indicator lamps light up briefly except for the turn signal indicator lamp and immobilizer indicator lamp.
The segments in the rpm gauge and the gear indicator light up and switch off in sequence.
The speedometer counts from 0 to 199 and back.
The remaining display segments of the display light up briefly.
The READY TO >> RACE logo appears on the display.
The previously selected ABS mode is then displayed for 4 seconds.
The display then changes to the last selected mode.
7 COMBINATION INSTRUMENT

Info
The malfunction indicator lamp always lights up as long as the engine is not running. If the engine is running and the malfunction indicator lamp lights up, stop (taking care not to endanger yourself or other road users in the process) and contact an authorized KTM workshop.

7.3 Warnings

Info
All warnings that have occurred are shown automatically in succession on the display until they are no longer active. As soon as an error occurs, the relevant indicator lamps light up to signal that an indication/warning note for the operating safety has been detected. As soon as a warning for operating safety has been detected, the general warning lamp \( \square \) also lights up. As soon as several warnings pertaining to operating safety have been detected, the general warning lamp \( \square \) also flashes.
If an error has occurred in the CAN bus, various warnings appear on the display: **CAN ABS FAILURE, CAN FAILURE, and CAN EMS FAILURE** can appear.

**Side Stand Down** appears on the display if the side stand is folded down. **Clutch Switch Failure** appears on the display if the clutch switch is faulty.
Transport Lock appears on the display if transport mode is activated.

Low Oil Pressure appears on the display if the oil pressure is too low.
Low Battery appears on the display if the battery voltage falls below the specified value.

| Battery voltage | ≤ 10.5 V |
Coolant Sensor Failure appears on the display if the coolant temperature sensor is faulty.

High Coolant Temperature appears on the display if the coolant temperature rises above the specified value.

| Coolant temperature | > 110 °C (> 230 °F) |

Fuel Level Sensor Failure appears on the display if the fuel level indicator is faulty.

Low Fuel Level appears on the display if the fuel level reaches the reserve mark.
The indicator lamps offer additional information about the operating state of the motorcycle.
When the ignition is switched on, all indicator lamps light up briefly except for the turn signal indicator lamp and immobilizer indicator lamp.
As soon as a warning for operating safety has been detected, the general warning lamp also lights up.

**Info**
The malfunction indicator lamp always lights up as long as the engine is not running. If the engine is running and the malfunction indicator lamp lights up, stop (taking care not to endanger yourself or other road users in the process) and contact an authorized KTM workshop.

**Possible states**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>![Symbol]</th>
<th>The turn signal indicator lamp flashes green simultaneously with the turn signal – The turn signal is switched on.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Symbol]</td>
<td>Malfunction indicator lamp lights up yellow – The OBD has detected an error in the vehicle electronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Icon</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>📰</td>
<td>The shift warning lights up/flashes red – The shift warning light flashes red when the set shift speed <strong>RPM1</strong> is reached. The shift warning light lights up red when the set shift speed <strong>RPM2</strong> is reached.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🎯</td>
<td>The idle indicator lamp lights up green – The transmission is in neutral.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🌋</td>
<td>The high beam indicator lamp lights up blue – The high beam is switched on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🛠️</td>
<td>The immobilizer indicator lamp lights up red – Status or error message for immobilizer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚨</td>
<td>The general warning lamp lights up or flashes yellow – One or more operating safety notes/warning notes have been detected. This is also shown in the display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🚬</td>
<td>ABS warning lamp lights up yellow – Status or error messages relating to <strong>ABS</strong>.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The shift warning light 1 is located in the center above the display.

**Info**
The shift warning light can be configured in the Trip 1 display and Trip 2 display by keeping the MODE button pressed.

The shift warning light is always active during the running-in phase (up to 1,000 km / 621 mi). The shift warning light can only be deactivated, and the values for RPM1 and RPM2 can only be adjusted after this. The shift warning light flashes red at RPM1 and the shift warning light lights up red at RPM2.

**Info**
After the first service, the shift warning light is deactivated when the engine is warm in sixth-gear.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coolant temperature</th>
<th>≤ 35 °C (≤ 95 °F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ODO</td>
<td>&lt; 1,000 km (&lt; 620 mi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The shift warning light always lights up at</td>
<td>7,000 rpm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant temperature</td>
<td>&gt; 35 °C (&gt; 95 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ODO</strong></td>
<td>&gt; 1,000 km (&gt; 620 mi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RPM1</strong> shift warning light</td>
<td>flashes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RPM2</strong> shift warning light</td>
<td>lights up</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.6 Display

The tachometer 1 shows the engine speed in revolutions per minute.
The gear display 2 shows the engaged gear.
Speed 3 is shown in kilometers per hour \(\text{km/h}\) or in miles per hour \(\text{mph}\).
The fuel level display is displayed in the 4 area.
The display 5 shows additional information.
The time appears in area 6.
The coolant temperature display appears in area 7.

**Info**
The time must be reset if the 12-V battery was disconnected from the vehicle or the fuse was removed.
The brightness of the displays is controlled by an ambient light sensor in the combination instrument.
7.7 Fuel level display

The fuel tank capacity is shown in area 1 of the display. The fuel level indicator consists of bars. The more bars are lit, the more fuel is in the fuel tank.

**Info**

If the fuel level is getting low, the warning **Low Fuel Level** will also appear on the display. The fuel level is displayed with a slight delay to prevent the indicator from constantly moving while riding.
7.8 Coolant temperature indicator

The coolant temperature display is shown in segment 1 of the display. The coolant temperature indicator consists of bars. The more bars that light up, the hotter the coolant.

**Note**

**Engine failure**  Overheating damages the engine.
- If the coolant temperature warning is displayed, stop immediately and take care not to endanger yourself or other traffic participants in the process.
- Allow the engine and cooling system to cool down.
- Check and, if necessary, correct the coolant level on the cooling system while it is in a cooled state.

**Info**

When all the bars light up, the warning High Coolant Temperature appears on the display.
If the cooling system overheats, the maximum engine speed is limited.

**Possible states**
- The engine is cold – Up to three bars light up.
- Engine warm – Four to ten bars light up.
• Engine hot – Eleven to thirteen bars light up.
• Engine very hot – All thirteen bars light up.

7.9 Function buttons

Press the MODE button ① to change display modes. Possible display modes are ODO Menü (General trip data), Time Trip 1 (Trip data 1), Time Trip 2 (Trip data 2), ABS Mode Menu (Selected ABS function), Info Menu (Warnings). Press the SET button ② to change menus.
7.10 ODO display

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **ODO** appears on the display.

**ODO** displays the total distance covered.

---

**Info**

This value is retained, even if the 12-V battery is disconnected from the vehicle or the fuse blows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.11 ABS display

- Press the MODE button briefly and repeatedly until ABS appears on the display.

**ABS** indicates the selected ABS mode.

| Press the SET button briefly. | Next menu on the display |
| Press the MODE button briefly. | Next display mode in the display |

7.12 Warnings display

- Press the MODE button briefly and repeatedly until **Warnings** appears on the display.

The **Warnings** menu is available as soon as one or more operating safety warnings have been detected.
**Info**

All warnings that have occurred are shown automatically in succession on the display until they are no longer active. As soon as an error occurs, the relevant indicator lamps light up to signal that an indication/warning note for the operating safety has been detected. As soon as a warning for operating safety has been detected, the general warning lamp also lights up. As soon as several operating safety warnings have been detected, the general warning lamp also flashes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the SET button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the MODE button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.13 Fuel Range

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **ODO** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

The range is shown in this menu.

**Info**

The range depends on the average fuel consumption and the fuel quantity in the fuel tank. When the ignition is switched on, the range is only displayed after some time. The **Fuel Range** menu is identical on the **ODO** display, the **TRIP 1** display and the **TRIP 2** display.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.14 Service

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **ODO** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

This menu shows the distance to the next service.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.15 Actual F.C.

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **ODO** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

The **Actual F.C.** menu is identical on the display, the **TRIP F** display and the **ODO** display.

Current fuel consumption is shown in this menu.

---

**Info**

The current fuel consumption is displayed after several 100 meters of travel after the ignition is switched on.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.16 TRIP 1 display

- Press the MODE button briefly and repeatedly until TRIP 1 appears on the display.

TRIP 1 shows the distance since the last reset, such as between two refueling stops. TRIP 1 is always running and counts up to 9999.9.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Outcome</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the SET button briefly.</td>
<td>Next menu on the display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the SET button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of TRIP 1 is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the MODE button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.17 Time Trip 1

- Press the MODE button briefly and repeatedly until TRIP 1 appears on the display.
- Press the SET button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

Riding time 1 based on TRIP 1 is shown in this menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the SET button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the SET button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of TRIP 1 is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the MODE button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.18 Average Speed Trip1

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 1** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

Average speed 1 based on **TRIP 1** is shown in this menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of <strong>TRIP 1</strong> is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.19 Avg F.C. Trip 1

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 1** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

Average fuel consumption 1 based on **TRIP 1** is shown in this menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of <strong>TRIP 1</strong> is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.20 TRIP 2 display

Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 2** appears on the display.

**TRIP 2** shows the distance since the last reset, such as between two refueling stops. **TRIP 2** is always running and counts up to **9999.9**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of <strong>TRIP 2</strong> is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.21 Time Trip 2

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 2** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

Riding time 2 based on **TRIP 2** is shown in this menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next menu on the display</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of <strong>TRIP 2</strong> is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
7.22 Average Speed Trip2

– Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 2** appears on the display.
– Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

Average speed 2 based on **TRIP 2** is shown in this menu.

| Press the **SET** button briefly. | Next menu on the display |
| Press the **SET** button for 3 seconds. | Display of **TRIP 2** is reset |
| Press the **MODE** button briefly. | Next display mode in the display |
7.23 Avg F.C. Trip 2

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 2** appears on the display.
- Press the **SET** button briefly and repeatedly until the desired menu appears.

Average fuel consumption 1 based on **TRIP 1** is shown in this menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button briefly.</th>
<th>Next menu on the display</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>SET</strong> button for 3 seconds.</td>
<td>Display of <strong>TRIP 2</strong> is reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press the <strong>MODE</strong> button briefly.</td>
<td>Next display mode in the display</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7.24 Setting kilometers or miles

**Info**

Make the setting according to the country.

If you change the unit, the value **ODO** is retained and converted accordingly.
**Condition**
The motorcycle is stationary.

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **ODO** appears on the display.
- Press the **MODE** button for 5 seconds.

✔ The display changes from **km/h** to **mph** or from **mph** to **km/h**.

---

**Info**
The units can be set in the **ODO** display for each menu by keeping the **MODE** button pressed.
7.25 Setting the clock

Info
The time is displayed in 24-hour format.
The time must be reset if the 12-V battery was disconnected from the vehicle or the fuse was removed.

Condition
The motorcycle is stationary.

- Press the MODE button briefly and repeatedly until ODO appears on the display.
- Press the MODE and SET buttons for 5 - 10 seconds.
  ✔ The time display begins to flash.

Info
The clock can be set in the ODO display for each menu by keeping the MODE button and SET button pressed simultaneously.

- Set the hours display using the MODE button.
- Set the minutes display using the SET button.
- Press the MODE button and SET button simultaneously.
  ✔ The set time is adopted and saved.
7.26 Adjusting the shift speed RPM1

**Condition**
The motorcycle is stationary.
**ODO** > 1,000 km (621 m).

- Press the **MODE** button briefly and repeatedly until **TRIP 1** appears on the display.
- Press the **MODE** button for 5 seconds.
  ✔ The **RPM1** display appears.

**Info**
The **RPM1** display appears in the **TRIP 1** display for each menu by keeping the **MODE** button pressed. **RPM1** is the engine speed above which the shift warning light starts flashing. The engine speed can be set at intervals of 50. The shift speed **RPM1** can only be set up to maximum 50 revolutions per minute below the shift speed **RPM2**.

- Adjust the speed with the **MODE** button and **SET** button.

**Info**
The **MODE** button increases the value. The **SET** button decreases the value.

- Press the **MODE** button and **SET** button simultaneously.
The RPM1 display disappears and the set shift speed RPM1 is adopted and saved.

### 7.27 Adjusting the shift speed RPM2

**Condition**
The motorcycle is stationary. ODO > 1,000 km (621 m).

- Press the MODE button briefly and repeatedly until TRIP 2 appears on the display.
- Press the MODE button for 5 seconds.

**Info**
The RPM2 display appears in the TRIP 2 display for each menu by keeping the MODE button pressed. RPM2 is the engine speed above which the shift warning light lights up. The engine speed can be set at intervals of 50. The shift speed RPM2 can only be set from a minimum of 50 revolutions per minute above the shift speed RPM1.

- Adjust the speed with the MODE button and SET button.
7.28 Adjusting ABS mode

**Condition**
The motorcycle is stationary.

- Press the **Mode** button briefly and repeatedly until the ABS display appears.
- **SET** - Press and hold the button until **Release Button** is displayed.
- **SET** - Press the **MODE** button and **SET** button simultaneously.

- The **RPM2** display disappears and the set shift speed **RPM2** is adopted and saved.

✓ The now active ABS mode is shown in the display.
**Info**

Do not open the throttle during the selection.

If switching ABS mode was unsuccessful, the previously set ABS mode will remain active.

A flashing ABS mode indicates that the ABS mode displayed does not match the actual ABS mode due to a malfunction.

If ABS mode **ROAD** is enabled, ABS controls both wheels.

If the ABS mode **SUPERMOTO** is enabled, ABS only controls the front wheel. The rear wheel is not controlled by ABS and may lock during braking maneuvers.
8 PREPARING FOR USE

8.1 Advice on preparing for first use

**Danger**

**Danger of accidents**  A rider who is not fit to ride poses a danger to him or herself and others.
– Do not operate the vehicle if you are not fit to ride due to alcohol, drugs or medication.
– Do not operate the vehicle if you are physically or mentally impaired.

**Warning**

**Risk of injury**  Missing or poor protective clothing presents an increased safety risk.
– Wear appropriate protective clothing such as helmet, boots, gloves as well as trousers and a jacket with protectors on all rides.
– Always wear protective clothing that is in good condition and meets the legal regulations.

**Warning**

**Danger of crashing**  Different tire tread patterns on the front and rear wheel impair the handling characteristic.

Different tire tread patterns can make the vehicle significantly more difficult to control.
– Make sure that only tires with a similar tire tread pattern are fitted to the front and rear wheel.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Non-approved or non-recommended tires and wheels impact the handling characteristic.
– Only use tires/wheels approved by KTM with the corresponding speed index.
Warning

Danger of accidents  New tires have reduced road grip.

The contact surface on new tires is not yet roughened.

– Run in new tires with moderate riding at alternating angles.

Running-in phase  200 km (124 mi)

Info

When using the vehicle, remember that others may feel disturbed by excessive noise.

– Ensure that the pre-sales inspection work has been carried out by an authorized KTM workshop.
  ✓ The delivery certificate is transferred upon vehicle handover.
– Read the entire Owner's Manual before riding for the first time.
– Get to know the controls.
– Get used to the handling characteristic of the motorcycle on suitable terrain before undertaking a more challenging ride. Also, ride as slowly as possible to get a better feeling for the motorcycle.
– Hold the handlebar firmly with both hands and keep your feet on the footrests when riding.
– Run the engine in. (p. 82)
8.2 Running in the engine

- During the running-in phase, do not exceed the specified engine speed.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum engine speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>During the first: 1,000 km (620 mi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Info

During the running-in phase, the shift warning light is set to a specified value and cannot be changed.

- Avoid fully opening the throttle!

8.3 Loading the vehicle

Warning

Danger of accidents Total weight and axle loads influence the handling characteristic.

The total weight consists of: motorcycle ready for operation and with a full tank, driver and passenger with protective clothing and helmet, and luggage.

- Do not exceed the maximum permissible overall weight or the axle loads.
**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Improper mounting of cases or the tank rucksack impairs the handling characteristic.

– Mount and secure cases and tank rucksack according to the manufacturer's instructions.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** The luggage system will be damaged if it is overloaded.

– Read the manufacturer information on maximum payload when mounting cases.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Luggage which has slipped impairs visibility.

If the tail light is covered, you are less visible to traffic behind you, especially when it is dark.

– Check that your luggage is fixed properly at regular intervals.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** A high payload alters the handling characteristic and increases the stopping distance.

– Adapt your speed to your payload.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Pieces of luggage which have slipped impair the handling characteristic.

– Check that your luggage is fixed properly at regular intervals.
- If luggage is carried, ensure it is fixed firmly as close as possible to the center of the vehicle and ensure even weight distribution between the front and rear wheels.
- Do not exceed maximum permissible weight and maximum permissible axle loads.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maximum permissible overall weight</th>
<th>335 kg (739 lb.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum permissible front axle load</td>
<td>125 kg (276 lb.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum permissible rear axle load</td>
<td>210 kg (463 lb.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.1 Checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use

Info
Before every trip, check the condition of the vehicle and ensure that it is roadworthy. The vehicle must be in perfect technical condition when it is being operated.

- Check the engine oil level. (p. 196)
- Check the front brake fluid level. (p. 131)
- Check the rear brake fluid level. (p. 136)
- Check the front brake linings. (p. 135)
- Check the rear brake linings. (p. 140)
- Check that the brake system is functioning properly.
- Check the coolant level. (p. 179)
- Check for chain dirt accumulation. (p. 117)
- Check the chain tension. (p. 119)
- Check the tire condition. (p. 155)
- Check tire pressure. (p. 157)
- Check the settings of all controls and ensure that they can be operated smoothly.
- Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.
- Check that luggage is properly secured.
- Sit on the motorcycle and check the rear mirror setting.
- Check the fuel level.
9 RIDING INSTRUCTIONS

9.2 Starting

Danger

Danger of poisoning  Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

– Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
– Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

Caution

Danger of accidents  Electronic components and safety devices will be damaged if the 12-V battery is discharged or missing.

If the 12-V battery is discharged or defective, malfunctions in the vehicle electronics can occur, especially when starting.

– Never operate the vehicle with a discharged 12-V battery or without a 12-V battery.

Note

Engine damage  Unfiltered intake air has a negative effect on the service life of the engine.
Dust and dirt will enter the engine without an air filter.

– Only operate the vehicle if it is equipped with an air filter.

Note

Engine damage  High revving speed with a cold engine negatively impacts the lifespan of the engine.

– Always run the engine warm at a low speed.
– Unlock the steering. ( p. 38)
– Sit on the vehicle, take the weight off of the side stand, and move it all the way up with your foot.
– Turn the emergency OFF switch to the position 〇.
– Switch on the ignition by turning the ignition key to the position 〇.
  ✔ After you switch on the ignition, you can hear the fuel pump operating for about two seconds. The function check of the combination instrument is run at the same time.
– Shift the transmission into neutral.
  ✔ Green neutral indicator N lights up.
  ✔ The ABS warning lamp lights up and goes back out after starting off.
– Press start button ①.
9 RIDING INSTRUCTIONS

Info
Do not press the start button until the combination instrument function check has finished.
Do not open the throttle to start.
Press the starter for a maximum of 5 seconds. Wait for at least 5 seconds before trying again.
This motorcycle is equipped with a safety starting system. You can only start the engine if the transmission is in neutral or if the clutch lever is pulled when a gear is engaged. If the side stand is folded out and you shift into gear and release the clutch lever, the engine stops.

9.3 Starting off

- Pull the clutch lever, engage 1st gear, release the clutch lever slowly, and simultaneously open the throttle carefully.

Tip
If the engine dies while starting off, only pull the clutch lever and press the electric starter button. You do not need to shift into neutral.
### 9.4 Shifting, riding.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Warning</strong></th>
<th><strong>Danger of accidents</strong></th>
<th>Abrupt load alterations can cause the vehicle to get out of control.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Avoid abrupt load alterations and sudden braking actions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adapt your speed to the road conditions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Warning</strong></th>
<th><strong>Danger of accidents</strong></th>
<th>If you change down at high engine speed, the rear wheel blocks and the engine races.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Do not change into a low gear at high engine speed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Warning</strong></th>
<th><strong>Danger of accidents</strong></th>
<th>An incorrect ignition key position causes malfunctions.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Do not change the ignition key position while driving.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Warning</strong></th>
<th><strong>Danger of accidents</strong></th>
<th>Adjustments to the vehicle distract attention from traffic activity.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Make all adjustments when the vehicle is at a standstill.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Warning

Risk of injury  The passenger may fall from the motorcycle if they conduct themselves incorrectly.
- Ensure that the passenger sits correctly on the passenger seat, places his or her feet on the passenger foot pegs and holds on to the rider or the grab handles.
- Note the regulations governing the minimum age of passengers in your country.

Warning

Danger of accidents  A risky riding style constitutes a major risk.
- Comply with traffic regulations and ride defensively and with foresight to detect sources of danger as early as possible.

Warning

Danger of accidents  Cold tires have reduced road grip.
- Ride the first miles carefully on every journey at moderate speed until the tires reach operating temperature.

Warning

Danger of accidents  New tires have reduced road grip.
The contact surface on new tires is not yet roughened.
- Run in new tires with moderate riding at alternating angles.

Running-in phase 200 km (124 mi)
Warning

Danger of accidents  Pieces of luggage which have slipped impair the handling characteristic.
  – Check that your luggage is fixed properly at regular intervals.

Warning

Danger of accidents  A fall can damage the vehicle more seriously than it may first appear.
  – Check the vehicle after a fall as you do when preparing for use.

Note

Engine failure  Overheating damages the engine.
  – If the coolant temperature warning is displayed, stop immediately and take care not to endanger yourself or other traffic participants in the process.
  – Allow the engine and cooling system to cool down.
  – Check and, if necessary, correct the coolant level on the cooling system while it is in a cooled state.

Info

If unusual noises occur while riding, stop immediately (taking care not to endanger yourself or other road users in the process), switch off the engine and contact an authorized KTM workshop.
– Shift into a higher gear when conditions allow (incline, road situation, etc.).
– Release throttle while simultaneously pulling the clutch lever, shift into the next gear, release the clutch lever, and open the throttle.

**Info**
The gear positions can be seen in the figure. The neutral or idle position is between the first and second gears. First gear is used for starting off and for steep inclines.
The operating temperature is reached when 4 bars of the temperature indicator light up.

– Only open the throttle as much as the engine can handle – abrupt throttle grip opening increases fuel consumption.
  Accelerate only up to a speed suitable for the road surface and weather conditions. Particularly in bends, do not shift, and accelerate very carefully.
– Brake if necessary and close the throttle at the same time in order to shift down.
– Pull clutch lever and shift into a lower gear, release the clutch lever slowly, and open the throttle or shift again.
– Switch off the engine if you are likely to be running at idle speed or stationary for a long time.
If the malfunction indicator lamp lights up during a trip, stop immediately (taking care not to endanger yourself or other road users in the process), switch off the engine, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.

### 9.5 Applying the brakes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Warning</th>
<th>Danger of accidents</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Danger of accidents</td>
<td>A spongy pressure point on the front or rear brake reduces braking efficiency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Danger of accidents</td>
<td>The brake system fails in the event of overheating.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the foot brake lever is not released, the brake linings drag continuously.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Take your foot off the foot brake lever if you do not want to brake.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Warning
Danger of accidents  Higher total weight increases the stopping distance.
  – Take the longer stopping distance into account when carrying a passenger or luggage with you.

Warning
Danger of accidents  Salt on the roads impairs the brake system.
  – Brake carefully several times to remove salt from the brake linings and the brake discs.

Warning
Danger of accidents  ABS may increase the stopping distance in certain situations.
  – Adjust application of the brakes to the respective riding situation and riding surface conditions.

Warning
Danger of accidents  Excessively forceful application of the brakes blocks the wheels.
The ABS effectiveness is only ensured if it is switched on.
  – Leave the ABS switched on in order to benefit from the protective effect.

  – When braking, release the throttle and apply the front and rear brakes at the same time.

Info
When the ABS is enabled, maximum braking power can be achieved even with low road grip surfaces such as sandy, wet, or slippery terrain without locking the wheels.
Warning
Danger of accidents  The rear wheel can lock due to the engine braking effect.
   – Pull in the clutch, if you perform emergency or full braking, or if you brake on a slippery ground.

Warning
Danger of accidents  Banked or laterally sloping ground reduces the maximum possible delay.
   – If possible finish braking before going into a bend.

   – Shift down to a lower gear appropriate to your speed.
   – Use the braking effect of the engine on long downhill stretches. Shift back one or two gears, but do not over-rev the engine when doing so. This means that significantly less braking is required and the brake system does not overheat.

9.6 Stopping, parking

Warning
Risk of injury  People who act without authorization endanger themselves and others.
   – Do not leave the vehicle unattended if the engine is running.
   – Protect the vehicle against access by unauthorized persons.
   – Lock the steering and remove the ignition key if you leave the vehicle unattended.
Warning
Danger of burns Some vehicle components become very hot when the vehicle is operated.
- Do not touch any parts such as the exhaust system, radiator, engine, shock absorber, or brake system before the vehicle parts have cooled down.
- Let the vehicle parts cool down before you perform any work on the vehicle.

Note
Material damage The vehicle may be damaged by incorrect procedure when parking.
Significant damage may be caused if the vehicle rolls away or falls over.
The components for parking the vehicle are designed only for the weight of the vehicle.
- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
- Ensure that nobody sits on the vehicle when the vehicle is parked on a stand.

Note
Fire hazard Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.
- Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
- Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.
- Apply the brakes on the motorcycle.
- Shift the transmission into neutral.
- Switch off the ignition by turning the ignition key to the position 。“
Info
If the engine is switched off with the emergency OFF switch and the ignition remains switched on in the ignition lock, the power supply to most electrical power consumers remains uninterrupted and this discharges the 12-V battery. You should therefore always switch off the engine with the ignition lock – the emergency OFF switch is intended for emergencies only.

– Park the motorcycle on a firm surface.
– Swing side stand forward with your foot as far as it will go and lean the vehicle on it.
– Lock the steering. (p. 37)

9.7 Transport

Note
**Danger of damage**  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.
– Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Note
**Fire hazard**  Hot vehicle components pose a fire hazard and explosion risk.
– Do not park the vehicle near to materials which are highly flammable or explosive.
– Allow the vehicle to cool down before covering it.
9 RIDING INSTRUCTIONS

Switch off the engine and remove the ignition key.

Use tension belts or other suitable devices to secure the motorcycle against accidents or falling over.

9.8 Refueling

Danger
Fire hazard  Fuel is highly flammable.

The fuel in the fuel tank expands when warm and can escape if overfilled.

– Do not fuel the vehicle in the vicinity of open flames or lit cigarettes.
– Switch off the engine for refueling.
– Make sure that no fuel is spilled; particularly not on hot parts of the vehicle.
– If any fuel is spilled, wipe it off immediately.
– Observe the specifications for refueling.
Warning

Danger of poisoning  Fuel is poisonous and a health hazard.

– Avoid skin, eye and clothing contact with fuel.
– Immediately consult a doctor if you swallow fuel.
– Do not inhale fuel vapors.
– In case of skin contact, rinse the affected area with plenty of water.
– Rinse the eyes thoroughly with water, and consult a doctor in case of fuel contact with the eyes.
– Change your clothing in case of fuel spills on them.

Note

Material damage  Inadequate fuel quality causes the fuel filter to quickly become clogged.

In some countries and regions, the available fuel quality and cleanliness may not be sufficient. This will result in problems with the fuel system.

– Refuel only with clean fuel that meets the specified standards. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Note

Environmental hazard  Improper handling of fuel is a danger to the environment.

– Do not allow fuel to enter the groundwater, the soil, or the sewage system.
– Switch off the engine.
– Open the fuel tank filler cap. (p. 38)
– Fill the fuel tank with fuel up to the lower edge of the fuel filler.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total fuel tank capacity, approx.</th>
<th>13.4 l</th>
<th>Super unleaded (ROZ 95)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3.54 US gal</td>
<td>(p. 232)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

– Close the fuel tank filler cap. (p. 40)
### 10.1 Additional information

Any further work that results from the compulsory work or from the recommended work must be ordered separately and invoiced separately.

Different service intervals may apply in your country, depending on the local operating conditions. Individual service intervals and scopes may change in the course of technical developments. The most up-to-date service schedule can always be found on KTM Dealer.net. Your authorized KTM dealer will be happy to advise you.

### 10.2 Required work

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the electrical system is functioning properly.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the engine oil and oil filter, clean the oil screen. (p. 197)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the brake discs. (p. 129)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the front brake linings. (p. 135)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the rear brake linings. (p. 140)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the brake lines for damage and leakage.</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the front brake fluid level. (p. 131)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Item</td>
<td>Every 24 Months</td>
<td>Every 12 Months</td>
<td>Every 15,000 km (9,300 mi)</td>
<td>Every 7,500 km (4,650 mi)</td>
<td>After 1,000 km (620 mi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the rear brake fluid level. (p. 136)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the tire condition. (p. 155)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check tire pressure. (p. 157)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the shock absorber and fork for leaks. (p. 11)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean the dust boots of the fork legs. (p. 11)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check tire pressure. (p. 157)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the chain, rear sprocket, and engine sprocket. (p. 12)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the chain tension. (p. 11)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the coolant level. (p. 17)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the radiator fan is functioning properly. (p. 17)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the air filter, clean the air filter box. (p. 17)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check that the throttle cables are undamaged, routed without sharp bends, and set correctly. (p. 17)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the cables for damage and routing without sharp bends. (p. 17)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the valve clearance, change the spark plug. (p. 17)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the front brake fluid. (p. 17)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the rear brake fluid. (p. 17)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the steering head bearing play. (p. 17)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Recommended work

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Periodic interval</th>
<th>Every 24 months</th>
<th>Every 12 months</th>
<th>Every 48 months</th>
<th>Every 12 months</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the headlight setting. (p. 173)</td>
<td>○ ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final check: Check the vehicle is roadworthy and take a test ride.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read out the error memory after the test ride using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset the service interval display.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make a service entry in KTM Dealer.net.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- One-time interval
- Periodic interval
## 10 Service Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Maintenance Item</th>
<th>Every 48 Months</th>
<th>Every 12 Months</th>
<th>Every 30,000 km (18,600 mi)</th>
<th>Every 7,500 km (4,650 mi)</th>
<th>After 1,000 km (620 mi)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check the fork bearing for play.</td>
<td>● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the wheel bearing for play.</td>
<td>● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the antifreeze.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the coolant. (p. 188)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty the drainage hoses.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check all hoses (e.g. fuel, coolant, bleeder, drainage, etc.) and sleeves for cracking, leaks, and incorrect routing.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grease all moving parts (e.g., side stand, hand lever, chain, ...) and check for smooth operation.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check the tightness of the safety-relevant screws and nuts which are easily accessible.</td>
<td>○ ● ● ● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- ○ One-time interval
- ● Periodic interval
11.1 Adjusting the spring preload of the shock absorber

Warning
Danger of accidents  Modifications to the suspension setting may seriously alter the handling characteristic.

- Ride slowly to start with after making adjustments to get the feel of the new handling characteristic.

Info
The spring preload defines the initial status of the spring operation on the shock absorber. The best spring preload setting is achieved when it is set for the weight of the rider and that of any luggage and a passenger, thus ensuring an ideal compromise between handling and stability.

- Adjust the spring preload by turning adjusting ring 1 using the hook wrench from the tool set.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spring preload</th>
<th>3 clicks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Hook wrench, shock absorber (90529077000)
Extension for hook wrench (90129099025)

Info
The spring preload can be set to 10 different positions.
11.2 Adjusting the shift lever

Info
The adjustment range of the shift lever is limited.

- Loosen nuts ①.
- Adjust the shift lever by turning shift rod ②.

Guideline
Shift rod adjustment range ①: 110 … 122 mm (4.33 … 4.8 in)

Info
Make the same adjustments on both sides. At least five screw threads must be screwed into the seating.

- Check adjusting angle ③.

Guideline
Adjusting angle ③ shift rod - bell crank - shift lever: 90°
- Tighten nuts ①.
Info
After the nuts have been tightened, the bearings of the shift rod must be central and aligned identically to each other in order to ensure freedom of movement in the bearing shells.

- Check the shift lever to ensure it is functioning properly and can move freely.
12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

12.1 Raising the motorcycle with rear lifting gear

Note
Danger of damage  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.
- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

- Mount the supports of the lifting gear.
- Insert the adapter in the rear lifting gear.

  Retaining adapter (61029955244)
  Rear wheel work stand (69329955000)

- Stand the motorcycle upright, align the lifting gear to the link fork and the adapters, and raise the motorcycle.

12.2 Removing the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear

Note
Danger of damage  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.
- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.
12.3 Lifting the motorcycle with the front lifting gear

Note

Danger of damage  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.
- Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
**12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS**

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Position the lifting gear.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mounting pin (69329965030)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Front wheel work stand, large (69329965100)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Info**

- Lift the motorcycle at the front.

---

**Condition**

- Remove protection cap 1.
12.4 Taking the motorcycle off the front lifting gear

**Note**

**Danger of damage**  The parked vehicle can roll away or fall over.

– Park the vehicle on a firm and level surface.

---

**Main work**

– Secure the motorcycle against falling over.

– Remove the front lifting gear.
12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

– Mount protection cap 1.

Finishing work
– Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear. (p. 108)

12.5 Cleaning the dust boots of the fork legs

Preparatory work
– Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
– Lift the motorcycle with the front lifting gear. (p. 109)
Main work

- Push protection caps 1 of both fork legs downward.
- Push dust boots 2 of both fork legs downward.

**Info**
The dust boots remove dust and coarse dirt particles from the inside fork tubes. Over time, dirt can accumulate behind the dust boots. If this dirt is not removed, the oil seals behind can start to leak.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**

- Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
  - Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
  - Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

- Clean and oil the dust boots and inner fork tubes of both fork legs.

Universal oil spray (p. 234)

- Press dust boots 2 of both fork legs back into the installation position.
- Remove the excess oil.
- Push protection caps 1 of both fork legs upward.
12.6 Removing the passenger seat

- Insert the ignition key in seat lock 1 and turn it clockwise.
- Raise the rear of the seat, push it towards the rear, and lift it off.
- Remove the ignition key from the seat lock.
12.7 Mounting the passenger seat

- Attach hooks 1 on the passenger seat to seat mounting 2 on the subframe, and lower it at the rear while pushing forward.
- Press the passenger seat downward until it clicks into place.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  The seat can come loose from the anchoring if it is not mounted correctly.
- After assembly, check whether the seat is correctly locked and cannot be pulled up.
- Finally, check that the passenger seat is correctly mounted.

12.8 Removing the front rider's seat

**Preparatory work**
- Remove the passenger seat. (p. 114)
12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

12.9 Mounting the front rider's seat

Main work
- Attach the front rider's seat in area A and lower at the rear.
- Finally, check that the front rider's seat is correctly mounted.

Finishing work
- Mount the passenger seat. (p. 115)
12.10 Checking for chain dirt accumulation

- Check the chain for coarse dirt accumulation.
  - If the chain is very dirty:
    - Clean the chain. (p. 117)

12.11 Cleaning the chain

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Lubricants on the tires reduces the road grip.
- Remove lubricants from the tires using a suitable cleaning agent.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.
Note

Environmental hazard  Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
  – Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

The service life of the chain depends largely on its maintenance.

Preparatory work
  – Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)

Main work
  – Clean the chain regularly.
  – Rinse off loose dirt with a soft jet of water.
  – Remove old grease remains with chain cleaner.

Chain cleaner (p. 233)

  – After drying, apply chain spray.

Street chain spray (p. 234)

Finishing work
  – Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear.
    (p. 108)
12.12 Checking the chain tension

**Warning**

Danger of accidents Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.

If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.

If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

- Check the chain tension regularly.
- Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

### Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)

### Main work

- Shift the transmission into neutral.
- In the area after the chain sliding guard, press the chain upward toward the link fork and measure chain tension A.

### Info

Top chain section B must be taut.

Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

| Chain tension | 5 ... 7 mm (0.2 ... 0.28 in) |
12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

» If the chain tension does not meet the specification:
  – Adjust the chain tension. (p. 120)
  – Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear. (p. 108)

12.13 Adjusting the chain tension

**Warning**
**Danger of accidents** Incorrect chain tension damages components and results in accidents.
If the chain is tensioned too much, the chain, engine sprocket, rear sprocket, transmission and rear wheel bearings wear more quickly. Some components may break if overloaded.
If the chain is too loose, the chain may fall off the engine sprocket or the rear sprocket. As a result, the rear wheel locks or the engine will be damaged.

  – Check the chain tension regularly.
  – Set the chain tension in accordance with the specification.

**Preparatory work**
  – Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
  – Check the chain tension. (p. 119)
Main work
- Loosen nut ①.
- Loosen nuts ②.
- Adjust the chain tension by turning adjusting screws ③ left and right.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chain tension</th>
<th>5 ... 7 mm (0.2 ... 0.28 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn the adjusting screws ③ on the left and right so that the markings on the left and right chain adjusters ④ are in the same position relative to the reference marks ①. The rear wheel is then correctly aligned.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Info
The top chain section must be taut. Chain wear is not always even, so you should check the setting at different chain positions.

- Tighten nuts ②.
- Make sure that chain adjusters ④ are fitted correctly on adjusting screws ③.
- Tighten nut ①.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nut, rear wheel spindle</th>
<th>M14x1.5</th>
<th>98 Nm (72.3 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

Finishing work
- Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear.
  (p. 108)

12.14 Checking the chain, rear sprocket, and engine sprocket

Preparatory work
- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)

Main work
- Check the rear sprocket and engine sprocket for wear.
  » If the rear sprocket and engine sprocket are worn:
    - Change the drivetrain kit.

Info
The engine sprocket, rear sprocket, and chain should always be replaced together.
- Shift the transmission into neutral.
- Pull on the lower chain section with the specified weight A.

Guideline

| Weight, chain wear measurement | 15 kg (33 lb.) |

- Measure distance B of 20 chain rollers in the lower chain section.

Info

Chain wear is not always even, so you should repeat this measurement at different chain positions.

| Maximum distance B from 20 chain rollers at the longest chain section | 301.6 mm (11.874 in) |

» If distance B is greater than the specified measurement:
  - Change the drivetrain kit.

Info

When a new chain is mounted, the rear sprocket and engine sprocket should also be changed. New chains wear out faster on old, worn sprockets.
Check the chain sliding guard for wear.

- If screw 1 becomes visible in area C of the chain sliding guard when viewed from above:
  - Change the chain sliding guard.
- Check that the chain sliding guard is firmly seated.

**Finishing work**

- Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear.
  (p. 108)
12.15 Removing the front spoiler

- Remove screws 1.
- Take off the front spoiler.

12.16 Fitting front spoiler

- Position the front spoiler. Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

| Screw, front spoiler rear | M6x9 | 9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft) |
12 SERVICE WORK ON THE CHASSIS

12.17 Removing the front fender

- Remove screws 1.
- Remove the front fender.

12.18 Installing the front fender

- Position the front fender.
- Mount and tighten screws 1.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, front fender</th>
<th>M6</th>
<th>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
13.1 Anti-lock braking system (ABS)

The ABS module 1, which consists of a hydraulic unit, ABS control unit, and return pump, is installed under the fuel tank. One wheel speed sensor 2 is located in each case on the front and the rear wheel.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Changes to the vehicle impair the function of the ABS.

- Do not make any changes to the suspension travel.
- Only use spare parts on the brake system which have been approved and recommended by KTM.
- Only use tires/wheels approved by KTM with the corresponding speed index.
- Maintain the specified tire pressure.
- Ensure that service work and repairs are performed professionally. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

The ABS is a safety system that prevents locking of the wheels when driving straight ahead without the influence of lateral forces.
Warning

Danger of accidents  Driving aids can reduce the probability of a fall only within physical limits. It is not always possible to compensate for extreme riding situations, for example with luggage loaded with a high center of gravity, varying road surfaces, steep descents or full braking without disengaging the gear.

–  Adapt your riding style to the road conditions and your driving ability.

ABS has two operating modes: the Road and SupermotoABS modes.
In the Road ABS mode, the ABS controls both wheels.
In ABS mode Supermoto, the ABS only controls the front wheel.
The ABS warning lamp \(\text{\textcircled{3}}\) flashes slowly to remind you that the Supermoto ABS mode is enabled.

Info

In the Supermoto ABS mode, the rear wheel may lock and there is a risk of falling.

The ABS operates with two independent brake circuits (front and rear brakes). During normal operation, the brake system operates like a conventional brake system without ABS. When the ABS control unit detects a locking tendency in a wheel, ABS begins reg-
The brake system 13 129

ulating the brake pressure. The control function causes a slight pulsing of the hand and foot brake levers.
The ABS warning lamp 3 must light up after the ignition is switched on and go out after starting off. If it does not go out after starting off or if it lights up while riding, this indicates a malfunction in the ABS. In this case, the ABS is no longer enabled and the wheels may lock during braking. The brake system itself stays functional; only ABS control is not available. The ABS warning lamp may also light up if the rotating speeds of the front and rear wheels differ greatly under extreme riding conditions, for example when making "wheelies" or if the rear wheel spins. This causes the ABS to switch off. To reactivate the ABS, stop the vehicle and switch off the ignition. The ABS is reactivated when the vehicle is switched on again. The ABS warning lamp goes out after starting off.

13.2 Checking the brake discs

Warning
Danger of accidents Worn-out brake discs reduce the braking effect.
– Make sure that worn-out brake discs are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)
- Check the front and rear brake disc thickness at multiple points for the dimension $A$.

### Info
Wear will reduce the thickness of the brake disc at contact surface 1 of the brake linings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brake discs - wear limit</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>4.5 mm (0.177 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>3.6 mm (0.142 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If the brake disc thickness is less than the specified value.
  - Change the front brake disc.
  - Change the rear brake disc.

- Check the front and rear brake discs for damage, cracking, and deformation.
  - If the brake disc exhibits damage, cracking, or deformation:
    - Change the front brake disc.
    - Change the rear brake disc.
### 13.3 Checking the front brake fluid level

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the MIN marking, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.

- Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

---

- Move the brake reservoir mounted on the handlebar into a horizontal position.
- Check the brake fluid level in the level viewer 1.
  - If the brake fluid level is below the MIN marking:
    - Add front brake fluid. (p. 132)
13.4 Adding front brake fluid

Warning

Danger of accidents An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.

If the brake fluid level drops below the MIN marking, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

– Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning

Skin irritation Brake fluid causes skin irritation.

– Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
– Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
– Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
– Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
– Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
– Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
– If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.
Warning
Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.
– Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Note
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
– Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info
Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.
Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.
Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work
– Check the front brake linings. (p. 135)
13 BRAKE SYSTEM

Main work
- Move the brake reservoir mounted on the handlebar into a horizontal position.
- Remove screws 1.
- Take off cover 2 with membrane 3.
- Add brake fluid to level A.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension A</th>
<th>5 mm (0.2 in)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (p. 230)

- Position the cover with the membrane. Mount and tighten the screws.

Info

Clean up overflowed or spilled brake fluid immediately with water.
13.5 Checking the front brake linings

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.
- Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

If the brake linings are not changed in time, the brake lining carriers grind against the brake disc. As a consequence, the braking effect is greatly reduced and the brake discs are destroyed.
- Check the brake linings regularly.

- Check the brake linings for minimum thickness \( A \).

| Minimum thickness \( A \) | \( \geq 1 \text{ mm} \) (\( \geq 0.04 \text{ in} \) |

» If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
  - Change the front brake linings.

- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.

  » If there is wear or tearing:
    - Change the front brake linings.
13.6 Checking the rear brake fluid level

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.
If the brake fluid level drops below the **MIN** marking, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.

- Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.
- Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

- Position the vehicle upright.
- Check the brake fluid level in the brake fluid reservoir.
  » If the fluid level reaches the **MIN** marking 1:
    - Add rear brake fluid. (p. 137)
Warning
Danger of accidents  An insufficient brake fluid level will cause the brake system to fail.
If the brake fluid level drops below the MIN marking, the brake system is leaking or the brake linings are worn down.
– Check the brake system and do not continue riding until the problem is eliminated. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Warning
Skin irritation  Brake fluid causes skin irritation.
– Keep brake fluid out of the reach of children.
– Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
– Do not allow brake fluid to come into contact with the skin, the eyes or clothing.
– Consult a doctor immediately if brake fluid has been swallowed.
– Rinse the affected area with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
– Rinse eyes thoroughly with water immediately and consult a doctor if brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes.
– If brake fluid spills on to your clothing, change the clothing.
Warning

Danger of accidents Old brake fluid reduces the braking effect.
– Make sure that brake fluid for the front and rear brake is changed in accordance with the service schedule. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

Note

Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
– Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info

Never use DOT 5 brake fluid. It is silicone-based and purple in color. Oil seals and brake lines are not designed for DOT 5 brake fluid.
Avoid contact between brake fluid and painted parts. Brake fluid attacks paint.
Only use clean brake fluid from a sealed container.

Preparatory work
– Check the rear brake linings. (9 p. 140)
Condition

The screw cap is locked.
- Remove screw 1 and take off the screw cap lock.

- Position the vehicle upright.
- Remove screw cap 2 with membrane 3.
- Add brake fluid up to the marking A.

Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1 (p. 230)

- Mount the screw cover with the membrane.

Info

Use water to immediately clean up any brake fluid that has overflowed or spilled.
13.8 Checking the rear brake linings

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Worn-out brake linings reduce the braking effect.
- Ensure that worn-out brake linings are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

If the brake linings are not changed in time, the brake lining carriers grind against the brake disc. As a consequence, the braking effect is greatly reduced and the brake discs are destroyed.
- Check the brake linings regularly.
13.9 Checking the free travel of foot brake lever

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents**  The brake system fails in the event of overheating.

If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.

- Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.

---

- Check the brake linings for minimum thickness \( A \).

| Minimum thickness \( A \) | \( \geq 1 \text{ mm (} \geq 0.04 \text{ in)} \) |

- If the minimum thickness is less than specified:
  - Change the rear brake linings.

- Check the brake linings for damage and cracking.
  - If there is wear or tearing:
    - Change the rear brake linings.
- Disconnect spring 1.
- Move the foot brake lever back and forth between the end stop and the contact to the foot brake cylinder piston and check free travel A.

Guideline

| Free travel at foot brake lever | 3 … 5 mm (0.12 … 0.2 in) |

» If the free travel does not meet specifications:
  - Adjust the free travel of the foot brake lever. (p. 143)

- Reconnect spring 1.
13.10 Adjusting the free travel of the foot brake lever

Warning

Danger of accidents  The brake system fails in the event of overheating.
If there is no free travel on the foot brake lever, pressure builds up in the brake system on the rear brake.
– Set the free travel on the foot brake lever in accordance with the specification.
- Detach spring 1.
- Release nut 2 and use screw 3 to adjust the specified free travel A.

Guideline

| Free travel at foot brake lever | 3 ... 5 mm (0.12 ... 0.2 in) |

Info

- Hold screw 3 and tighten nut 2.
- Attach spring 1.

The range of adjustment is limited.
14.1 Removing the front wheel

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
- Lift the motorcycle with the front lifting gear. (p. 109)

**Main work**
- Remove screws 1 and push the fender to the side.
- Remove screw 2 and pull wheel speed sensor 3 out of the hole.
- Loosen screw 4 by several rotations.
- Loosen screws 5.
- Press on screw 4 to push the wheel spindle out of the axle clamp.
- Remove screw 4.

---

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.
- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.

- Hold the front wheel and remove the wheel spindle. Take the front wheel out of the fork.
14.2 Installing the front wheel

**Warning**

*Danger of accidents*  Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

**Main work**

- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
  - If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
    - Change front wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces A of the spacers.
  
  Long-life grease (p. 233)
- Insert the spacers.
- Clean the thread of the wheel spindle and screw 2.
- Position the front wheel and insert the wheel spindle.
  ✔️ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Mount and tighten screw 2.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, front wheel spindle</th>
<th>M8</th>
<th>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Position wheel speed sensor 3 in the hole.
- Mount and tighten screw 4.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screw, wheel speed sensor holder</th>
<th>M6</th>
<th>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Mount and tighten screws 5.
- Operate the hand brake lever repeatedly until the brake linings are in contact with the brake disc and there is a pressure point.
- Take the motorcycle off the front lifting gear. (☞ p. 111)
- Operate the front brake and compress the fork a few times firmly.
  ✔️ The fork legs straighten.
- Tighten screws 6.
14 WHEELS, TIRES

Guideline

| Screw, fork stub | M8     | 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft) |

Finishing work

- Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear.
  (p. 108)

14.3 Removing rear wheel

Preparatory work

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
Main work

- Remove screw 1 and pull wheel speed sensor 2 out of the hole.
- Remove nut 3 and washer.
- Remove chain adjuster 4.
- Holding the rear wheel, withdraw wheel spindle 5 with the washer and chain adjuster 4.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible and take the chain off the rear sprocket.

Warning

Danger of accidents Damaged brake discs reduce the braking effect.

- Always lay the wheel down in such a way that the brake disc is not damaged.

- Pull the rear wheel back and take it out of the link fork.

Info

Do not operate the foot brake lever when the rear wheel is removed.
14.4 Installing the rear wheel

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Oil or grease on the brake discs reduces the braking effect.
- Always keep the brake discs free of oil and grease.
- Clean the brake discs with brake cleaner when necessary.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** There is no braking effect to start with at the rear brake after installing the rear wheel.
- Actuate the foot brake several times before going on a ride until you can feel a firm pressure point.

**Main work**
- Check the rear hub damping rubber pieces. (p. 153)
- Check the wheel bearing for damage and wear.
  - If the wheel bearing is damaged or worn:
    - Change the rear wheel bearing.
- Clean and grease shaft seal rings 1 and contact surfaces A of the spacers.
  - Long-life grease (p. 233)
- Clean and grease the thread of the wheel spindle and nut.
  - Long-life grease (p. 233)
- Clean and grease the wheel spindle.
  Long-life grease (p. 233)
- Clean the contact areas on the brake caliper bracket and link fork.
- Mount the damping rubber pieces and rear sprocket carrier on the rear wheel.
- Position the rear wheel.
  ✓ The brake linings are correctly positioned.
- Push the rear wheel forward as far as possible and lay the chain on the rear sprocket.
Pull the rear wheel back and mount wheel spindle 3 with the washer and chain adjuster 4.

Guideline
Mount left and right chain adjusters 4 in the same position.

Mount nut 2 and the washer.

Push the rear wheel forward so that the chain adjusters are in contact with the screws, and tighten nut 2.

Guideline
In order for the rear wheel to be correctly aligned, the markings on the left and right chain adjusters must be in the same position relative to reference markings B.

Nut, rear wheel spindle M14x1.5 98 Nm (72.3 lbf ft)

Position wheel speed sensor 5 in the hole.

Mount and tighten screw 6.

Guideline
Screw, wheel speed sensor holder M6 8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)

Finishing work
Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear.
( p. 108)
14.5 Checking rear hub damping rubber pieces

**Info**
The engine power is transmitted from the rear sprocket to the rear wheel via the 6 damping rubber pieces. They eventually wear out during operation. If the damping rubber pieces are not changed in time, the rear sprocket carrier and the rear hub will be damaged.

**Preparatory work**
- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
- Remove the rear wheel. (p. 148)

**Main work**
- Check bearing ①.
  - If the bearing is damaged or worn:
    - Change the rear wheel bearing.
- Check damping rubber pieces ② of the rear hub for damage and wear.
  - If the damping rubber pieces of the rear hub are damaged or worn:
    - Change all the damping rubber pieces of the rear hub.
Lay the rear wheel on a workbench with the rear sprocket facing upward and insert the wheel spindle in the hub.

To check play A, hold the rear wheel tight and try to rotate the rear sprocket.

**Info**

Measure the play on the outside of the rear sprocket.

| Play of damping rubber pieces on rear wheel | ≤ 5 mm (≤ 0.2 in) |

- If clearance A is larger than the specified value:
  - Change all the damping rubber pieces of the rear hub.

**Finishing work**

- Install the rear wheel. (p. 150)
- Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear. (p. 108)
- Check the chain tension. (p. 119)
14.6 Checking the tire condition

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** If a tire bursts while riding, the vehicle becomes uncontrollable.  
– Ensure that damaged or worn tires are replaced immediately. (Your authorized KTM workshop will be glad to help.)

**Warning**

**Danger of crashing** Different tire tread patterns on the front and rear wheel impair the handling characteristic.  
Different tire tread patterns can make the vehicle significantly more difficult to control.  
– Make sure that only tires with a similar tire tread pattern are fitted to the front and rear wheel.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Non-approved or non-recommended tires and wheels impact the handling characteristic.  
– Only use tires/wheels approved by KTM with the corresponding speed index.

**Info**

The type, condition, and pressure of the tires all have a major impact on the handling characteristic of the motorcycle.  
Worn tires have a negative effect on handling characteristics, especially on wet surfaces.
Check the front and rear tires for cuts, run-in objects, and other damage.

» If the tires have cuts, run-in objects, or other damage:
  – Change the tires.

Check the tread depth.

**Info**
Observe the minimum tread depth required by national law.

| Minimum tread depth | ≥ 2 mm (≥ 0.08 in) |

» If the tread depth is less than the minimum tread depth:
  – Change the tires.

Check the tire age.

**Info**
The tire date of manufacture is usually contained in the tire label and is indicated by the last four digits of the DOT number. The first two digits indicate the week of manufacture and the last two digits the year of manufacture.

KTM recommends that the tires be changed after 5 years at the latest, regardless of the actual state of wear.
If the tires are more than 5 years old:
- Change the tires.

14.7 Checking tire pressure

Info
Low tire pressure leads to abnormal wear and overheating of the tire. Correct tire pressure ensures optimal riding comfort and maximum tire service life.

- Remove the protection cap.
- Check the tire pressure when the tires are cold.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tire pressure when solo</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>2.0 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>2.0 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tire pressure with passenger / full payload</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>2.0 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>2.2 bar (32 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the tire pressure does not meet specifications:
- Correct the tire pressure.
- Mount the protection cap.
15 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

15.1 Removing the 12-V battery

**Warning**

Risk of injury  Battery acid and battery gases cause serious chemical burns.

- Keep 12 V batteries out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Avoid contact with battery acid and battery gases.
- Keep sparks or open flames away from the 12 V battery.
- Only charge 12 V batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes with water for at least 15 minutes and consult a doctor immediately if battery acid and battery gases get into the eyes.

**Preparatory work**

- Remove the passenger seat. (p. 114)
- Remove the front rider's seat. (p. 115)
Main work
- Disconnect negative cable 1 from the 12-V battery.
- Pull back positive terminal cover 2.
- Disconnect positive cable 3 from the 12-V battery.
- Detach rubber strap 4.
- Pull the 12-V battery upwards and out of the battery compartment.

Info
Never operate the motorcycle with a discharged 12-V battery or without a 12-V battery. In both cases, electrical components and safety devices can be damaged. The vehicle will therefore no longer be roadworthy.
15.2 Installing the 12-V battery

**Main work**
- Position the 12-V battery in the battery compartment.

**Guideline**
The terminals of the battery must face upwards.

12-V battery (ETZ-9-BS) (p. 221)
- Attach rubber strap 1.
- Position positive cable 2 and mount and tighten the screw.
- Position positive terminal cover 3.
- Position negative cable 4 and mount and tighten the screw.

**Finishing work**
- Mount the front rider's seat. (p. 116)
- Mount the passenger seat. (p. 115)
Set the clock. (p. 75)

15.3 Charging the 12-V battery

**Warning**

**Risk of injury**  Battery acid and battery gases cause serious chemical burns.
- Keep 12 V batteries out of the reach of children.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety glasses.
- Avoid contact with battery acid and battery gases.
- Keep sparks or open flames away from the 12 V battery.
- Only charge 12 V batteries in well-ventilated rooms.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes with water for at least 15 minutes and consult a doctor immediately if battery acid and battery gases get into the eyes.

**Note**

**Environmental hazard**  12 V batteries contain environmentally hazardous materials.
- Do not dispose of 12 V batteries as household waste.
- Dispose of 12 V batteries at a collection point for used batteries.
Info
Even when there is no load on the 12-V battery, it discharges steadily each day.
The charging level and the method of charging are very important for the service life of the 12-V battery.
Rapid recharging with a high charging current shortens the service life of the battery.
If the charging current, charging voltage, or charging time is exceeded, electrolyte escapes through the safety valves. This reduces the capacity of the 12-V battery.
If the 12-V battery is depleted by repeated starting, the 12-V battery must be charged immediately.
If the 12-V battery is left in a discharged state for an extended period, it will become deeply discharged and sulfating occurs, destroying the battery.
The 12-V battery is maintenance-free. The acid level does not have to be checked.

Preparatory work
– Remove the passenger seat. (p. 114)
– Remove the front rider’s seat. (p. 115)
– Disconnect negative cable of the 12-V battery to avoid damage to the onboard electronics.
Main work
– Connect a battery charger to the 12-V battery. Switch on the battery charger.

Battery charger (58429074000)

In addition, this battery charger can be used to test the open-circuit voltage, the starting ability of the 12-V battery, and the alternator. It is impossible to overcharge the 12-V battery using this device.

Info
Never remove cover 1.
Charge the 12-V battery to a maximum of 10 % of the capacity specified on battery housing 2.

– Switch off the battery charger after charging and disconnect from the 12-V battery.

Guideline
The charging current, charging voltage, and charging time must not be exceeded.

| Recharge the 12-V battery regularly when the motorcycle is not being used | 3 months |

– Position the negative cable and mount and tighten the screw.
– Position the negative terminal cover.
15 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Finishing work
– Mount the front rider's seat. (p. 116)
– Mount the passenger seat. (p. 115)
– Set the clock. (p. 75)

15.4 Changing the ABS fuses

Warning
Fire hazard Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.
– Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
– Do not bypass or repair fuses.

Info
Two fuses for the ABS are located under the passenger seat. These fuses protect the return pump and the
hydraulic unit of the ABS. The third fuse, which protects the ABS control unit, is located in the fuse box.

Preparatory work
– Remove the passenger seat. (p. 114)
To change the fuse of the ABS hydraulic unit:

- Take off the protection cap and remove fuse 1.

**Info**

A faulty fuse has a burned-out fuse wire A.

**Warning**

**Fire hazard** Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.
- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

- Insert the spare fuse with the correct rating.

 Fuse (75011088010) (p. 221)

**Tip**

Insert spare fuse 2 in the fuse box so that it is available if needed.

- Mount the protection cap.
To change the fuse of the ABS return pump:

- Take off the protection cap and remove fuse 3.

**Warning**

**Fire hazard** Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.
- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

- Insert the spare fuse with the correct rating.

Fuse (75011088015) (p. 221)

**Tip**

Insert spare fuse 4 in the fuse box so that it is available if needed.

- Mount the protection cap.

**Finishing work**

- Mount the passenger seat. (p. 115)
15.5 Changing the fuses of individual electrical power consumers

Info
The fuse box with the main fuse and the fuses of the individual electrical power consumers is located under the passenger seat.

Preparatory work
– Remove the passenger seat. (p. 114)
Main work
- Open fuse box cover 1.

Info
Fuse 1 (main fuse) is located in its own fuse box.

- Remove the faulty fuse.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 1</td>
<td>not assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 2</td>
<td>10 A - combination instrument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 3</td>
<td>10 A - power relay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 4</td>
<td>15 A - ignition coil, fuel pump relay, starter relay, horn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 5</td>
<td>10 A - radiator fan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 6</td>
<td>15 A - brake light, turn signal, high beam, low beam, position light, tail light, license plate lamp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 7</td>
<td>10 A - ABS control unit, CAN bus, combination instrument</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 8</td>
<td>10 A - emergency OFF switch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 9</td>
<td>10 A - ACC1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse 10</td>
<td>10 A - ACC2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPARE</td>
<td>10 A/15 A/30 A - spare fuses</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Info

A faulty fuse has a burned-out fuse wire A.

Warning

Fire hazard  Incorrect fuses overload the electrical system.
- Only use fuses with the required ampere value.
- Do not bypass or repair fuses.

- Insert the spare fuse with the correct rating.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fuse (75011088010) (p. 221)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fuse (75011088015) (p. 221)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse (75011088030) (p. 221)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tip

Put a spare fuse in the fuse box so that it is available if needed.

- Check the function of the electrical power consumer.
- Close the fuse box cover.

Finishing work

- Mount the passenger seat. (p. 115)
15.6 Changing the headlight bulb

Note

**Damage to reflector**  Grease on the reflector reduces the light intensity.
Grease on the bulb will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector.

- Clean and degrease the bulbs before mounting.
- Do not touch the bulbs with your bare hands.

Main work

- Remove screw 1.
- Lift the headlight mask slightly and swing forward.
– Remove protection cap 2.
– Unplug connector 3.

– Detach retaining clamp 4.
– Remove headlight bulb 5.
– Position the new headlight bulb in the headlight housing.

Guideline

Insert the headlight bulb so that the holding lugs latch into the recesses.

Headlight (H4/socket P43t) (p. 221)

– Attach retaining clamp 4.
- Plug in connector 3.
- Mount protection cap 2.
- Swivel the headlight mask upward.

- Mount screw 1.

**Info**

Screw 1 also secures the headlight. Ensure the screw is always screwed in far enough.

- Check that the lighting is functioning properly.

**Finishing work**

- Check the headlight setting. (p. 173)
15.7 Checking the headlight setting

- Park the vehicle on a horizontal surface in front of a light-colored wall and make a mark at the height of the center of the low beam headlight.
- Make another mark at a distance \( B \) under the first marking.
  
  **Guideline**
  
  | Distance | \( B \) | 5 cm (2 in) |
  
- Position the vehicle perpendicular to the wall at a distance \( A \) from the wall and switch on the low beam.
  
  **Guideline**
  
  | Distance | \( A \) | 5 m (16 ft) |
  
- The rider now mounts the motorcycle with luggage and passenger if applicable.
- Check the headlight setting.

The light-dark boundary must be exactly on the lower marking when the motorcycle is ready to be operated with the rider mounted along with any luggage and a passenger if applicable.

» If the boundary between light and dark does not meet specifications:
  
  - Adjust headlight range. (\( \star \) p. 174)
15.8 Adjusting the headlight range

**Main work**
- Turn adjusting screw 1 to adjust the headlight range.

**Info**
Turn clockwise to increase the headlight range; turn counterclockwise to reduce the headlight range.
If you have a payload, you may have to correct the headlight range.
Screw 1 also secures the headlight. Ensure the screw is always screwed in far enough.

**Finishing work**
- Check the headlight setting. (p. 173)

15.9 Changing the turn signal bulb

**Note**
**Damage to reflector**  Grease on the reflector reduces the light intensity.
Grease on the bulb will evaporate due to the heat and be deposited on the reflector.
- Clean and degrease the bulbs before mounting.
- Do not touch the bulbs with your bare hands.
- Remove the screw on the rear of the turn signal housing.
- Carefully remove turn signal glass 1.
- Press bulb 2 carefully into the socket, turn it counterclockwise by about 30°, and take it out of the socket.

**Guideline**

Do not touch the reflector with your fingers and keep it free from grease.

- Push the new bulb gently into the socket and turn it clockwise all the way in.

**Turn signal (RY10W / socket BAU15s)** (p. 222)

- Check that the turn signal is functioning properly.
- Position the turn signal glass.

**Guideline**

Insert holding lug A into cut-out B.

- Insert the screw and first turn counterclockwise until it engages in the thread with a small jerk. Tighten the screw lightly.
15 ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

15.10 Diagnostics connector

Diagnostics connector ① is located under the passenger seat.

15.11 Front ACC1 and ACC2

Installation location
- Power supplies ACC1 ① and ACC2 ② front are located behind the left side beneath the fuel tank.
16.1 Cooling system

Water pump ① in the engine ensures forced circulation of the coolant. The pressure resulting from the warming of the cooling system is regulated by a valve in radiator cap ②. Heat expansion causes excess coolant to flow into compensating tank ③. When the temperature falls, this surplus coolant is sucked back into the cooling system. This ensures that operating the vehicle at the specified coolant temperature will not result in a risk of malfunctions.

110 °C (230 °F)
The coolant is cooled by the air stream and a radiator fan 4, which is activated at high temperature. The lower the speed, the less the cooling effect. Dirty cooling fins also reduce the cooling effect.

**Info**
If the cooling system overheats, the maximum engine speed is limited.
16.2 Checking the coolant level

**Warning**
**Danger of scalding**  During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

**Warning**
**Danger of poisoning**  Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.
- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

**Condition**
The engine is cold.
– Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
– Check the coolant level in the compensating tank ①.

**The coolant level must be between MIN and MAX.**

» If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
  – Correct the coolant level.

[Coolant (p. 230)]

– Remove the radiator cap ② and check the coolant level in the radiator.

**The radiator must be completely filled.**

» If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
  – Correct the coolant level and find out the cause of the loss.

[Coolant (p. 230)]

» If you had to add more coolant than the specified amount:
  > 0.20 l (> 0.21 qt.)
  – Fill/bleed the cooling system. [p. 185]
  – Mount the radiator cap.
16.3 Checking the antifreeze and coolant level

**Warning**

**Danger of scalding**  
During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

**Warning**

**Danger of poisoning**  
Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.
- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

**Condition**

The engine is cold.
- Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.
- Remove the cap of the compensating tank 1.
- Check the coolant antifreeze.

\[-25 \ldots -45 \, ^\circ\text{C} (-13 \ldots -49 \, ^\circ\text{F})\]

» If the antifreeze in the coolant does not match the specified value:
  - Correct the coolant antifreeze.

- Check the coolant level in the compensating tank.

The coolant level must be between MIN and MAX.

» If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
  - Correct the coolant level.

Coolant (p. 230)

- Mount the cap of the compensating tank.
- Remove radiator cap ②.
- Check the coolant antifreeze.

\[-25 \ldots -45^\circ C (\ldots -13 \ldots -49^\circ F)\]

» If the antifreeze in the coolant does not match the specified value:
  – Correct the coolant antifreeze.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator.

The radiator must be completely filled.

» If the coolant level does not match the specified value:
  – Correct the coolant level and find out the cause of the loss.

Coolant (p. 230)

» If you had to add more coolant than the specified amount:
  > 0.20 l (> 0.21 qt.)
  – Fill/bleed the cooling system. (p. 185)
- Mount the radiator cap.
Warning
Danger of scalding  During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

Warning
Danger of poisoning  Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.
- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

Condition
The engine is cold.

Preparatory work
- Remove the front spoiler. (☞ p. 125)
Main work
- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Position an appropriate container under the engine.
- Remove screw ❶ with the seal ring.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Completely drain the coolant.
- Mount and tighten screw ❶ with a new seal ring.

Guideline

| Screw plug, water pump drain hole | M6        | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |

### 16.5 Filling/bleeding the cooling system

**Warning**

**Danger of poisoning** Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.
- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.
Main work
- Remove radiator cap ①.

- Loosen bleeder screw ②.

Guideline

3 turns

- Tilt the vehicle slightly to the right.
- Pour in the coolant until it emerges without bubbles at the bleeder screw, and then mount and tighten the bleeder screw immediately.

Coolant (p. 230)

- Completely fill the radiator with coolant. Mount the radiator cap.
- Rest the vehicle on the side stand.
**Danger**

**Danger of poisoning**  Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.
- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

- Start the engine and allow it to warm up.
- Stop the engine and allow it to cool down.
- When the engine is cool, check the coolant level in the radiator and, if necessary, add coolant.
- Remove the cap of compensating tank 3 and top up the coolant level up to the MAX marking.
- Mount the cap of the compensating tank.

**Finishing work**
- Fit the front spoiler. (p. 125)
16.6 Changing the coolant

**Warning**

**Danger of scalding**  During motorcycle operation, the coolant gets very hot and is under pressure.
- Do not open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other cooling system components if the engine or the cooling system are at operating temperature.
- Allow the cooling system and the engine to cool down before you open the radiator, the radiator hoses or other components of the cooling system.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

**Warning**

**Danger of poisoning**  Coolant is toxic and a health hazard.
- Keep coolant out of the reach of children.
- Do not allow coolant to come into contact with the skin, the eyes and clothing.
- Consult a doctor immediately if coolant is swallowed.
- Rinse the affected area immediately with plenty of water in the event of contact with the skin.
- Rinse eyes thoroughly with water and consult a doctor immediately if coolant gets into the eyes.
- Change clothing if coolant spills onto your clothing.

**Condition**

The engine is cold.

**Preparatory work**

- Remove the front spoiler. (☞ p. 125)
Main work
- Position the motorcycle upright.
- Position an appropriate container under the engine.
- Remove screw 1 with the seal ring.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Completely drain the coolant.
- Mount and tighten screw 1 with a new seal ring.

Guideline
| Screw plug, water pump drain hole | M6 | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |

- Remove radiator cap 2.
Loosen bleeder screw ③.

Guideline

3 turns

Tilt the vehicle slightly to the right.

Pour in the coolant until it emerges without bubbles at the bleeder screw, and then mount and tighten the bleeder screw immediately.

Coolant (see p. 230)

Completely fill the radiator with coolant. Mount the radiator cap.

Rest the vehicle on the side stand.

**Danger**

**Danger of poisoning** Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

Start the engine and allow it to warm up.
– Stop the engine and allow it to cool down.
– When the engine is cool, check the coolant level in the radiator and, if necessary, add coolant.
– Remove the cap of compensating tank \textbf{4} and top up the coolant level up to the \textbf{MAX} marking.
– Mount the cap of the compensating tank.

\textbf{Finishing work}
– Fit the front spoiler. (p. 125)
17.1 Checking the play in the throttle cable

- Check the throttle grip for smooth operation.
- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position. Turn the throttle grip back and forth slightly and determine the play in throttle cable A.

| Throttle cable play A | 3 … 5 mm (0.12 … 0.2 in) |

» If the throttle cable play does not meet the specified value:
  - Adjust the play in the throttle cable. 🔄 (☞ p. 193)

**Danger**

**Danger of poisoning** Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.

- Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
- Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

- Start the engine and let it run at idle speed. Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

| The idle speed must not change. |

» If the idle speed changes:
  - Check the throttle cable routing.
17.2 Adjusting the play in the throttle cable

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.
- Push back sleeve ①.
- Loosen lock nut ②.
- Adjust the play in the throttle cable by turning barrel adjuster ③.

Guideline

| Play in throttle cable | 3 ... 5 mm (0.12 ... 0.2 in) |

- Tighten lock nut ②.
- Slide on sleeve ①.

17.3 Checking the clutch lever play

Note

**Clutch damage** If there is no free travel by the clutch lever, the clutch will begin to slip.

- Check the free travel of the clutch lever each time before using the motorcycle.
- Adjust the free travel of the clutch lever when necessary in accordance with the specification.
Check the clutch lever for smooth operation.

Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.

Pull the clutch lever until resistance is perceptible, and determine the play in the clutch lever A.

| Clutch lever play A | 1 ... 3 mm (0.04 ... 0.12 in) |

If the clutch lever play does not meet the specified value:

- Adjust play in the clutch lever. (p. 195)

Move the handlebar to and fro over the entire steering range.

The clutch lever play must not change.

If the clutch lever play changes:

- Check the routing of the clutch cable.
17.4 Adjusting play in the clutch lever

- Move the handlebar to the straight-ahead position.
- Push back sleeve 1.
- Loosen lock nut 2.
- Adjust the play in the clutch lever A by turning adjusting screw 3.

Guideline

| Clutch lever play A | 1 ... 3 mm (0.04 ... 0.12 in) |

- Tighten lock nut 2.
- Position bellows 1.
18.1 Checking the engine oil level

**Condition**
The engine is at operating temperature.

**Preparatory work**
– Stand the motorcycle upright on a horizontal surface.

**Main work**
– Check the engine oil level.

---

**Info**
After switching off the engine, wait one minute before checking the level.

The engine oil must be between the markings A and B.

– If the engine oil is below the marking A:
  – Add engine oil. (p. 200)

– If the engine oil is above the marking B:
  – Correct the engine oil level.
18.2 Changing the engine oil and oil filter, cleaning the oil screen

**Warning**

**Danger of scalding** Engine and gear oil get very hot when the motorcycle is ridden.
- Wear suitable protective clothing and safety gloves.
- In the event of scalding, rinse the area affected immediately with lukewarm water.

**Note**

**Environmental hazard** Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
- Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

**Info**

Drain the engine oil while the engine is at operating temperature.

**Preparatory work**
- Remove the front spoiler. (p. 125)
- Stand the motorcycle on a level surface using the side stand.
Main work
- Place an appropriate container under the engine.
- Remove oil drain plug 1 with the O-ring.
- Remove oil screen 2 with the O-ring.
- Allow the engine oil to drain completely.
- Clean the oil drain plug and the oil screen thoroughly.
- Position oil screen 2 and mount and tighten oil drain plug 1 with the O-ring.

Guideline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Torque (Nm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oil drain plug</td>
<td>M24 x 1.5</td>
<td>15 (11.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Remove screws 3. Take off oil filter cover 4 with the O-ring.
- Pull oil filter 5 out of the oil filter housing.
- Allow the engine oil to drain completely.
- Thoroughly clean the parts and the sealing surface.
- Insert new oil filter 5.
- Oil the O-ring of the oil filter cover. Mount oil filter cover 4.
- Mount and tighten screws 3.

Guideline

| Screw, oil filter cover | M6 | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft) |

**Info**

Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil will result in premature wear of the engine.

- Remove filler plug 6 with the O-ring, and fill up with engine oil.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine oil Ambient temperature: 0 ... 50 °C (32 ... 122 °F)</th>
<th>1.5 l (1.6 qt.)</th>
<th>Engine oil (SAE 15W/50) (p. 231)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil Ambient temperature: −10 ... 40 °C (14 ... 104 °F)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Engine oil (SAE 10W/40) (p. 232)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Mount and tighten the filler plug together with the O-ring.
Danger

Danger of poisoning  Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.
– Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
– Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

– Start the engine and check for leaks.

Finishing work
– Fit the front spoiler. (p. 125)
– Check the engine oil level. (p. 196)

18.3 Adding engine oil

Info
Too little engine oil or poor-quality engine oil will result in premature wear of the engine.
Main work
- Remove filler plug 1 with the O-ring, and fill up with engine oil.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine oil (SAE 15W/50) (¢ p. 231)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil (SAE 10W/40) (¢ p. 232)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Info
In order to achieve optimal engine oil performance, it is not advisable to mix different engine oils. KTM recommends changing the engine oil where necessary.

- Mount and tighten the filler plug together with the O-ring.

Danger
Danger of poisoning  Exhaust gases are toxic and inhaling them may result in unconsciousness and death.
  - Always make sure there is sufficient ventilation when running the engine.
  - Use effective exhaust extraction when starting or running the engine in an enclosed space.

- Start the engine and check for leaks.
**Finishing work**

- Check the engine oil level. (p. 196)
19.1 Cleaning the motorcycle

Note
Material damage Components become damaged or destroyed if a pressure cleaner is used incorrectly.
The high pressure forces water into the electrical components, connectors, throttle cables, and bearings, etc.
Pressure which is too high causes malfunctions and destroys components.

- Do not direct the water jet directly on to electrical components, connectors, throttle cables or bearings.
- Maintain a minimum distance between the nozzle of the pressure cleaner and the component.
  Minimum clearance 60 cm (23.6 in)

Note
Environmental hazard Hazardous substances cause environmental damage.
- Dispose of oils, grease, filters, fuel, cleaning agents, brake fluid, etc., correctly and in compliance with the applicable regulations.

Info
Clean the motorcycle regularly to maintain its value and appearance over a long period.
Avoid direct sunshine when cleaning the motorcycle.
Close off exhaust system to keep water from entering.

Remove loose dirt first with a soft jet of water.

Spray the heavily soiled parts with a normal commercial motorcycle cleaner and clean using a brush.

Motorcycle cleaner (p. 233)

**Info**

Use warm water containing normal motorcycle cleaner and a soft sponge.

Never apply motorcycle cleaner to a dry motorcycle; always rinse the vehicle with water first.

Clean the motorcycle with cold water if it has been used on salted roads. Warm water enhances the corrosive effects of salt.

After rinsing the motorcycle with a gentle spray of water, allow it to dry thoroughly.

Remove the closure of the exhaust system.

**Warning**

**Danger of accidents** Moisture and dirt impair the brake system.

- Brake carefully several times to dry out and remove dirt from the brake linings and the brake discs.
After cleaning, ride the vehicle a short distance until the engine warms up.

**Info**
The heat produced causes water at inaccessible locations in the engine and on the brake system to evaporate.

- Push back the sleeves of the handlebar controls to allow any water that has penetrated to evaporate.
- After the motorcycle has cooled down, lubricate all moving parts and pivot points.
- Clean the chain. (p. 117)
- Treat bare metal (except for brake discs and the exhaust system) with a corrosion inhibitor.

**Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber**
(p. 234)

- Treat all painted parts with a mild paint care product.

**Perfect finish and high gloss polish for paints**
(p. 233)

**Info**
Do not polish parts that were matte when delivered as this would strongly impair the material quality.
19 CLEANING, CARE

- Treat all plastic parts and powder-coated parts with a mild cleaning and care product.

Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces (p. 234)

- Lubricate the ignition and steering lock.

Universal oil spray (p. 234)

## 19.2 Checks and maintenance steps for winter operation

- **Info**
  
  If you use the motorcycle in winter, you must expect salt on the roads. You should therefore take precautions against aggressive road salt. Clean the motorcycle with cold water if it has been used on salted roads. Warm water enhances the corrosive effects of salt.
- Clean the motorcycle. (p. 203)
- Clean the brakes.

**Info**
After EVERY trip on salted roads, thoroughly clean the motorcycle and, in particular, the brake calipers and brake linings, after they have cooled down and without removing them, with cold water and dry carefully.

- Treat the engine, the link fork, and all other bare or zinc-plated parts (except the brake discs) with a wax-based corrosion inhibitor.

**Info**
Corrosion inhibitor must not come in contact with the brake discs as this would greatly reduce the braking force.

- Clean the chain. (p. 117)
20 STORAGE

20.1 Storage

Info
If you plan to garage the motorcycle for a longer period, perform the following steps or have them performed.
Before storing the motorcycle, check all parts for function and wear. If service, repairs, or replacements are necessary, you should do this during the storage period (less workshop overload). In this way, you can avoid long workshop waiting times at the start of the new season.

- When refueling for the last time before taking the motorcycle out of service, add fuel additive.
  Fuel additive (p. 233)
- Refuel. (p. 98)
- Clean the motorcycle. (p. 203)
- Change the engine oil and oil filter, clean the oil screen. (p. 197)
- Check the antifreeze and coolant level. (p. 181)
- Check tire pressure. (p. 157)
- Remove the 12-V battery. (p. 158)
- Charge the 12-V battery. (p. 161)
Guideline

| Storage temperature of the 12-V battery without direct sunlight | 0 … 35 °C (32 … 95 °F) |

- Store vehicle in a dry location that is not subject to large fluctuations in temperature.

**Info**

- KTM recommends jacking up the motorcycle.

- Raise the motorcycle with the rear lifting gear. (p. 108)
- Lift the motorcycle with the front lifting gear. (p. 109)
- Cover the motorcycle with a tarp or cover that is permeable to air.

**Info**

Do not use non-porous materials since they prevent humidity from escaping, thus causing corrosion. Avoid running the engine for a short time only. Since the engine cannot warm up properly, the water vapor produced during combustion condenses and causes valves and the exhaust system to rust.
### 20.2 Preparing for use after storage

- Take the motorcycle off the front lifting gear. (p. 111)
- Remove the rear of the motorcycle from the lifting gear. (p. 108)
- Install the 12-V battery. (p. 160)
- Set the clock. (p. 75)
- Perform checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use. (p. 85)
- Take a test ride.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Faults</th>
<th>Possible cause</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The engine does not turn when the start button is pressed</td>
<td>Operating error</td>
<td>– Carry out start procedure. (p. 86)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12-V battery discharged</td>
<td>– Charge the 12-V battery. (p. 161)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuse 1, 3, 4, or 8 is blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No ground connection present</td>
<td>– Check the ground connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine turns only if the clutch lever is drawn</td>
<td>The vehicle is in gear</td>
<td>– Shift the transmission into neutral.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The vehicle is in gear and the side stand is folded out</td>
<td>– Shift the transmission into neutral.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine turns but does not start</td>
<td>Operating error</td>
<td>– Carry out start procedure. (p. 86)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Malfunction in the electronic fuel injection</td>
<td>– Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine has too little power</td>
<td>Air filter is very dirty</td>
<td>– Change the air filter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuel filter is very dirty</td>
<td>– Check the fuel pressure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Malfunction in the electronic fuel injection</td>
<td>– Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine overheats</td>
<td>Too little coolant in cooling system</td>
<td>– Check the cooling system for leakage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Check the coolant level. (p. 179)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Radiator fins very dirty</td>
<td>– Clean the radiator fins.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Foam formation in cooling system</td>
<td>– Drain the coolant. (p. 184)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>– Fill/bleed the cooling system.</td>
<td>(p. 185)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faults</td>
<td>Possible cause</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine overheats</td>
<td>Thermostat defective</td>
<td>– Check the thermostat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuse 5 blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defect in radiator fan system</td>
<td>– Check the radiator fan system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malfunction indicator lamp</td>
<td>Malfunction in the electronic fuel</td>
<td>– Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>lights up yellow</td>
<td>injection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine dies during the trip</td>
<td>Lack of fuel</td>
<td>– Refuel. (p. 98)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuse 1, 3, 4, or 8 is blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The ABS warning lamp lights up</td>
<td>ABS fuse blown</td>
<td>– Change the ABS fuses. (p. 164)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Large difference in wheel speeds of the</td>
<td>– Stop the vehicle, switch off the ignition, and start it again.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>front and rear wheels</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Malfunction in ABS</td>
<td>– Read out the fault memory using the KTM diagnostics tool.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High oil consumption</td>
<td>Engine vent hose bent</td>
<td>– Route the vent hose without bends or change it if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engine oil level too high</td>
<td>– Check the engine oil level. (p. 196)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Engine oil too thin (low viscosity)</td>
<td>– Change the engine oil and oil filter, clean the oil screen. (p. 197)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headlight and position light are</td>
<td>Fuse 6 blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>not functioning</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faults</td>
<td>Possible cause</td>
<td>Action</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn signal, brake light, and horn are not functional</td>
<td>Fuse 6 blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time is not (correctly) displayed</td>
<td>Fuse 8 is blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Set the clock. (p. 75)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 V battery discharged</td>
<td>Ignition was not switched off when vehicle was parked</td>
<td>– Charge the 12-V battery. (p. 161)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The 12-V battery is not being charged by the alternator</td>
<td>– Check the charging voltage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Check the open-circuit current.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combination instrument shows nothing on the display</td>
<td>Fuse 8 is blown</td>
<td>– Change the fuses of individual electrical power consumers. (p. 167)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>– Set the clock. (p. 75)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speedometer in combination instrument not functioning</td>
<td>Speedometer wiring harness is damaged or plug-in connector is oxidized</td>
<td>– Check the wiring harness and plug-in connector.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 22.1 Engine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Design</td>
<td>1-cylinder 4-stroke engine, water-cooled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Displacement</td>
<td>200 cm³ (12.2 cu in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke</td>
<td>49 mm (1.93 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bore</td>
<td>72 mm (2.83 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compression ratio</td>
<td>11.5:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control</td>
<td>DOHC, four valves controlled via cam lever, chain drive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intake valve diameter</td>
<td>28.5 mm (1.122 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust valve diameter</td>
<td>24 mm (0.94 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve clearance, intake, cold</td>
<td>0.08 ... 0.12 mm (0.0031 ... 0.0047 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve clearance, exhaust, cold</td>
<td>0.13 ... 0.17 mm (0.0051 ... 0.0067 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crankshaft bearing</td>
<td>Two ball bearings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conrod bearing</td>
<td>Sleeve bearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pistons</td>
<td>Cast light alloy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piston rings</td>
<td>One compression ring, one tapered compression piston ring, one oil scraper ring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine lubrication</td>
<td>Pressure circulation lubrication with one trochoidal pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary transmission</td>
<td>22:72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch</td>
<td>Clutch in oil bath/mechanically activated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission</td>
<td>6-gear transmission, claw shifted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission ratio</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1st gear</td>
<td>12:34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd gear</td>
<td>15:31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd gear</td>
<td>18:28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th gear</td>
<td>21:26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5th gear</td>
<td>22:23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6th gear</td>
<td>24:22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixture preparation</td>
<td>Electronic fuel injection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignition</td>
<td>Contactless controlled fully electronic ignition with digital ignition adjustment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternator</td>
<td>12 V, 230 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark plug</td>
<td><strong>BOSCHVR5NEU</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spark plug electrode gap</td>
<td>1 mm (0.04 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling</td>
<td>Water cooling, permanent circulation of coolant by water pump</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idle speed</td>
<td>1,450 ... 1,550 rpm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starting aid</td>
<td>Starter motor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 22.2 Engine tightening torques

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part Description</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Torque (Nm)</th>
<th>Torque (lbf ft)</th>
<th>Adhesive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oil nozzle</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, engine vent plate</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, retaining bracket</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, retaining bracket, stator cable</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, stator</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cylinder head screw</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, water pump impeller</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw plug, water pump drain hole</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, alternator cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, bearing retainer</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8.9</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, camshaft bearing bridge</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, chain securing guide</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, clutch cable retaining bracket</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Component Description</td>
<td>Size</td>
<td>Torque (Nm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, clutch cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, engine case</td>
<td>M6x40</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, engine case</td>
<td>M6x60</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, freewheel gear retaining bracket</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, locking lever</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, oil filter cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, oil pump</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, retaining bracket</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, retaining bracket, radial shaft seal ring, clutch cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, shift drum locating</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, starter motor</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, timing chain tensioner</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, timing chain tensioning rail</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, valve cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part Description</td>
<td>Thread Size</td>
<td>Torque Nm</td>
<td>Notes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, water pump cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, conrod bearing</td>
<td>M7</td>
<td>24 Nm (17.7 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, exhaust flange</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, balancer shaft gear wheel</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, camshaft gear wheel</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>32 Nm (23.6 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, shift mechanism return spring</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stud, exhaust flange</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>22 Nm (16.2 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant temperature sensor</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil pressure sensor</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>14 Nm (10.3 lbf ft)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotor screw</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>70 Nm (51.6 lbf ft)</td>
<td>Loctite®243™</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Screw, cylinder head                            | M10         | Step 1 25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)  
Step 2 50 Nm (36.9 lbf ft)  
Thread is oiled, head flat is greased |                                             |
| Screw plug, cam lever axis                      | M10x1       | 10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)  |                                             |
| Spark plug                                      | M12         | 15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)  |                                             |
| Nut, inner clutch hub                           | M14LH       | 60 Nm (44.3 lbf ft)  | Loctite®243™                               |
### 22.3 Capacities

#### 22.3.1 Engine oil

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Engine oil</th>
<th>Ambient temperature: 0 … 50 °C (32 … 122 °F)</th>
<th>1.5 l (1.6 qt.)</th>
<th>Engine oil (SAE 15W/50) (p. 231)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil</td>
<td>Ambient temperature: −10 … 40 °C (14 … 104 °F)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Engine oil (SAE 10W/40) (p. 232)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 22.3.2 Coolant

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coolant</th>
<th>1 l (1 qt.)</th>
<th>Coolant (p. 230)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### 22.3.3 Fuel

| Total fuel tank capacity, approx. | 13.4 l (3.54 US gal) | Super unleaded (ROZ 95) (p. 232) |
## 22.4 Chassis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame</th>
<th>Lattice frame of steel tubes, powder-coated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fork</td>
<td>WP Suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber</td>
<td>WP Suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>Disc brake with 4-piston brake caliper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>Disc brake with single-pot brake caliper, floating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake discs - diameter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>300 mm (11.81 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>230 mm (9.06 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brake discs - wear limit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>4.5 mm (0.177 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>3.6 mm (0.142 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tire pressure when solo</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>2.0 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>2.0 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tire pressure with passenger / full payload</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>front</td>
<td>2.0 bar (29 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rear</td>
<td>2.2 bar (32 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Specification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary ratio</td>
<td>14:42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chain</td>
<td>5/8 x 1/4” (520) X-ring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steering head angle</td>
<td>65°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheelbase</td>
<td>1,367 ± 15 mm (53.82 ± 0.59 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seat height, unloaded</td>
<td>800 mm (31.5 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry weight</td>
<td>140 kg (309 lb.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum permissible front axle load</td>
<td>125 kg (276 lb.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum permissible rear axle load</td>
<td>210 kg (463 lb.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum permissible overall weight</td>
<td>335 kg (739 lb.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 22.5 Electrical system

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12-V battery</td>
<td>ETZ-9-BS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Battery voltage: 12 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Nominal capacity: 8 Ah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maintenance-free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td>75011088010 10 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td>75011088015 15 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td>90111088025 25 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td>75011088030 30 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headlight</td>
<td>H4/socket P43t 12 V 60/55 W</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position light</td>
<td>W5W / socket W2.1x9.5d 12 V 5 W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 22.6 Tires

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Front tire</th>
<th>Rear tire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>110/70 R 17 M/C 54S TL</strong></td>
<td><strong>150/60 R 17 M/C 66S TL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRF REVZ-FC</td>
<td>MRF REVZ-C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The tires specified represent one of the possible series production tires. Additional information is available in the Service section under:
KTM.com

## 22.7 Fork

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fork article number</th>
<th>F201234010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fork</td>
<td>WP Suspension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fork length</td>
<td>755 mm (29.72 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 22.8 Shock absorber

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber article number</td>
<td>S201208010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock absorber</td>
<td><strong>WP Suspension</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring preload</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>3 clicks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitted length</td>
<td>307 mm (12.09 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 22.9 Chassis tightening torques

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Dimensions</th>
<th>Torque</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Screw, chain guard</td>
<td><strong>EJOT PT® K60x30</strong></td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M4</td>
<td>4 Nm (3 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, chain guard</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, compensating tank cap lock, rear brake</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fuel tank cover</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>4 Nm (3 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, outer clutch cable guide</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, side stand sensor</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Part Description</td>
<td>Thread Size</td>
<td>Torque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, tail light</td>
<td>M5</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, foot brake lever adjustment</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, ABS hose clamp</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, ABS module</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, ABS module retaining bracket on frame</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, air filter box</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, brake fluid reservoir for rear brake</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, brake hose clamp</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, chain sliding guard</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, combination instrument</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, compensating tank</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, damper block</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, engine sprocket cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, foot brake cylinder</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front fender</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front seat fixing</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front spoiler</td>
<td>M6x13</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front spoiler rear</td>
<td>M6x9</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fuel pump</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fuel tank cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fuel tank cover</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, headlight</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, holder of fuel vapor valve</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, ignition coil</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, ignition lock (tamper-proof screw)</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>13 Nm (9.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, license plate holder</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, lower rear panel</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, magnetic holder on side stand</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, main silencer</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, main silencer retaining bracket</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, protective plate</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, radiator holder</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, radiator shield</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>7 Nm (5.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, rear splash protector</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Component Description</td>
<td>Thread Size</td>
<td>Torque (Nm) (lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, rear wheel speed sensor</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, shift lever linkage</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>11 Nm (8.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, side stand sensor cable holder</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>9 Nm (6.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, tilt sensor</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, wheel speed sensor holder</td>
<td>M6</td>
<td>8 Nm (5.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, rear sprocket</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>27 Nm (19.9 lbf ft)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, bottom triple clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, engine bearer</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>22 Nm (16.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, foot brake lever</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>16 Nm (11.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fork stub</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front brake disc</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front seat fixing</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front wheel spindle</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, fuel tank</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, grab handle</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>22 Nm (16.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>Thread Diameter</td>
<td>Torque (Nm/In)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, handlebar clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>20 Nm (14.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, horn</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>12 Nm (8.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, main silencer</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>23 Nm (17 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, passenger footrest unit</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>22 Nm (16.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, rear brake disc</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>21 Nm (15.5 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, rear seat fixing</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>18 Nm (13.3 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, seat support plate</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>18 Nm (13.3 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, subframe</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, top triple clamp</td>
<td>M8</td>
<td>15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front brake caliper</td>
<td>M8x1</td>
<td>30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banjo bolt, brake line</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>24 Nm (17.7 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitting side stand</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>35 Nm (25.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining nuts, chassis</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remaining screws, chassis</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, engine bearer</td>
<td>M10</td>
<td>49 Nm (36.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fitting, handlebar support</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>21 Nm (15.5 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Loctite®243™*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component Description</th>
<th>Thread Size</th>
<th>Torque (Nm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fitting, shock absorber, bottom</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>51 (37.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, left rear mirror</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>16 (11.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, right rear mirror</td>
<td>M10LHx1.25</td>
<td>16 (11.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, side stand bracket</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>35 (25.8 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, combination instrument bracket</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>21 (15.5 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front footrest bracket</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>44 (32.5 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, front footrest bracket / engine bearer</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>49 (36.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, top shock absorber</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>51 (37.6 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stud, rear sprocket</td>
<td>M10x1.25</td>
<td>50 (36.9 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, rear wheel spindle</td>
<td>M14x1.5</td>
<td>98 (72.3 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nut, swingarm pivot</td>
<td>M14x1.5</td>
<td>98 (72.3 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screw, steering head, top</td>
<td>M16x1.5</td>
<td>49 (36.1 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lambda sensor</td>
<td>M18x1.5</td>
<td>19 (14 lbf ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusting ring, link fork bearing</td>
<td>M22x1</td>
<td>Tighten and ensure that there is no play</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Nut, steering head | M30x1 | 1st stage  
| | | 45 Nm (33.2 lbf ft)  
| | | 2nd stage (loosen, counterclockwise)  
| | | 2 turns  
| | | 3rd stage  
| | | 5 Nm (3.7 lbf ft) |
Brake fluid DOT 4 / DOT 5.1

Standard/classification
- DOT

Guideline
- Use only brake fluid that complies with the specified standard (see specifications on the container) and that exhibits the corresponding properties.

Recommended supplier
- Castrol
  - REACT PERFORMANCE DOT 4
- MOTOREX®
  - Brake Fluid DOT 5.1

Coolant

Guideline
- Only use high-grade, silicate-free coolant with corrosion inhibitor additive for aluminum motors. Low grade and unsuitable antifreeze causes corrosion, deposits and frothing.
- Do not use pure water as only coolant is able to meet the requirements needed in terms of corrosion protection and lubrication properties.
- Only use coolant that complies with the requirements stated (see specifications on the container) and that has the relevant properties.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antifreeze protection to at least</th>
<th>−25 °C (−13 °F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
The mixture ratio must be adjusted to the necessary antifreeze protection. Use distilled water if the coolant needs to be diluted.

The use of premixed coolant is recommended.

Observe the coolant manufacturer specifications for antifreeze protection, dilution and miscibility (compatibility) with other coolants.

**Recommended supplier**

**MOTOREX®**

– **COOLANT M3.0**

### Engine oil (SAE 15W/50)

**Standard/classification**

– JASO T903 MA2 (p. 235)
– SAE (p. 235) (SAE 15W/50)

**Guideline**

– Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

**Partially synthetic engine oil**

**Recommended supplier**

**MOTOREX®**

– **Formula 4T**
### Engine oil (SAE 10W/40)

**Standard/classification**
- JASO T903 MA2 (p. 235)
- SAE (p. 235) (SAE 10W/40)

**Guideline**
- Use only engine oils that comply with the specified standards (see specifications on the container) and that exhibit the corresponding properties.

| Partially synthetic engine oil |

**Recommended supplier**
**MOTOREX®**
- Formula 4T

### Super unleaded (ROZ 95)

**Standard/classification**
- DIN EN 228 (ROZ 95)

**Guideline**
- Only use super unleaded fuel that matches or is equivalent to the specified standard.
- Fuel with an ethanol content of up to 10% (E10 fuel) is safe to use.

#### Info
*Do not* use fuel containing methanol (e.g., M15, M85, M100) or more than 10% ethanol (e.g., E15, E25, E85, E100).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Supplier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chain cleaner</strong></td>
<td>Recommended supplier</td>
<td>MOTOREX®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chain Clean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fuel additive</strong></td>
<td>Recommended supplier</td>
<td>MOTOREX®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fuel Stabilizer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Long-life grease</strong></td>
<td>Recommended supplier</td>
<td>MOTOREX®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bike Grease 2000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Motorcycle cleaner</strong></td>
<td>Recommended supplier</td>
<td>MOTOREX®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Moto Clean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Perfect finish and high gloss polish for paints</strong></td>
<td>Recommended supplier</td>
<td>MOTOREX®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Moto Shine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Preserving materials for paints, metal and rubber

**Recommended supplier**
- MOTOREX®
  - Moto Protect

### Special cleaner for glossy and matte paint finishes, metal and plastic surfaces

**Recommended supplier**
- MOTOREX®
  - Quick Cleaner

### Street chain spray

**Guideline**
- **Recommended supplier**
  - MOTOREX®
  - Chainlube Road Strong

### Universal oil spray

**Recommended supplier**
- MOTOREX®
  - Joker 440 Synthetic
**JASO T903 MA2**

Different technical development directions required a separate specification for motorcycles – the JASO T903 MA2 standard.

Earlier, engine oils from the automobile industry were used for motorcycles because there was no separate motorcycle specification.

Whereas long service intervals are demanded for automobile engines, the focus for motorcycle engines is on high performance at high engine speeds.

In most motorcycle engines, the transmission and clutch are lubricated with the same oil.

The JASO T903 MA2 standard meets these special requirements.

**SAE**

The SAE viscosity classes were defined by the Society of Automotive Engineers and are used for classifying oils according to their viscosity. The viscosity describes only one property of oil and says nothing about quality.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABS</th>
<th>Anti-lock braking system</th>
<th>Safety system that prevents locking of the wheels when driving straight ahead without the influence of lateral forces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OBD</td>
<td>On-board diagnosis</td>
<td>Vehicle system, which monitors the specified parameters of the vehicle electronics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art. no.</td>
<td>Article number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ca.</td>
<td>circa</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cf.</td>
<td>compare</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e.g.</td>
<td>for example</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>etc.</td>
<td>et cetera</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i.a.</td>
<td>inter alia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>no.</td>
<td>number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>poss.</td>
<td>possibly</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 28.1 Yellow and orange symbols

Yellow and orange symbols indicate an error condition that requires prompt intervention. Active driving aids are also represented by yellow or orange symbols.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Malfunction Indicator Lamp" /></td>
<td>Malfunction indicator lamp lights up yellow – The OBD has detected an error in the vehicle electronics. Come safely to a halt, and contact an authorized KTM workshop.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="General Warning Lamp" /></td>
<td>The general warning lamp lights up or flashes yellow – One or more operating safety notes/warning notes have been detected. This is also shown in the display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="ABS Warning Lamp" /></td>
<td>ABS warning lamp lights up yellow – Status or error messages relating to ABS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 28.2 Green and blue symbols

Green and blue symbols reflect information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Turn Signal Indicator Lamp" /></td>
<td>The turn signal indicator lamp flashes green simultaneously with the turn signal – The turn signal is switched on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Idle Indicator Lamp" /></td>
<td>The idle indicator lamp lights up green – The transmission is in neutral.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="High Beam Indicator Lamp" /></td>
<td>The high beam indicator lamp lights up blue – The high beam is switched on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX

12-V battery
  charging ........................................... 161
  installing ........................................... 160
  removing ........................................... 158

ABS .................................................. 127
ABS fuses
  changing ........................................... 164
ABS mode
  adjusting ........................................... 78
ACC1
  front .................................................. 176
ACC2
  front .................................................. 176
Accessories ........................................... 23
Antifreeze
  checking ............................................. 181
Anti-lock braking system ......................... 127
Applying the brakes ................................ 93
Auxiliary substances ................................ 23

B
Brake discs
  checking ............................................. 129
Brake fluid
  front brake, adding ................................ 132
  of rear brake, adding ............................... 137
Brake fluid level
  front brake, checking ................................ 131
  of rear brake, checking .............................. 136
Brake linings
  front brake, checking ................................ 135
  rear brake, checking ................................ 140
Brakes .................................................. 93

C
Capacity
  coolant .............................................. 219
  engine oil .......................................... 199, 219
  fuel .................................................. 100, 219
Chain
  chain dirt accumulation, checking .............. 117
  checking ............................................. 122
  cleaning ............................................. 117
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chain tension</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>adjusting</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>checking</td>
<td>119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch lever</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clutch lever play</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>checking</td>
<td>193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combination instrument</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ ABS display</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ activation and test</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Actual F.C.</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Average Speed Trip1</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Average Speed Trip2</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Avg F.C. Trip 1</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Avg F.C. Trip 2</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ coolant temperature indicator display</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ display</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ fuel level display</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Fuel Range</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ function buttons</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ indicator lamps</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ ODO display</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ overview</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ shift warning light</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Time Trip 1</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Time Trip 2</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ TRIP 1 display</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ TRIP 2 display</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ warnings</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Warnings display</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Coolant draining</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Coolant level checking</td>
<td>179, 181</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Cooling system</td>
<td>177</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ filling/bleeding</td>
<td>185</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Customer service</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ D</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Diagnostics connector</td>
<td>176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ E</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Emergency OFF switch</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ running in</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Engine number</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Engine oil</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ adding</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ changing</td>
<td>197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topic</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine oil level</td>
<td>196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>checking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engine sprocket</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>checking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environment</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Figures</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filling up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fuel</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foot brake lever</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>free travel, adjusting</td>
<td>143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>free travel, checking</td>
<td>141</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fork legs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dust boots, cleaning</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front fender</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>installing</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removing</td>
<td>126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front rider's seat</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mounting</td>
<td>116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removing</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front spoiler</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>installing</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removing</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front wheel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>installing</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>removing</td>
<td>145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel tank filler cap</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>closing</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>opening</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuel, oils, etc.</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuse</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>individual electrical power consumers, changing</td>
<td>167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grab handles</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand brake lever</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headlight bulb</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>changing</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headlight range</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>adjusting</td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headlight setting</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>checking</td>
<td>173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High beam flasher button</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Horn button</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INDEX

I
Ignition lock ............................................. 36
Implied warranty ......................................... 23
Indicator lamps ......................................... 52
Intended use ............................................ 10

K
Key number .............................................. 31
Kilometers or miles
  adjusting ................................................. 73

L
Light switch ............................................. 34
Loading the vehicle ..................................... 82
Luggage ................................................... 82

M
Manufacturer warranty .................................. 23
Misuse .................................................... 10
Motorcycle
  cleaning .................................................. 203
  lifting with front lifting gear ....................... 109
  rear lifting gear, raising with ....................... 108
  removing the rear from the lifting gear .......... 108
  taking off front lifting gear ....................... 111

O
Oil filter
  changing ................................................ 197
Oil screen
  cleaning ................................................ 197
Owner’s Manual ......................................... 22

P
Parking .................................................... 95
Passenger foot pegs .................................... 42
Passenger seat
  mounting ............................................... 115
  removing .............................................. 114
Play in the clutch lever
  adjusting ................................................ 195
Play in throttle cable
  adjusting ............................................... 193
  checking ............................................... 192
Preparing for use
  advice on preparing for first use ................. 80
  after storage ........................................ 210
  checks and maintenance measures when preparing for use ............... 85
Protective clothing .................................... 20
INDEX

R

Rear hub damping rubber pieces
  checking .......................... 153

Rear sprocket
  checking .......................... 122

Rear wheel
  installing .......................... 150
  removing .......................... 148

Riding .......................... 89
  starting off ......................... 88

S

Safe operation .......................... 19

Seat lock .......................... 41

Service .......................... 24

Service schedule ...................... 101-104

Shift lever .......................... 43
  adjusting .......................... 106

Shift speed RPM1
  adjusting .......................... 76

Shift speed RPM2
  adjusting .......................... 77

Shifting .......................... 89

Shock absorber
  spring preload, adjusting ............... 105

Side stand .......................... 44

Spare parts .......................... 23

Start button .......................... 36

Starting .......................... 86

Steering
  locking .......................... 37
  unlocking .......................... 38

Steering lock .......................... 36

Stopping .......................... 95

Storage .......................... 208

T

Technical data
  capacities .......................... 219
  chassis .......................... 220
  chassis tightening torques ............... 223
  electrical system ...................... 221
  engine .......................... 214
  engine tightening torques ............... 216
  fork .......................... 222
  shock absorber .......................... 223
  tires .......................... 222

Throttle grip .......................... 33
INDEX

Time
adjusting ...................................... 75

Tire condition
checking ...................................... 155

Tire pressure
checking ...................................... 157

Tool set ....................................... 41
Transport ..................................... 97
Troubleshooting .............................. 211-213

Turn signal bulb
changing ...................................... 174

Turn signal switch ............................. 35
Type label ...................................... 30

U
Use definition .................................... 10

V
Vehicle identification number ................. 30

View of vehicle
front left ....................................... 26
rear right ...................................... 28

W

Winter operation
checks and maintenance steps ............... 206

Work rules ..................................... 21